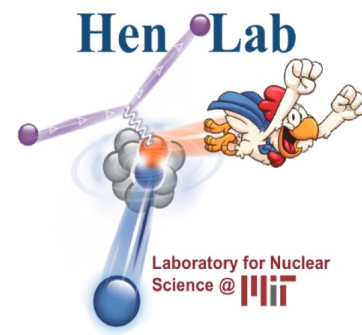




Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology

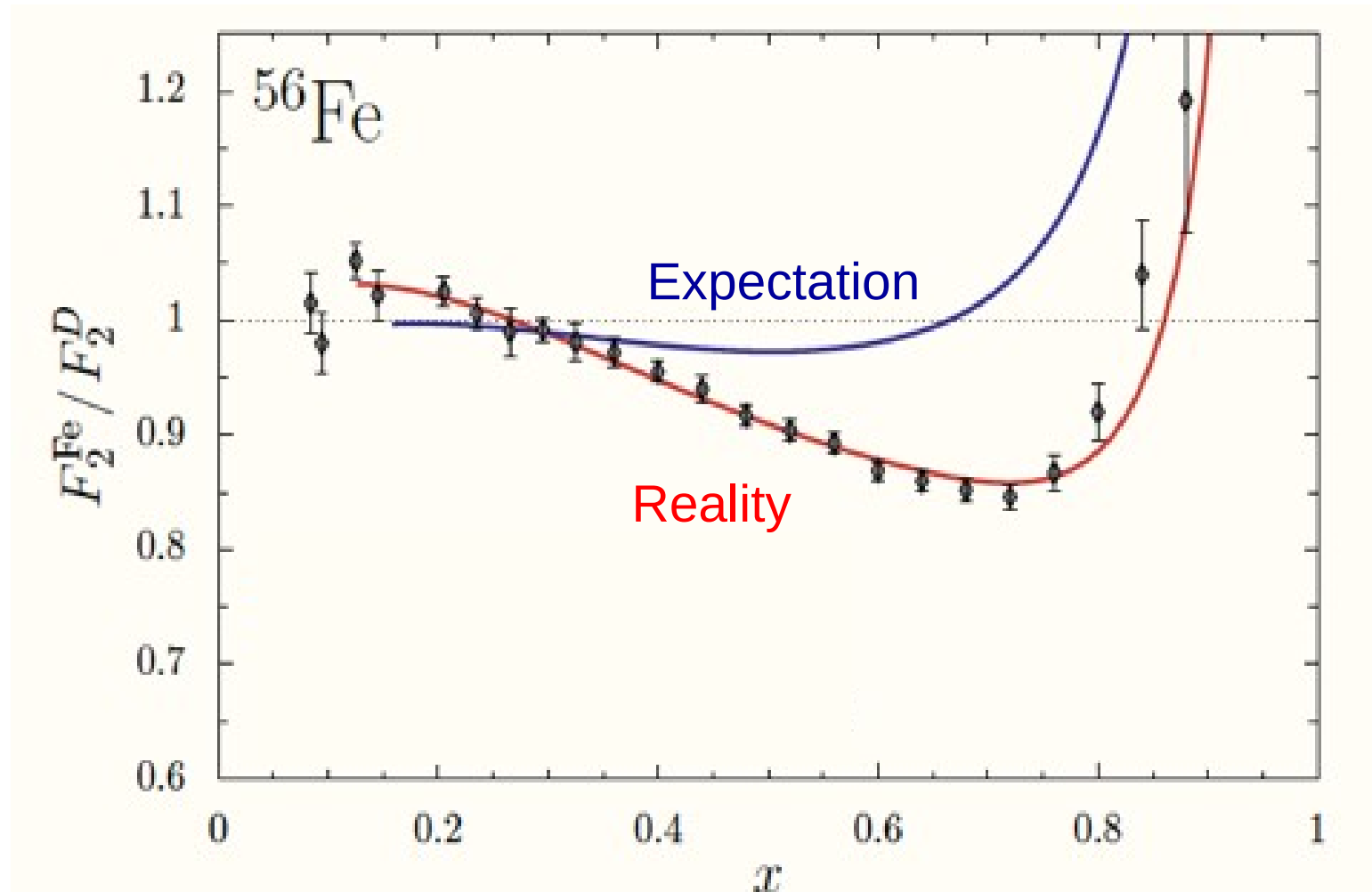


Isospin Dependence of the EMC Effect and Short-Range Correlations

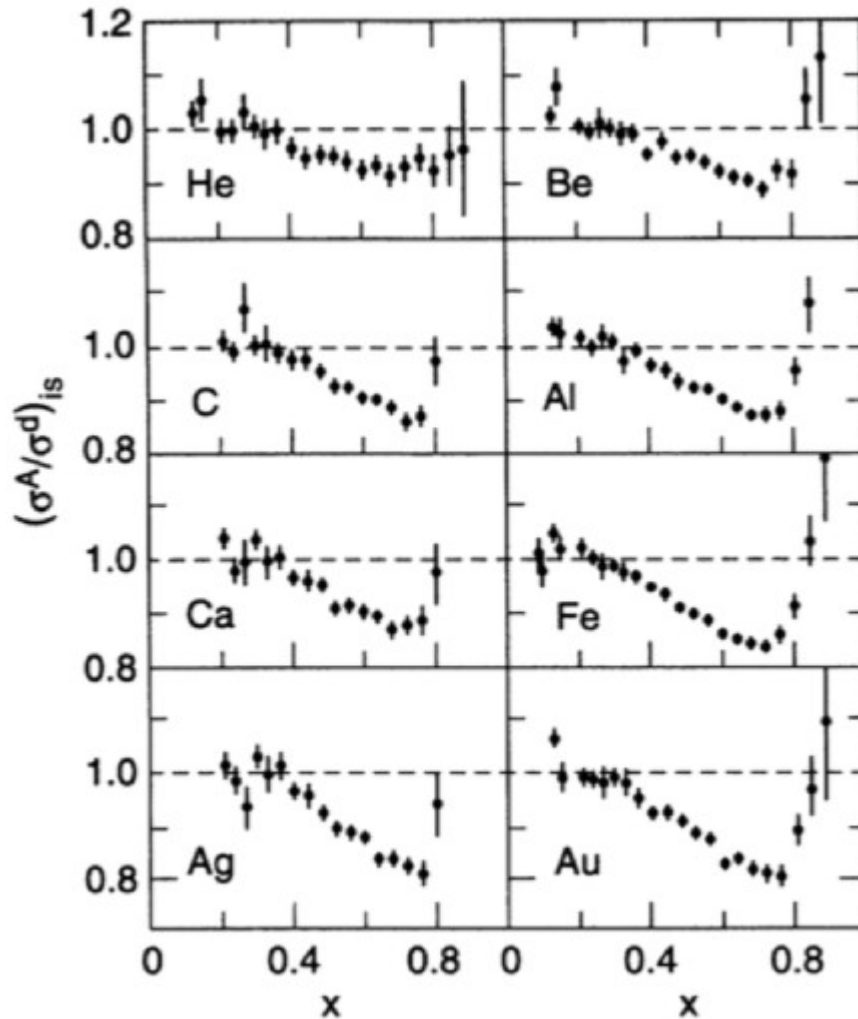
Barak Schmookler

MIT

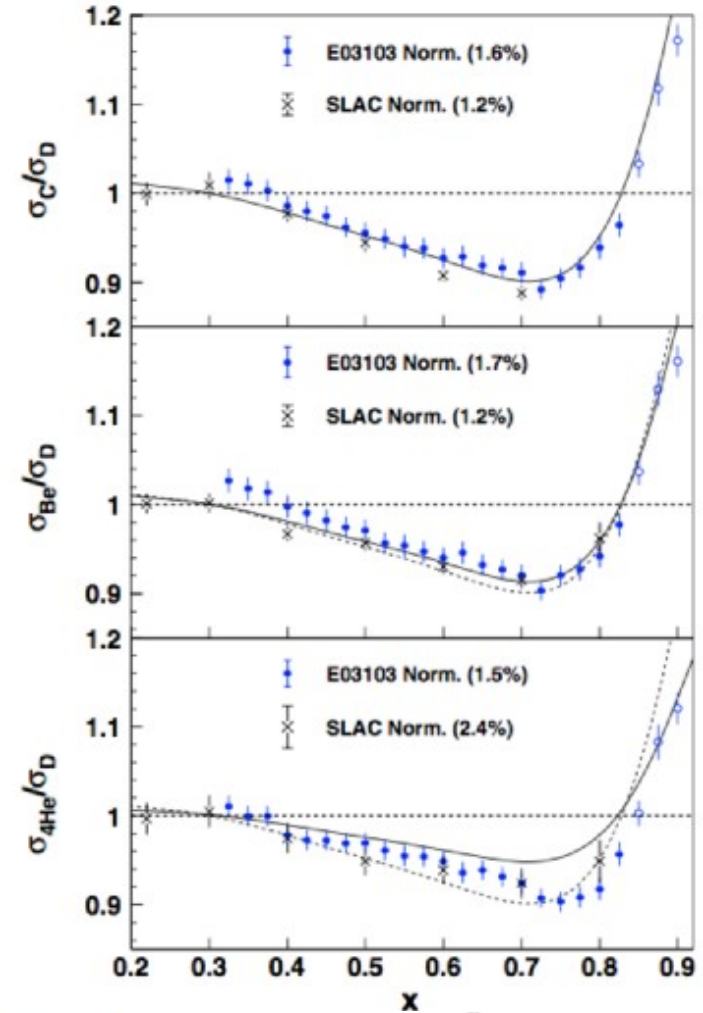
Deep Inelastic Scattering and the EMC Effect



