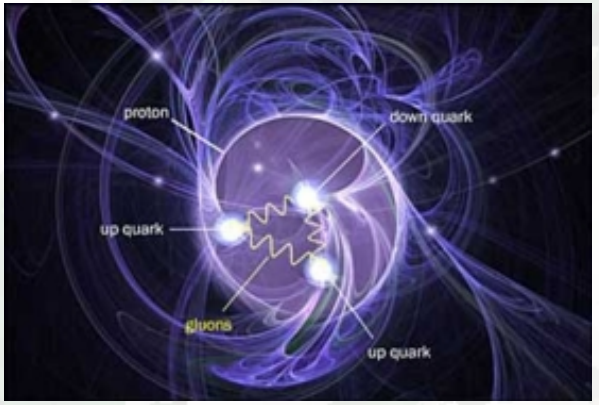
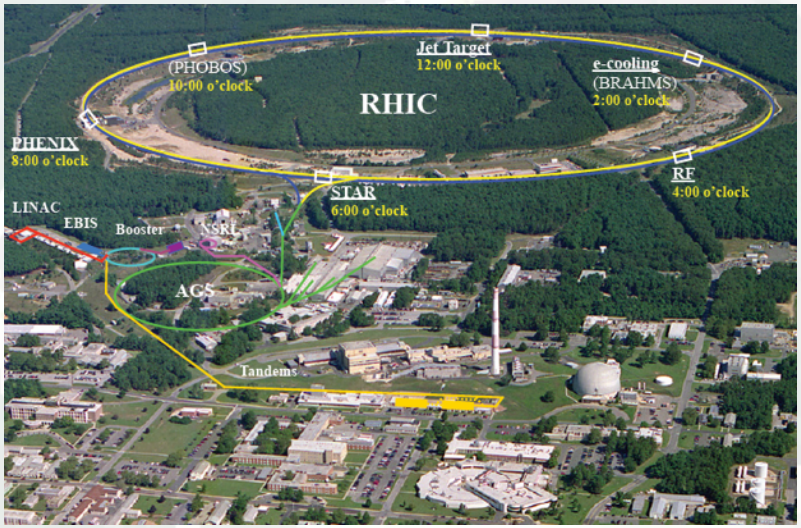
Selected results and future prospects of the high-energy polarized p+p program at RHIC at BNL

Bernd Surrow

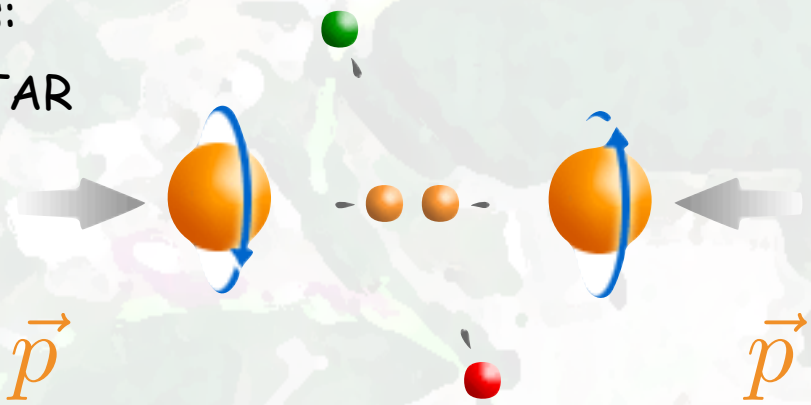
TEMPLE UNIVERSITY



Outline

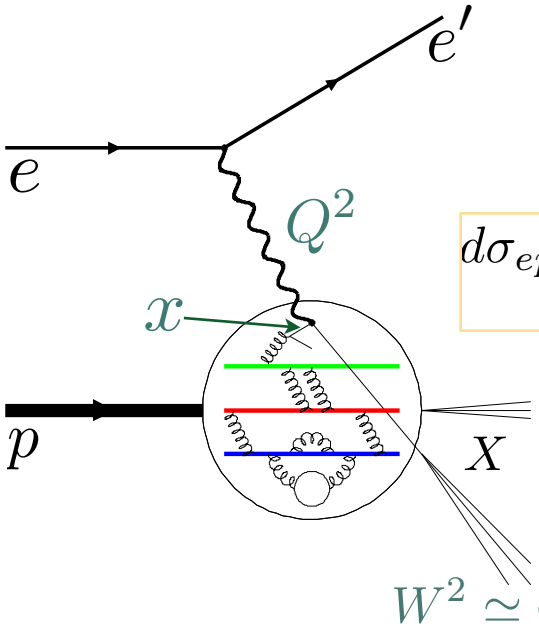


- Selected results and future prospects
  - Gluon related studies
  - Quark / Anti-quark related studies
- Experimental aspects:
  RHIC / PHENIX / STAR
- Theoretical foundation
- Summary and Outlook



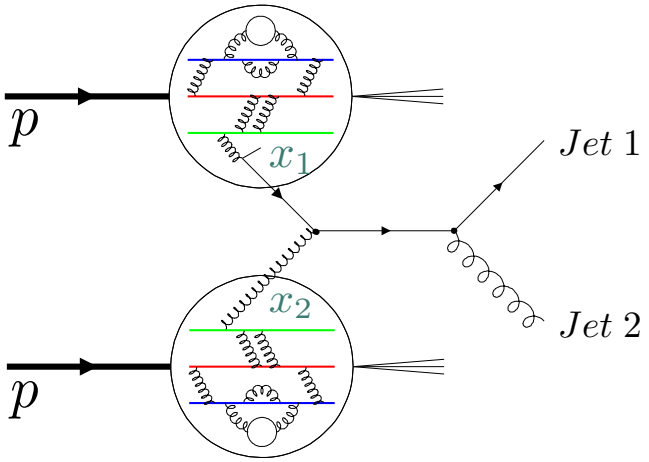
Theoretical foundation

- How do we probe the structure and dynamics of matter in ep vs. pp scattering?



$$d\sigma_{ep} \propto F_2 = \sum_q x e_q^2 f_q(x)$$

Universality



$$d\sigma_{pp} \propto f_1 \otimes f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \otimes D_f^h$$

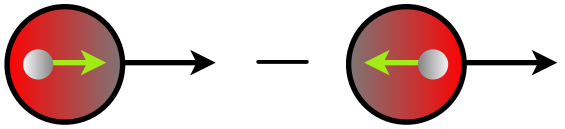
Factorization

Momentum contribution

$$f(x) =$$

$$f^+(x) + f^-(x)$$

$$\Delta f(x) =$$



$$f^+(x) - f^-(x)$$

Spin contribution

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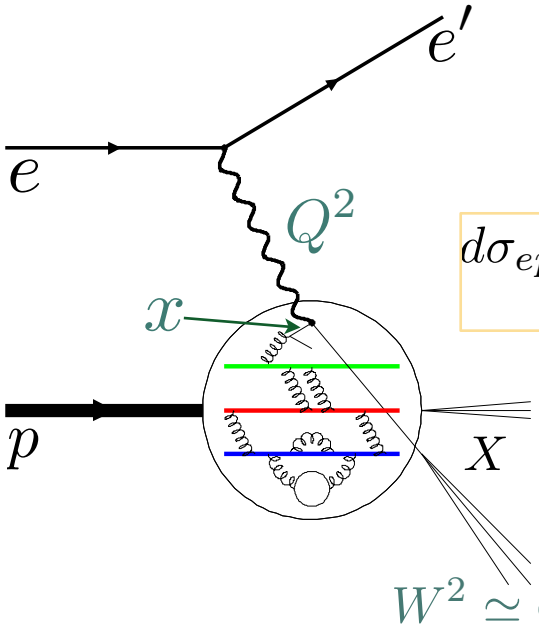

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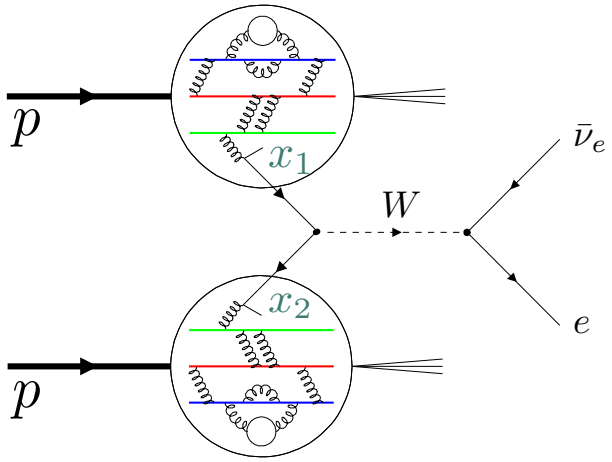

