

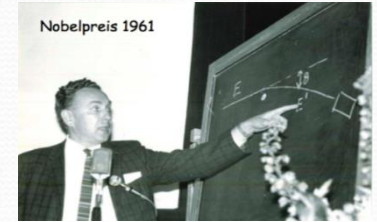
# Nucleon Structure Study with JLab 12 GeV

Jian-ping Chen (陈剑平), Jefferson Lab

Hadron-China2014, Lanzhou, China, July 21-24, 2014

- Form Factors, GPDs, ...
- Nucleon Spin Study: recent results and 12 GeV plan
- TMDs with 6 GeV JLab: Exploration, Recent results
- Plan at JLab 12 GeV for TMD study: Precision Multi-d Mapping  
**SoLID Program on TMDs**
- Long-term Future: Electron-Ion Colliders (EIC)

# Electron Scattering and Nucleon Structure



Robert Hofstadter,  
**Nobel Prize 1961**



*J.T. Friedman*



*R. Taylor*



*H.W. Kendall*

**Nobel Prize 1990**



- 1960s: Discovery: Proton Has Internal Structure  
elastic electron scattering

Nucleon Form Factors -> EM Distributions

- 1970s: Discovery of Quarks (Partons)  
inclusive deep-inelastic scattering (DIS)

Structure Functions -> Parton Distributions

- 2004 Nobel prize for QCD  
“asymptotic freedom”

- 1980s: “Spin Crisis”

Spin Distributions, Sum Rule, Gluon, Quark Orbital Angular Momentum

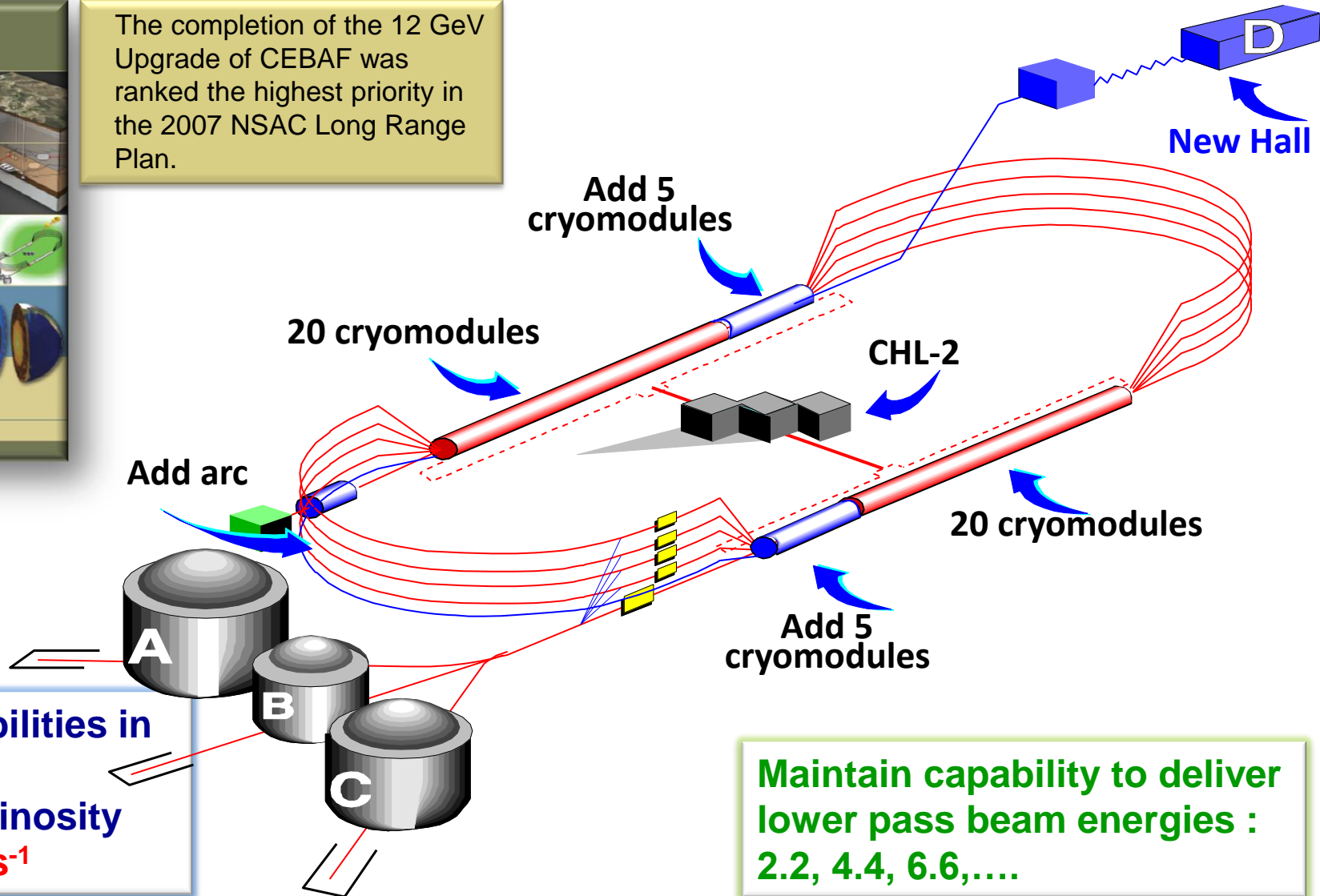
- 2000s: 3-d Structure: TMDs and GPDs

QCD Dynamics, Non-perturbative region, Confinement

Lattice QCD, Dyson-Schwinger, Ads/CFT: Holographic QCD

# JLab 12 GeV Upgrade

The completion of the 12 GeV Upgrade of CEBAF was ranked the highest priority in the 2007 NSAC Long Range Plan.

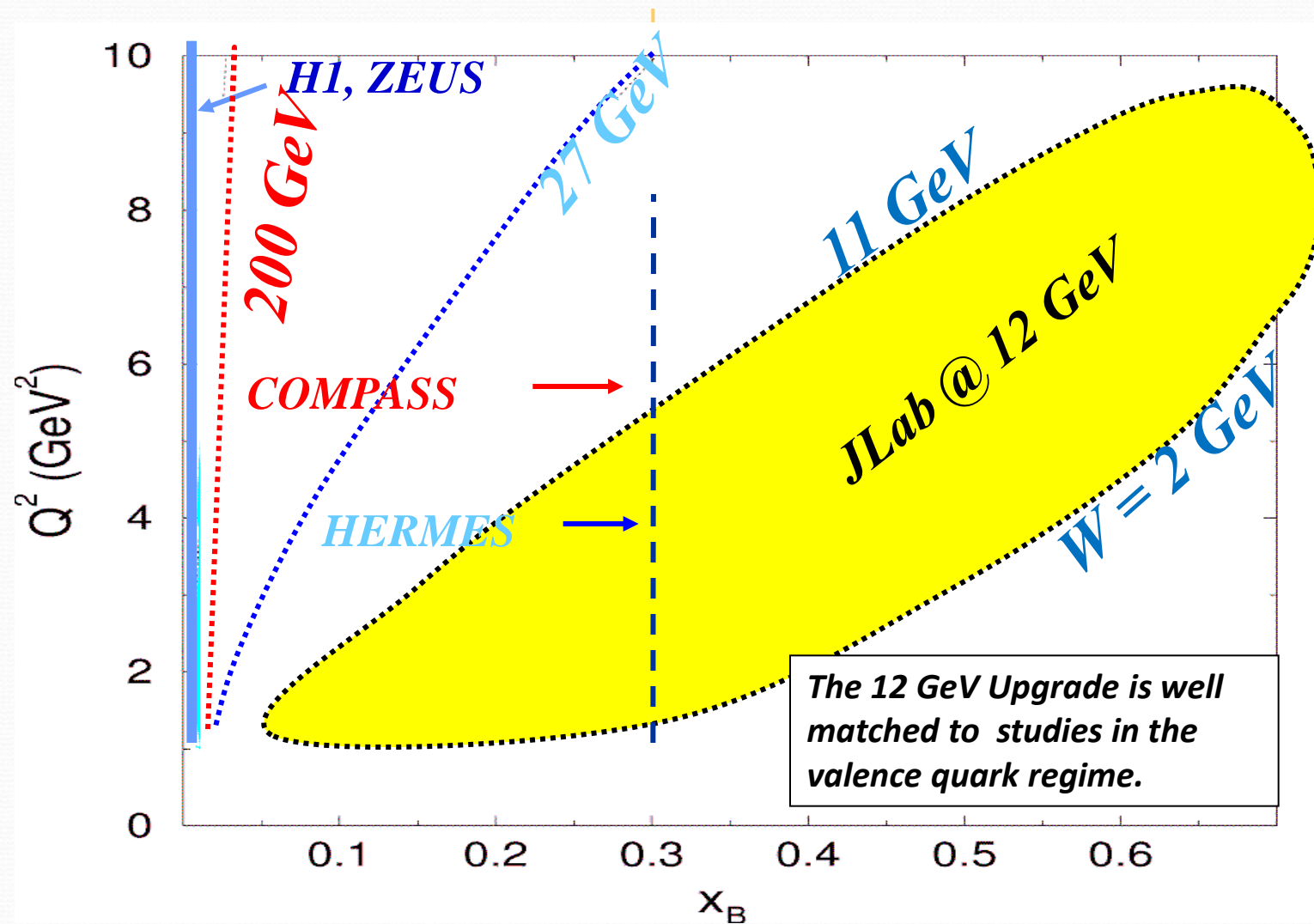


- Enhanced capabilities in existing Halls
- Increase of Luminosity  
 $10^{35} - \sim 10^{39} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Maintain capability to deliver lower pass beam energies : 2.2, 4.4, 6.6,....



# *Kinematics Coverage of the 12 GeV Upgrade*



JLab Spin Program: Precision Measurements  
Valance Quark Region  
Moments: Spin Sum Rules/Polarizabilities  
Higher-Twist: Quark-Gluon Correlations

$A_1$  and  $d_2$  from JLab: Results and Plan

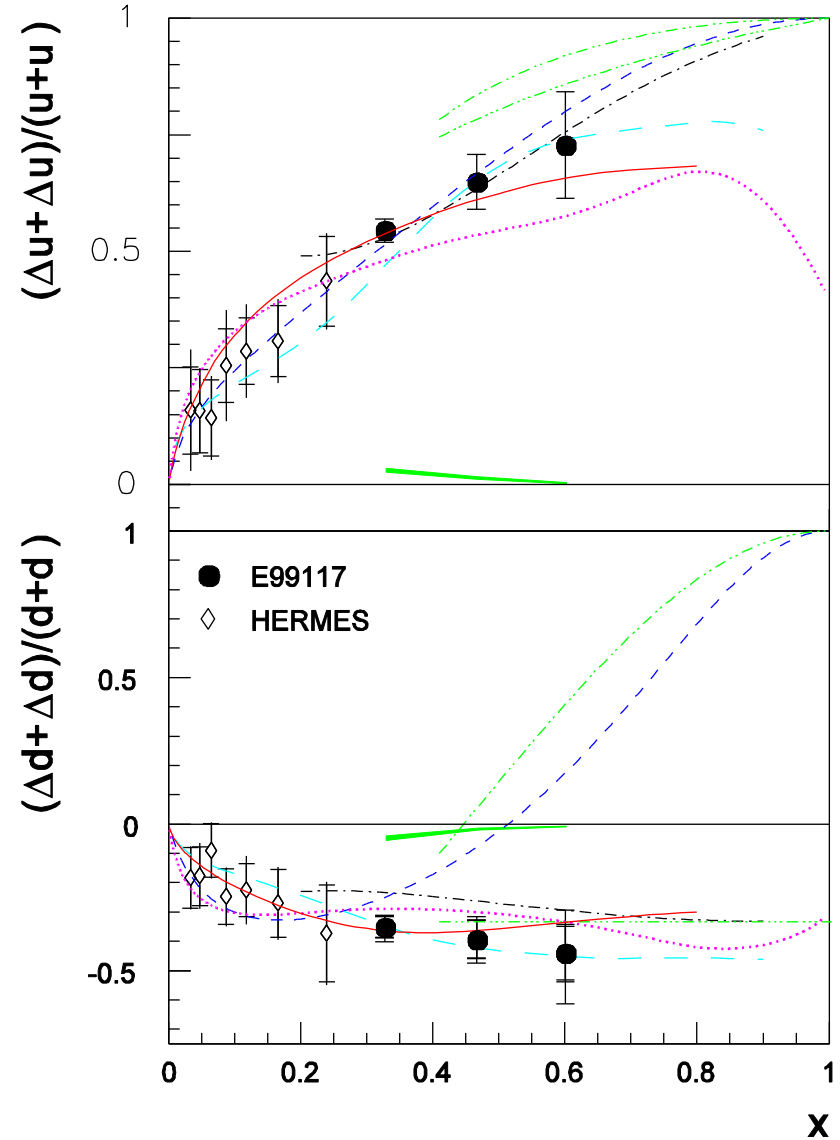
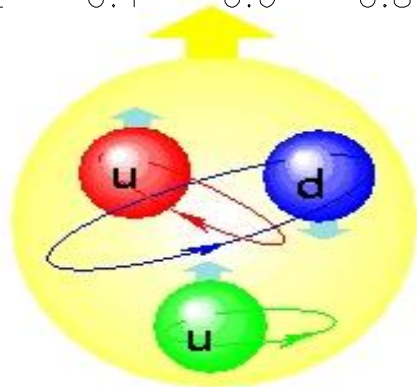
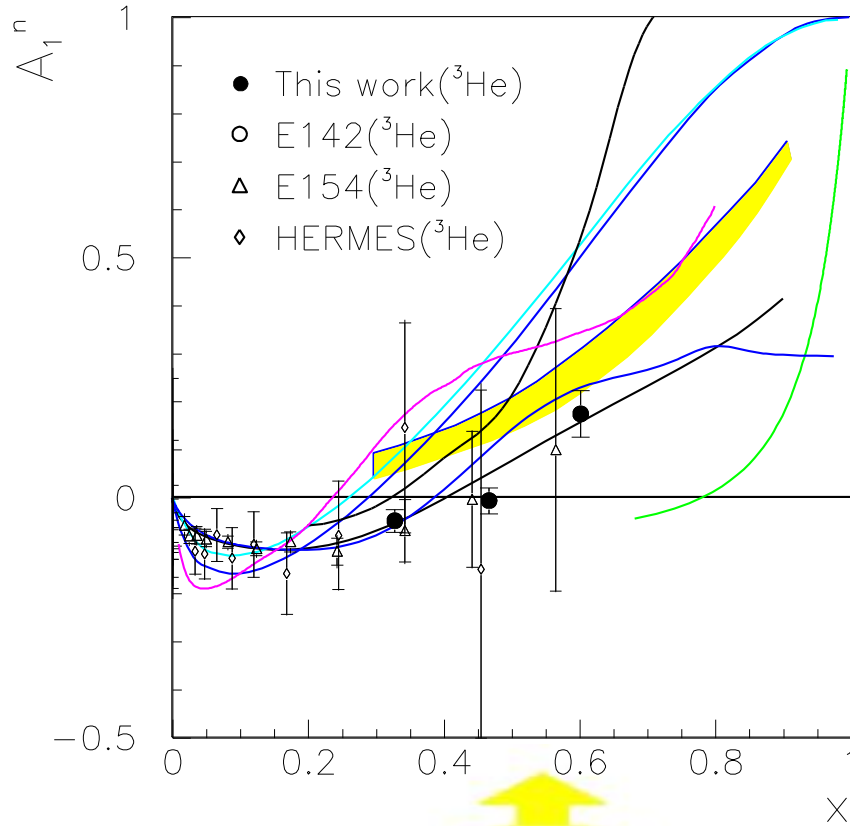
# JLab Spin Experiments

