



On the phase diagram of the Higgs $SU(2)$ model

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Summary

- the model (notations)



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- features of the model



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- previous results in literature



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- new results



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- features of the model
- previous results in literature
- new results
- conclusions

The model

$SU(2)$ gauge theory coupled with a Higgs doublet in fundamental representation

$$S = S_W[U] - \frac{\kappa}{2} \sum_{x,\mu} \{ \Phi^\dagger(x) U_\mu(x) \Phi(x + \hat{\mu}) + \Phi^\dagger(x + \hat{\mu}) U_\mu^\dagger(x) \Phi(x) \} + \lambda \sum_x [\Phi^\dagger(x) \Phi(x) - 1]^2$$

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in this work $\lambda = \infty$

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$$\tilde{\Phi}(x) = i\sigma_2 \Phi(x)^* \quad \phi(x) = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\Phi}_1(x) & \Phi_1(x) \\ \tilde{\Phi}_2(x) & \Phi_2(x) \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\Phi^\Lambda = \Lambda \Phi \quad \longrightarrow \quad \phi^\Lambda = \Lambda \phi$$

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$$S = \beta \sum_{x,\mu < \nu} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \text{ReTr} P_{\mu\nu}(x) \right\} - \\ - \frac{\kappa}{2} \sum_{x,\mu} \text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger(x) U_\mu(x + \hat{\mu}) \phi(x + \hat{\mu})]$$

Features of the model

Limiting cases:

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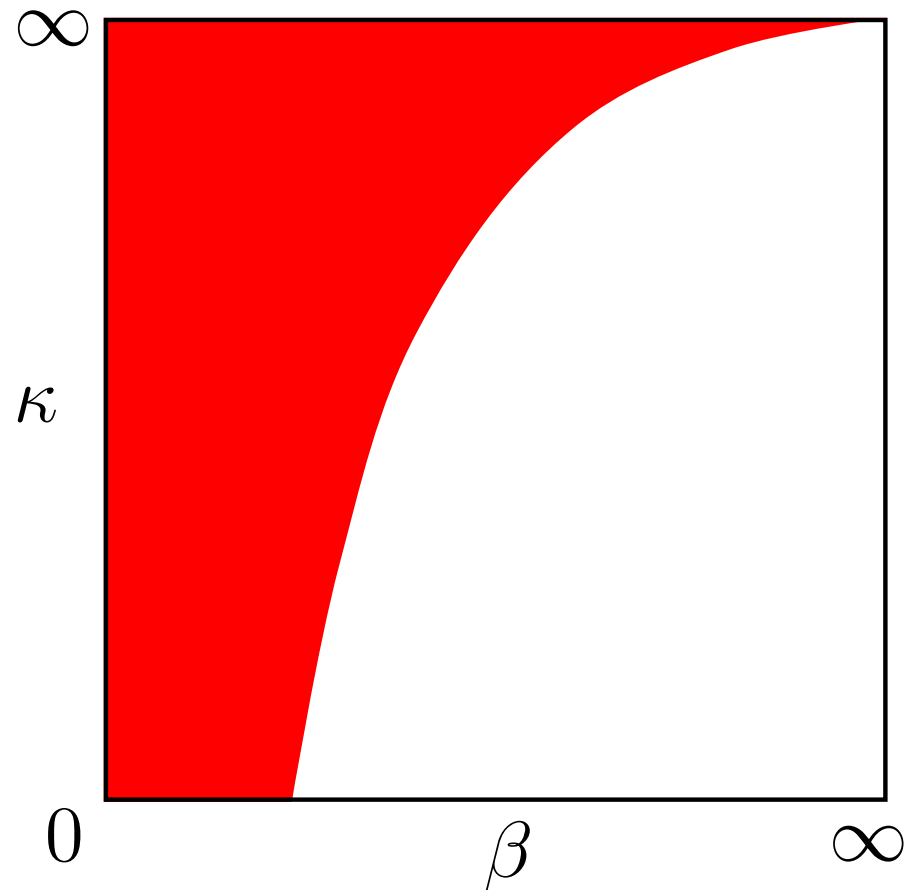
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- $\beta = 0$ & unitary gauge \longrightarrow independent $U_\mu(x)$'s
- $\kappa = \infty$ & unitary gauge \longrightarrow no dynamics

Features of the model

Fradkin-Shenker theorem:

Phys. Rev. D **19**, 3682 (1979)

in the **red region**
local observables
are analytic



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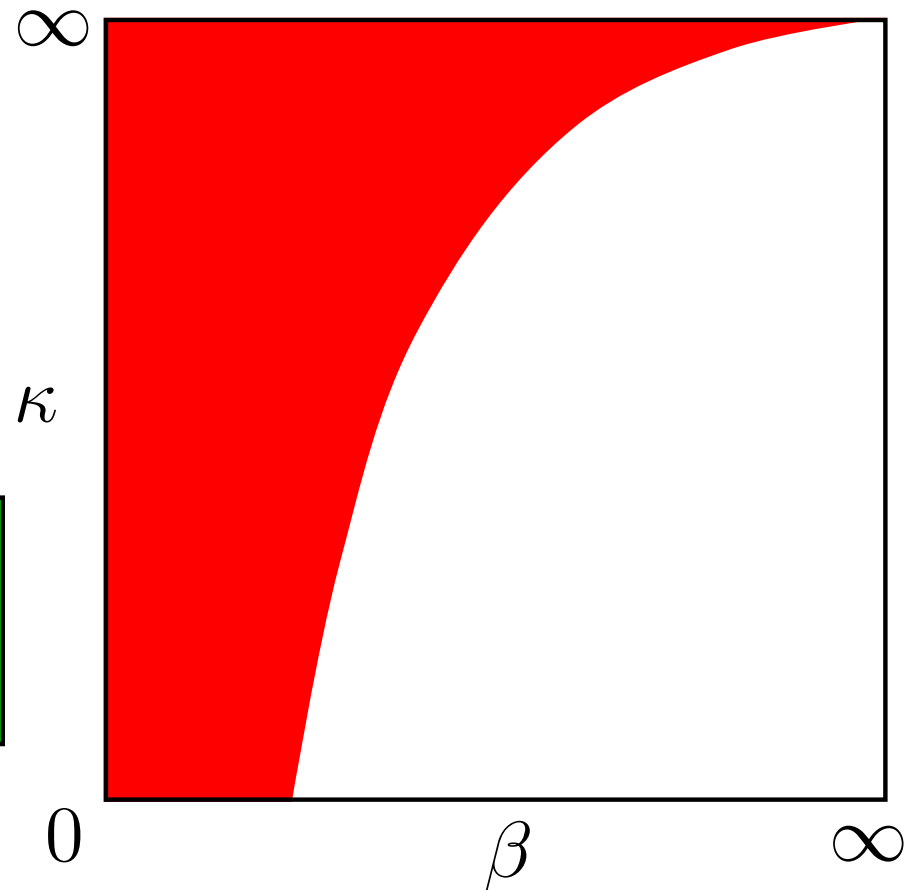
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The theorem does not hold
for *non-local* observables!