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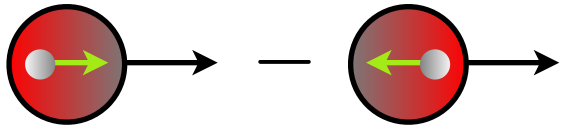

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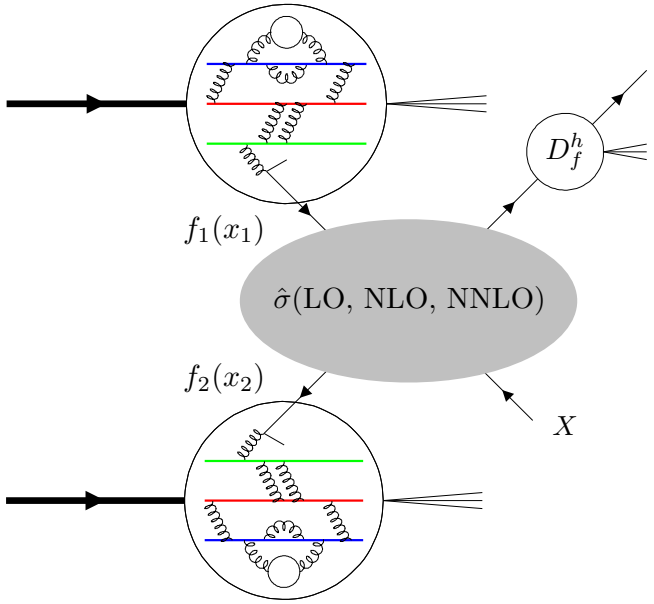
Spin contribution

Theoretical foundation

- Explore proton spin structure using high-energy polarized p+p collisions: Helicity
  - Observable: Quark/Anti-quark polarization (W production)
    - Longitudinal single-spin asymmetry A_L

$$A_L = \frac{\sigma_+ - \sigma_-}{\sigma_+ + \sigma_-}$$

    - Parity (Spatial inversion) violating for W production!



  - Observable: Gluon polarization (Jet/Hadron production)
    - Double longitudinal single-spin asymmetry A_{LL}

long-range short-range long-range

$$a_{LL} = \frac{\Delta\sigma_h}{\sigma_h}$$

Input

Δf_1 Δf_2

$$A_{LL} = \frac{\sigma_{++} - \sigma_{+-}}{\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}} = \frac{\Delta f_1 \otimes \Delta f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \cdot a_{LL} \otimes D_f^h}{f_1 \otimes f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \otimes D_f^h}$$

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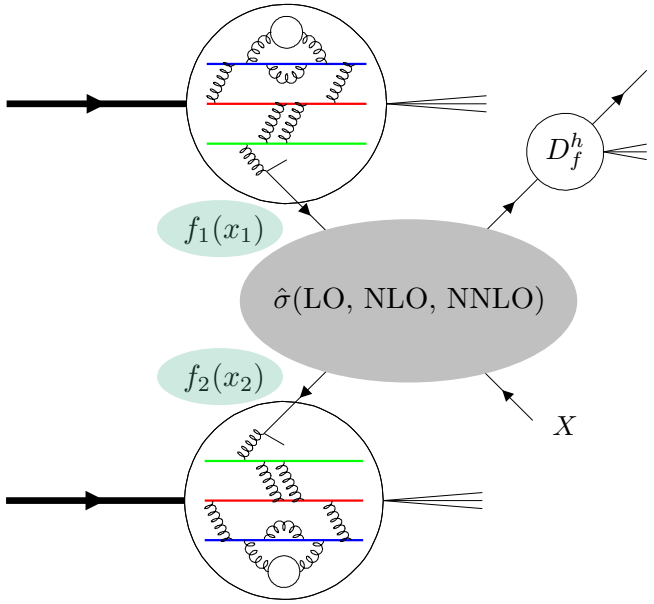

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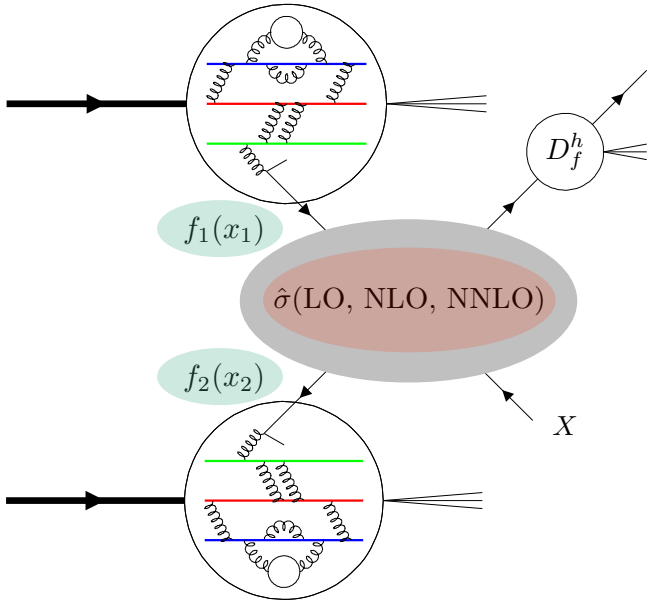

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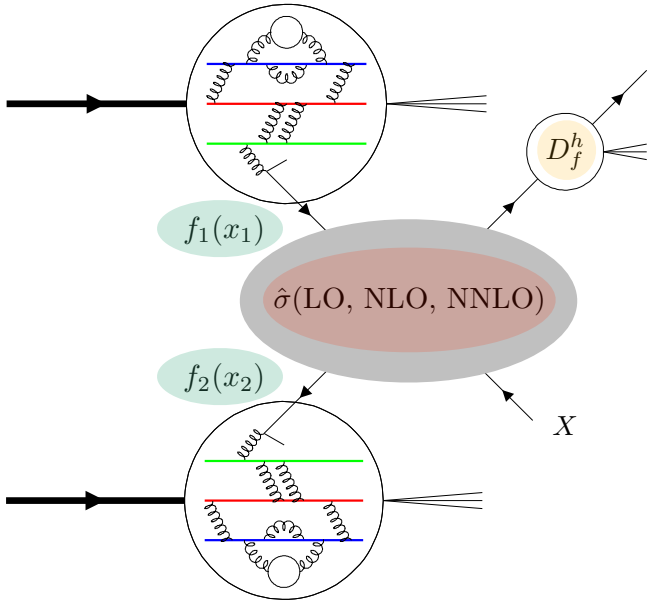