- High polarized luminosity → precision measurements
- Earlier JLab Spin Results
  - Spin Asymmetry  $A_1 / g_1$  in the Valence (High- $x$ ) Region
  - Spin Moments: Spin Sum Rules and Polarizabilities,
  - Spin Structure in the Resonance Region
  - Reviews: S. Kuhn, J. P. Chen, E. Leader, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 63, 1 (2009)
- Recent experiments with transversely polarized targets
  - $g_2$  measurements to extract  $d_2$  (SANE, d2n)
  - Low  $Q^2$ : SAGDH, EG4,  $g_{2p}$  (Chao Gu's talk)
- 12 GeV Program:  $A_{1n}$  (Hall A/C),  $A_{1p}$  (Hall B),  $d_{2n}$  (Hall C)

# JLab E99117: *Precision Measurement of $A_1^n$ at High- $x$*

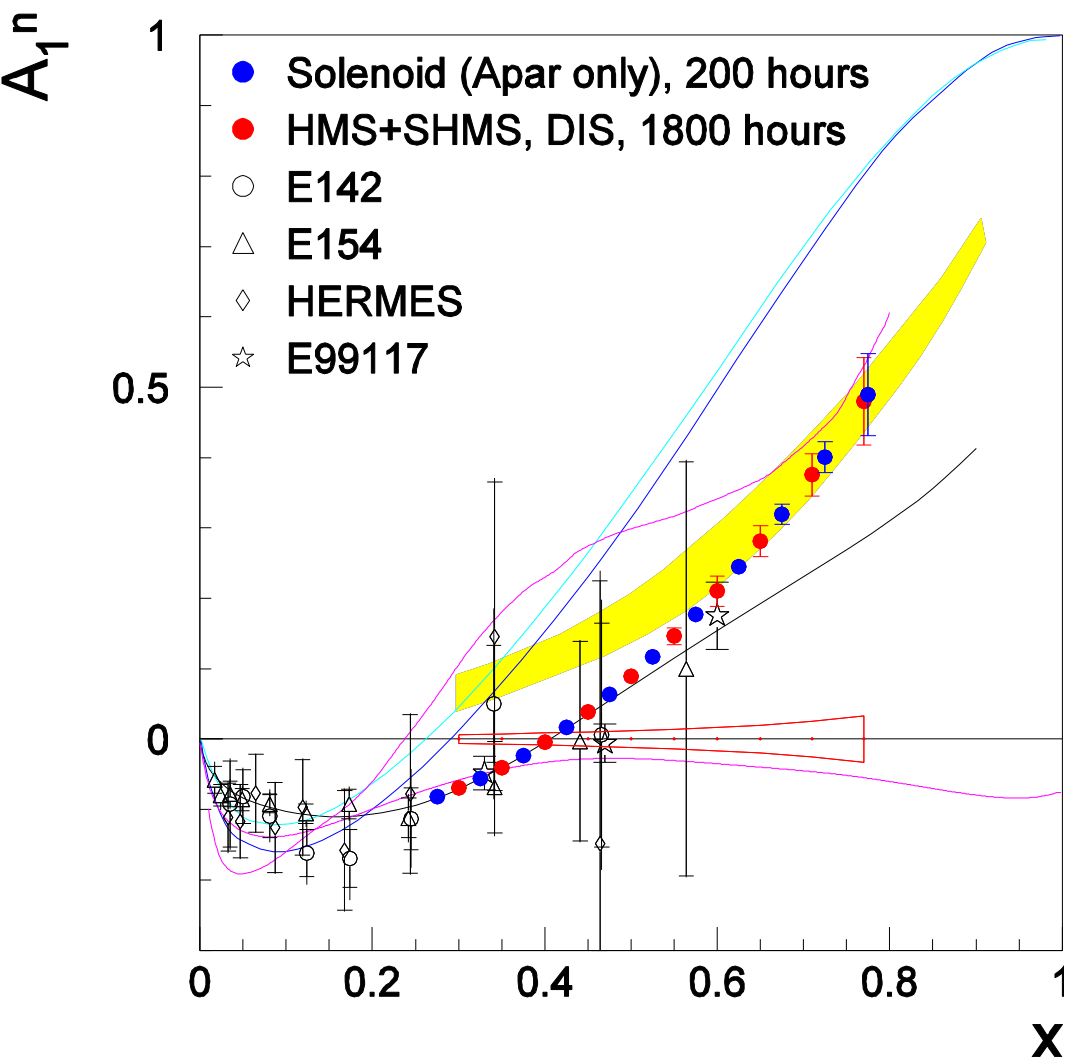
PRL 92, 012004 (2004) , PRC 70, 065207 (2004)

Physics News Update, Science Now  
Science News, Physics Today Update

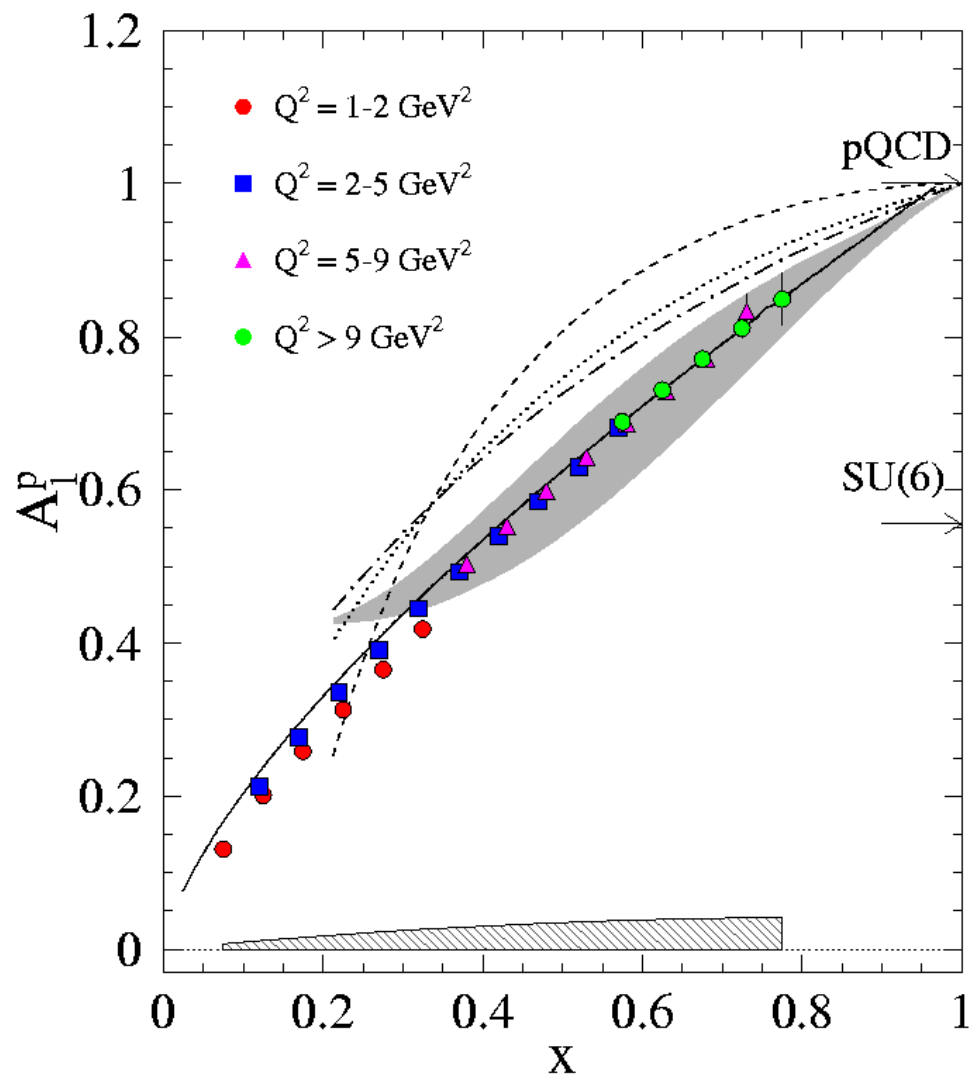


# Projections for JLab at 11 GeV

## $A_1^n$ at 11 GeV



## $A_1^p$ at 11 GeV





# Color Lorentz Force (Polarizability): $d_2$

- 2<sup>nd</sup> moment of  $g_2 - g_2^{WW}$

$d_2$ : twist-3 matrix element

$$\begin{aligned} d_2(Q^2) &= 3 \int_0^1 x^2 [g_2(x, Q^2) - g_2^{WW}(x, Q^2)] dx \\ &= \int_0^1 x^2 [2g_1(x, Q^2) + 3g_2(x, Q^2)] dx \end{aligned}$$

$d_2$  and  $g_2 - g_2^{WW}$ : clean access of higher twist (twist-3) effect:  $q$ - $g$  correlations

Color polarizabilities  $\chi_E, \chi_B$  are linear combination of  $d_2$  and  $f_2$

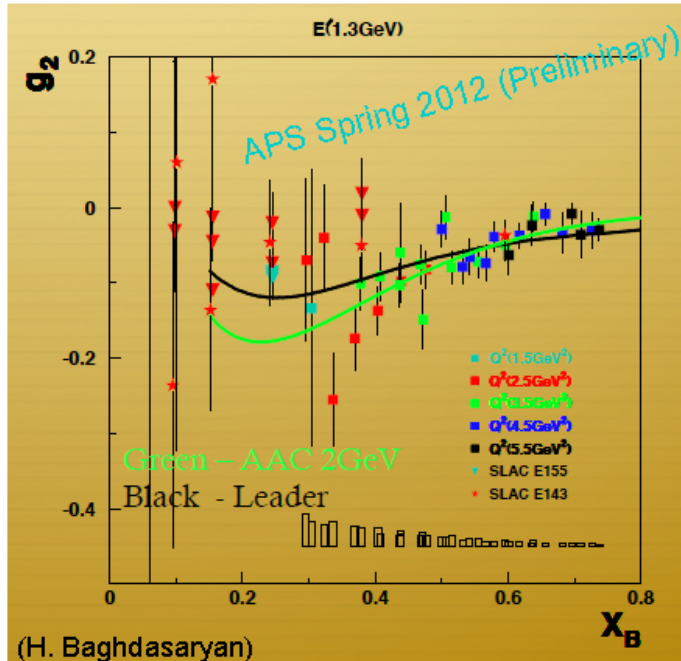
Provide a benchmark test of **Lattice QCD** at high  $Q^2$

Avoid issue of low- $x$  extrapolation

Related to Siverson Function?