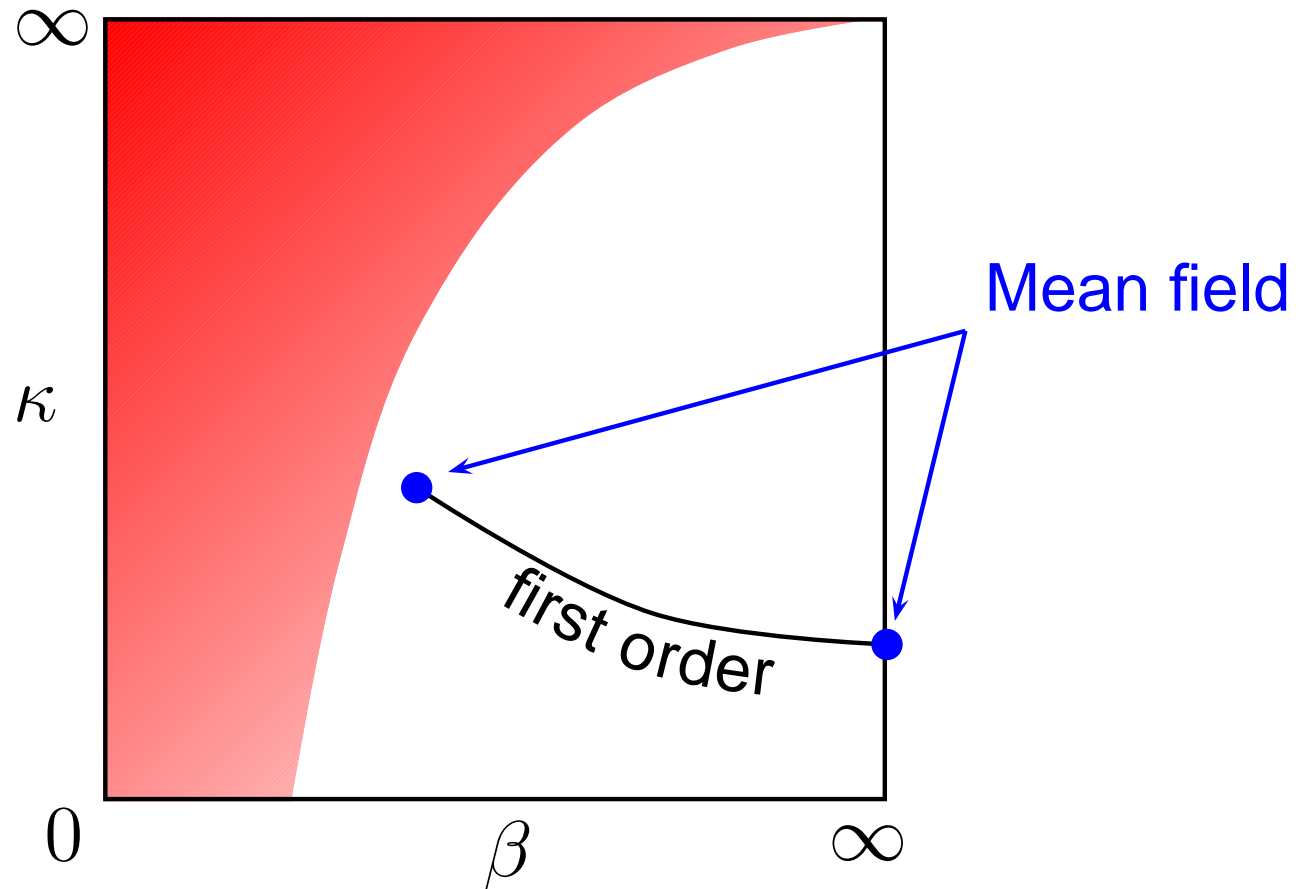
Grady, Phys. Lett. B **626**, 161 (2005)