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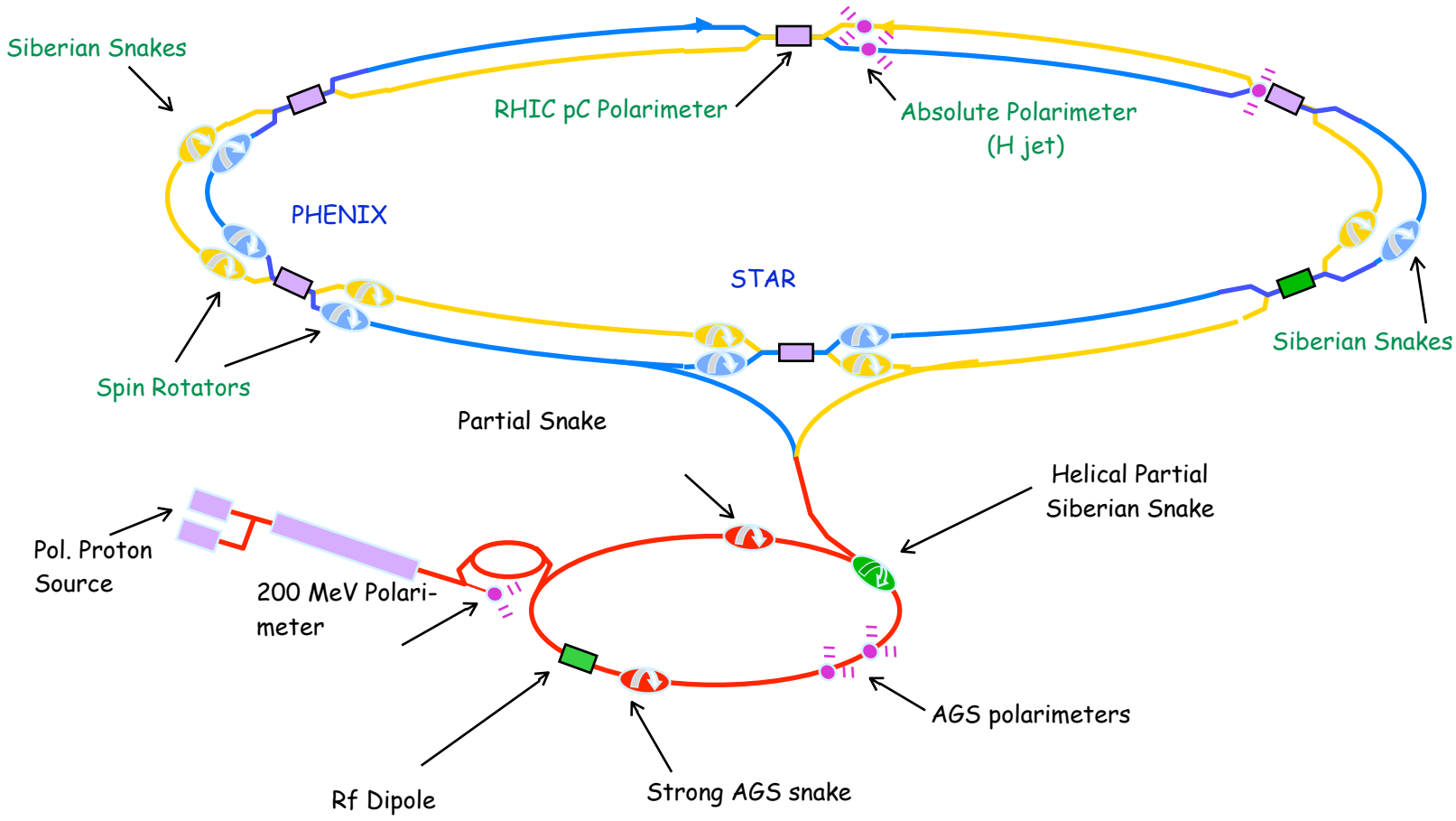
Experimental aspects - RHIC

- The world's first polarized proton-proton collider



Experimental aspects - RHIC

- Polarized p-p collisions
  - Production runs at $\sqrt{s}$=200GeV (long. polarization) in 2005, 2006, 2009 and 2015: Jet and Hadron production (Gluon polarization)
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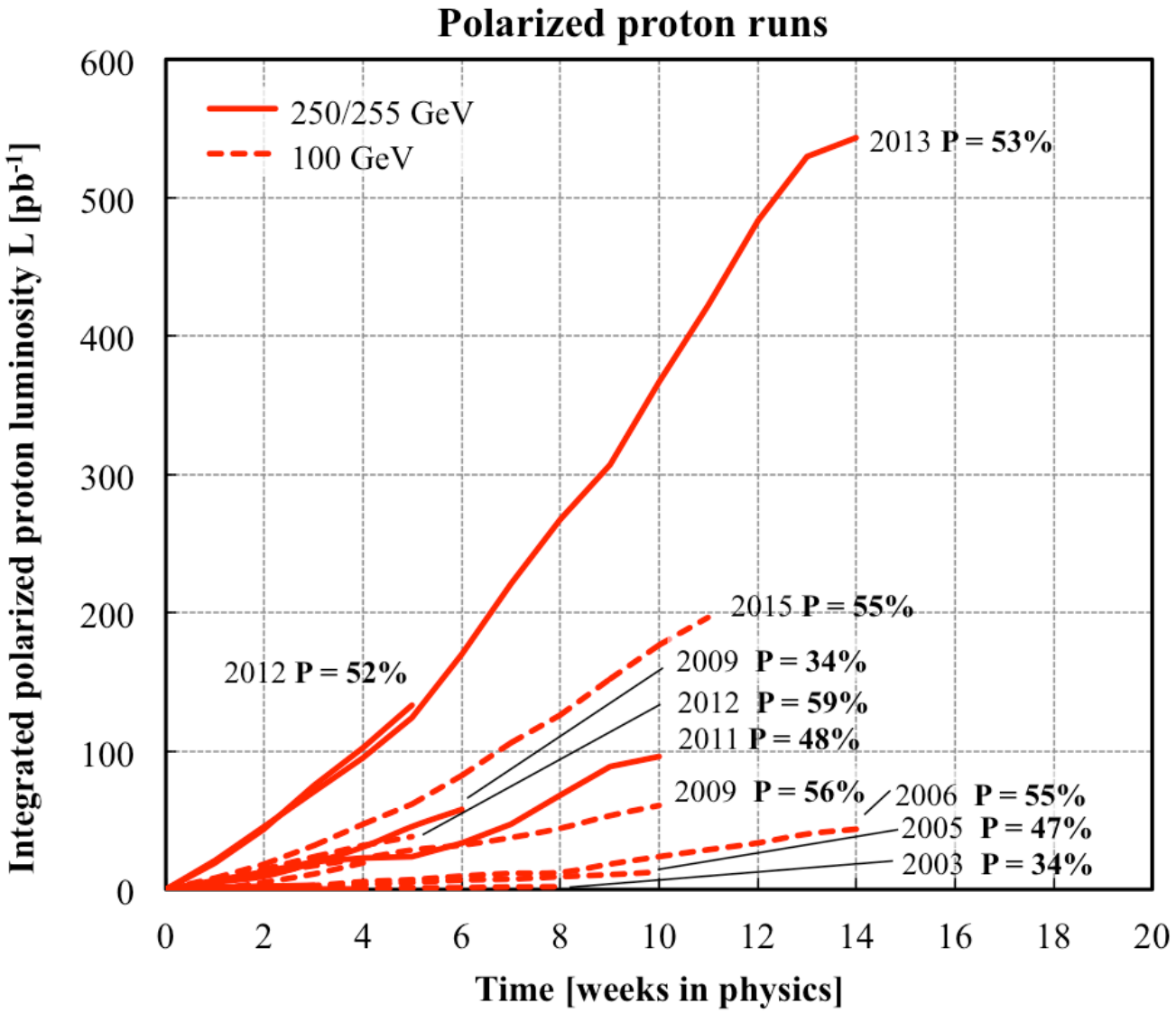