# SANE (p) and d2n (n) Experiments

## $g_2$ in DIS and Resonance Region

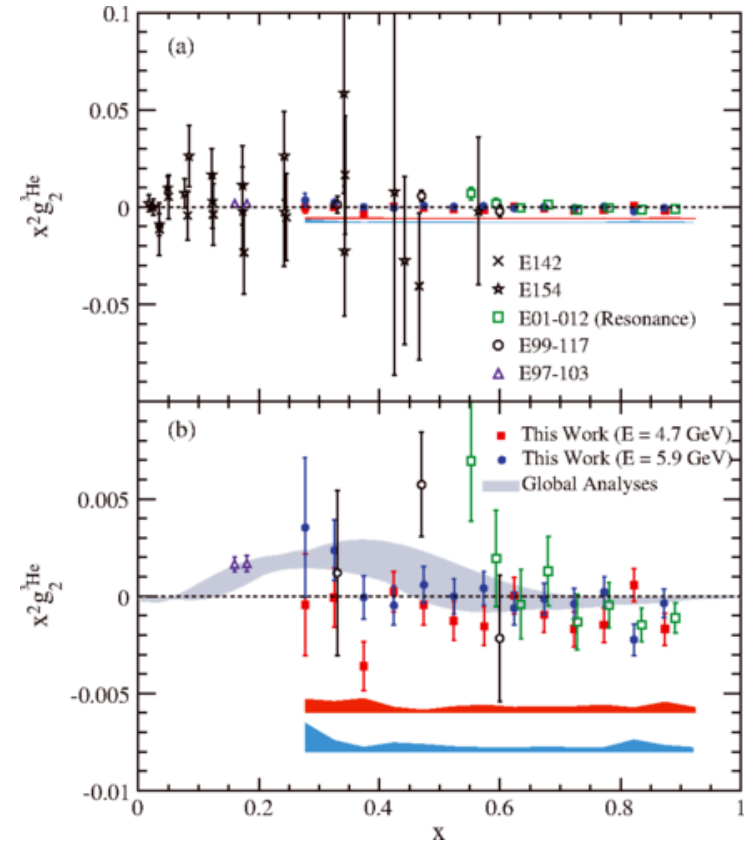


(N)

- Proton ( $\text{NH}_3$ )

- Hall C SANE (E07-003)

/3/13 -  $0.3 < x < 0.8$   $2.5 < Q^2 < 6.5$



n and  $^3\text{He}$  (PRL 113, 022002 (2014))

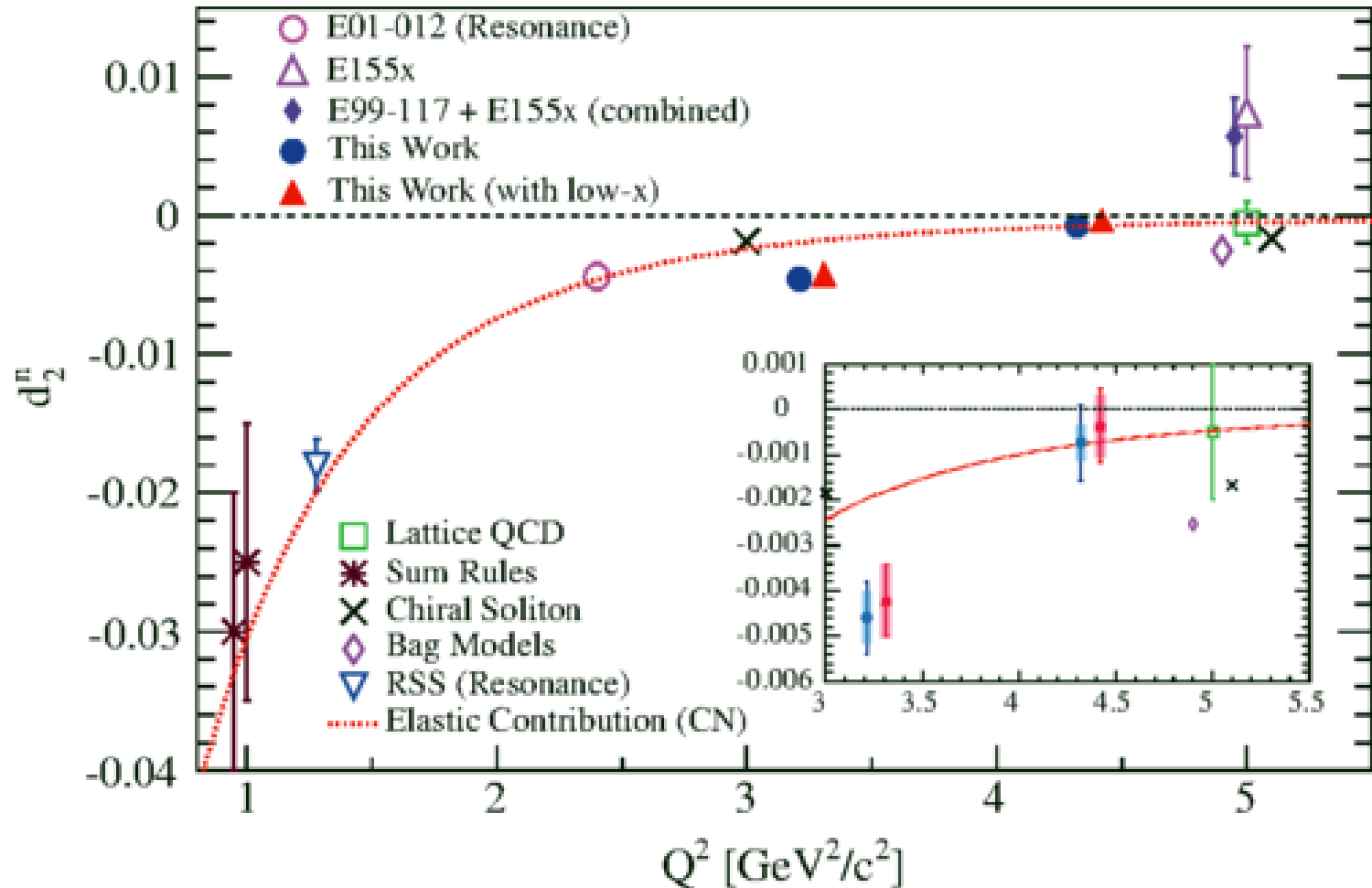
Hall A d2n (E06-014)

4.7 and 5.9 GeV Beam Energy

# Hall A $d_{2n}$ Results

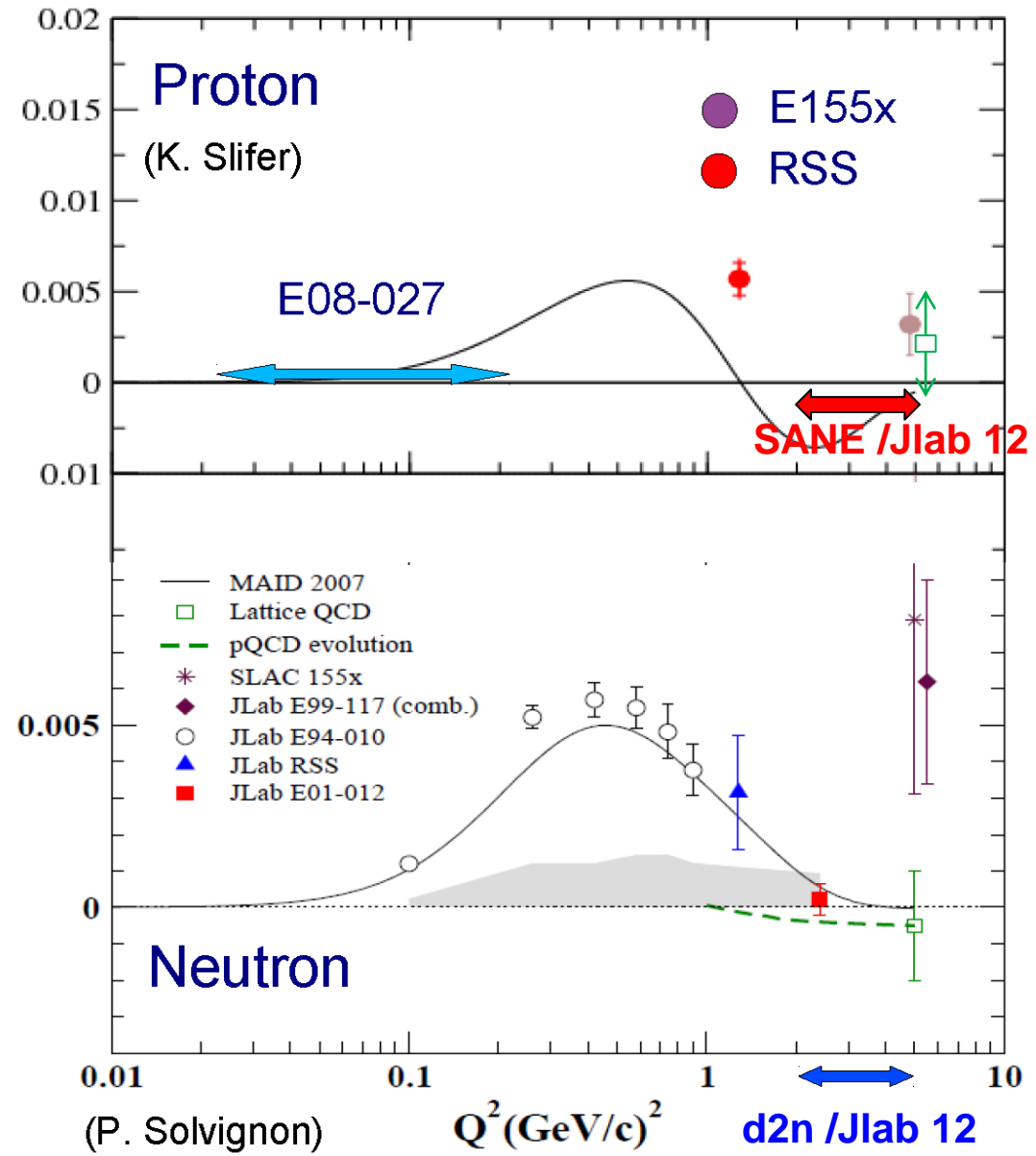
(PRL 113, 022002 (12014))

- $d_{2n}$  from JLab and world
- **Bench mark test of LQCD at high  $Q^2$**
- Elastic contribution significant at low  $Q^2$ , but well known
- Contributions from unmeasured Low  $x$  region usually not significant due to  $x^2$  weighting



# $d_2$ Measurements and Projections

- $d_2$  moments for p (E155x, RSS, SANE, JLab12)  
n (E155x, E01-012, d2n, JLab12)
- **Benchmark test of LQCD**
- **Only contributions from the measurement region**
- **Elastic not included (only important for  $Q^2 < 2 \text{ GeV}^2$ )**

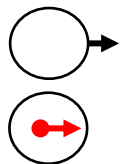


# Transverse Momentum Dependent Distributions 6 GeV Results

Results from JLab Hall A E06-010

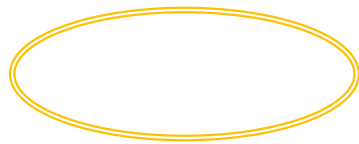
# Leading-Twist TMD PDFs

		Quark polarization		
		Unpolarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	$f_1 =$		$h_1^\perp =$ <i>Boer-Mulders</i>
	L		$g_1 =$ <i>Helicity</i>	$h_{1L}^\perp =$ <i>Worm Gear</i>
	T	$f_{1T}^\perp =$ <i>Siverts</i>	$g_{1T} =$ <i>Worm Gear</i>	$h_1 =$ <i>Transversity</i> $h_{1T}^\perp =$ <i>Pretzelosity</i>