Features of the model

Supposed phase diagram at zero temperature

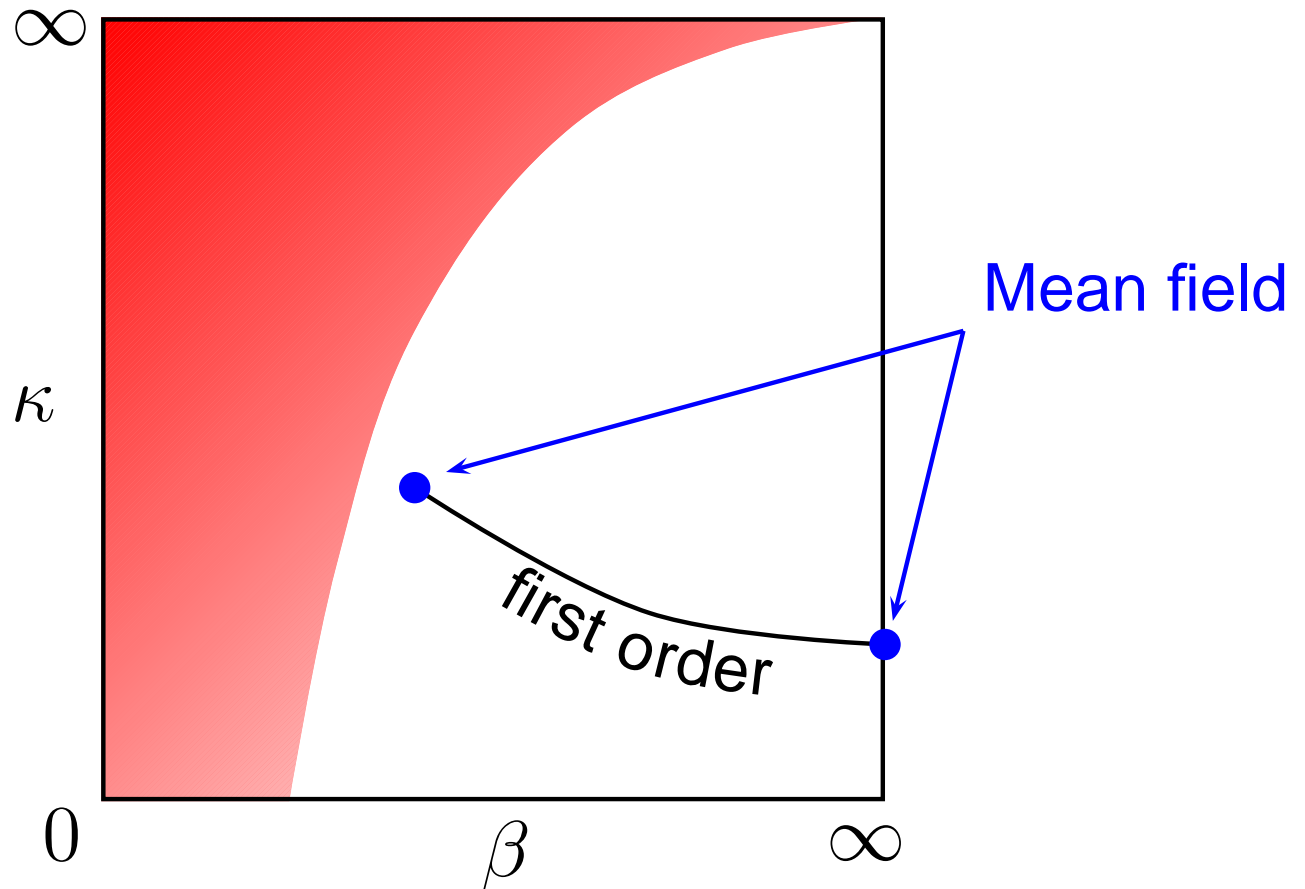
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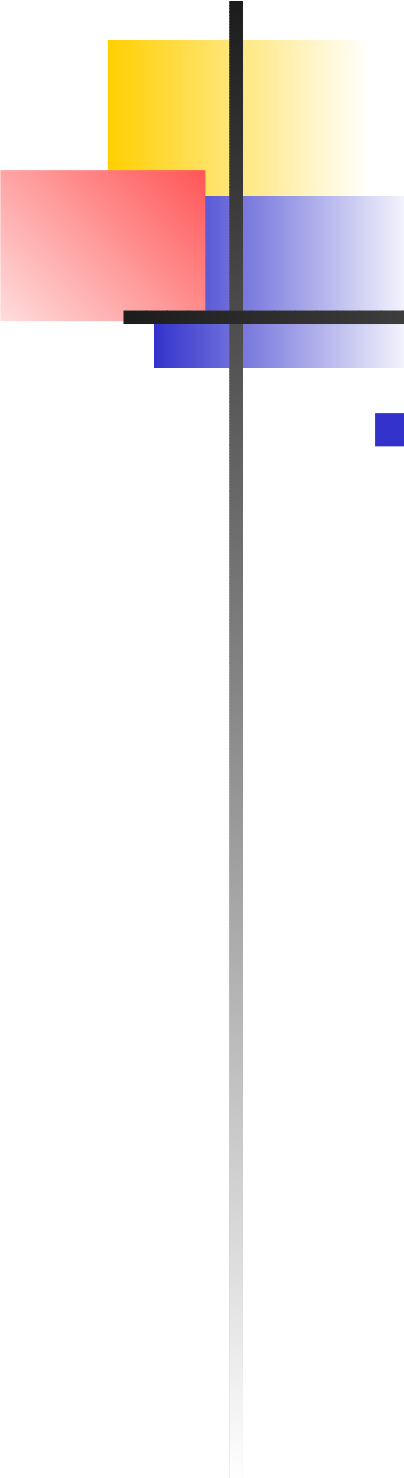
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Confermed in
simulations at
 $\lambda = 0.5$

Bock et al. Phys. Rev. D
41, 2573 (1990)



Results in literature for the $\lambda = \infty$ case

- first numerical study on 4^4 lattice seem to confirm theoretical prediction

Lang, Rebbi & Virasoro Phys. Lett. B **104**, 294 (1981)

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Langguth & Montvay Phys. Lett. B **165**, 135 (1985)
- “the system exhibits a transient behavior up to $L = 24$ along which the order of the transition cannot be discerned” (also in this case $\beta = 2.3$)
Campos Nucl. Phys. B **514**, 336 (1998)



New results

Local observables analyzed

- plaquette
- Higgs-gauge interaction:
$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Tr}[\phi^\dagger(x) U_\mu(x + \hat{\mu}) \phi(x + \hat{\mu})]$$
- Z_2 monopoles

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Studied using

- susceptibilities $L^4[\langle O^2 \rangle - \langle O \rangle^2]$
- Binder fourth-order cumulant
$$1 - \langle O^4 \rangle / [3\langle O^2 \rangle^2]$$

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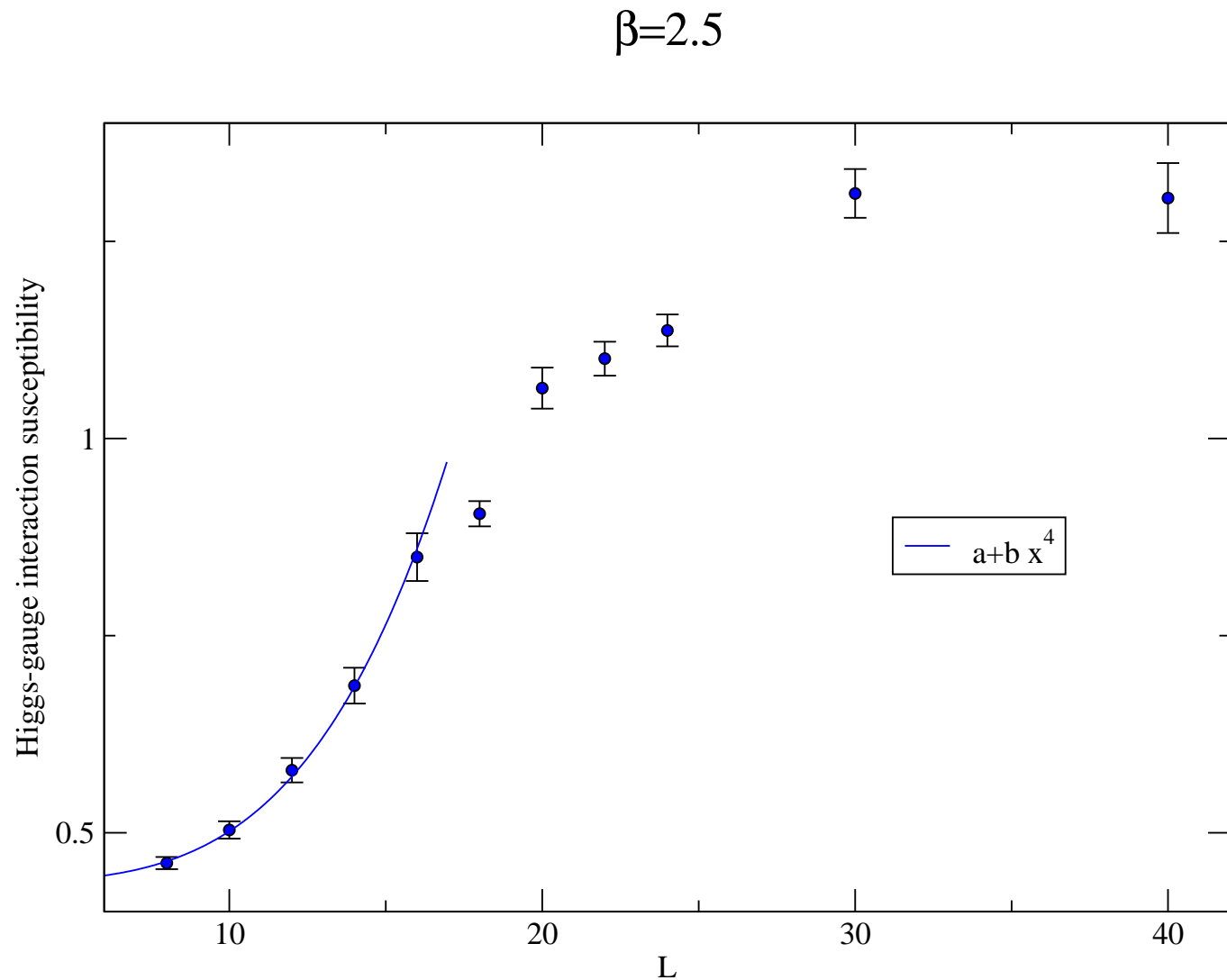
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resulted the most sensitive one