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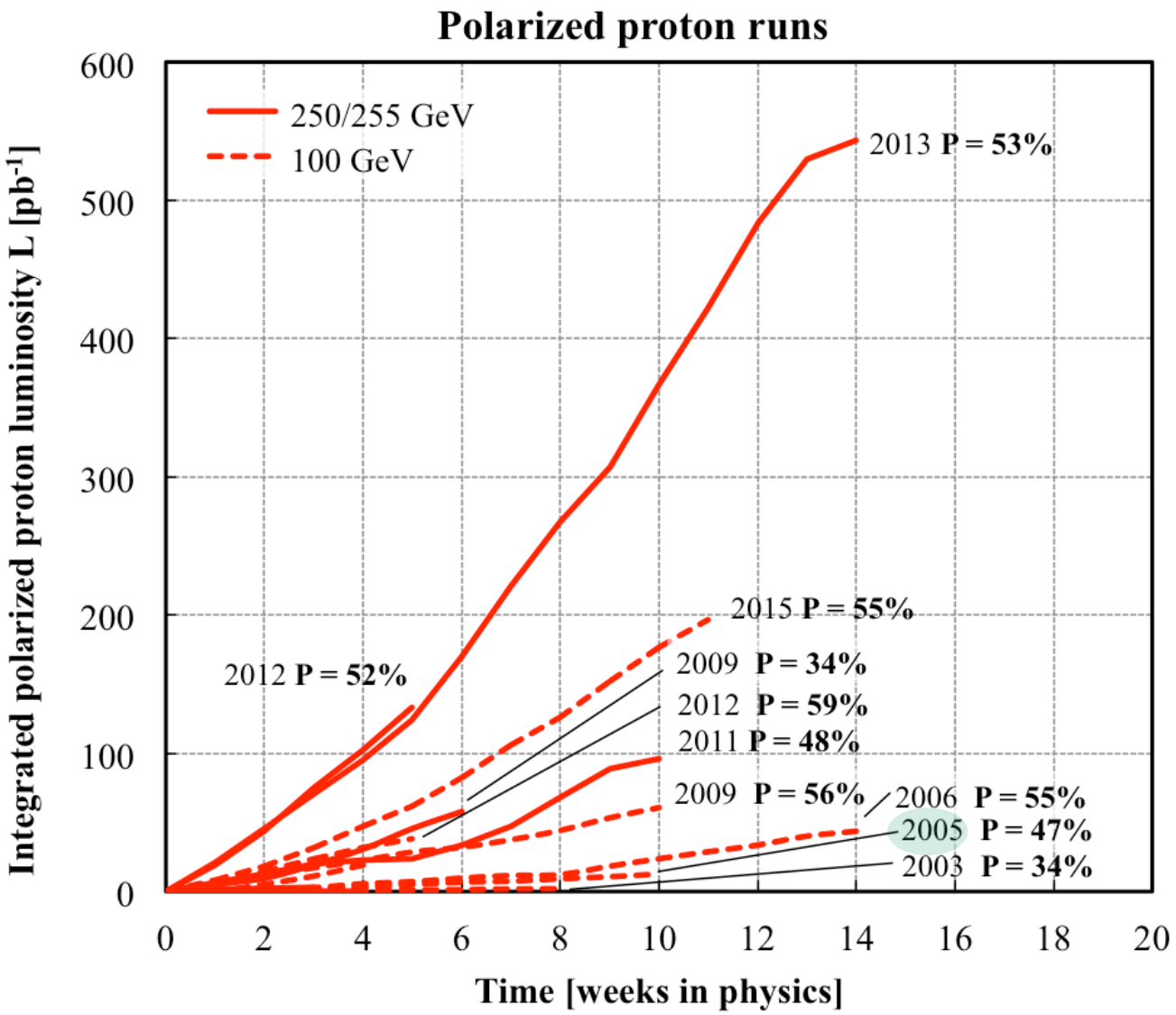

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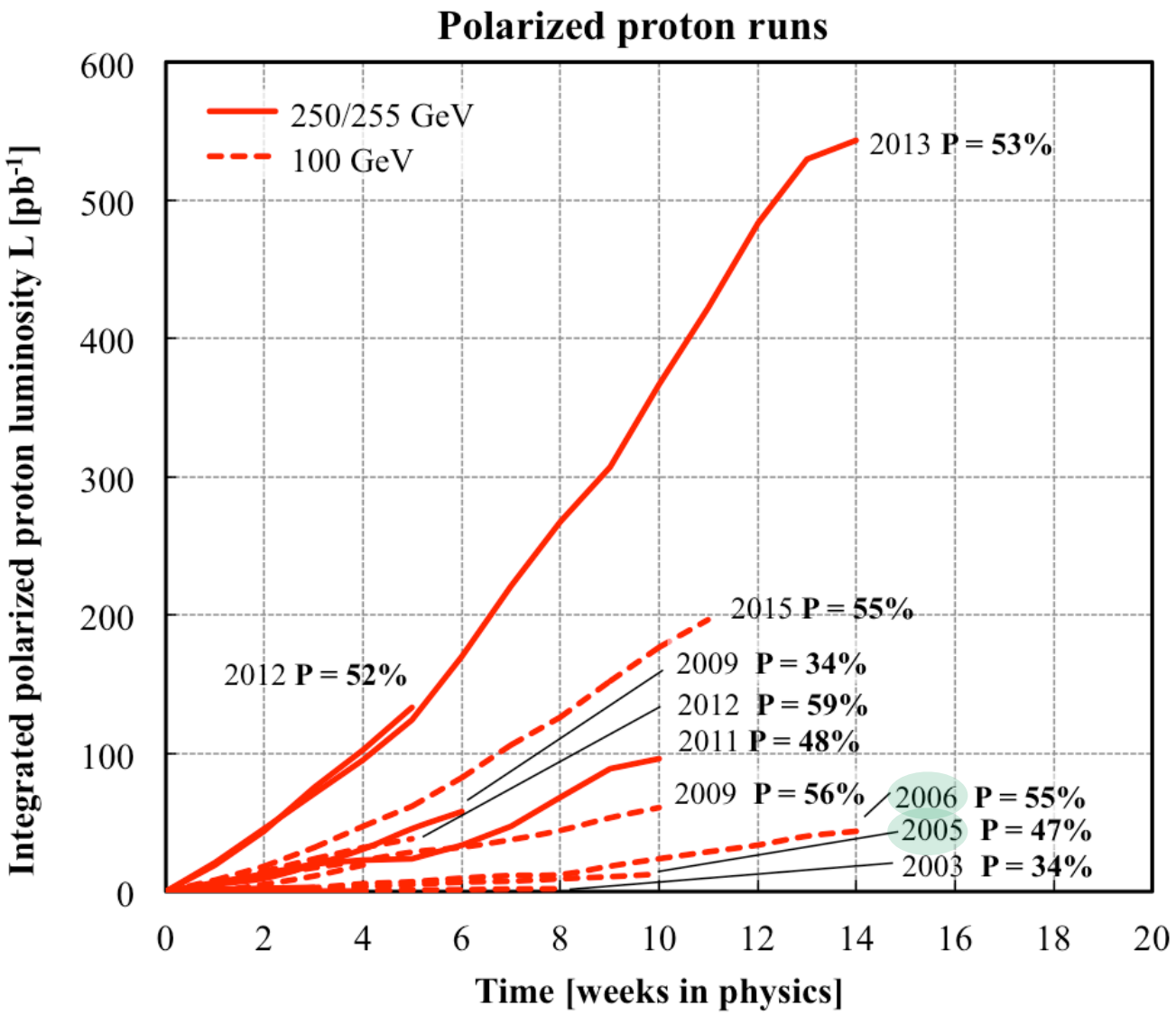

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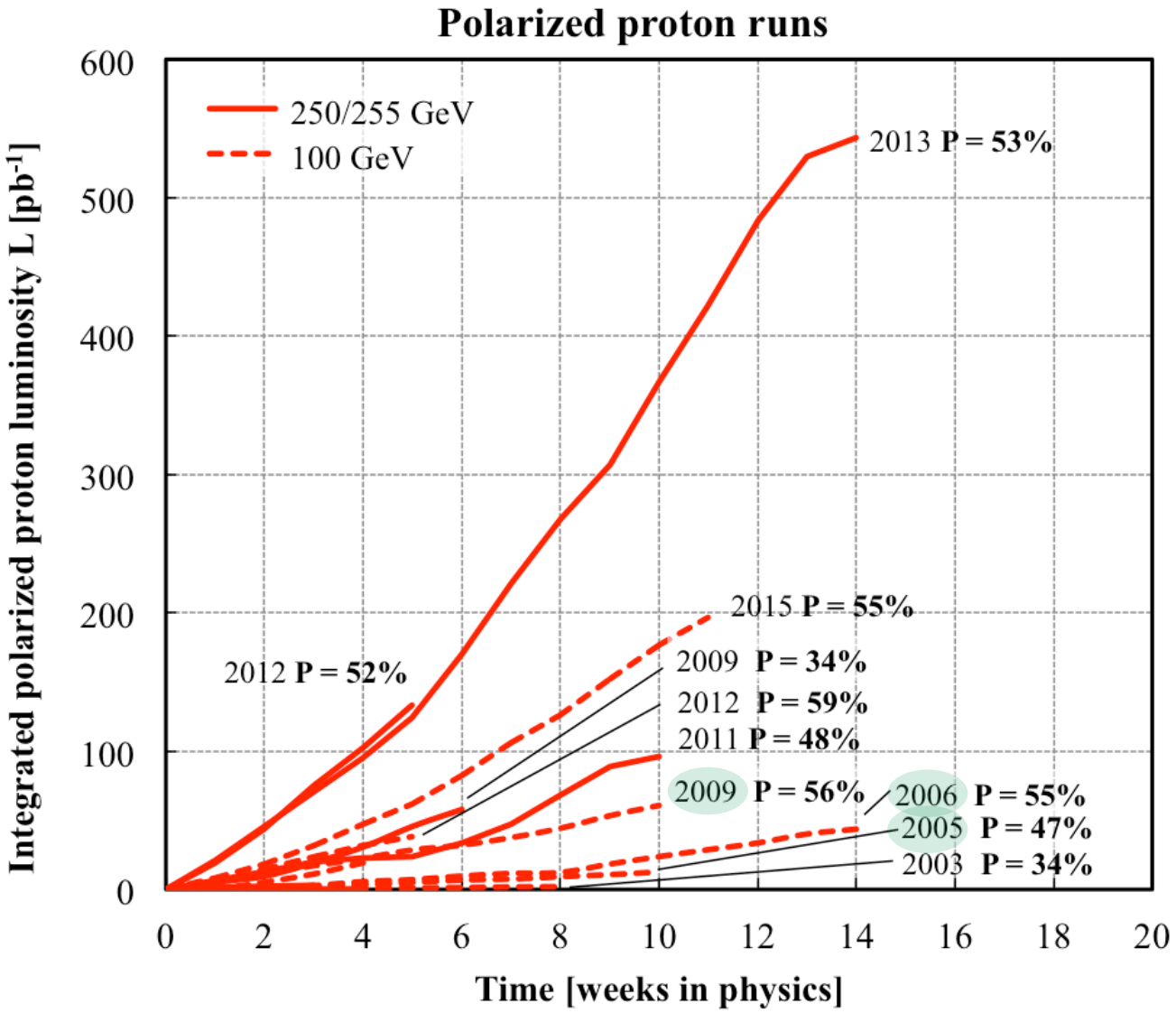