The EMC Effect: Universal Nuclear Effect

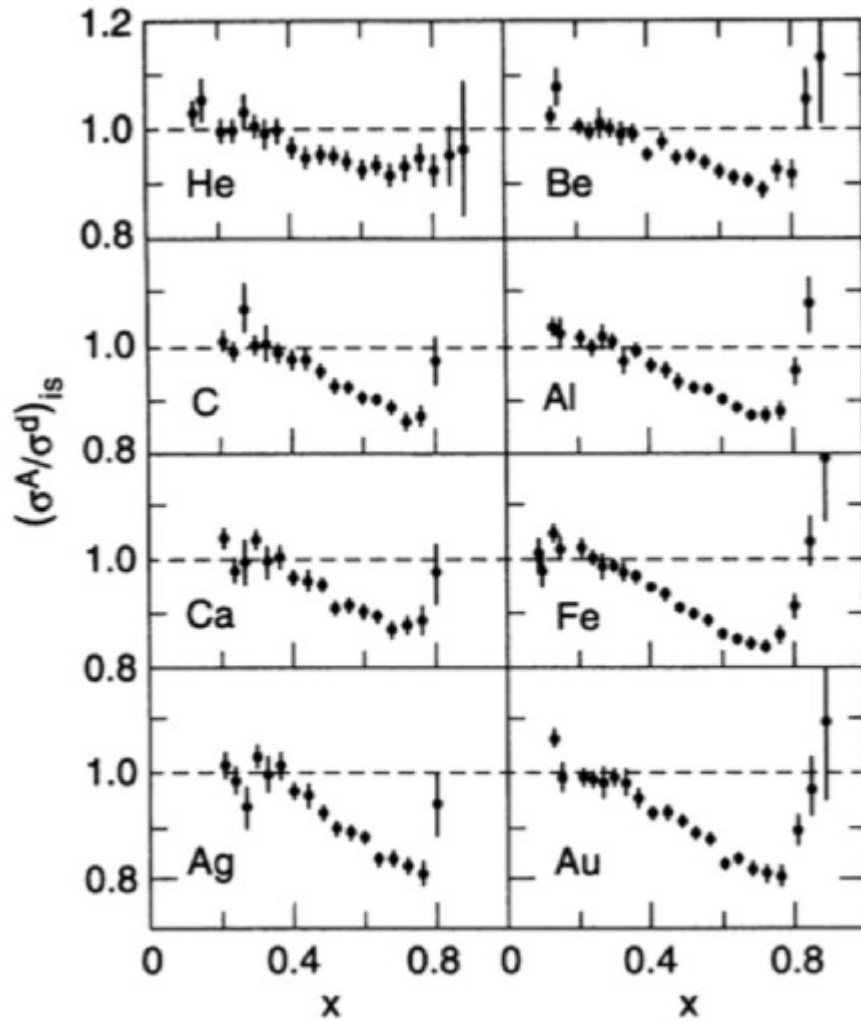


J. Gomez et al., Phys. Rev. D **49**, 4348 (1994).

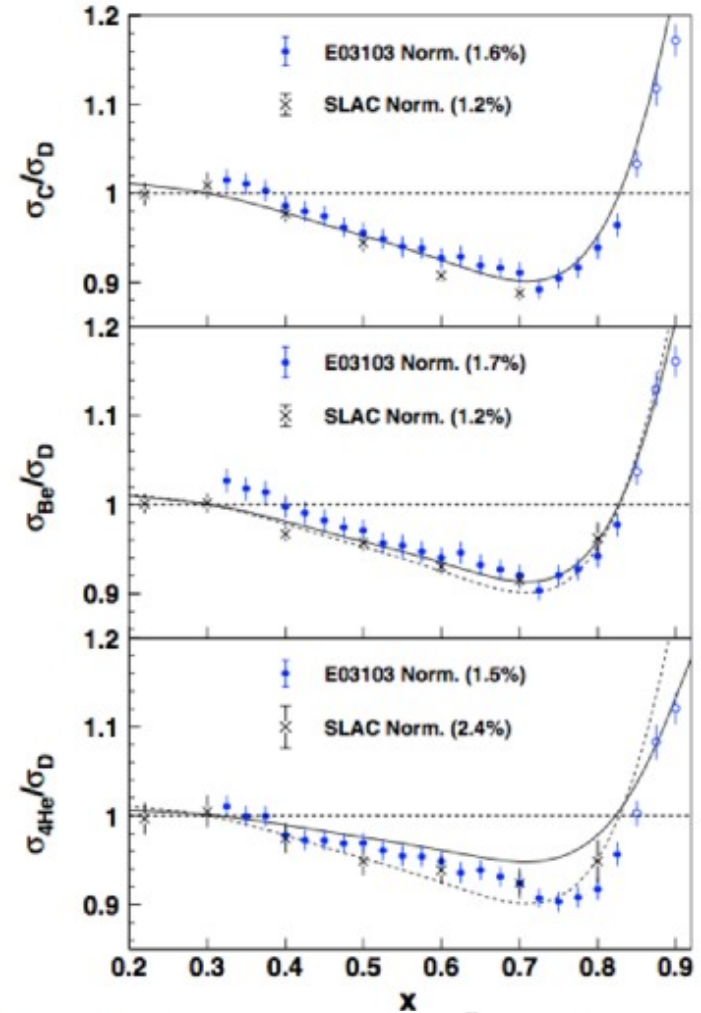


J. Seely et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **103**, 202301 (2009).

The EMC Effect: Universal Nuclear Effect

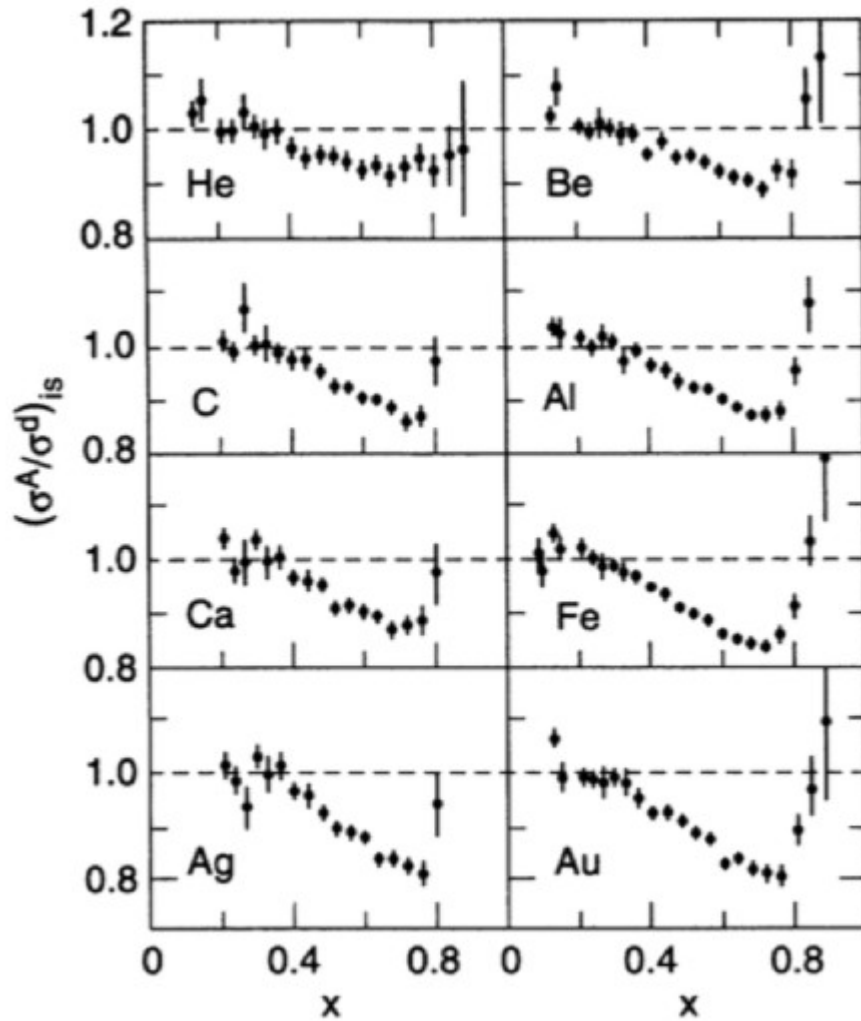


J. Gomez et al., Phys. Rev. D **49**, 4348 (1994).

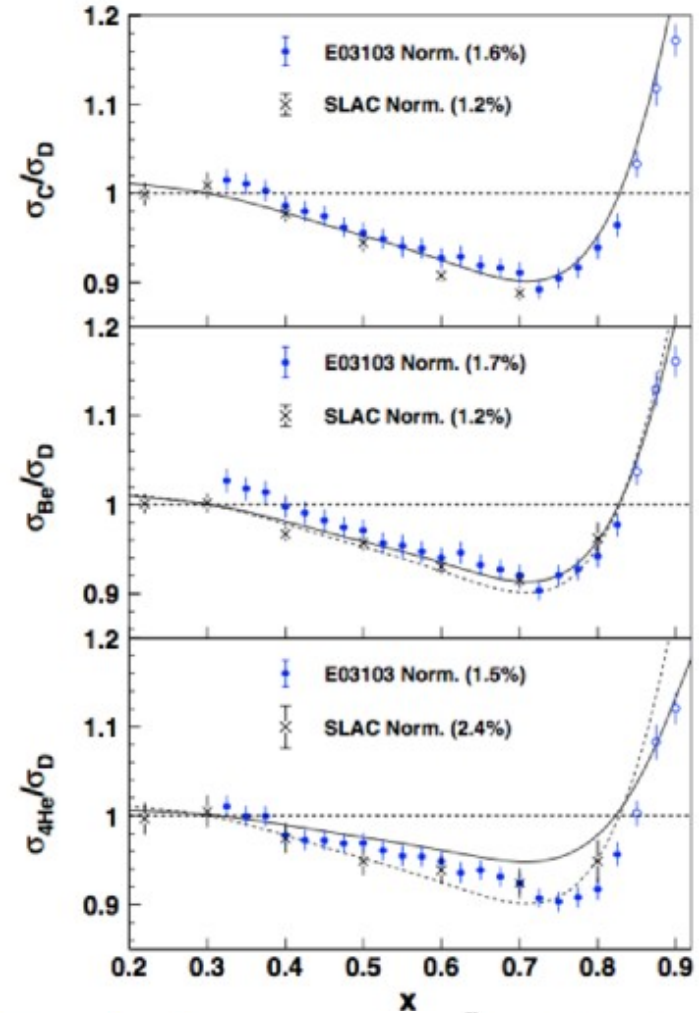


J. Seely et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **103**, 202301 (2009).

The EMC Effect: Universal Nuclear Effect

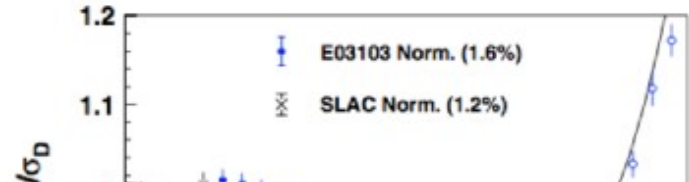
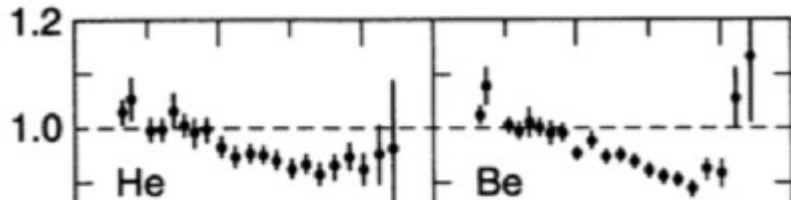