Nucleon Spin

Quark Spin

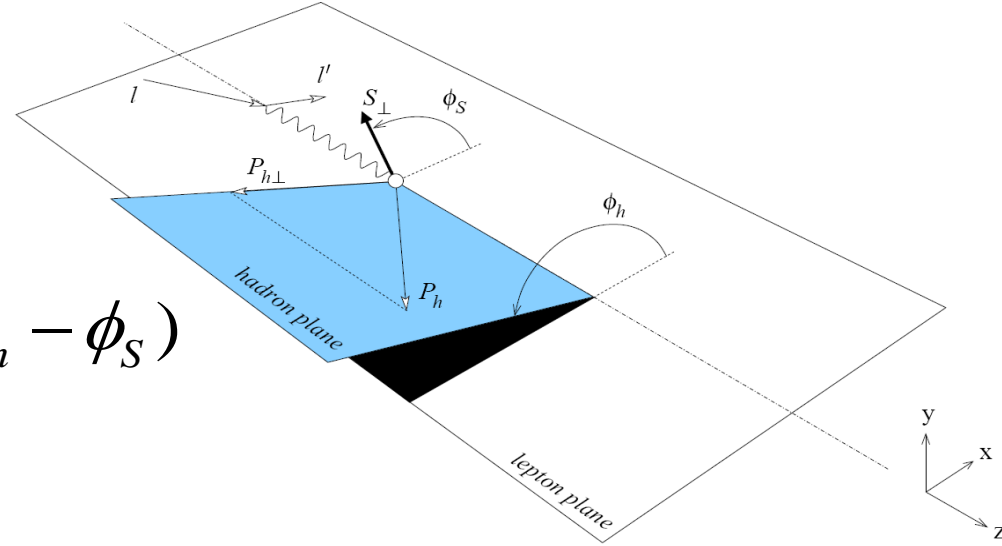


: Probed with transversely pol target  
HERMES, COMPASS, JLab E06-010



# Separation of Collins, Sivers and pretzelosity effects through angular dependence

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{UT}(\varphi_h^l, \varphi_S^l) &= \frac{1}{P} \frac{N^\uparrow - N^\downarrow}{N^\uparrow + N^\downarrow} \\
 &= A_{UT}^{\text{Collins}} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) + A_{UT}^{\text{Sivers}} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \\
 &+ A_{UT}^{\text{Pretzelosity}} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)
 \end{aligned}$$



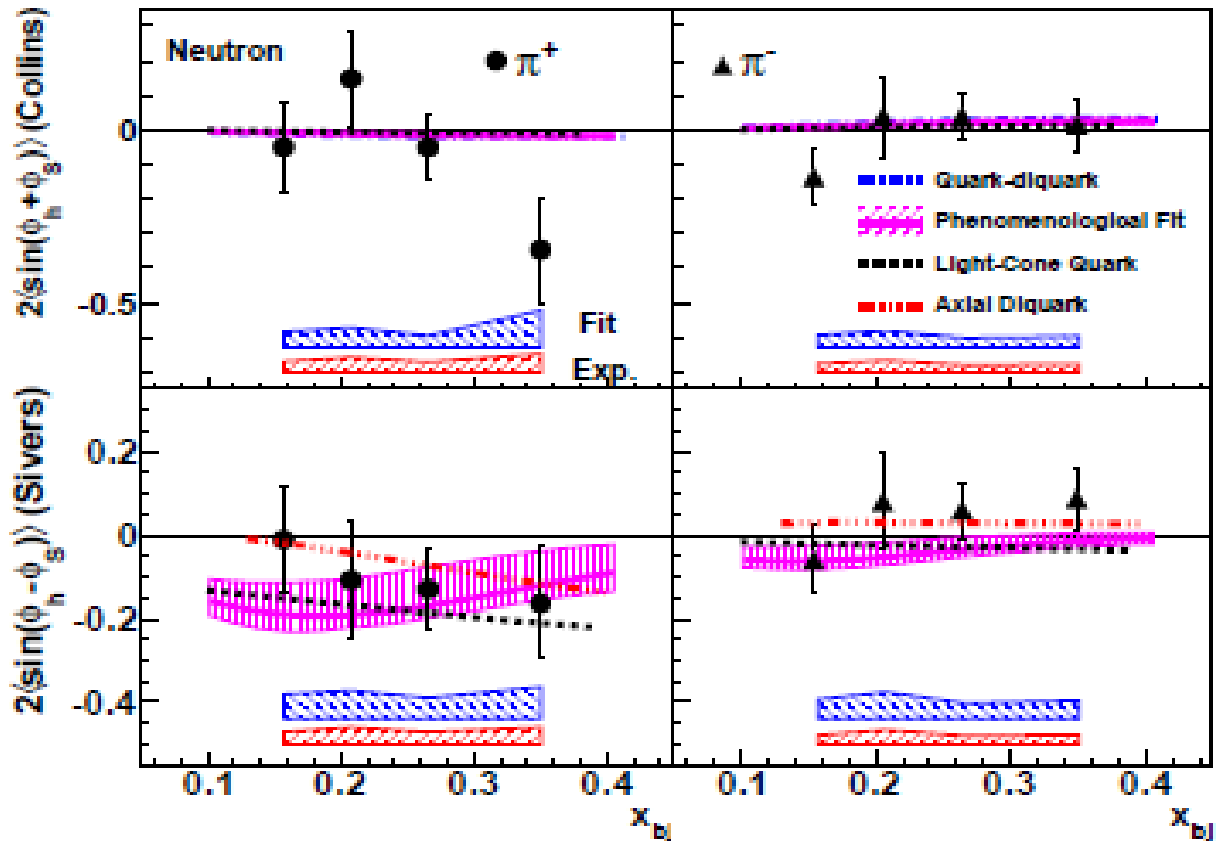
$$A_{UT}^{\text{Collins}} \propto \langle \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp$$

$$A_{UT}^{\text{Sivers}} \propto \langle \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$$

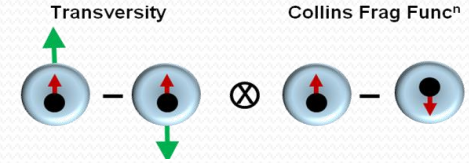
$$A_{UT}^{\text{Pretzelosity}} \propto \langle \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

# E06-010: Collins/Sivers on Neutron ( $^3\text{He}$ )

X. Qian, *et al.*, PRL 107 072003 (2011)

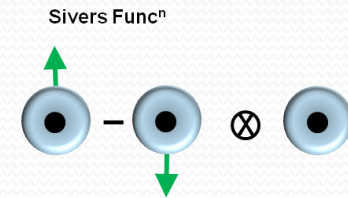


**Blue band:** model (fitting) uncertainties  
**Red band:** other systematic uncertainties



Collins asymmetries  $\rightarrow$

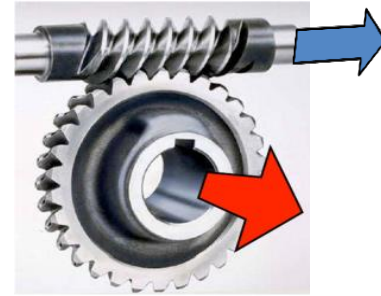
- Transversity
- Tensor charge: LQCD
- **Data are limited by stat. Needs more precise data!**



- **Negative Sivers  $\pi^+$  Asymmetry**
  - Consistent with HERMES/COMPASS
  - **Independent demonstration of negative d quark Sivers function.**

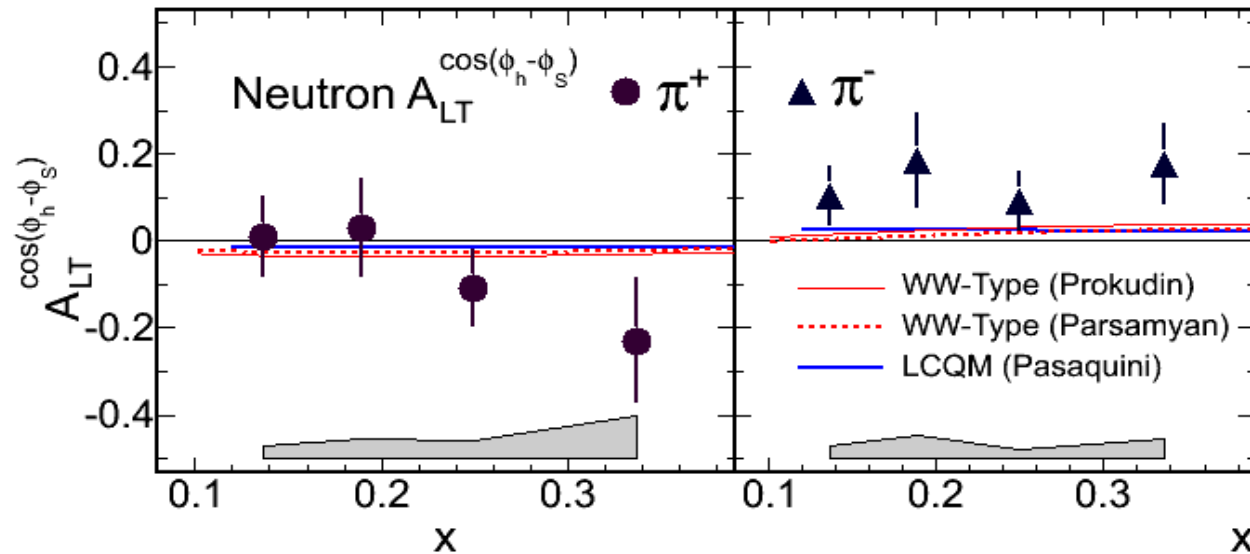
# E06-010: Neutron $A_{LT}^n$

J. Huang et al., PRL. 108, 052001 (2012).



*Trans-helicity*

- - Dominated by L=0 and L=1 interference
- Consist w/ model in signs, suggest larger asymmetry



# E06-010: Pretzelosity Results on Neutron

Y. Zhang et al. submitted to PRC, arXiv: 1312.3047

## Pretzelosity: L=0 and 2 Interference

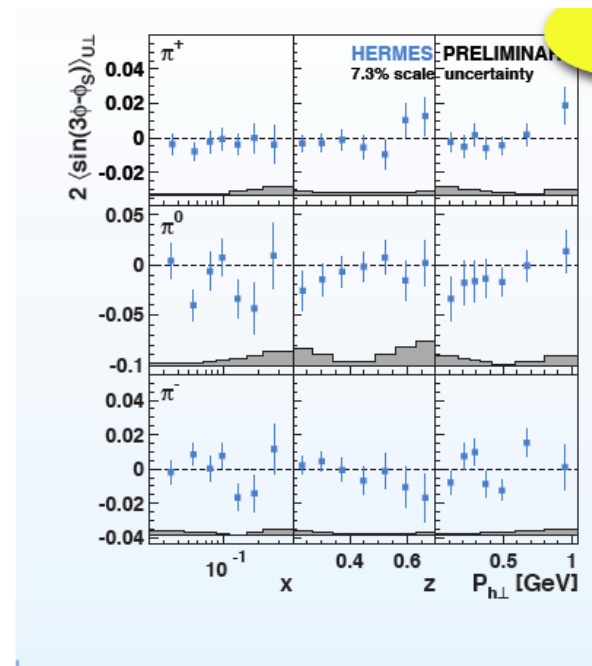
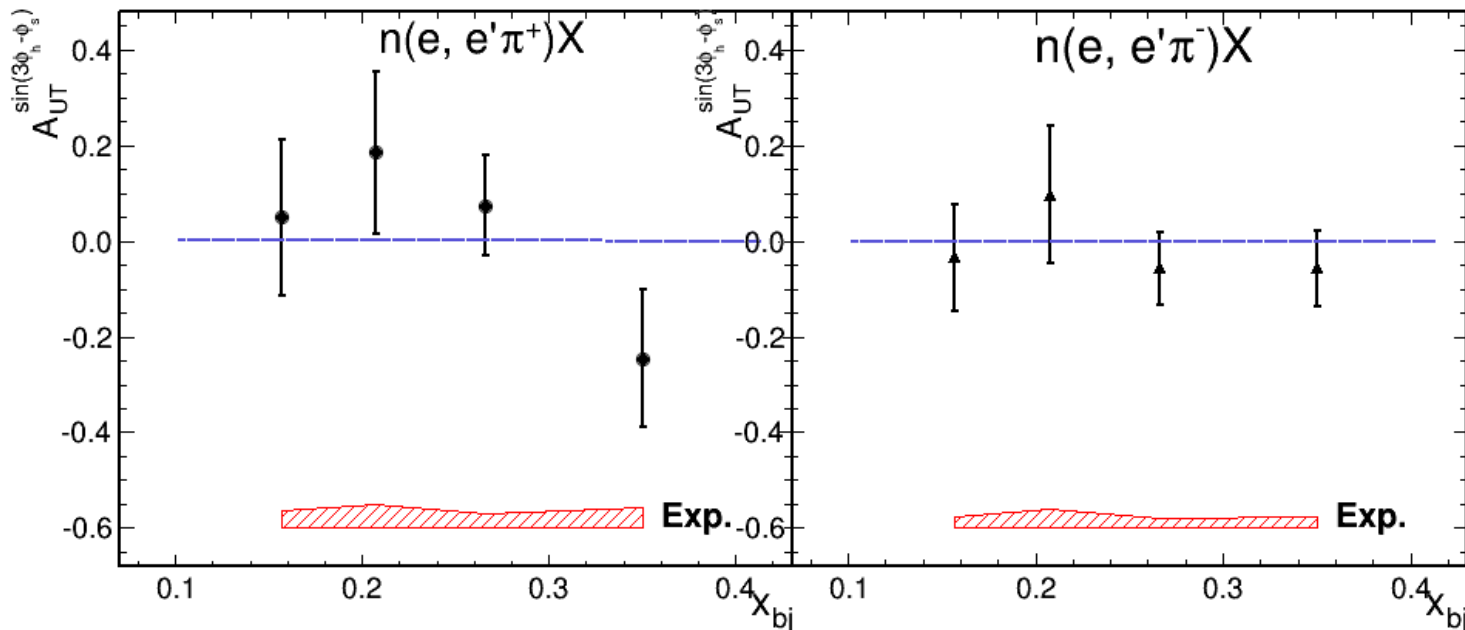
### Pretzelosity Asymmetries,