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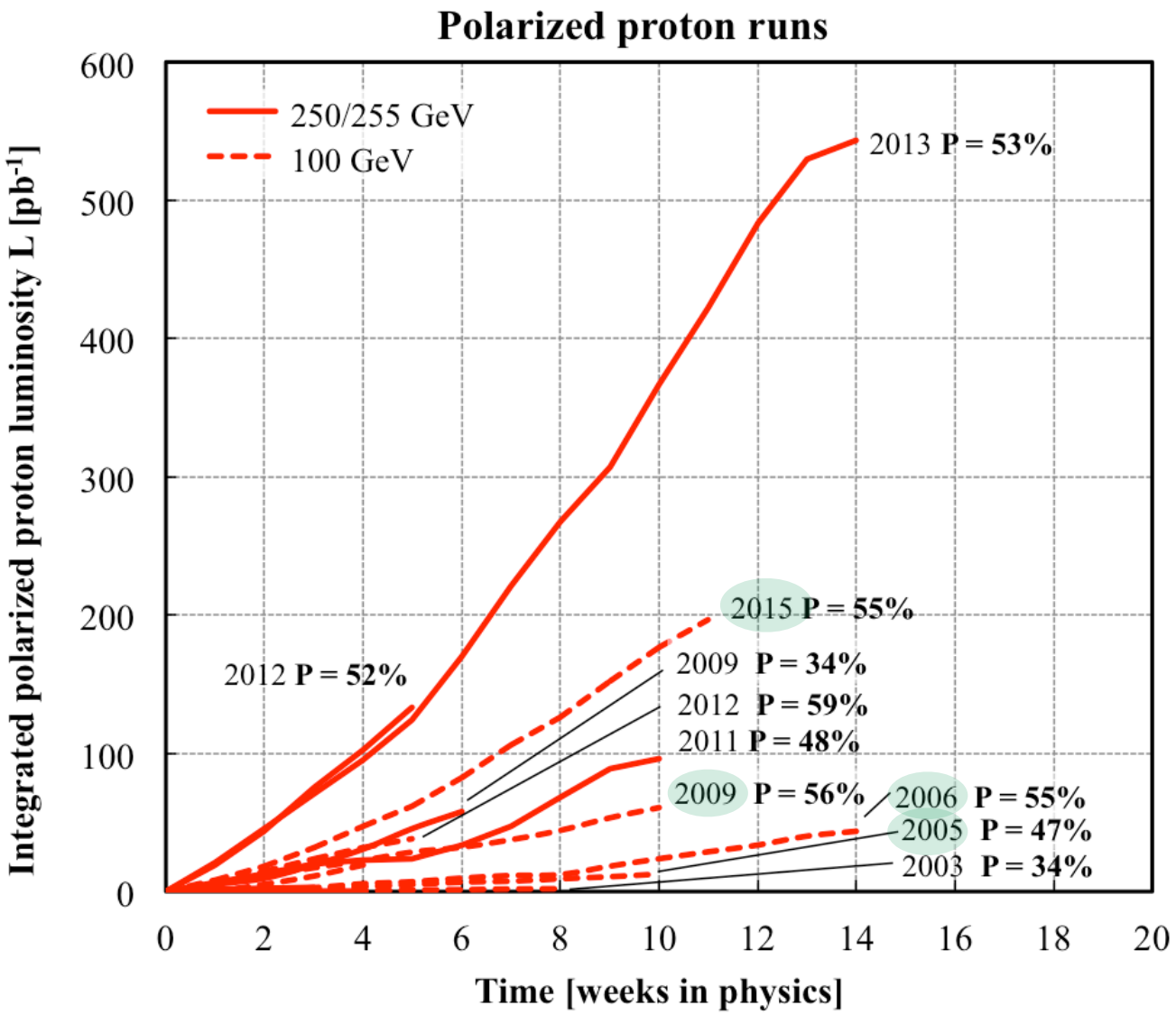

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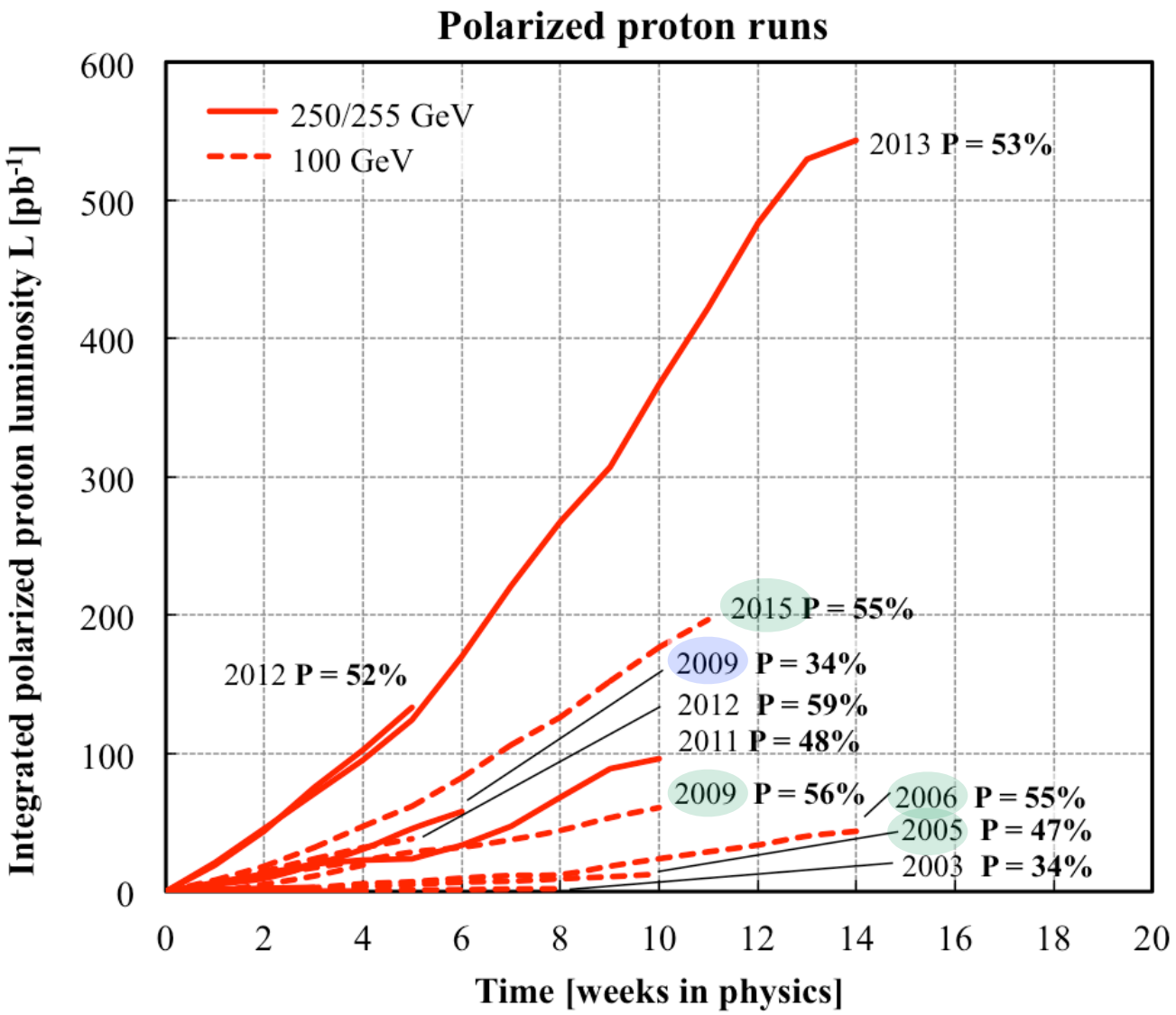