J. Gomez et al., Phys. Rev. D **49**, 4348 (1994).

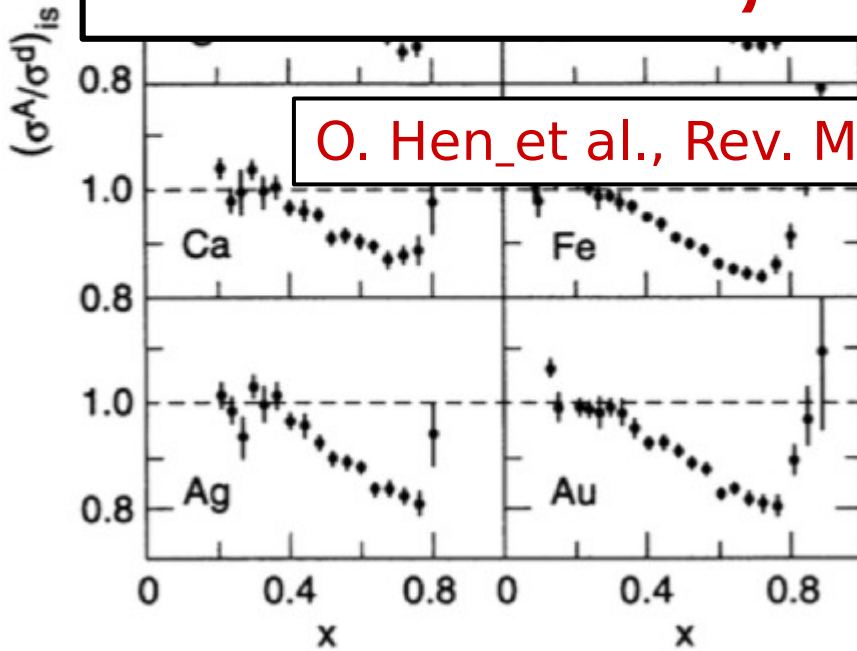


J. Seely et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **103**, 202301 (2009).

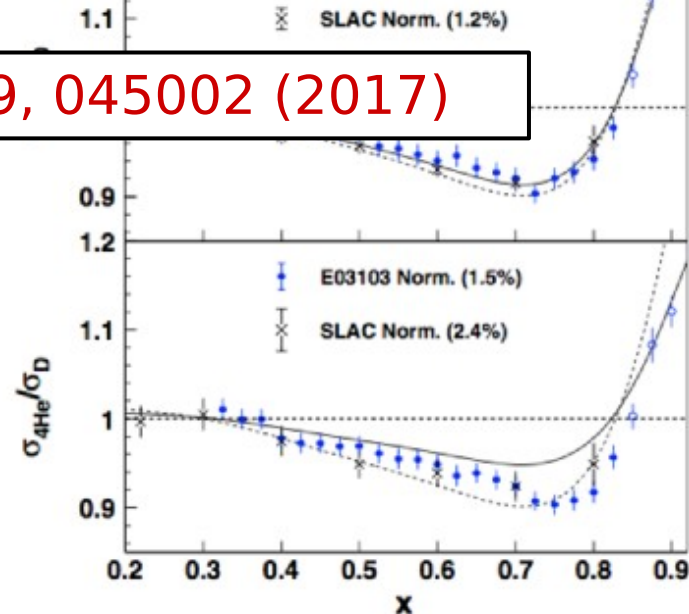
The EMC Effect: Universal Nuclear Effect



35 Years, 1000+ Papers



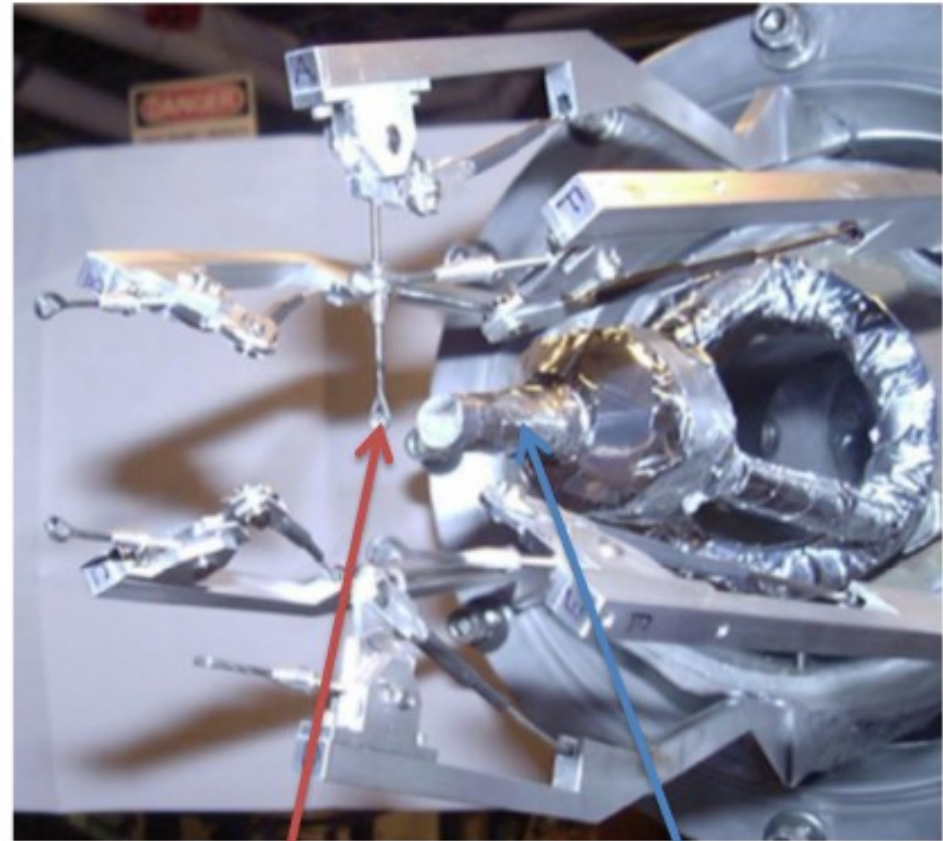
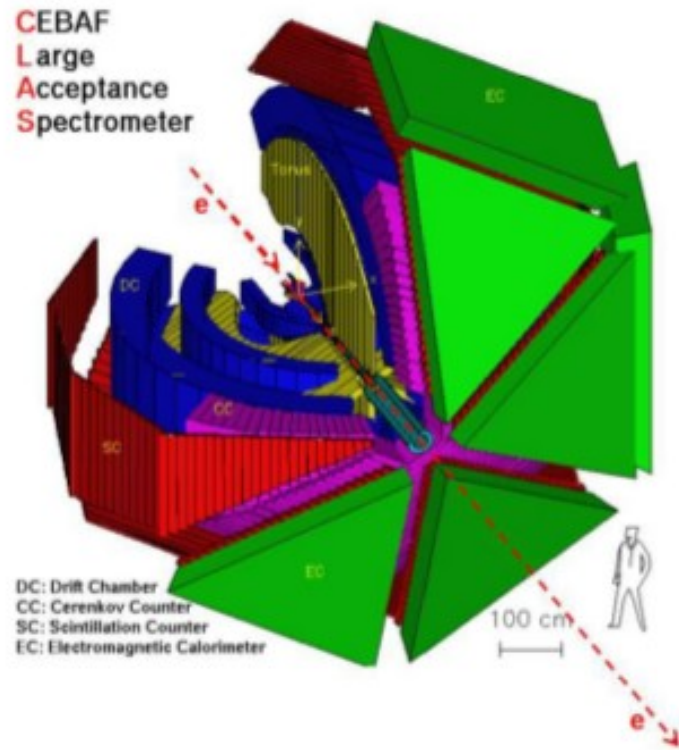
O. Hen et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. 89, 045002 (2017)



J. Gomez et al., Phys. Rev. D **49**, 4348 (1994).

J. Seely et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **103**, 202301 (2009).

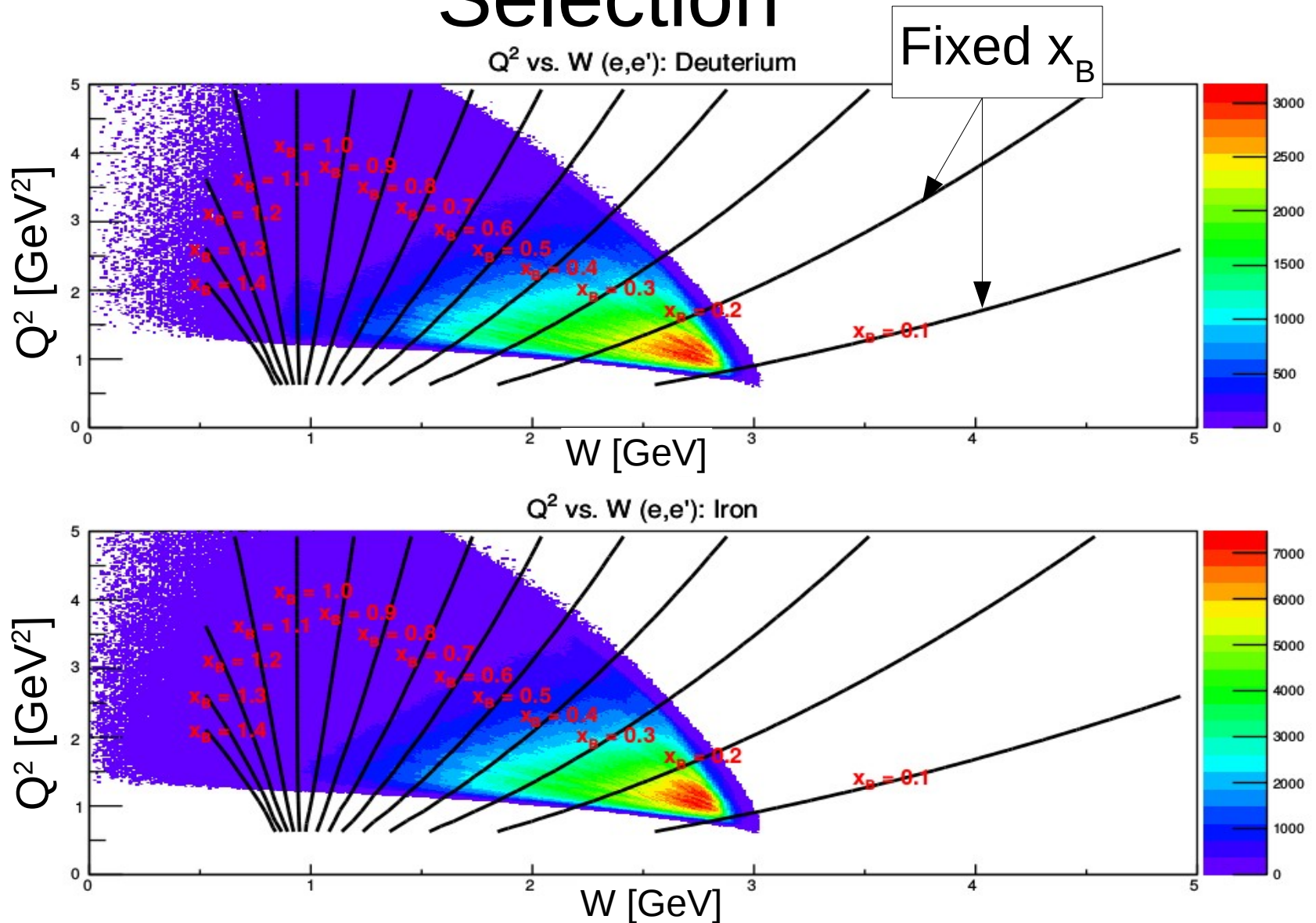
Study (e,e') Data from the CLAS6 Detector at JLab