$$A_{UT} \sin(\varphi_h - \varphi_s), \text{ on the neutron}$$

For both  $\pi^+$  and  $\pi^-$ ,

consistent with zero within uncertainties

## Preliminary Results



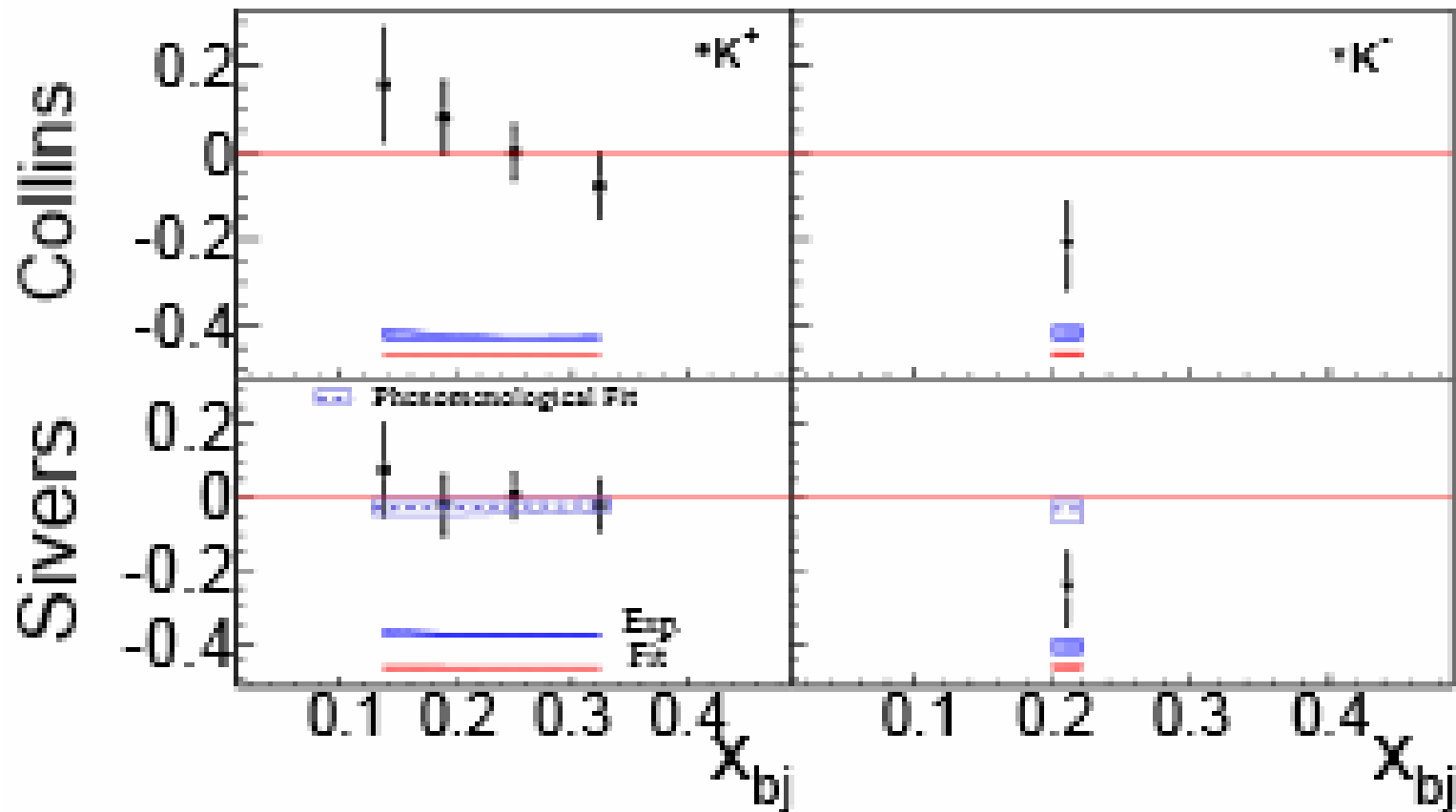
M. Diefenthaler, EINN 2009

HERMES

# E06-010: $K^+/K^-$ Collins and Sivers on $^3\text{He}$

Y. Zhao et al, submitted to PRC (arXiv:1404.7204)

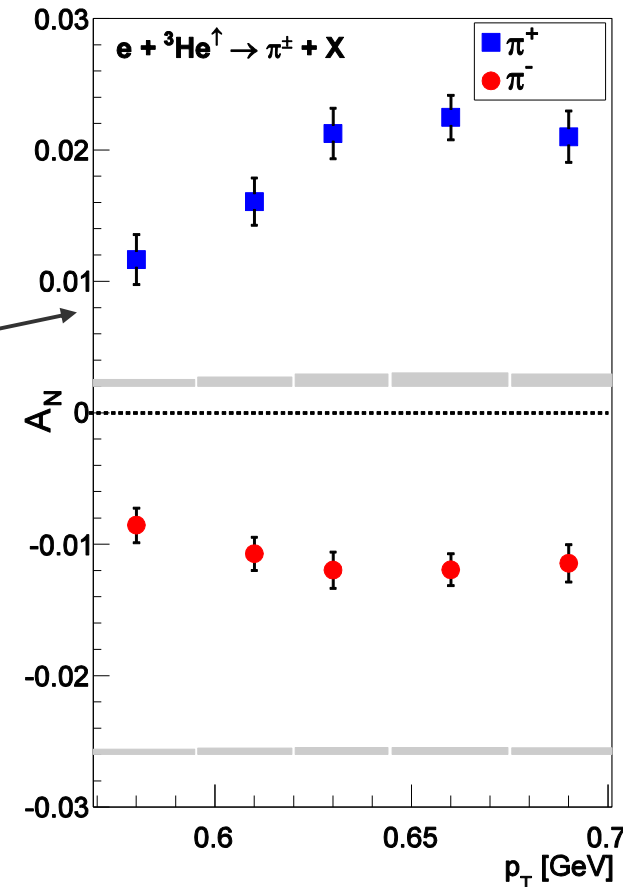
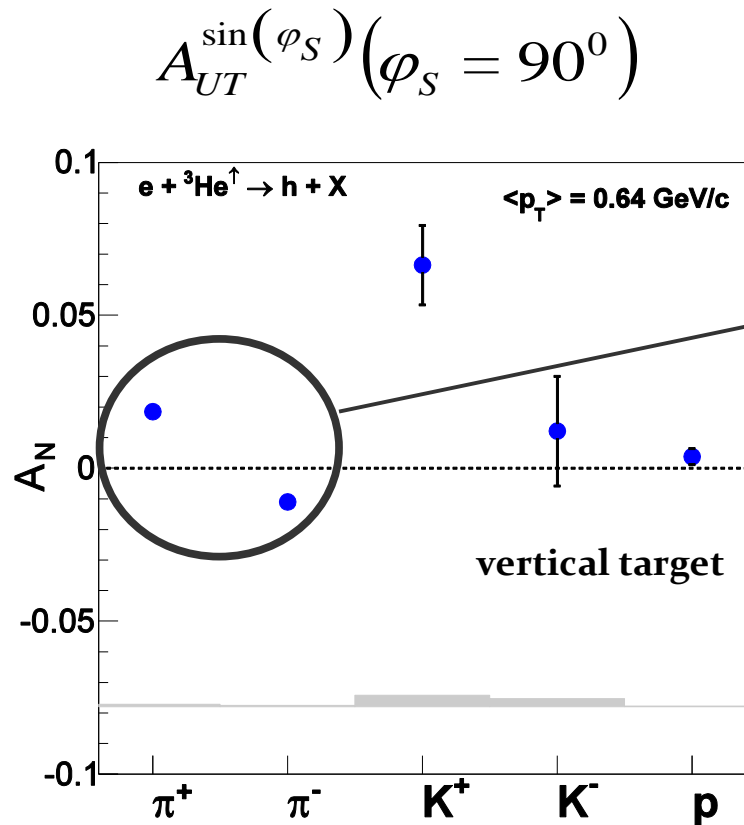
Large negative  $K^-$  Asymmetries



# E06-010: Inclusive Hadron SSA ( $A_N$ )

K. Allada, Y. Zhao, et al., PRC. 89, 042201, 2014.

- Clear non-zero target SSA
- Opposite sign for  $\pi^+$  and  $\pi^-$
- $A_N$  at low  $p_T$  not very well understood
- Results consistent with predictions based on Sivers mechanism (valid at high  $p_T$ )

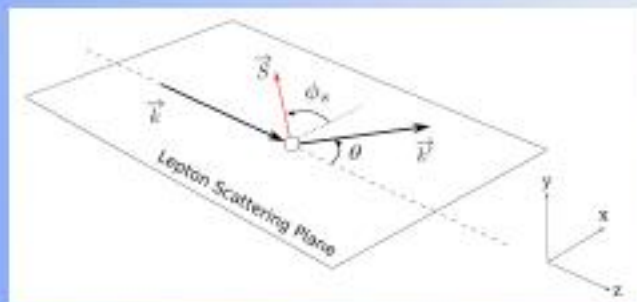




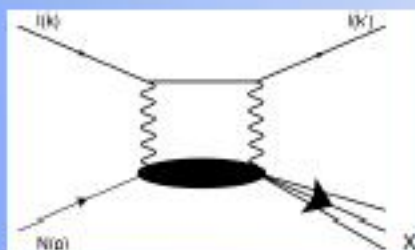
# First Observation of a Non-Zero Target-Normal Single-Spin Asymmetry

Jefferson Lab E07-013, Hall A, Polarized  $^3\text{He}$  Collaboration,  
J. Katich et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **113**, 022502 (2014)

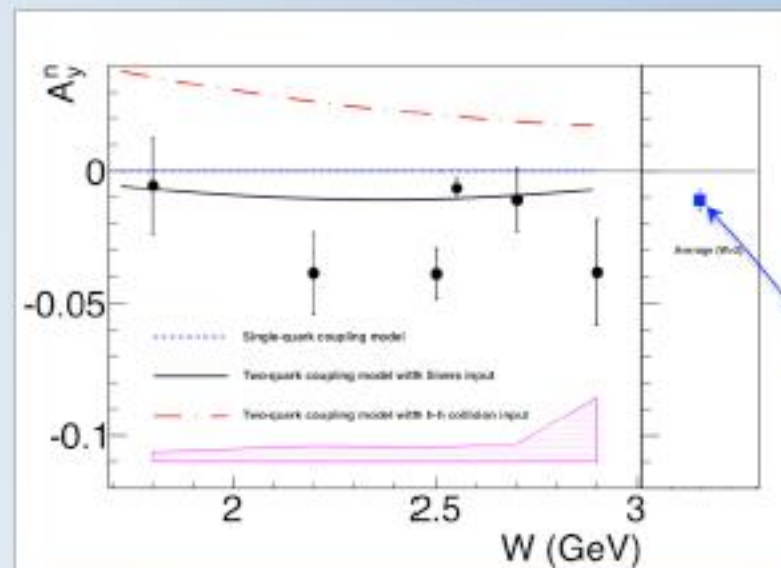
- Un-polarized electrons, transversely polarized target, inclusive DIS reaction  $^3\text{He}^\dagger(e, e')X$
- **No Born contribution** due to time-reversal invariance
- Direct access to nucleon dynamics through two-photon processes
- Parton model predictions  $A_y^n \approx 10^{-2}$  to  $10^{-4}$ , **sign not known**
- Predictions have opposite signs using input from SIDIS vs. hadron-hadron collisions



$$A_{UT}(\phi_S) = \frac{d\sigma(\phi_S) - d\sigma(\phi_S + \pi)}{d\sigma(\phi_S) + d\sigma(\phi_S + \pi)} = A_y \sin \phi_S$$



- Two-photon exchange asymmetry
  - zero for non-interacting quarks
  - non-zero with  $qgq$ ,  $qqq$  correlations



- First measurement of target single-spin asymmetry for neutrons
- First non-zero measurement ( $3\sigma$ ) of target single-spin asymmetry
- Consistent with model using SIDIS Sivvers input
- Result:  $A_y^n = (-1.09 \pm 0.38) \times 10^{-2}$  ( $W > 2$  GeV)

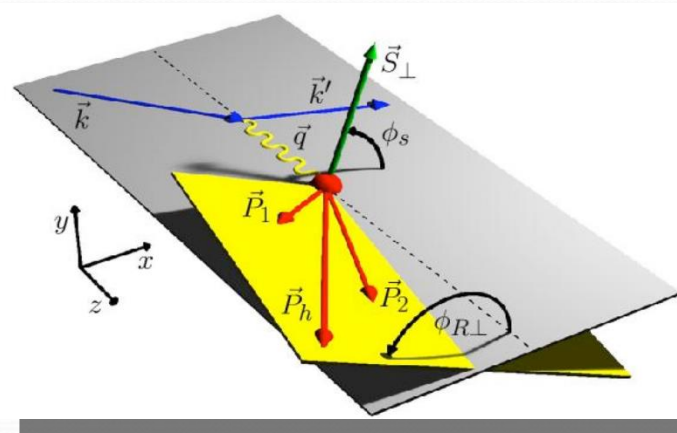
Future: TMD study with SoLID at 12 GeV JLab Hall A