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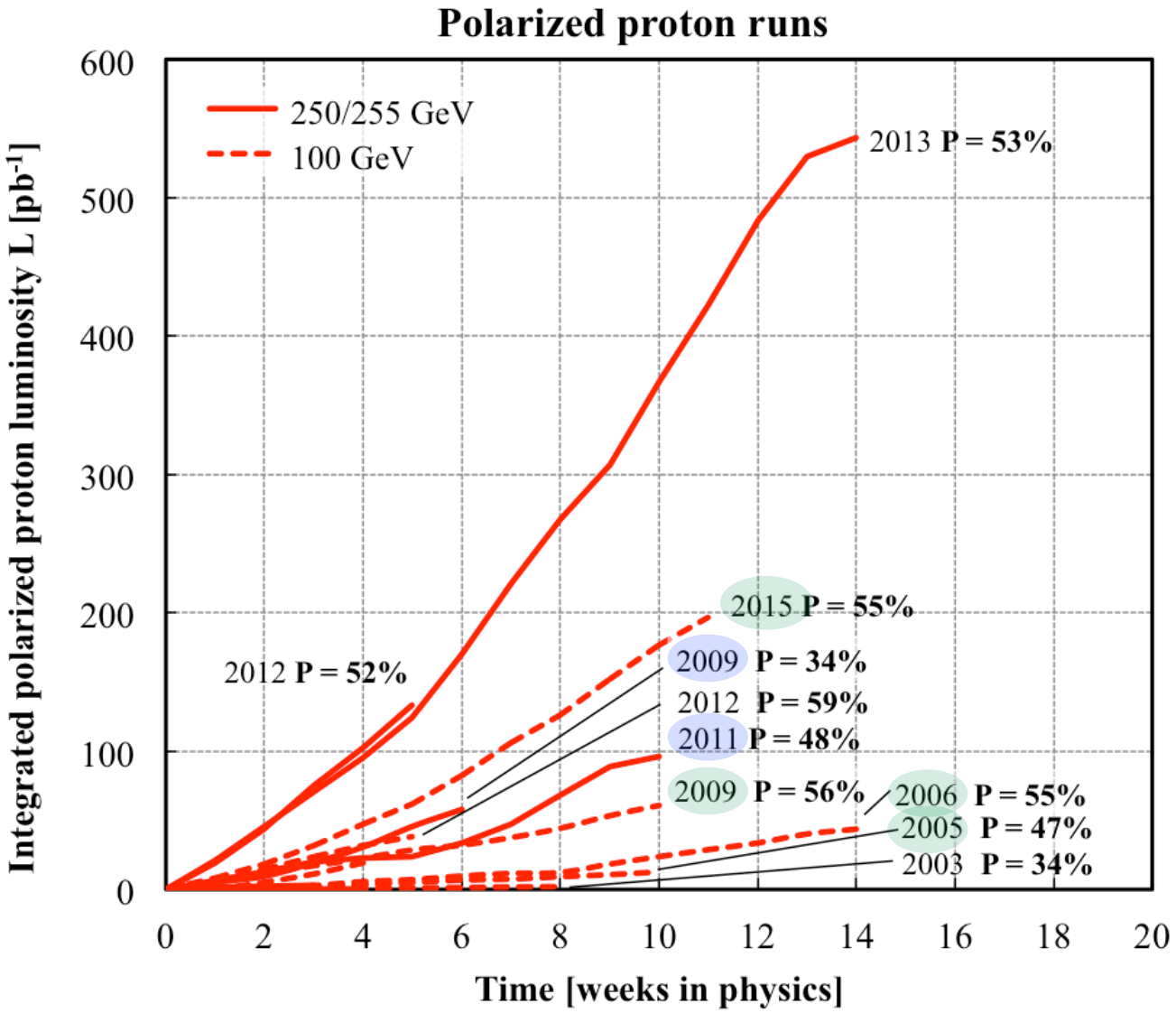

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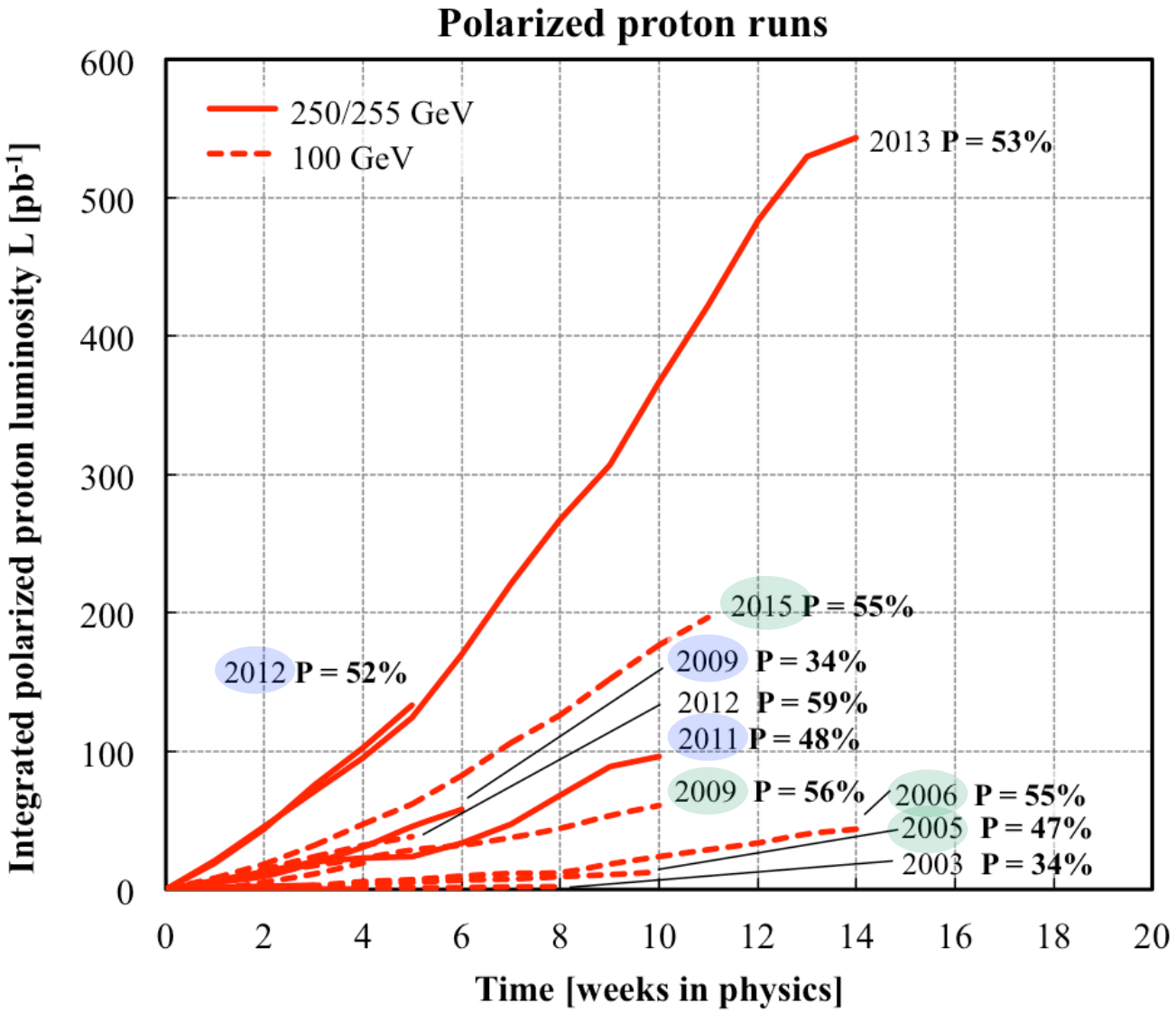