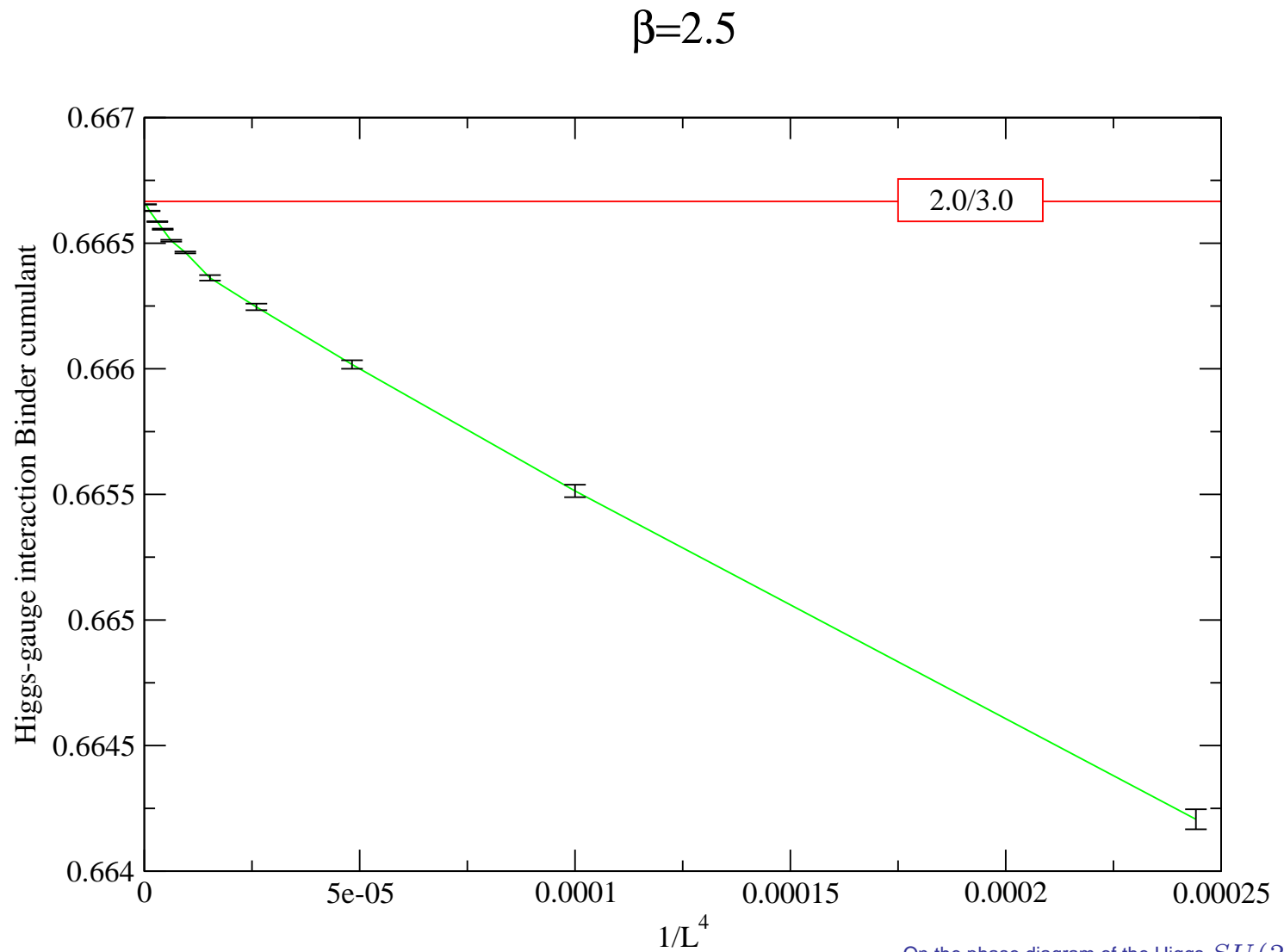
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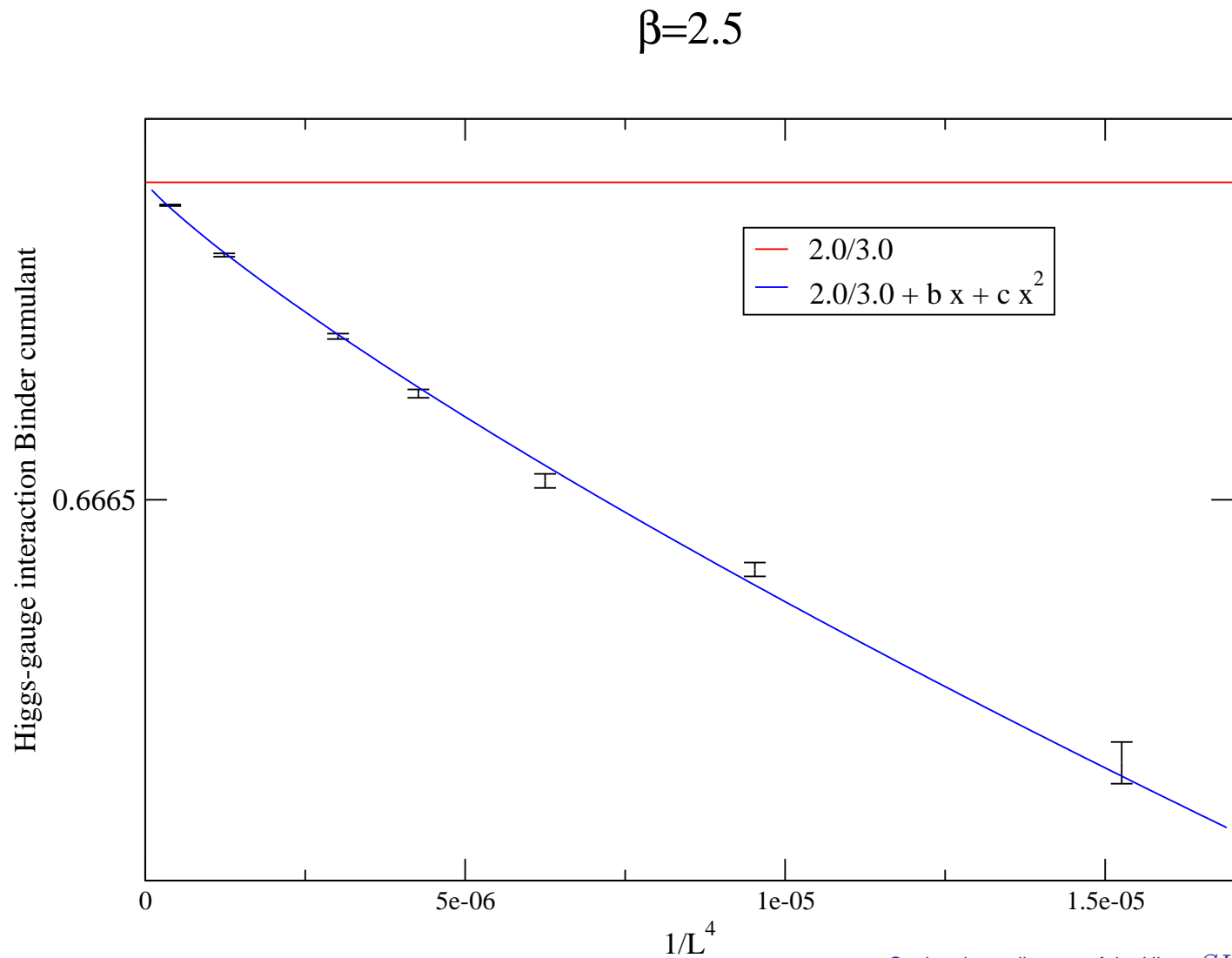
New results: $\beta = 2.5$