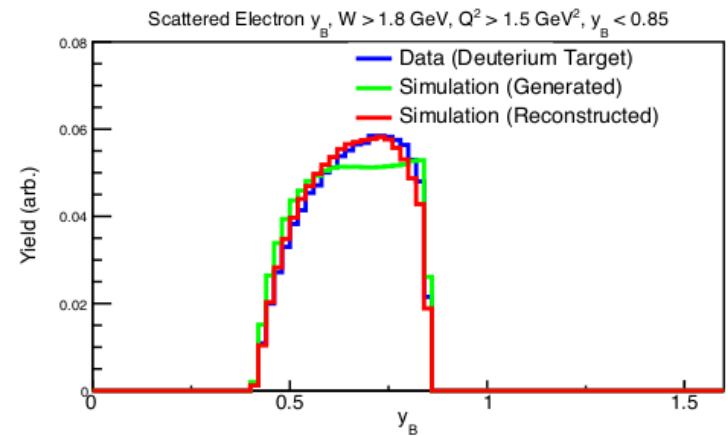
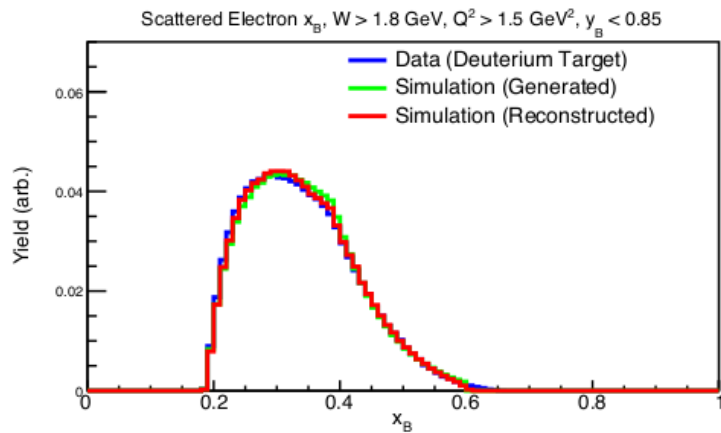
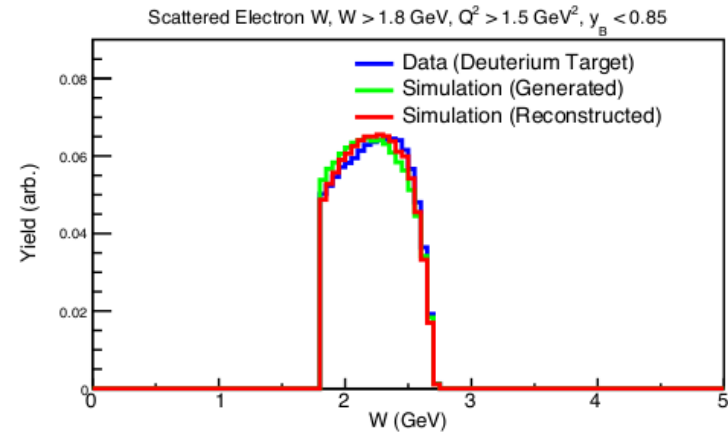
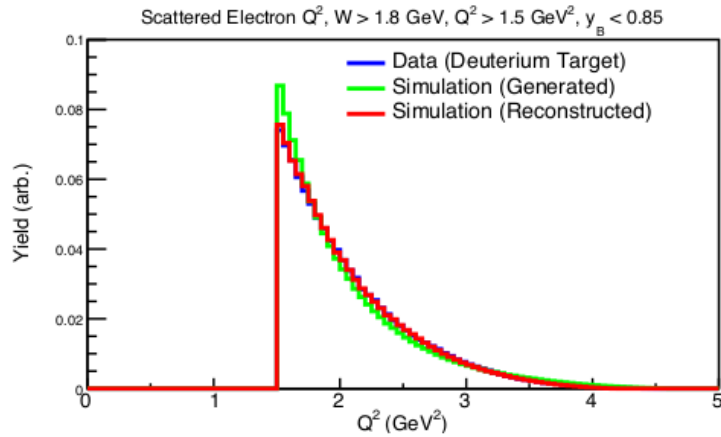
Nuclear Target

Liquid Hydrogen
or Deuterium

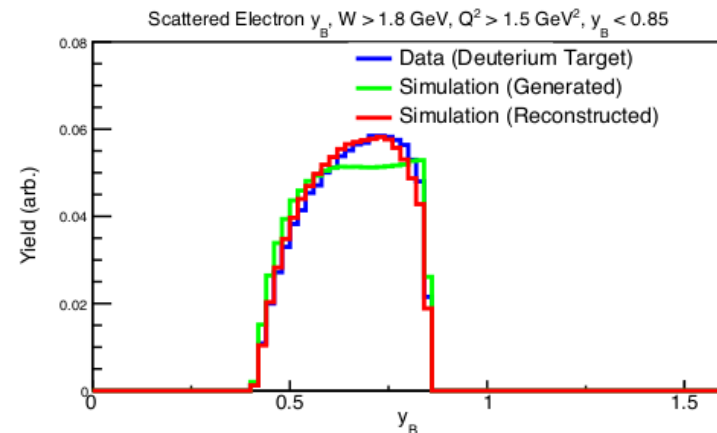
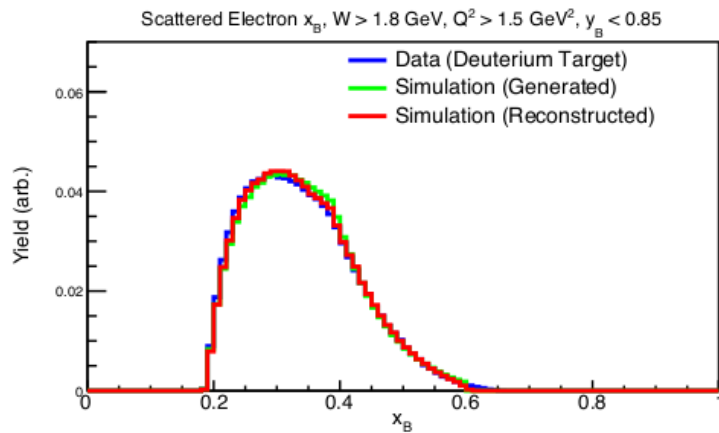
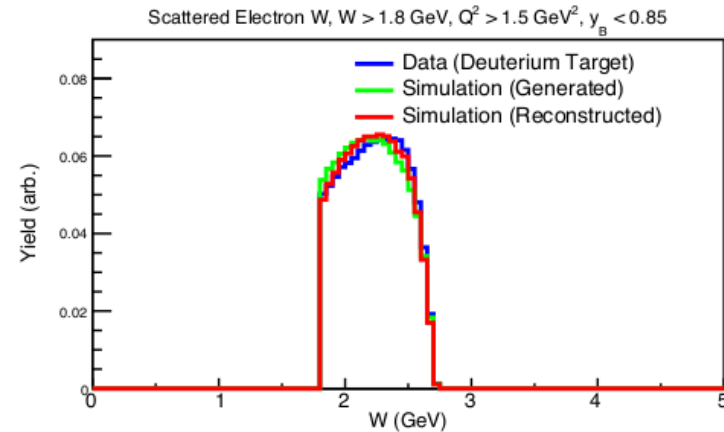
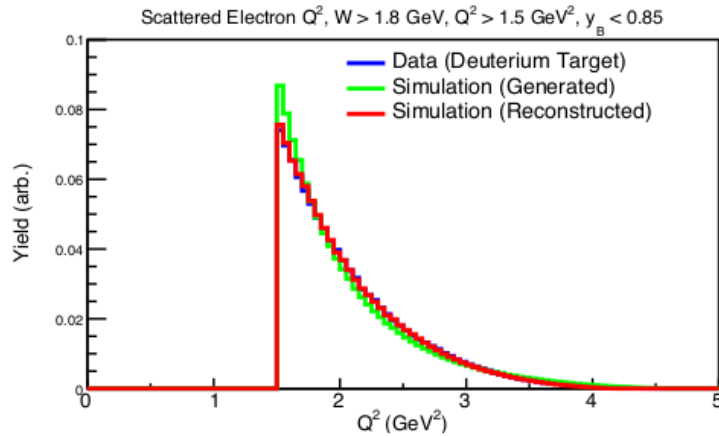
Kinematic Coverage and Event Selection