Precision 4-D mapping of TMD asymmetries  
with Polarized  $^3\text{He}$  (Neutron) and Proton

# JLab 12 GeV Era: Precision Study of *TMDs*

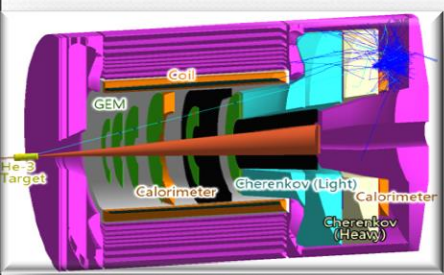
- From exploration to **precision** study with 12 GeV JLab
- Transversity: fundamental *PDFs*, tensor charge, LQCD
- *TMDs*: 3-d momentum structure of the nucleon
- → Quark orbital angular momentum
  - LC Quark Models: Worm-Gear (L=1), Pretzelosity (L=2)
  - Sivers ~ GPD (E), QCD Lensing
- **Multi-dimensional** mapping of *TMDs*
  - 4-d ( $x, z, P_{\perp}, Q^2$ )
  - Multi-facilities, global effort
- Precision → high statistics
  - **high luminosity and large acceptance**

# JLab 12: Multi-Halls TMD Program



**Hall A/SBS**  
High  $x - Q^2$ , 2-3D

**Hall A/SOLID**  
High Lumi and acceptance – 4D

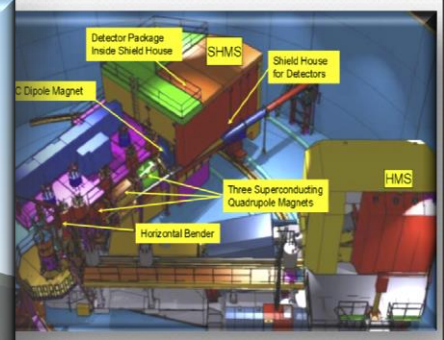
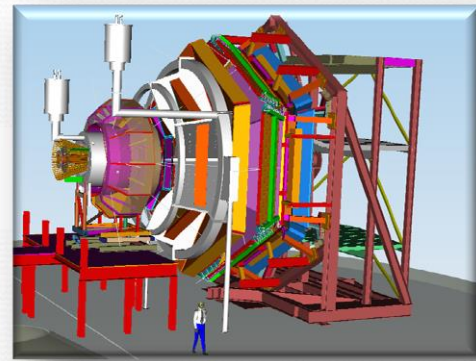


$^3\text{He}$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$

**Hall B/CLAS12**  
General survey, medium luminosity

**Hall C/SHMS**  
L-T studies, precise ratios  $\pi^+/\pi^-$

$N \backslash q$	U	L	T
U	$f_1$		$h_1$
L		$g_1$	$h_{1L}$
T	$f_{1T}$	$g_{1T}$	$h_1$ $h_{1T}$

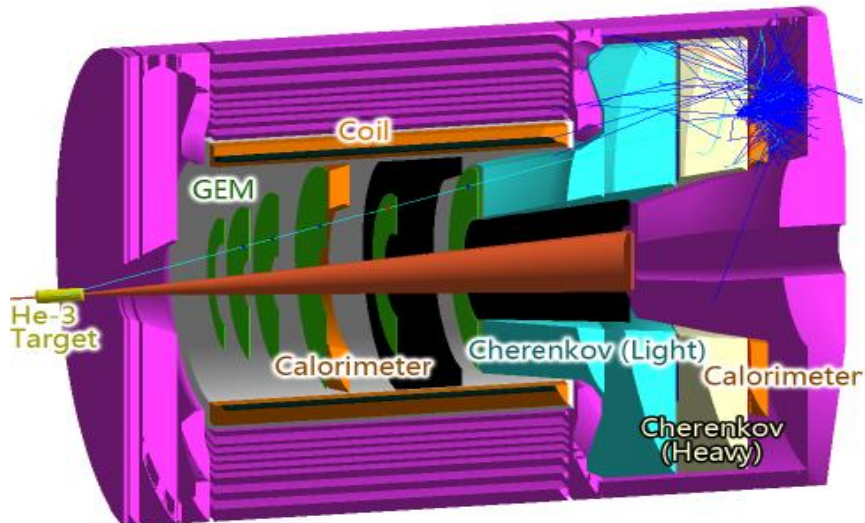


$\text{H}_2/\text{D}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3/\text{ND}_3$ , HD

$\text{H}_2 \text{D}_2$



# Nucleon Structure (TMDs) with SoLID



Solenoidal Large Intensity Device (SoLID)

## Semi-inclusive Deep Inelastic Scattering program:

Large Acceptance + High Luminosity  
+ Polarized targets

→ 4-D mapping of asymmetries

→ Tensor charge, TMDs ...

→ Lattice QCD, QCD Dynamics, Orbital Motion

**International collaboration** (9 countries, 50+ institutes and 200+ collaborators)

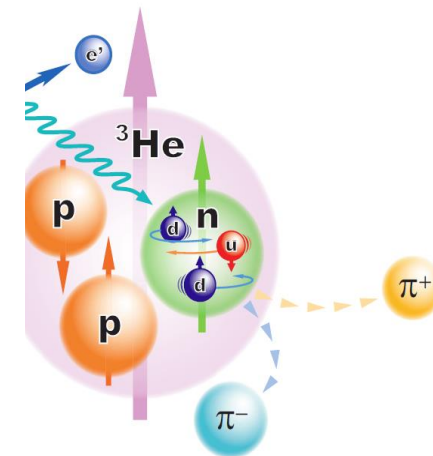
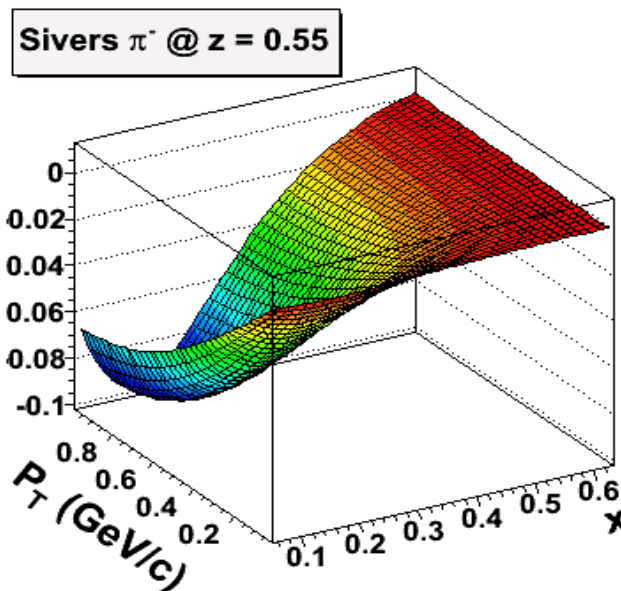
- Large Chinese collaboration (USTC, CIAE, PKU, Tsinghua U, Lanzhou, IMP,+)

- large GEM trackers
- MRPC-TOF
- EM Calorimeter

3 A rated SIDIS experiments approved for SoLID with 2 having Chinese collaborators as

co-spokesperson (Li from CIAE and Yan from USTC)

New di-hadron proposal, co-spokesperson (Xiao from Tsinghua)



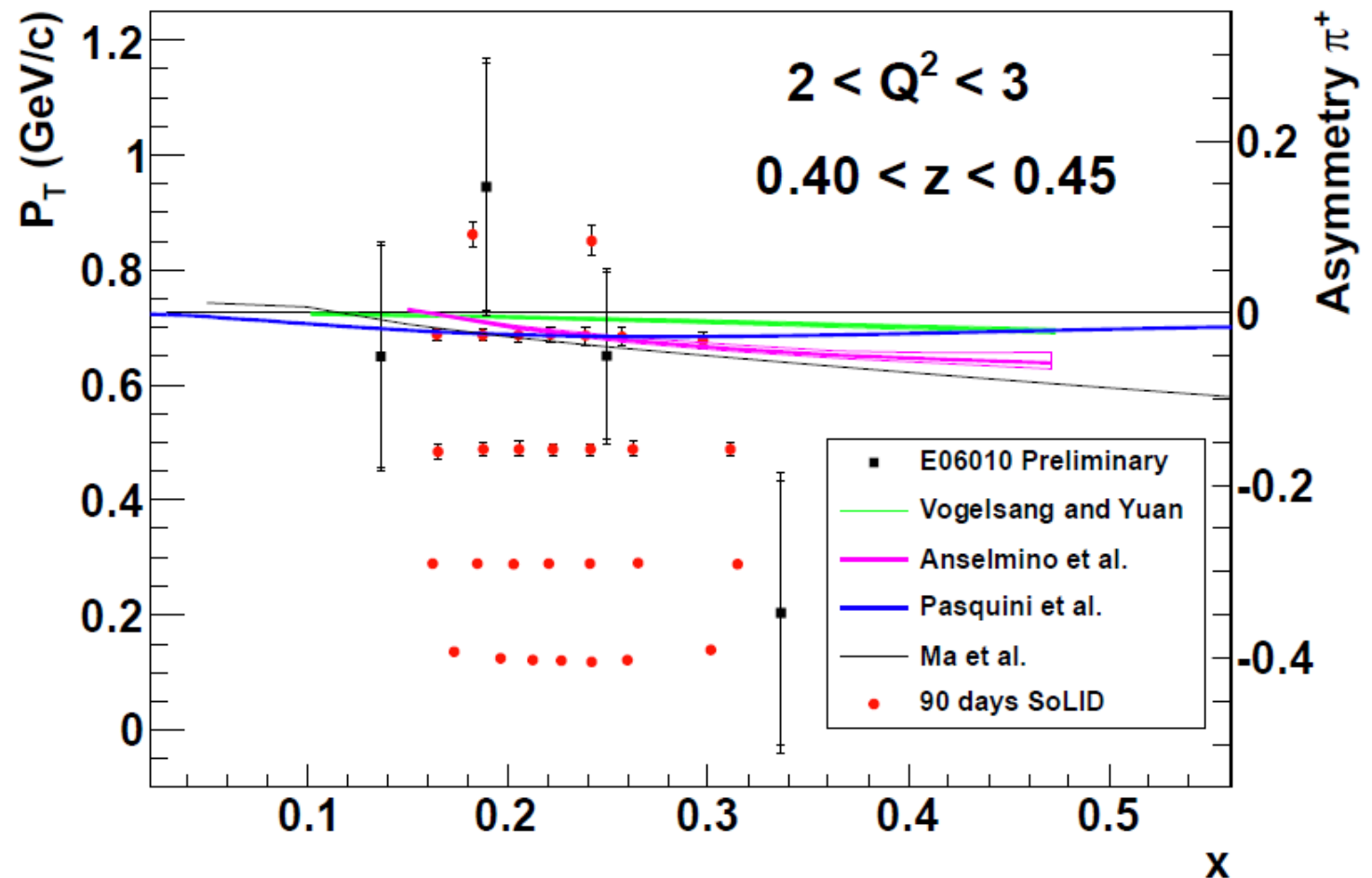
# E12-10-006/E12-11-108, Both Approved with "A" Rating

## Mapping of Collins(Sivers) Asymmetries with SoLID

E12-10-006  $^3\text{He}(n)$ , Spokespersons: J. P. Chen, H. Gao, X. Jiang, J-C. Peng, X. Qian  
E12-11-007(p), Spokespersons: K. Allda, J. P. Chen, H. Gao, X. Li, Z-E. Mezinai

### Collins Asymmetry

- Both  $\pi^+$  and  $\pi^-$
- Precision Map in region  
 $x(0.05-0.65)$   
 $z(0.3-0.7)$   
 $Q^2(1-8)$   
 $P_T(0-1.6)$
- $<10\%$  tensor charge