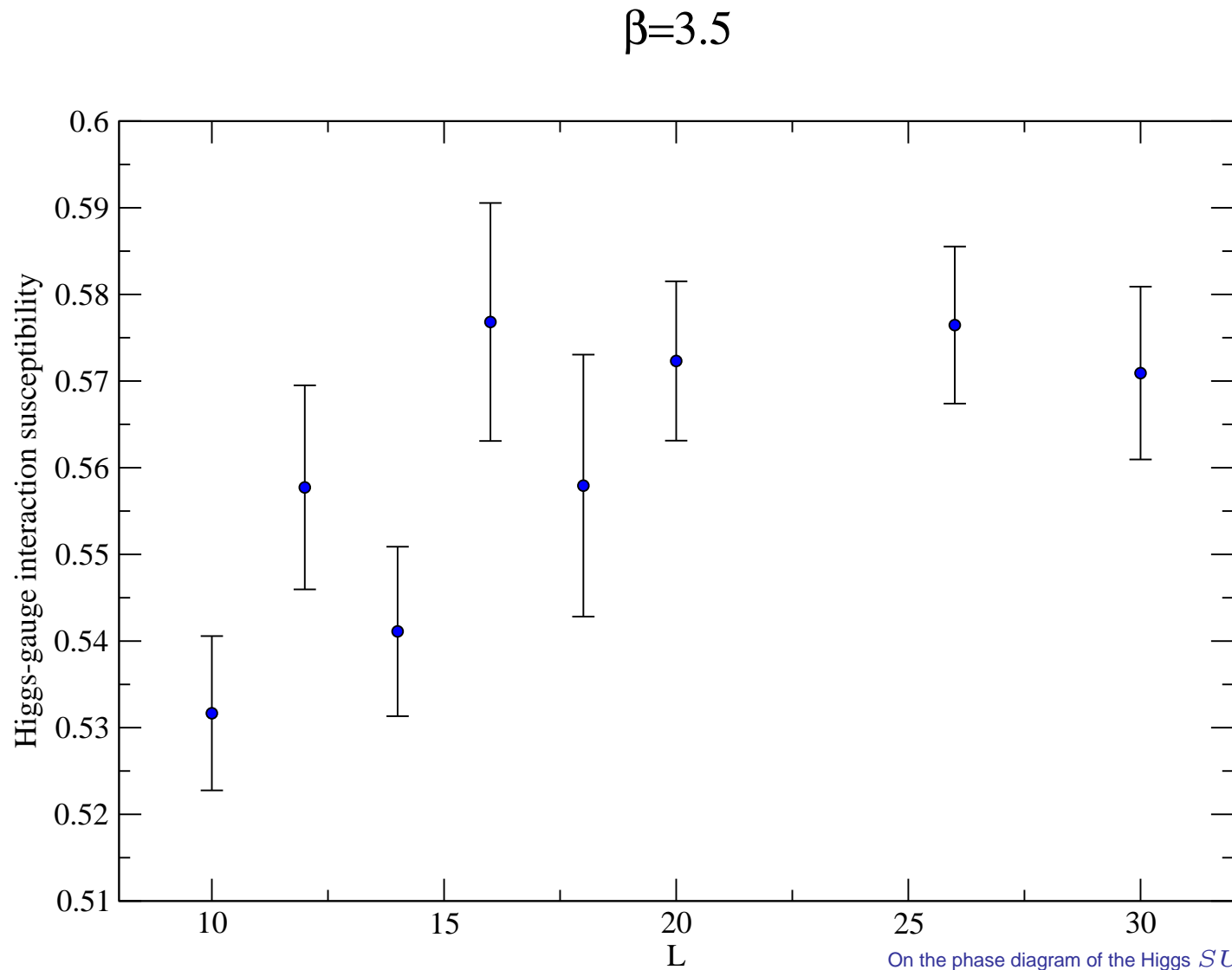
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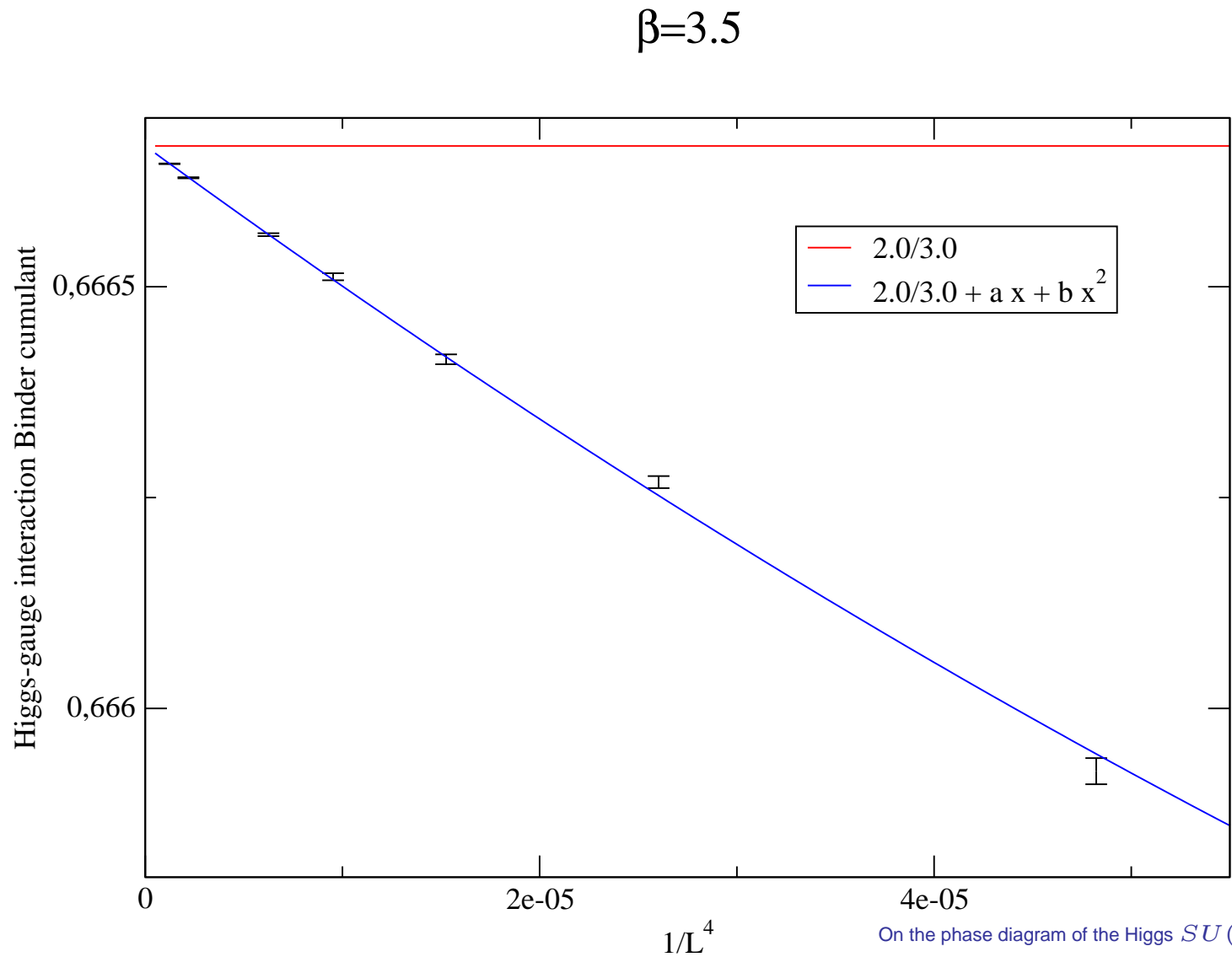
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