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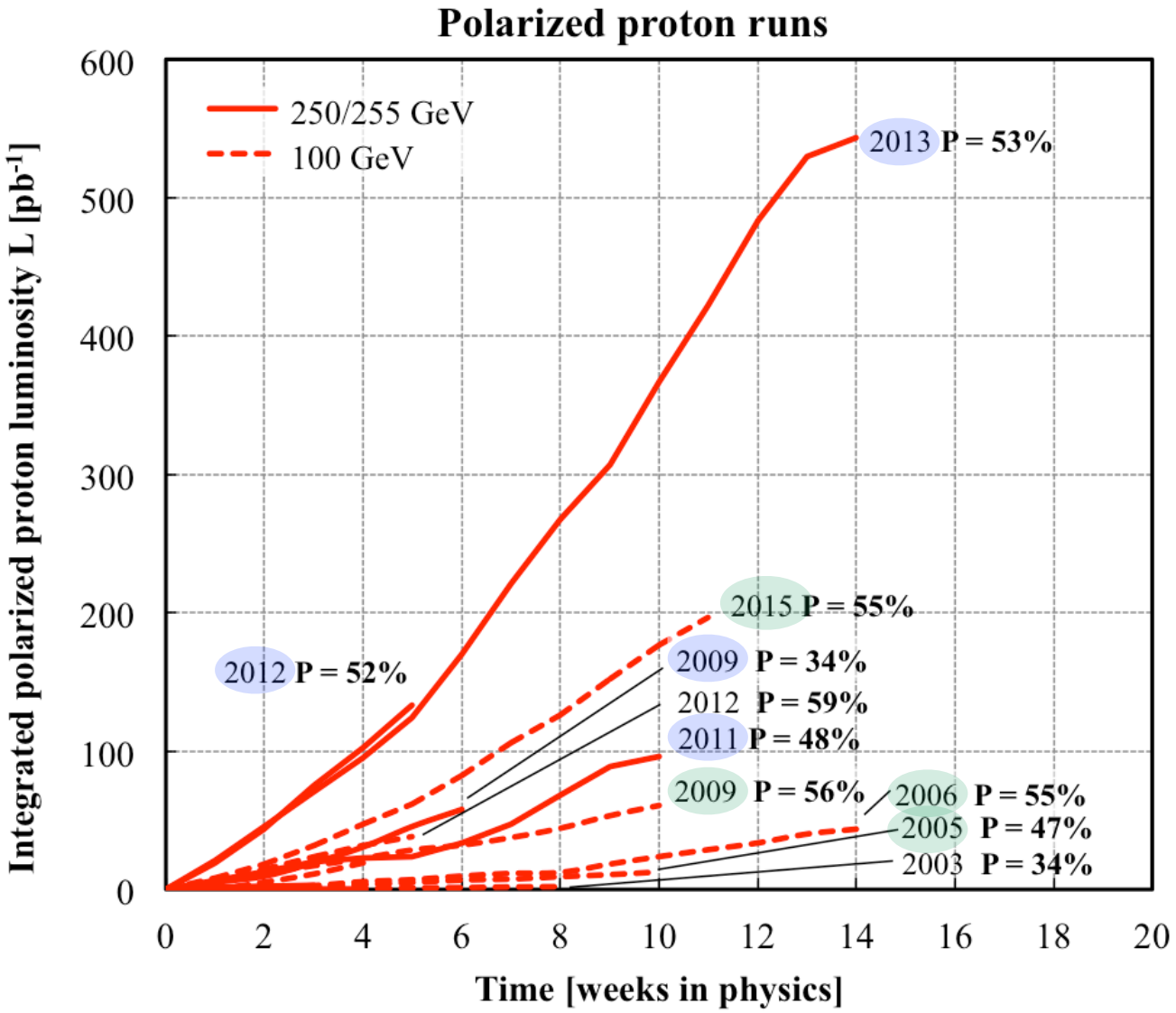
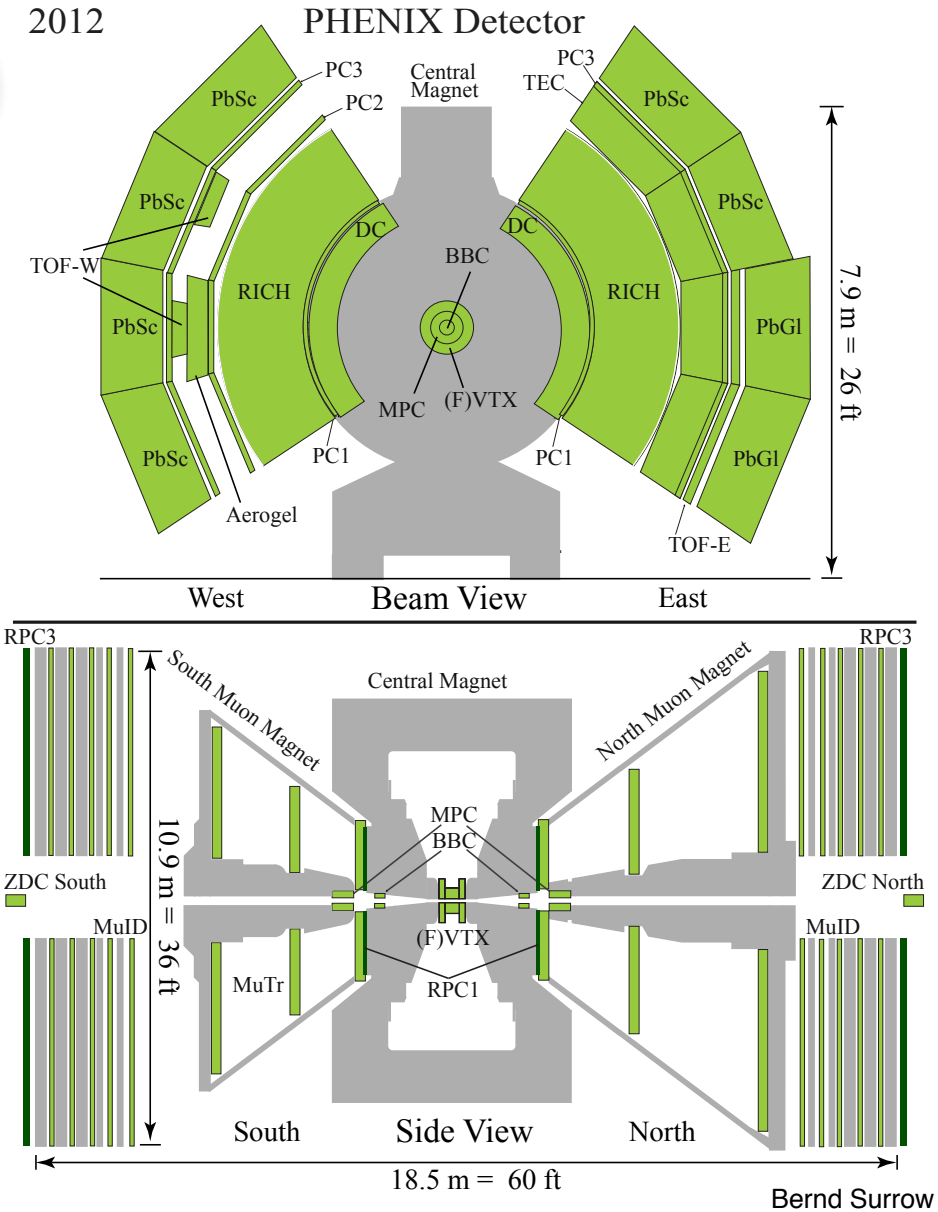