Cross-Section Ratio Extraction



Cross-Section Ratio Extraction

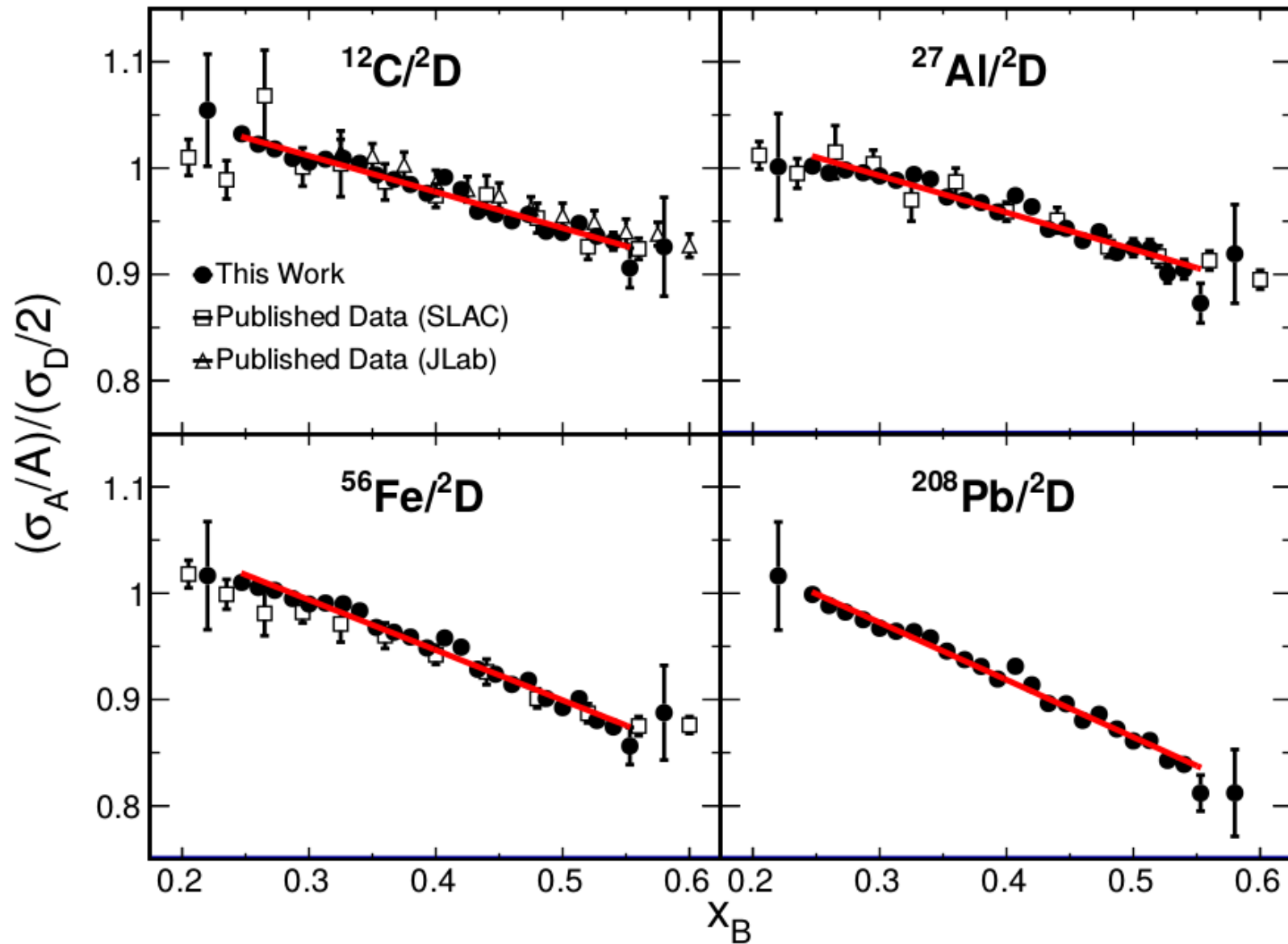


$$weight = \frac{RC \times CC}{NORM \times ACC} \times BC$$

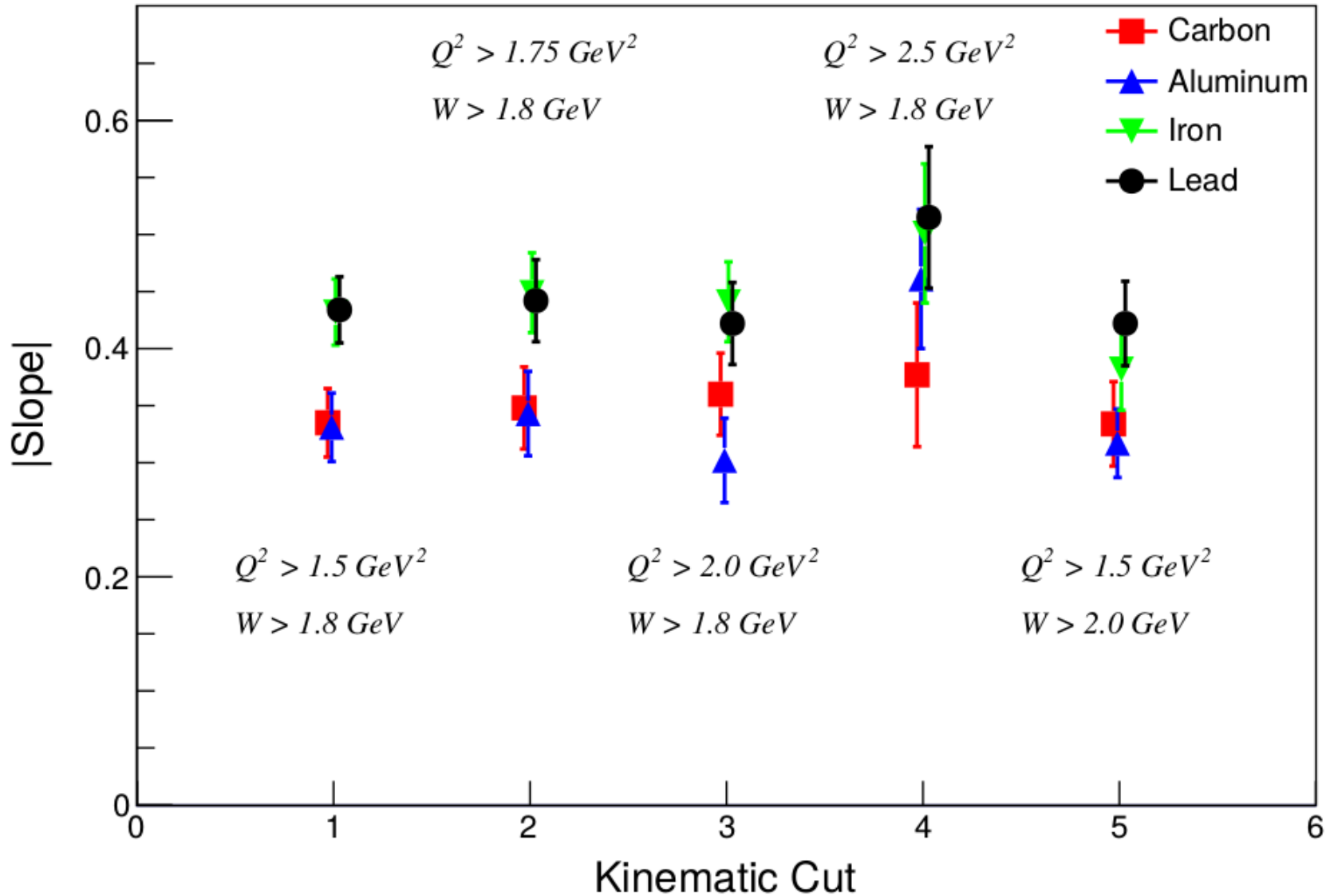
Uncertainties Cross-Section Ratios

Source	Point-to-point (%)	Normalization (%)
Beam Charge/ Time-Dependent Instabilities	—	1.0
Target Thickness and Cuts	—	1.42 – 1.58
Acceptance Corrections	0.6 (5)	—
Radiative Corrections	—	0.5
Coulomb Corrections	—	0.1
Bin-Centering Corrections	0.5	—
Total	0.78	1.81 – 1.94

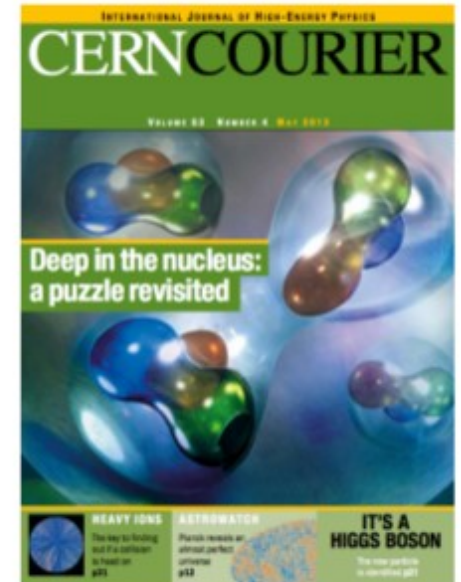
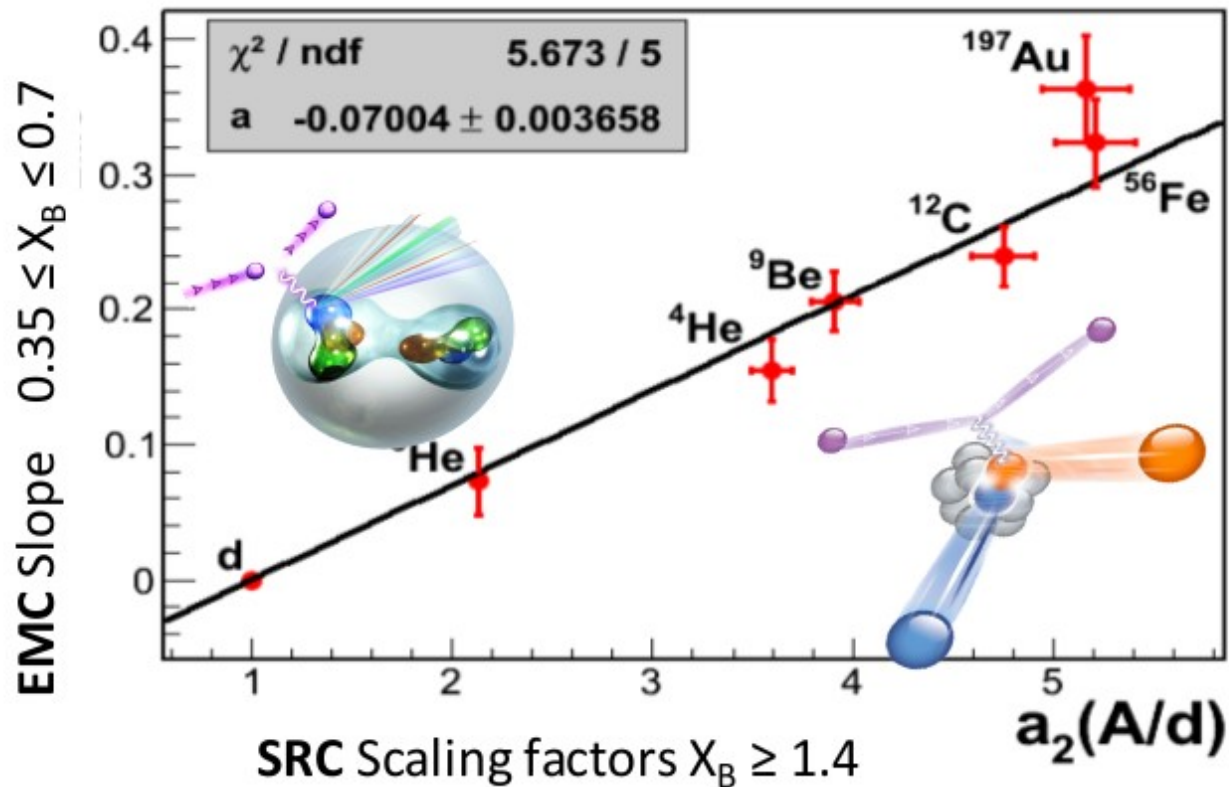
Our New EMC Effect Measurements