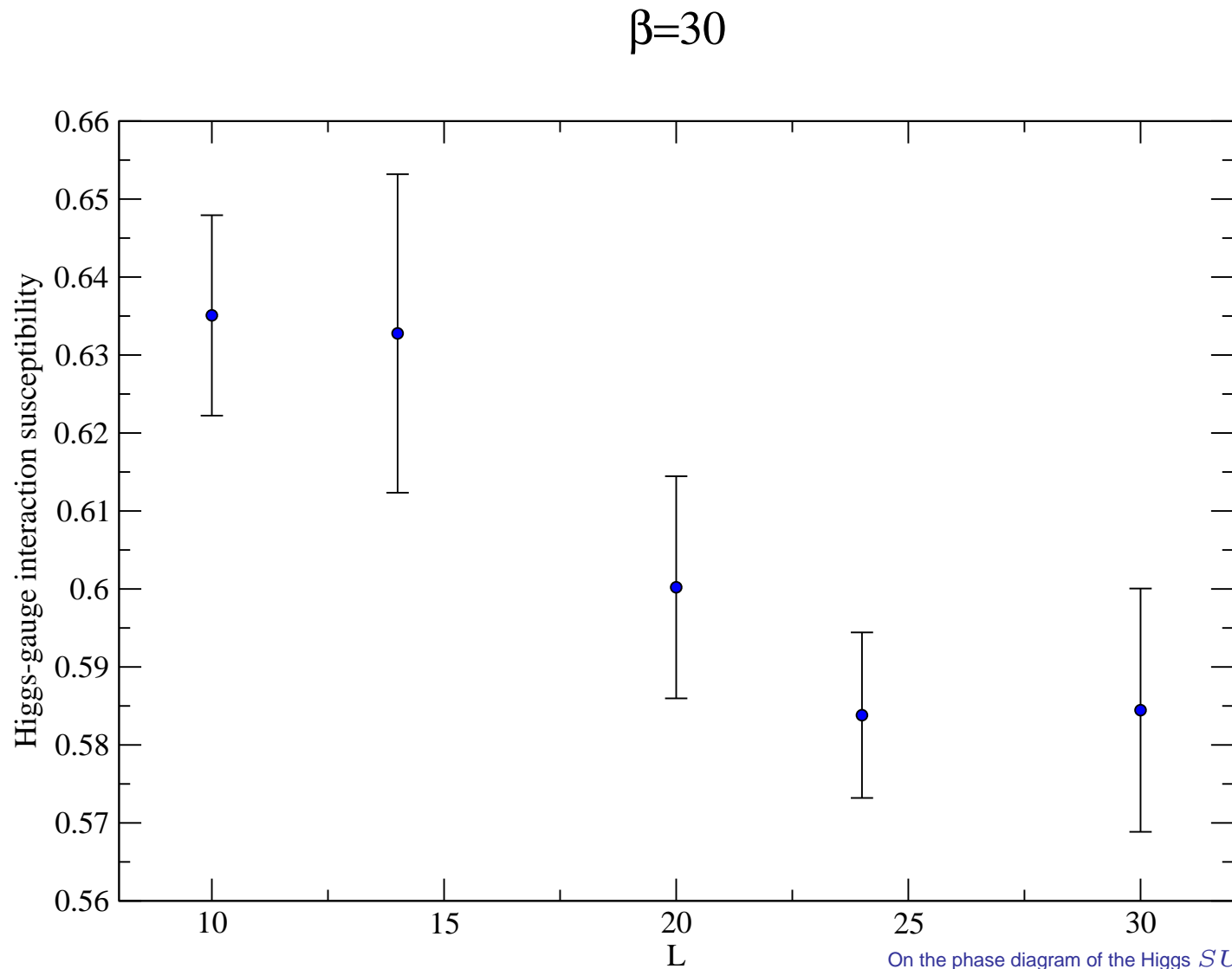
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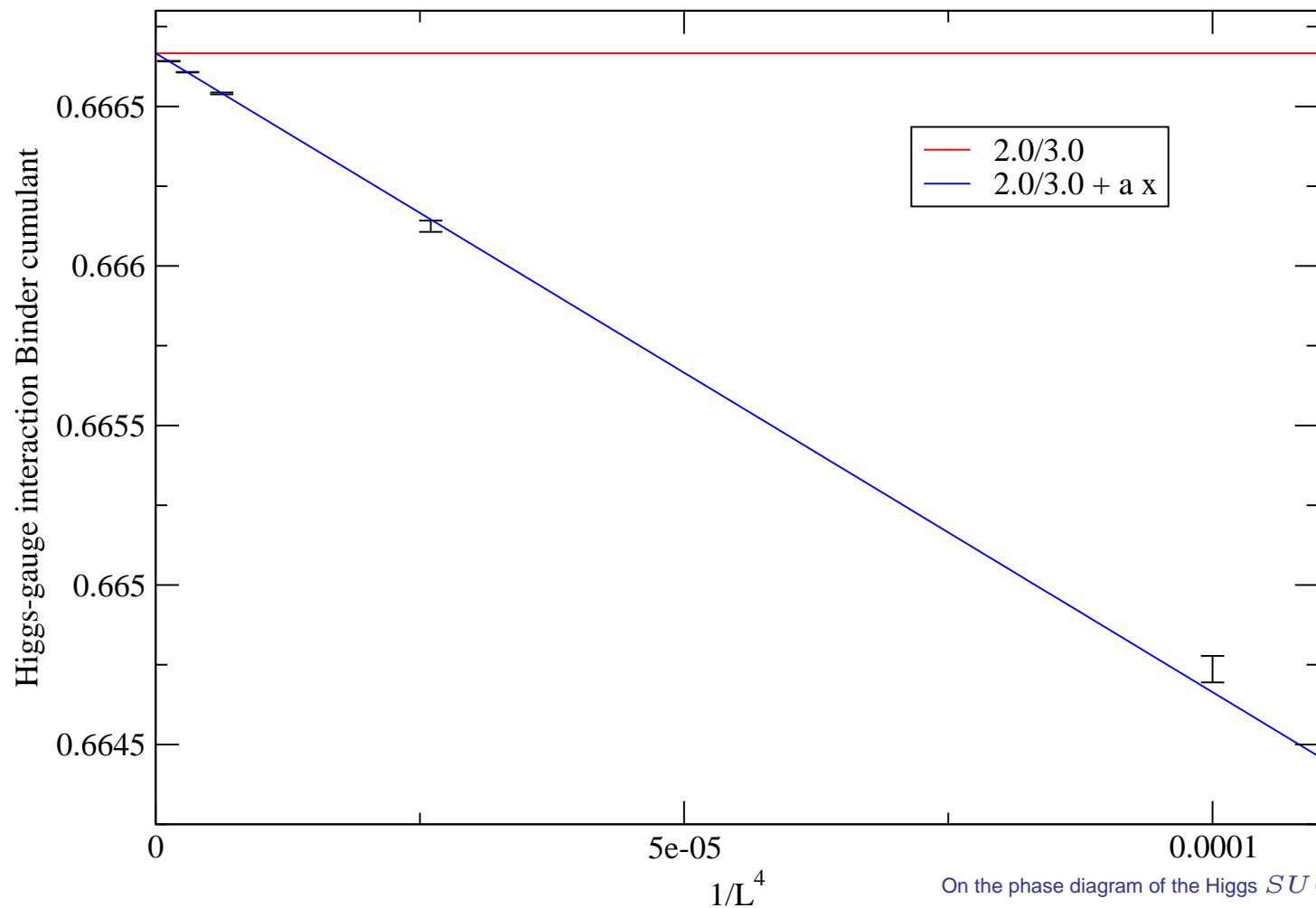