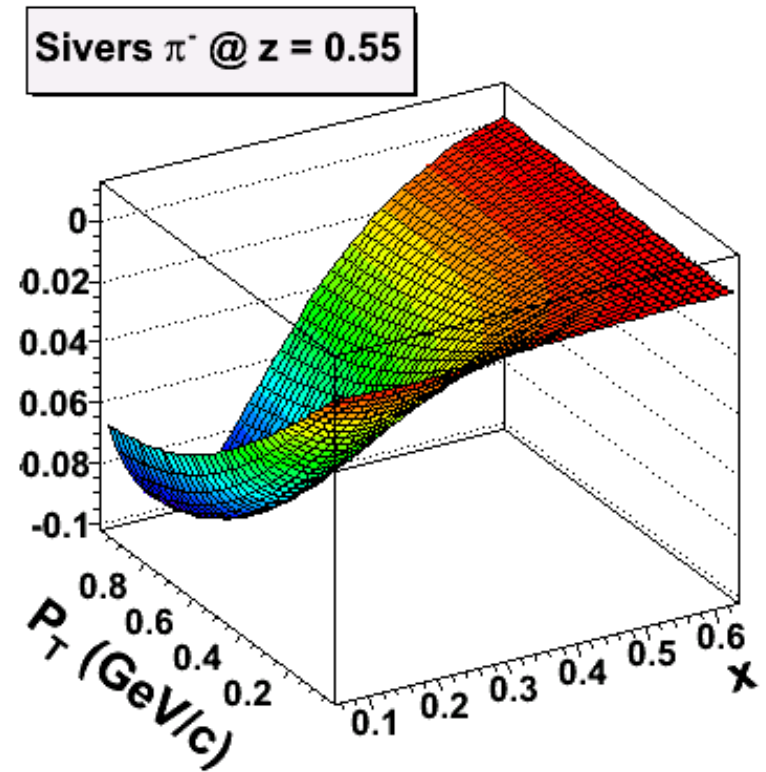
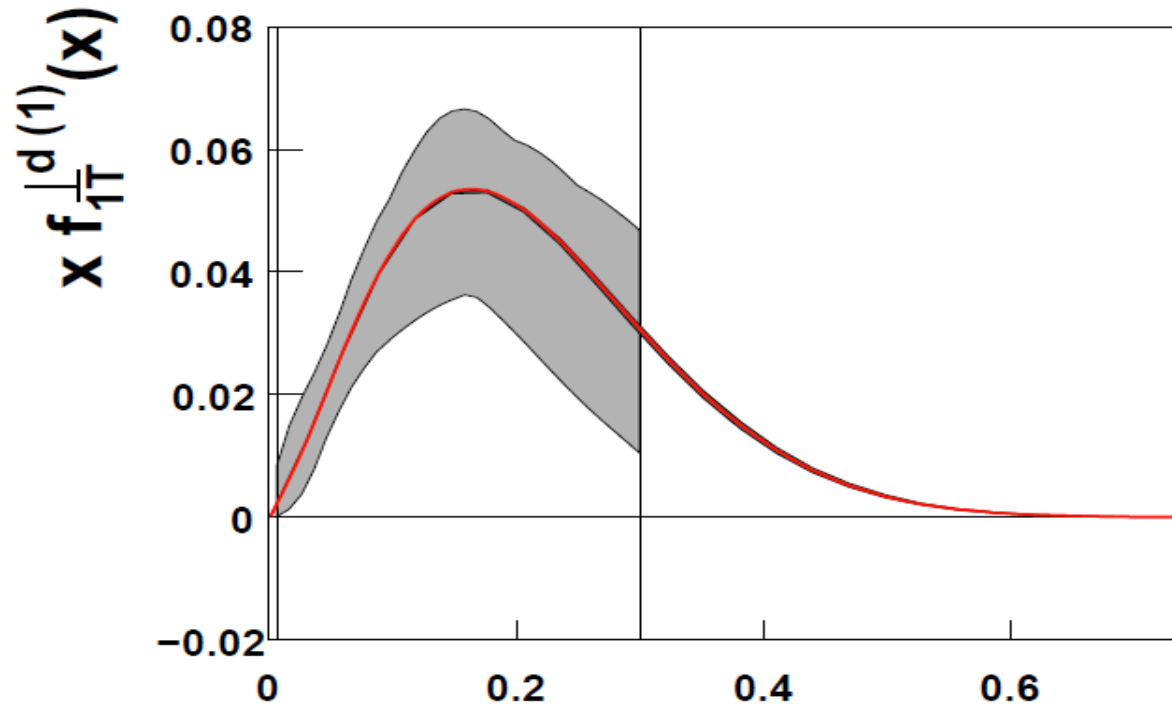




# Expected Improvement: Siverts Function

$$f_{1T}^{\perp} = \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \circ \\ \cdot \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \cdot \\ \downarrow \end{array}$$

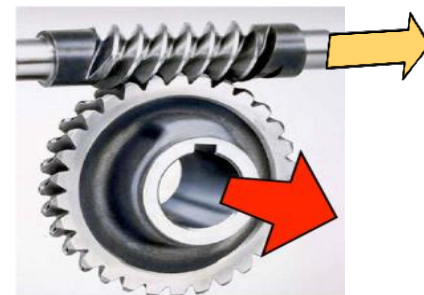
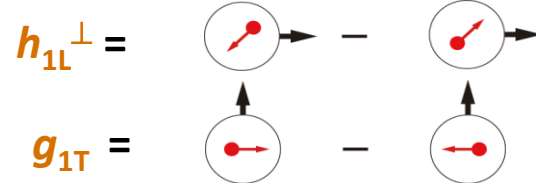
- Significant Improvement in the valence quark (high-x) region
- Illustrated in a model fit (from A. Prokudin)



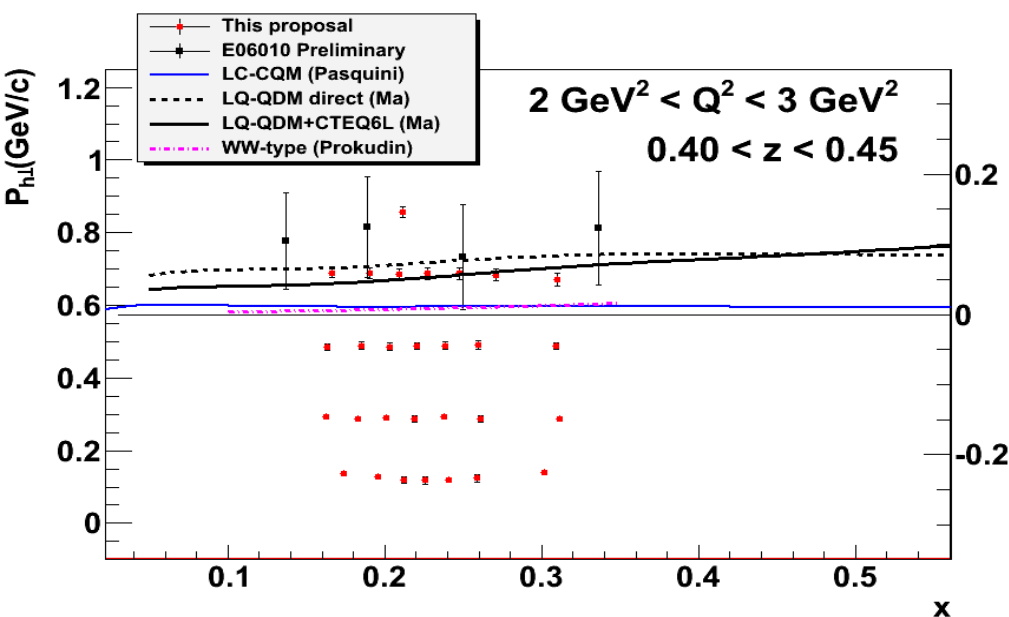
# E12-11-107: Worm-gear functions (“A’ rating: )

Spokespersons: J. P. Chen/J. Huang/Y. Qiang/ W. Yan

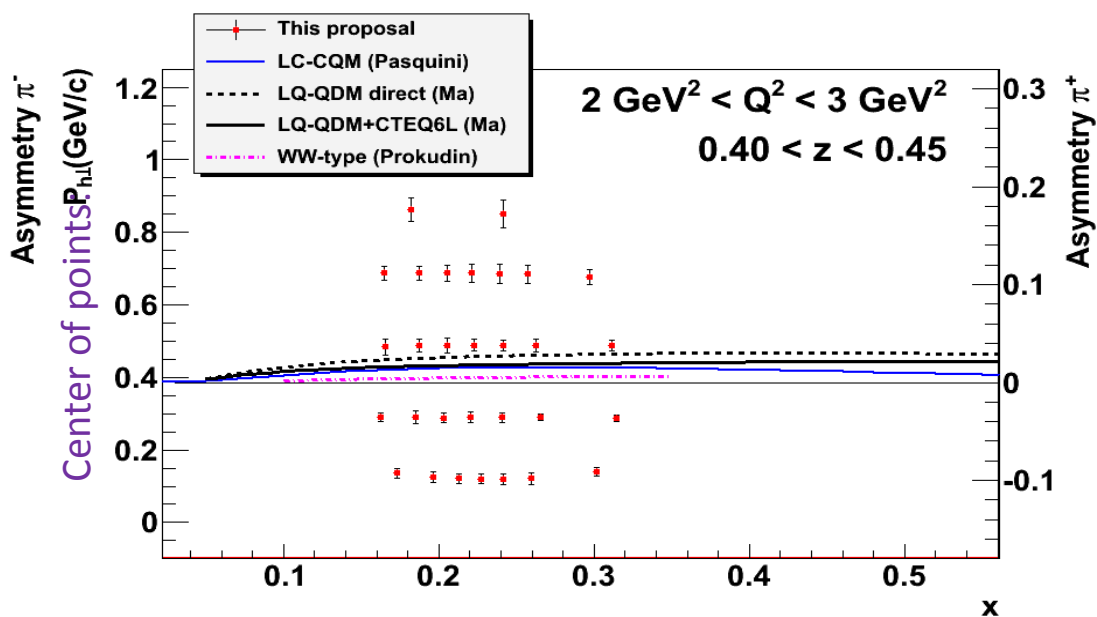
- Dominated by **real** part of interference between **L=0 (S)** and **L=1 (P)** states
- **No** GPD correspondence
- Lattice QCD -> Dipole Shift in mom. space.
- Model Calculations ->  $h_{1L}^\perp =? -g_{1T}$  .



Longi-transversity  
Trans-helicity



$$A_{LT} \sim g_{1T}(x)D_1(z)$$

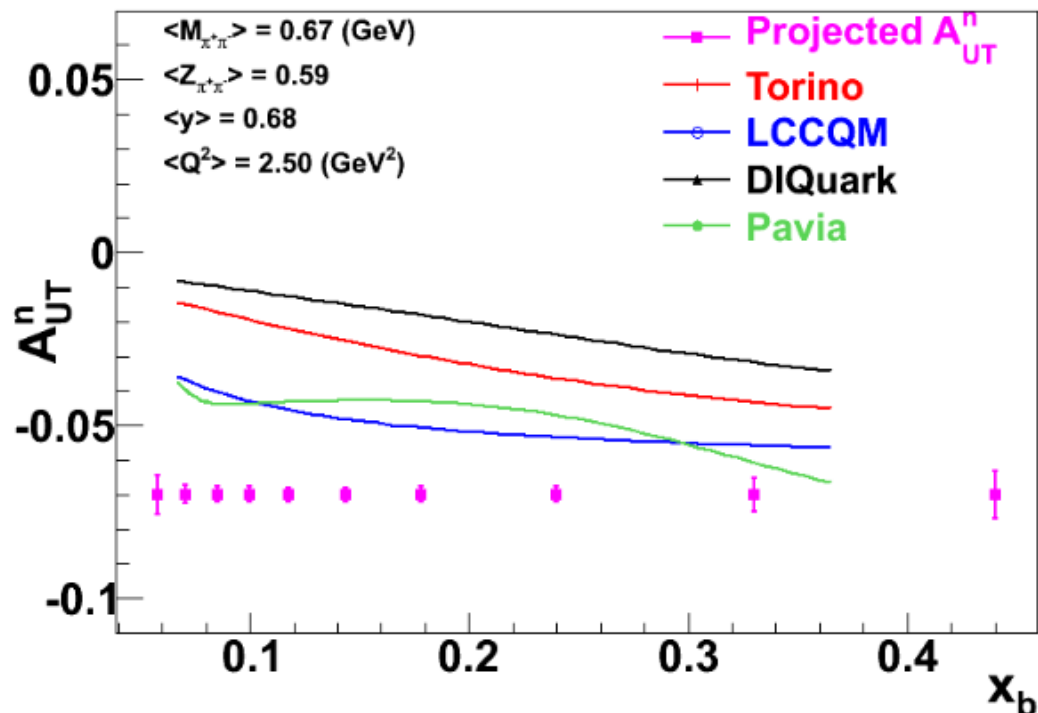
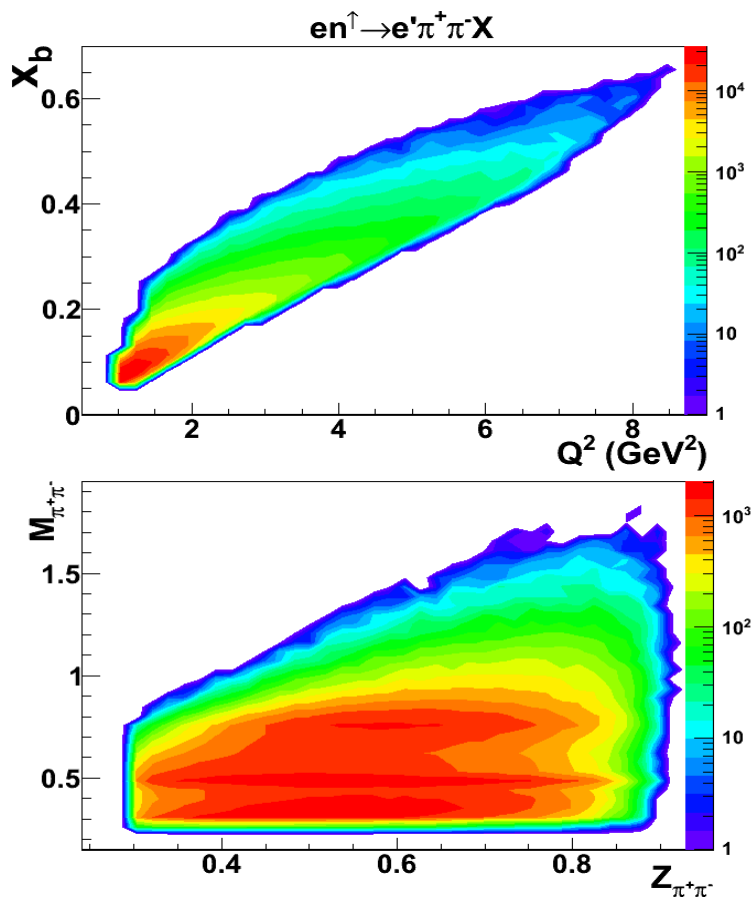


$$A_{UL} \sim h_{1L}^\perp(x)H_1^\perp(z)$$

# Measure Transversity via Dihadron with SoLID

New Proposal, J. Zhang, J. P. Chen, A. Courtoy, H. Gao, Z. Xiao

- Precision dihadron ( $\pi^+\pi^-$ ) production on a transversely polarized  $^3\text{He}$  (n)
- Extract transversity on neutron
- Provide crucial inputs for flavor separation of transversity



Projected Statistics error for one ( $M_{\pi\pi}, z_{\pi\pi}$ ) bin, integrated over all  $y$  and  $Q^2$ .