Slopes are Stable to Kinematic Cut

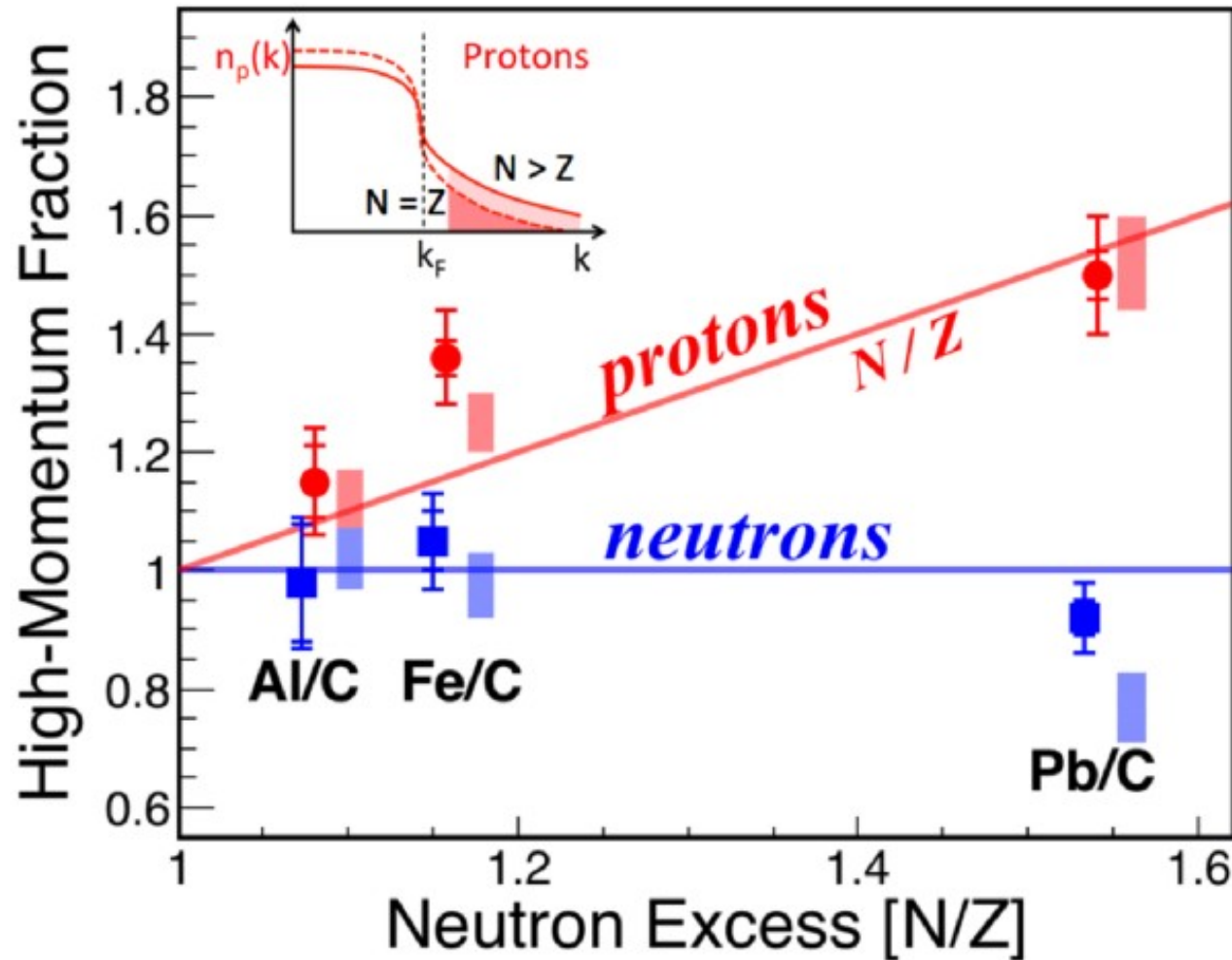


Observed EMC-SRC Correlation



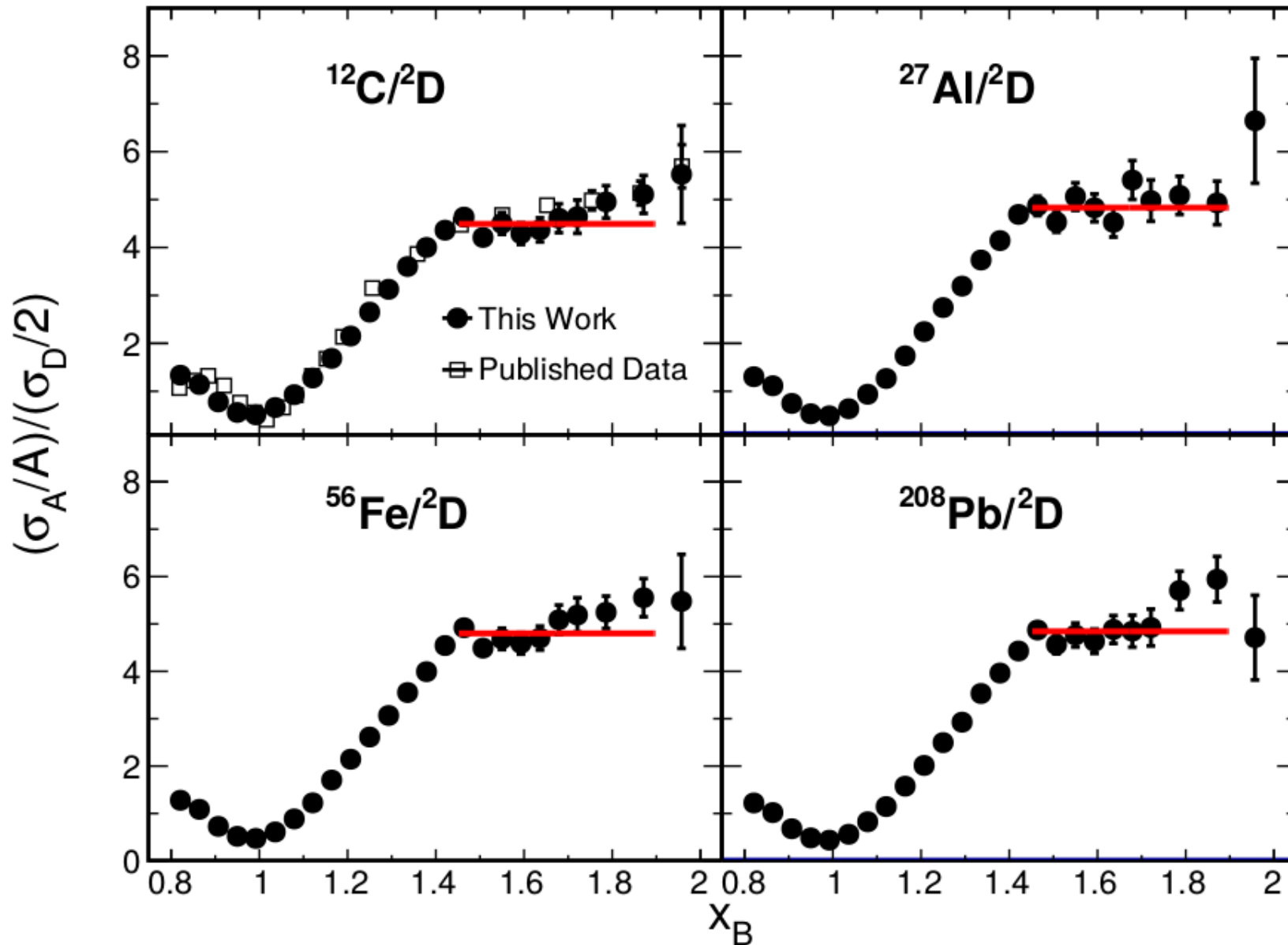
- L. Weinstein et. al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 052301 (2011)
- O. Hen et al. Phys. Rev. C 85 047301 (2012).
- O. Hen et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. 89, 045002 (2017)

Observed Isospin Dependence to SRC

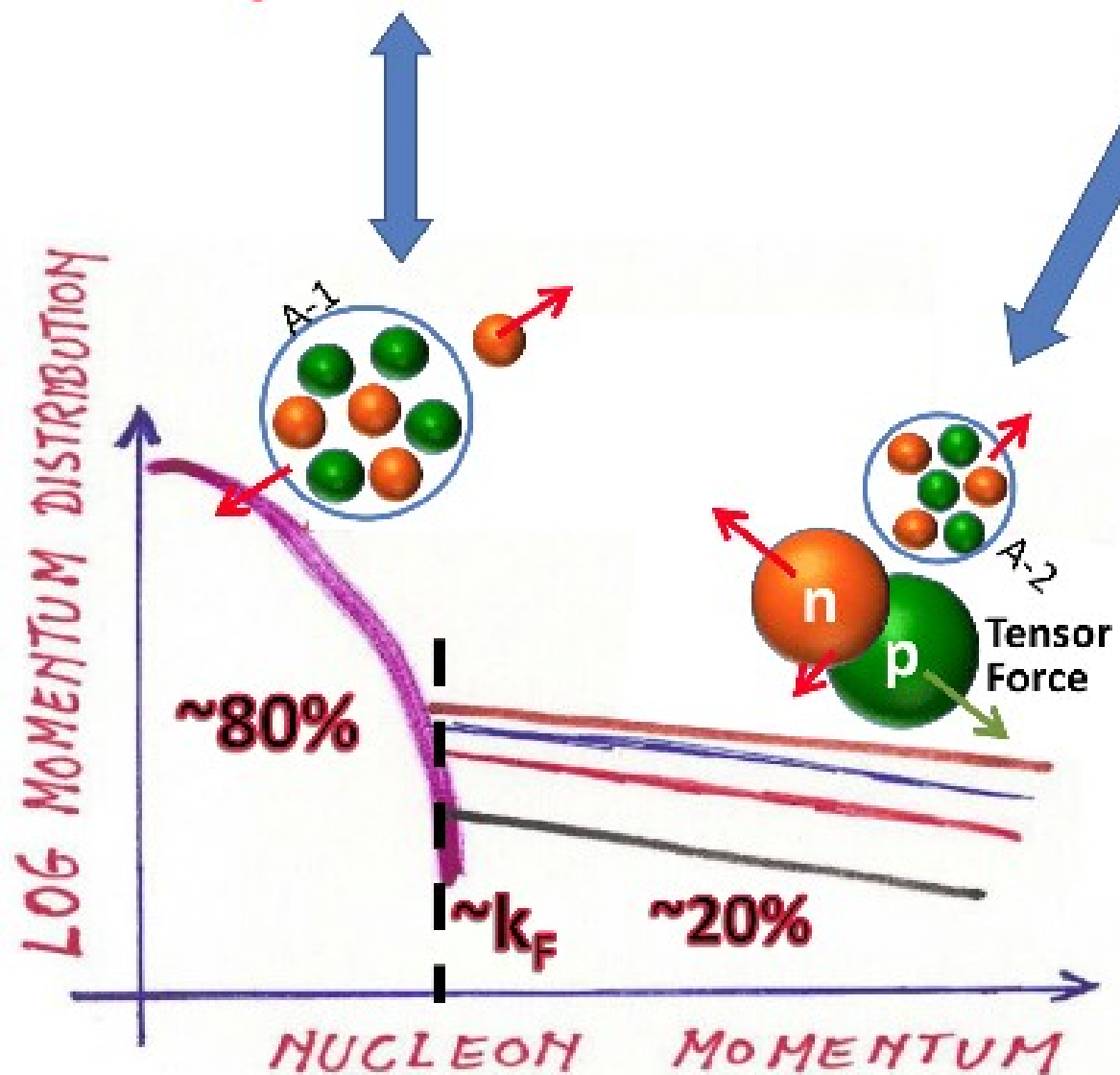


M. Duer et al., submitted for publication (2018).

Our New SRC $a_2(A/d)$ Measurements

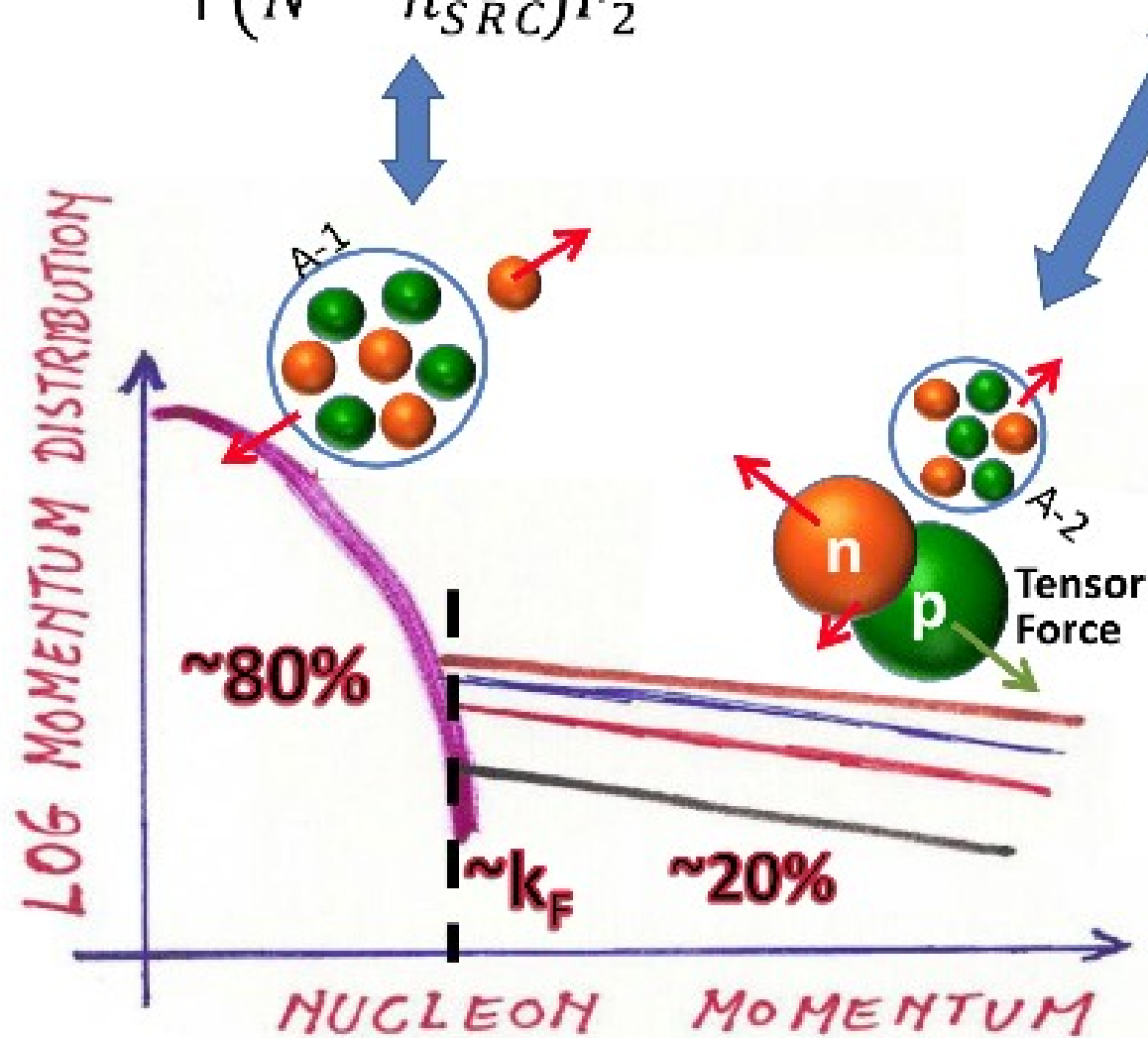


Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs



Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs

$$F_2^A = (Z - n_{SRC}^A) F_2^p + (N - n_{SRC}^A) F_2^n + n_{SRC}^A (F_2^{p*} + F_2^{n*})$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Bound} \\
 \updownarrow \\
 F_2^A
 \end{array}
 =
 \begin{array}{c}
 \text{'quasi Free'} \\
 \updownarrow \\
 ZF_2^p + NF_2^n
 \end{array}
 +
 \begin{array}{c}
 \text{Modified SRCs} \\
 \updownarrow \\
 n_{SRC}^A (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)
 \end{array}$$