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- $\langle \mu \rangle$ magnetic monopole operator

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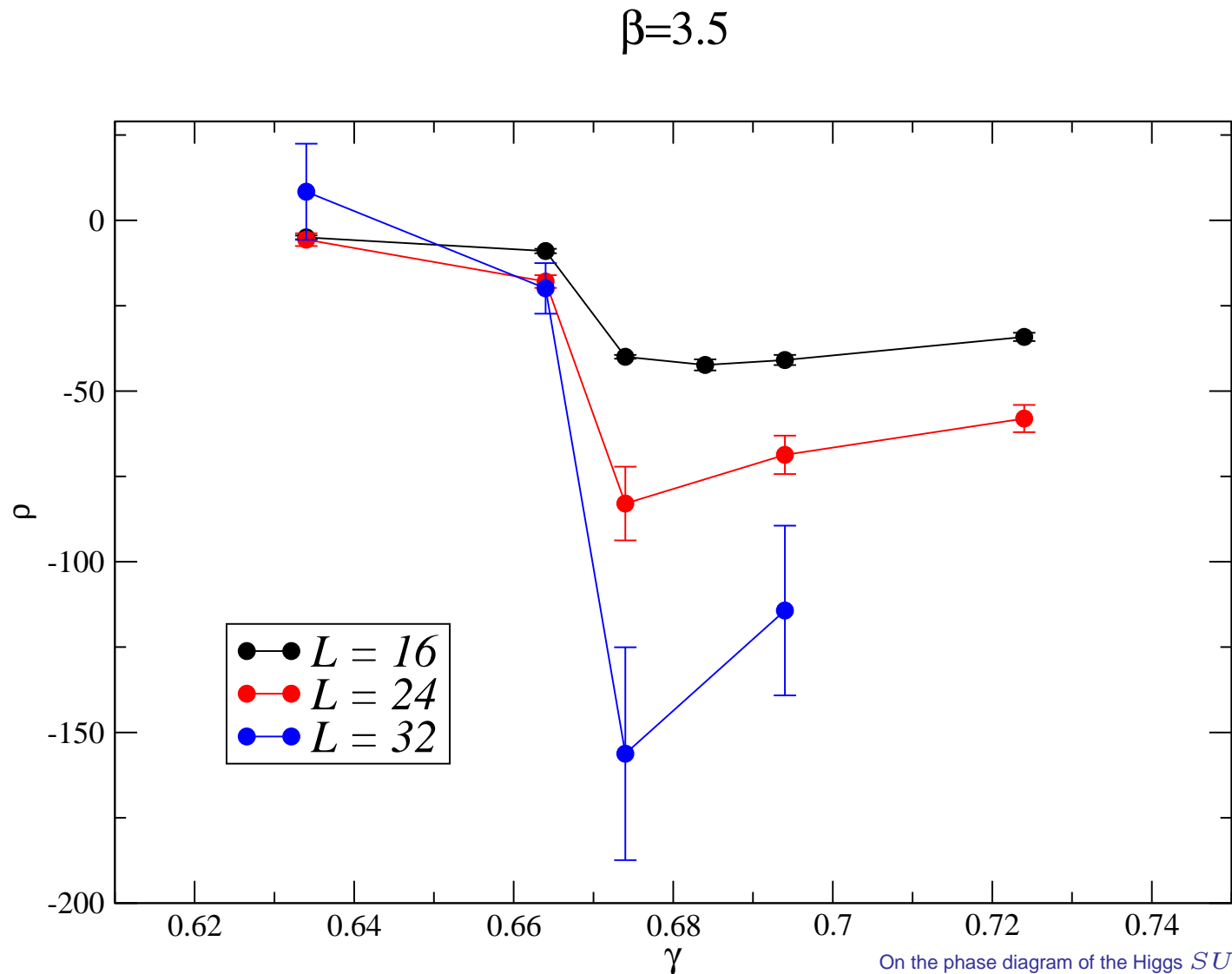
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Characteristic behavior