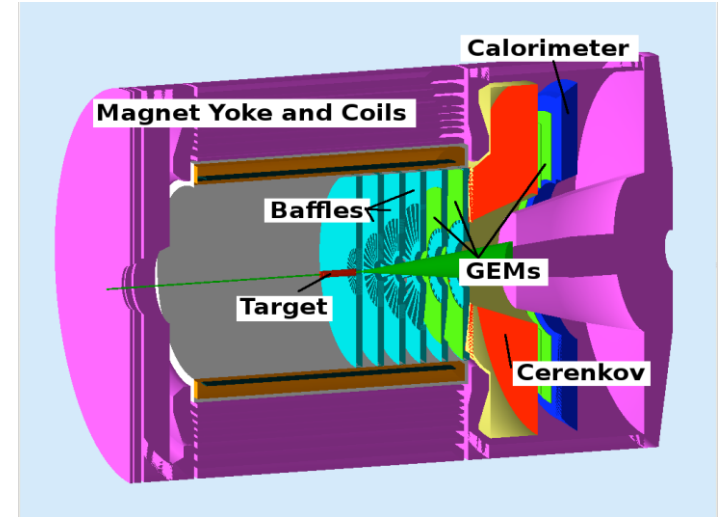
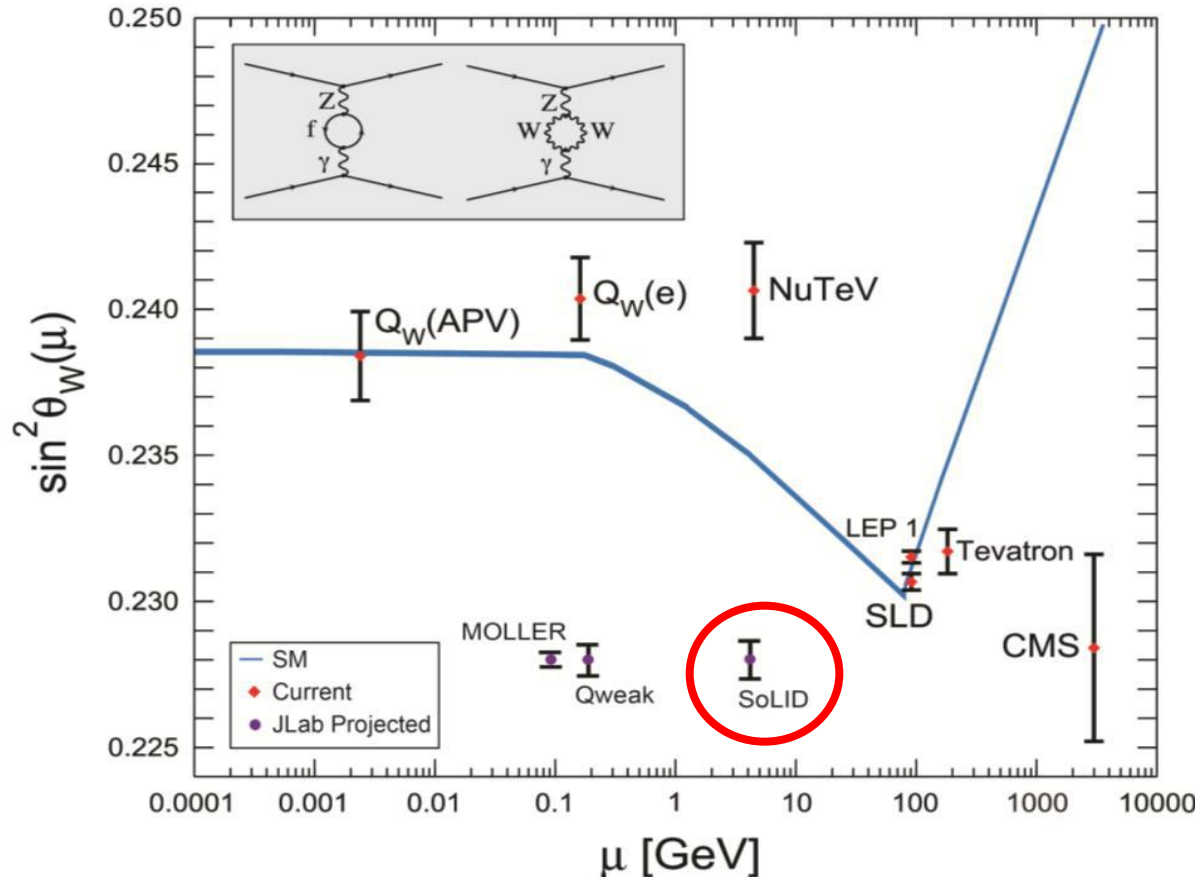
# Summary on SoLID TMD Program

- Unprecedented precision 4-d mapping of SSA
  - Collins, Sivers, Pretzelosity and Worm-Gear
- Both polarized  $^3\text{He}$  (n) and polarized proton with SoLID
- Three “A” rated experiments approved. New Proposal: di-hadron.
- Study factorization with  $x$  and  $z$ -dependences
- Study  $P_T$  dependence
- Combining with the world data
  - extract transversity and tensor charge for both  $u$  and  $d$  quarks
  - Most precise extraction of TMDs in valence region, just starts to reach sea
  - learn quark orbital motion and quark orbital angular momentum
  - study  $Q^2$  evolution
- Global efforts (experimentalists and theorists), global analysis
  - much better understanding of multi-d nucleon structure and QCD
- Welcome new collaborators
- Future: EIC to precision study sea and gluon

# PVDIS with SoLID

E12-10-007: Contact Person: P. Souder

6 GeV PVDIS results published in  
**Nature, 506, 7486, 67-70 (2014)**



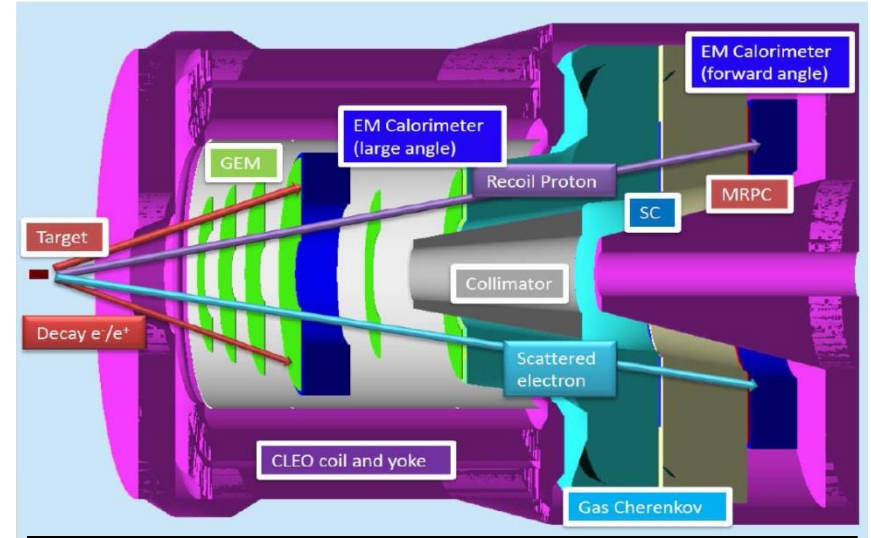
- High Luminosity on LD2 and LH2
- Better than 1% errors for small bins over large range kinematics
- Test of Standard Model
- Quark structure:
  - charge symmetry violation
  - quark-gluon correlations
  - d/u at large-x

# SoLID-J/ $\psi$ : Study Non-Perturbative Gluons

J/ $\psi$ : ideal probe of non-perturbative gluon

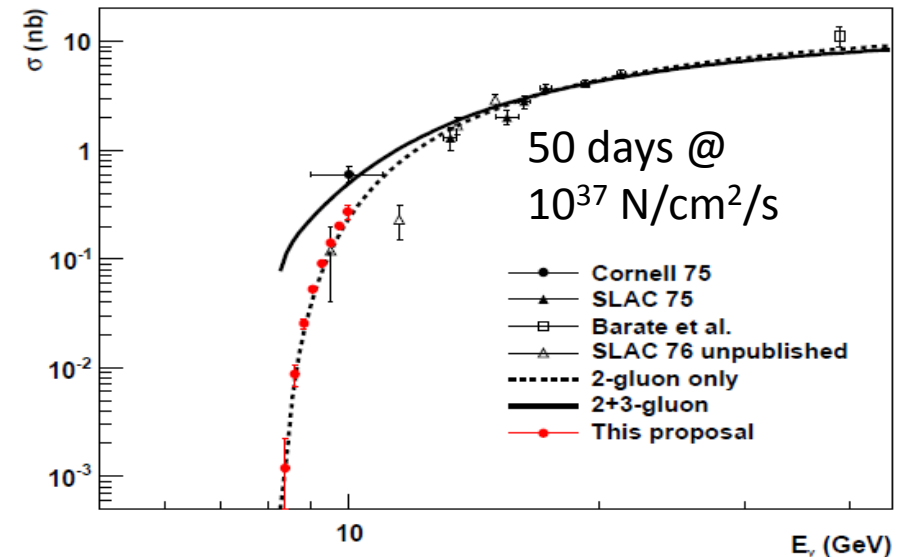
The high luminosity & large acceptance capability of SoLID enables a unique "precision" measurement near threshold

- Search for threshold enhancement
- Shed light on the conformal anomaly



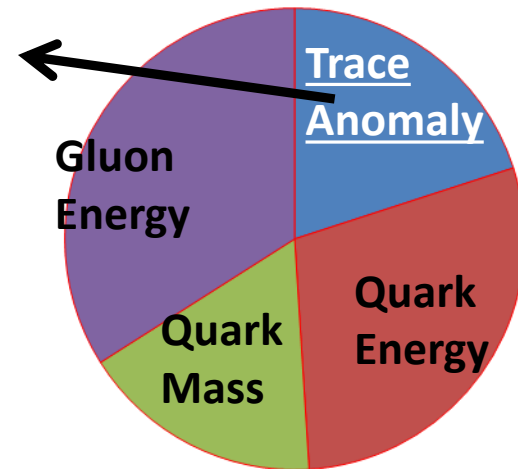
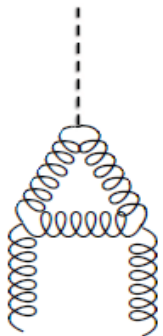
$$\gamma^* + N \rightarrow N + J / \psi$$

J/ $\psi$  Photoproduction Total Cross Section from nucleon



## Proton Mass Budget

$$G^{\alpha\beta\gamma} G^{\gamma}_{\alpha\beta}$$



X. Ji PRL 74 1071 (1995)



# Summary

- Nucleon Spin and TMD study have been exciting and fruitful
- Recent Results and JLab 12 Plan on Spin Structure Study  $A_1, g_2 / d_2$
- Recent results on TMD from JLab
- **JLab 12 GeV**
  - Planned SoLID program with JLab12
  - Precision 4-d mapping of TMD asymmetries
- Longer-term future: EIC in US and China
  - Exciting new opportunities

Precision experimental data + development in theory for Nucleon Spin/TMD +...

➤ lead to breakthrough in understanding QCD