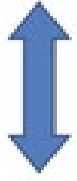
$$\Delta F_2^N = F_2^{N*} - F_2^N$$

Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs



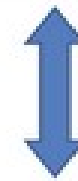
$$F_2^A$$

=



$$ZF_2^p + NF_2^n$$

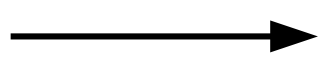
+



$$n_{SRC}^A (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

$$\Delta F_2^N = F_2^{N*} - F_2^N$$

Not Well Constrained



$$F_2^d = F_2^p + F_2^n + n_d^{SRC} (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

Can Solve for F_2^n

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Bound} \\
 \updownarrow \\
 F_2^A
 \end{array}
 =
 \begin{array}{c}
 \text{'quasi Free'} \\
 \updownarrow \\
 ZF_2^p + NF_2^n
 \end{array}
 +
 \begin{array}{c}
 \text{Modified SRCs} \\
 \updownarrow \\
 n_{SRC}^A (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)
 \end{array}$$

$$\Delta F_2^N = F_2^{N*} - F_2^N$$

$$\longrightarrow F_2^d = F_2^p + F_2^n + n_d^{SRC} (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

$$\longrightarrow a_2 \equiv \frac{2}{A} n_A^{SRC} / n_d^{SRC}$$

$$n_d^{SRC} \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} = \frac{\frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} - (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} - N}{\frac{A}{2} a_2 - N}$$

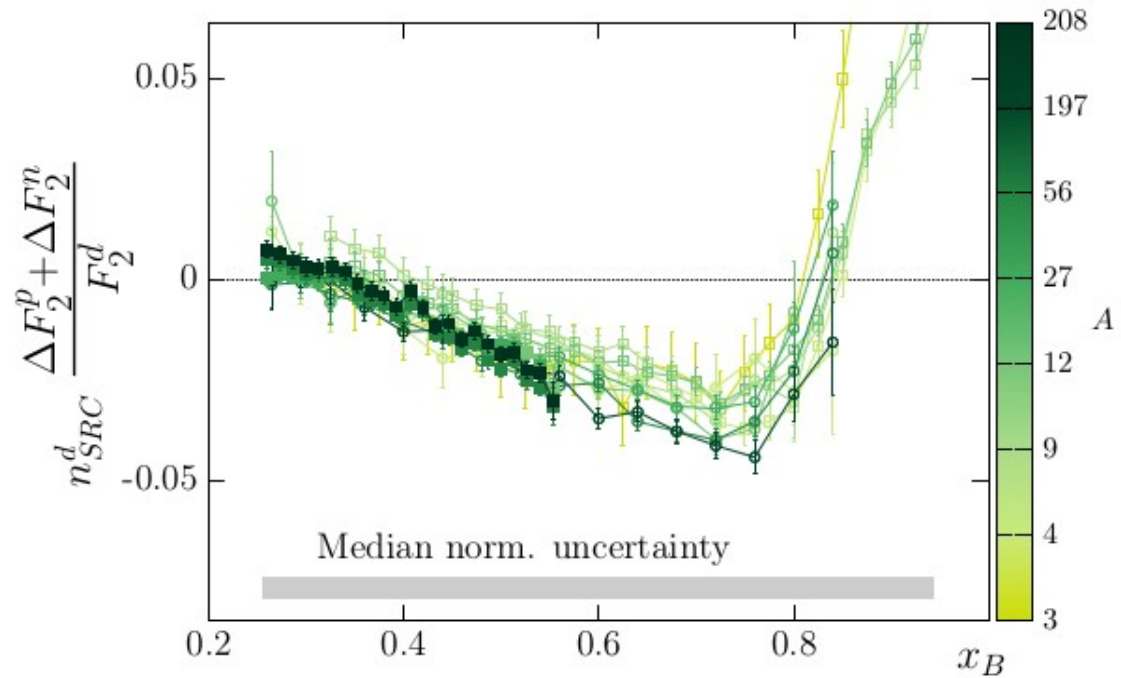
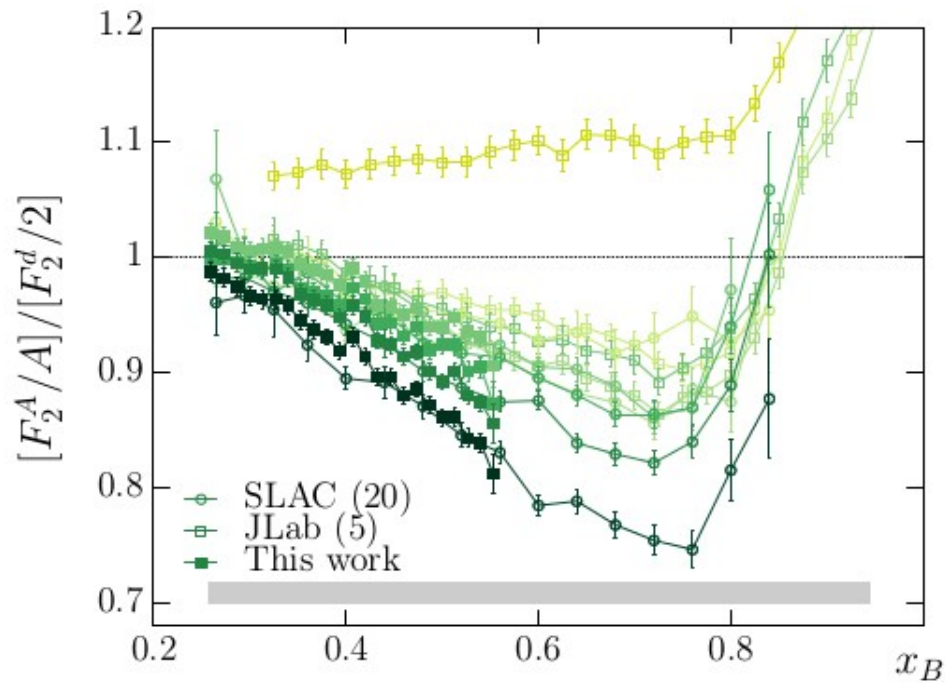
Universal???

Nucleus-Dependent

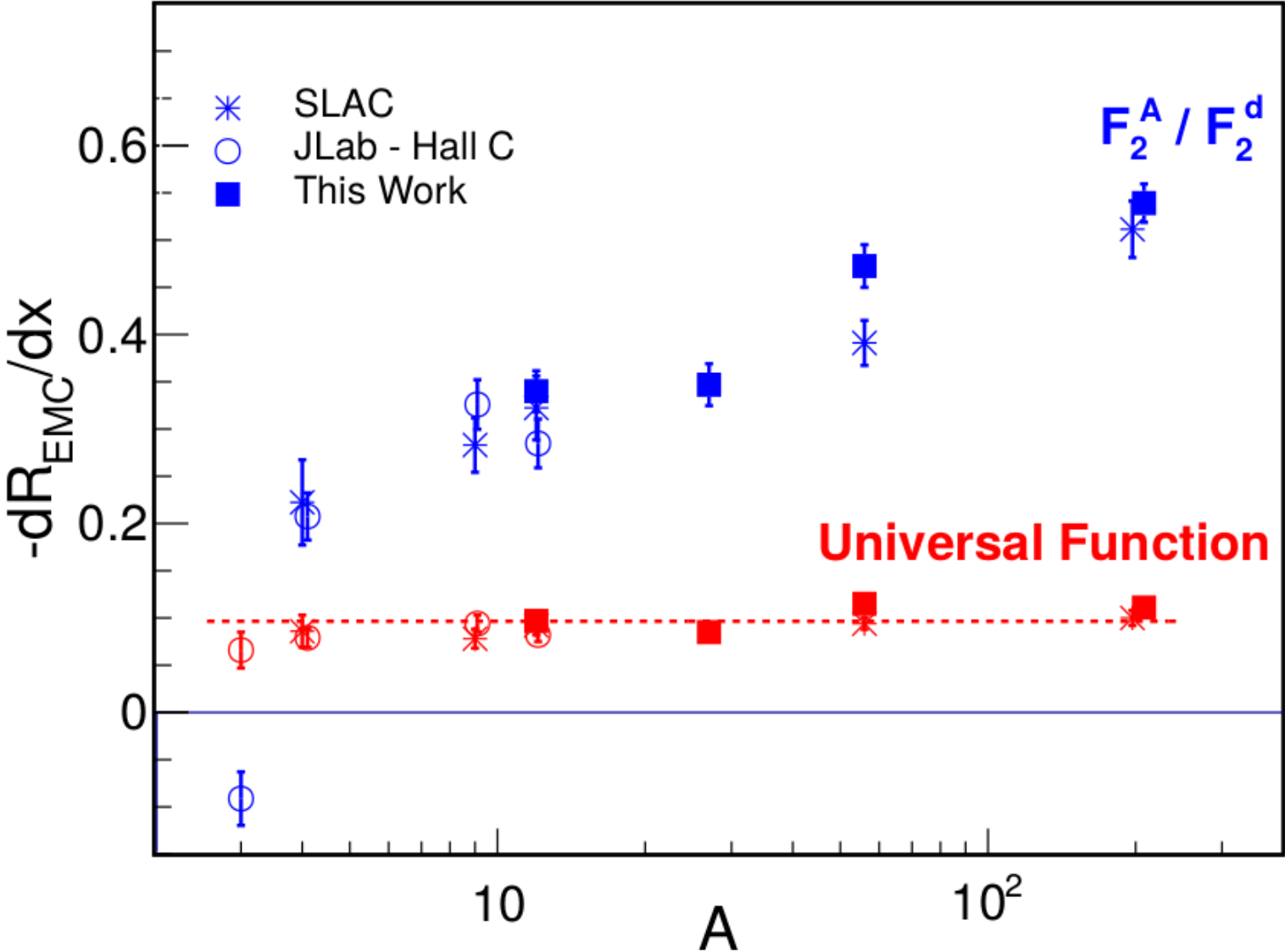
$$n_d^{SRC} \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} = \frac{\frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} - (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} - N}{\frac{A}{2} a_2 - N}$$