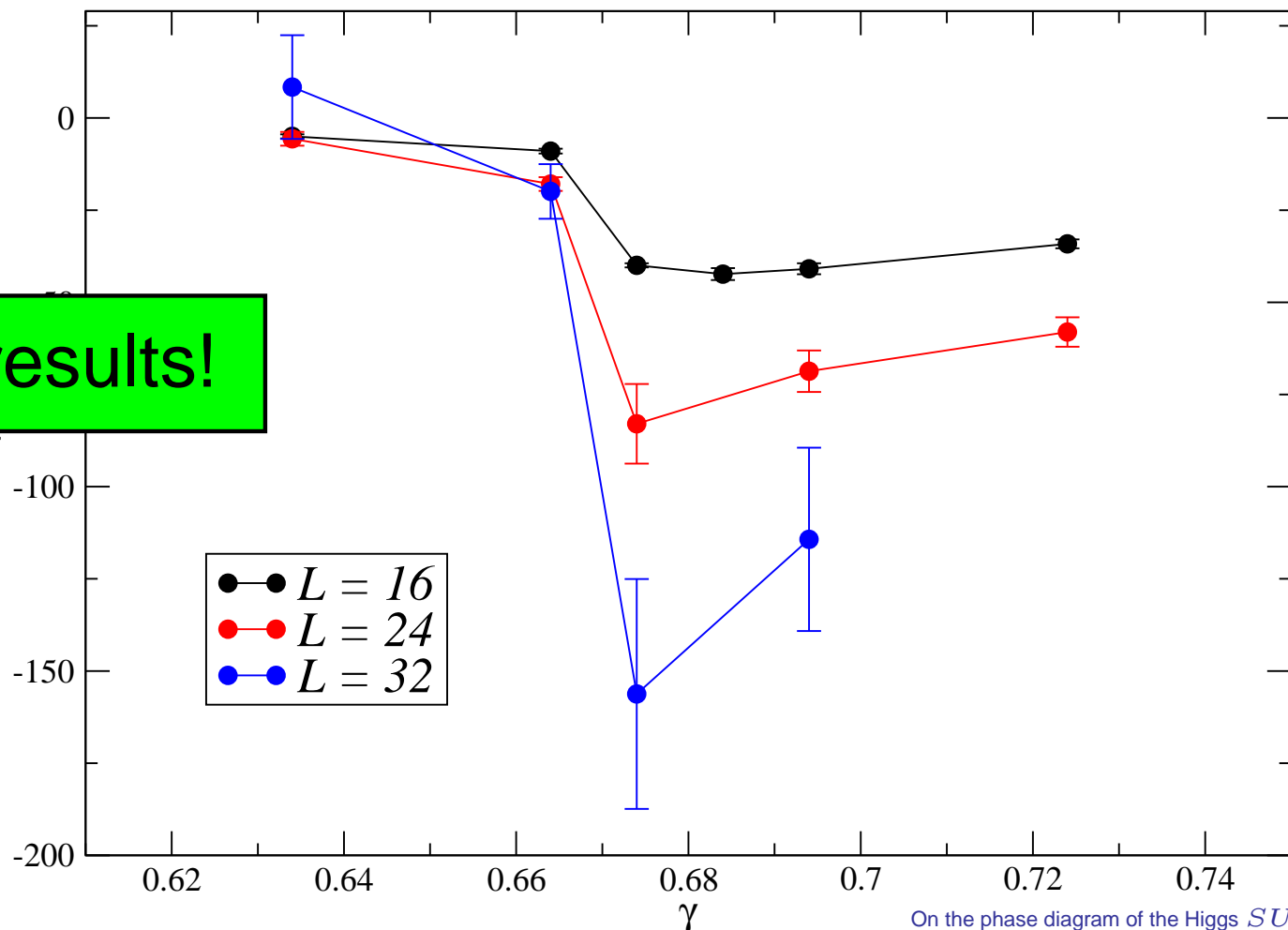
- smooth crossover \longrightarrow no singularity
- at transition $\longrightarrow \min \rho \rightarrow -\infty$

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Not yet firm results!



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- it seem natural to suppose that the first-order line of transitions is not present in the $\lambda = \infty$ case
- conservative point of view: we have shown that, if it exists, the line of first order transitions ends for β much bigger than the value $\beta_c \approx 2$ previously thought as critical