Everything is Known

Universal EMC Modification Function

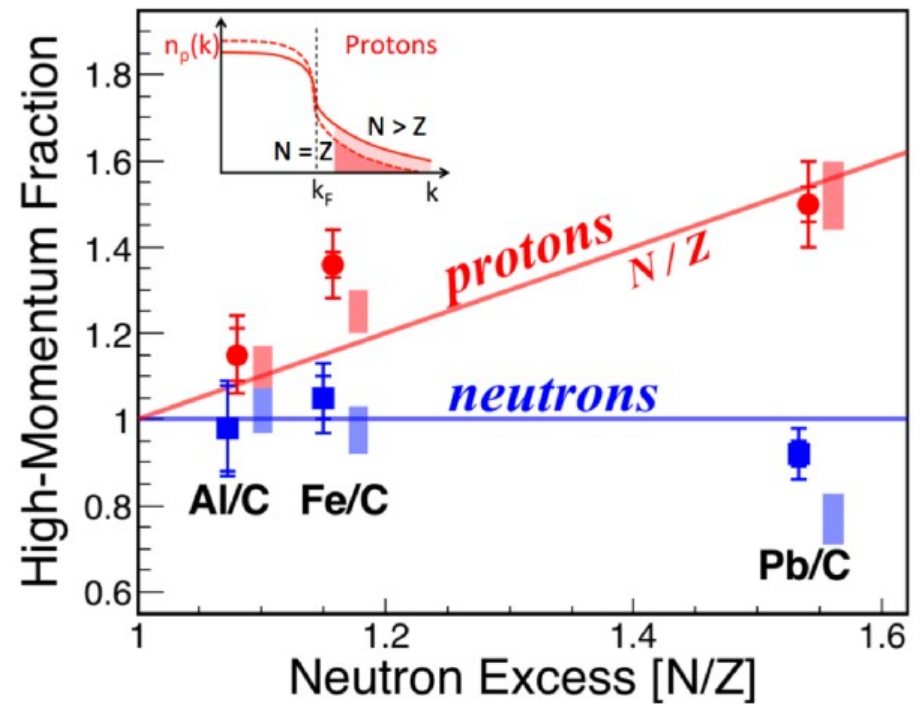


Universal EMC Modification Function



Focus on Neutron-Rich Nuclei

Prediction: EMC effect will show no growth for neutrons and grow for protons



Form New Per-Neutron (Proton) Quantities

Per-Neutron Quantities:

$$dR_{EMC}^n/dx = \left(\frac{A}{2 \cdot N} \right) \times dR_{EMC}/dx$$

$$a_2^n = \left(\frac{A}{2 \cdot N} \right) \times a_2$$

Per-Proton Quantities:

$$dR_{EMC}^p/dx = \left(\frac{A}{2 \cdot Z} \right) \times dR_{EMC}/dx$$

$$a_2^p = \left(\frac{A}{2 \cdot Z} \right) \times a_2$$

Per-Neutron (Proton) Ratios: What Does Our Model Predict?

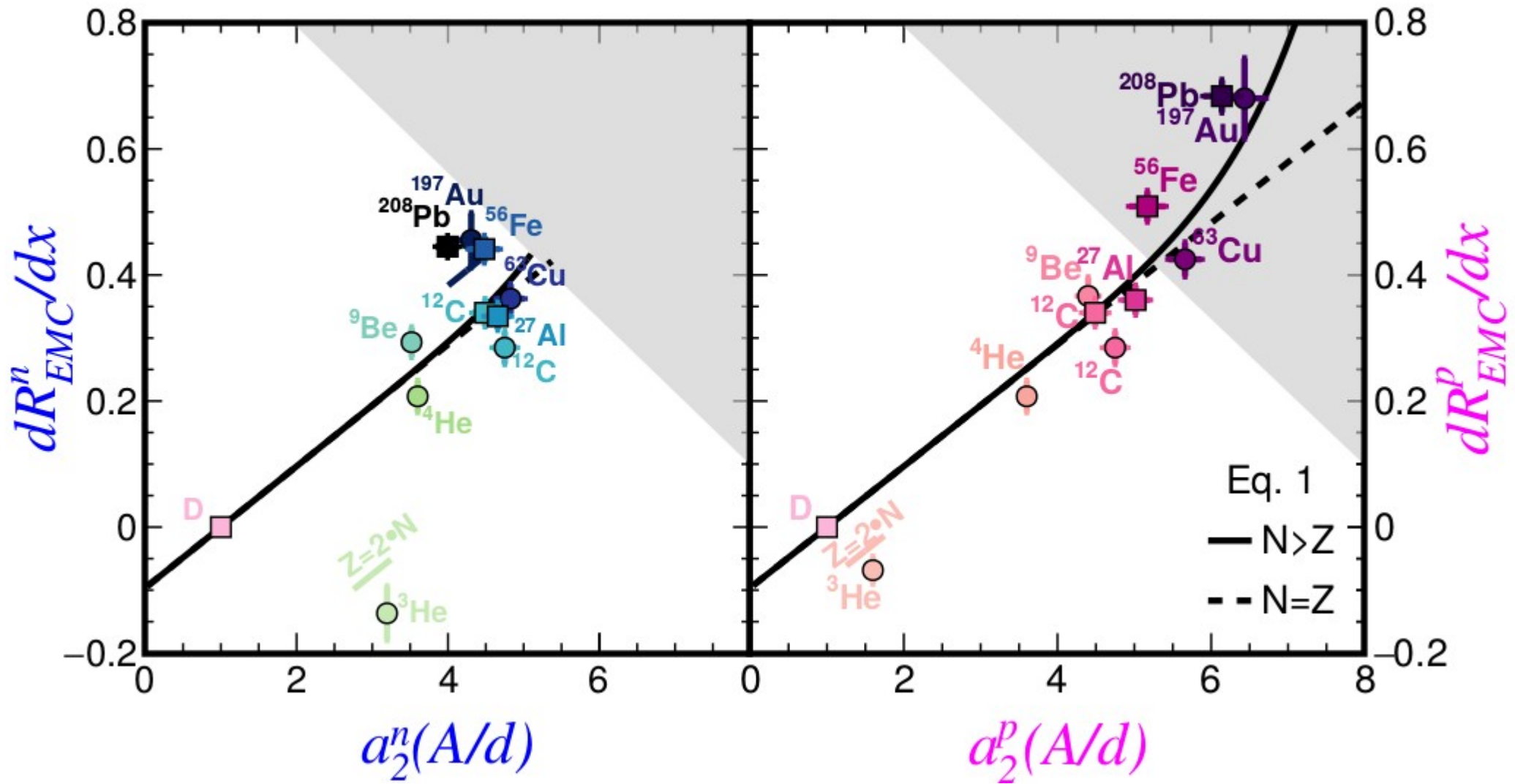
$$\frac{F_2^A/N}{F_2^d/1} = \left(a_2^n - 1\right) \cdot \left[n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} \right] + \left(\frac{Z}{N} - 1 \right) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + 1$$

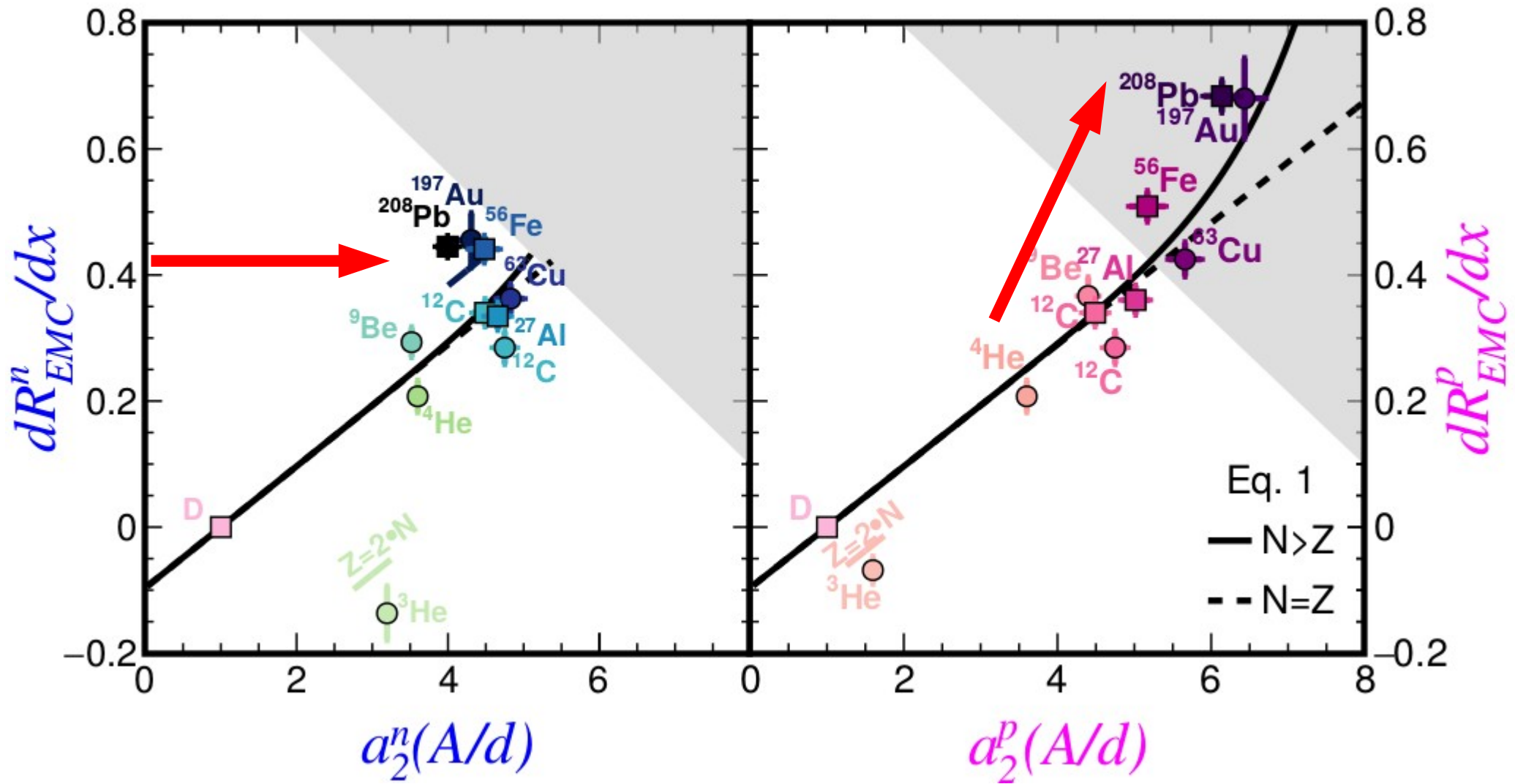
$$a_2^n = \frac{n_{SRC}^A/N}{n_{SRC}^d/1}$$

Per-Neutron (Proton) Ratios: What Does Our Model Predict?

$$\frac{F_2^A/N}{F_2^d/1} = (a_2^n - 1) \cdot \left[n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} \right] + \left(\frac{Z}{N} - 1 \right) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + 1$$

Extract Per-Neutron (Proton) Slope





Thank You !!!