Experimental aspects - PHENIX

- Overview

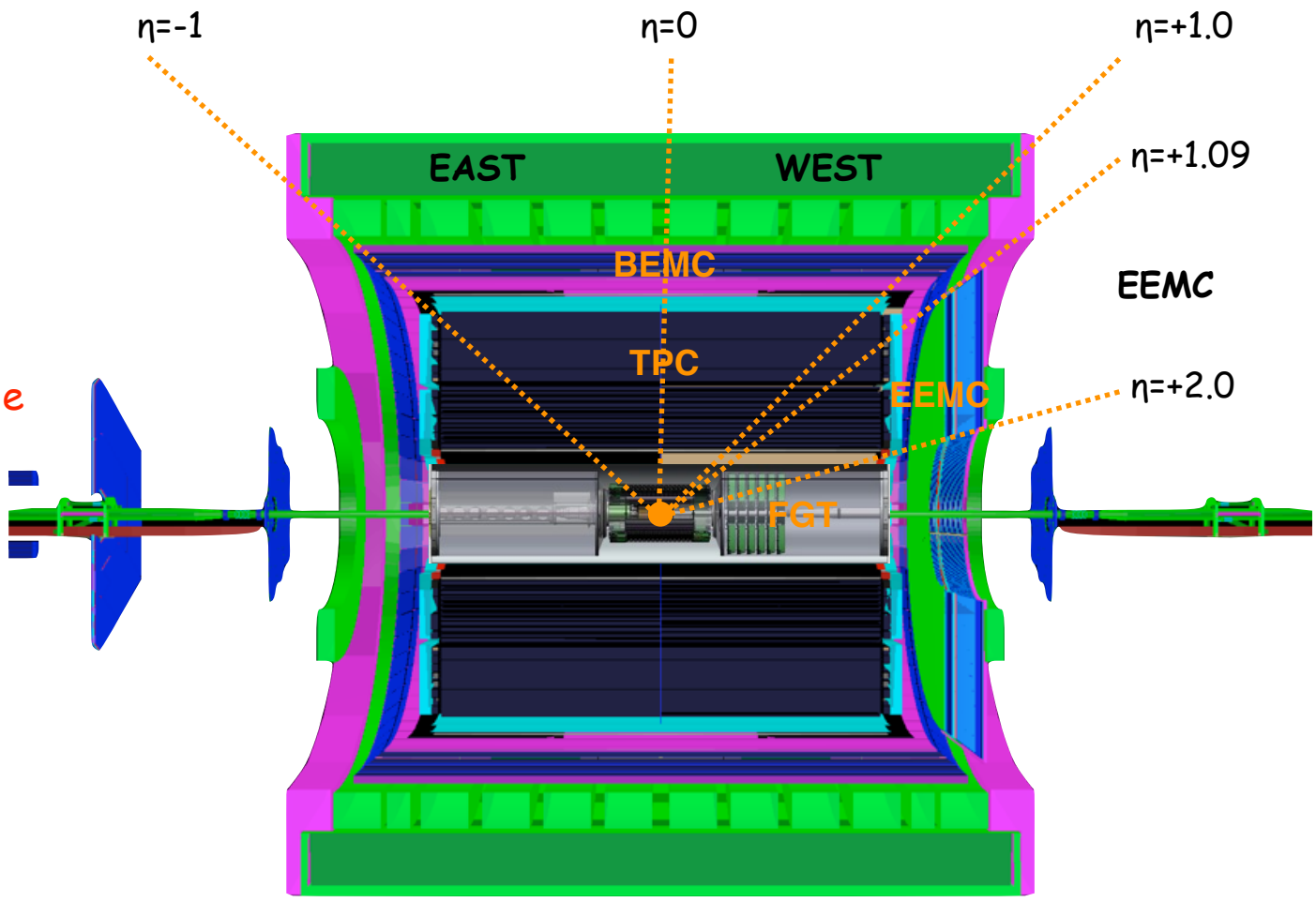
$$\eta = -\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

  - π^0, η, γ
    - Electromagnetic Calorimeter (PbSc/PbGl)
      ($|\eta| < 0.35$, $\varphi = 2 \times \pi/2$)
  - $\pi^{\pm}$, e, $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$
    - Drift Chamber (DC)
    - Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detector (RICH)
    - Electromagnetic Calorimeter (PbSc/PbGl)
  - μ, $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
    - Muon Id/Muon Tracker ($1.2 < |\eta| < 2.4 + 2\pi$)
  - π^0, η
    - MPC ($3.1 < |\eta| < 3.9 + 2\pi$)
  - Relative Luminosity
    - Beam Beam Counter (BBC) ($3.0 < \eta < 3.9$)
    - Zero Degree Calorimeter (ZDC)



Experimental aspects - STAR

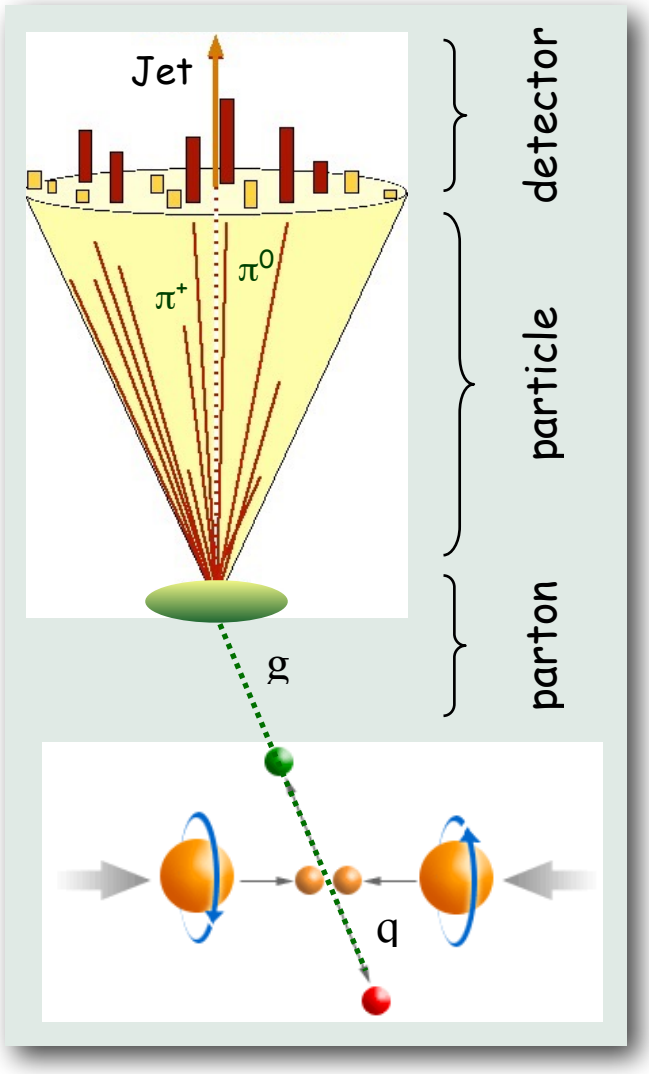
- Overview
  - Calorimetry system with 2π coverage: BEMC ($-1<\eta<1$) and EEMC ($1.09<\eta<2$)
  - TPC: Tracking and particle ID ($-1.3<\eta<1.3$)
  - FGT: Tracking ($1<\eta<2$)
  - ZDC: Relative luminosity and local polarimetry (500GeV)
  - BBC: Relative luminosity and Minimum bias trigger

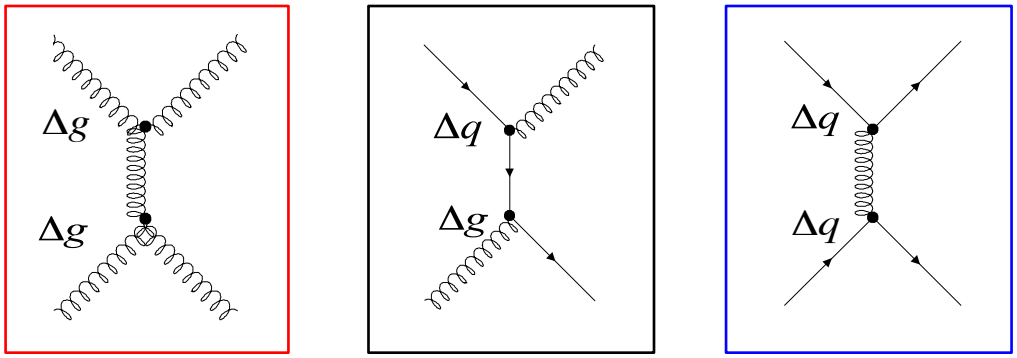


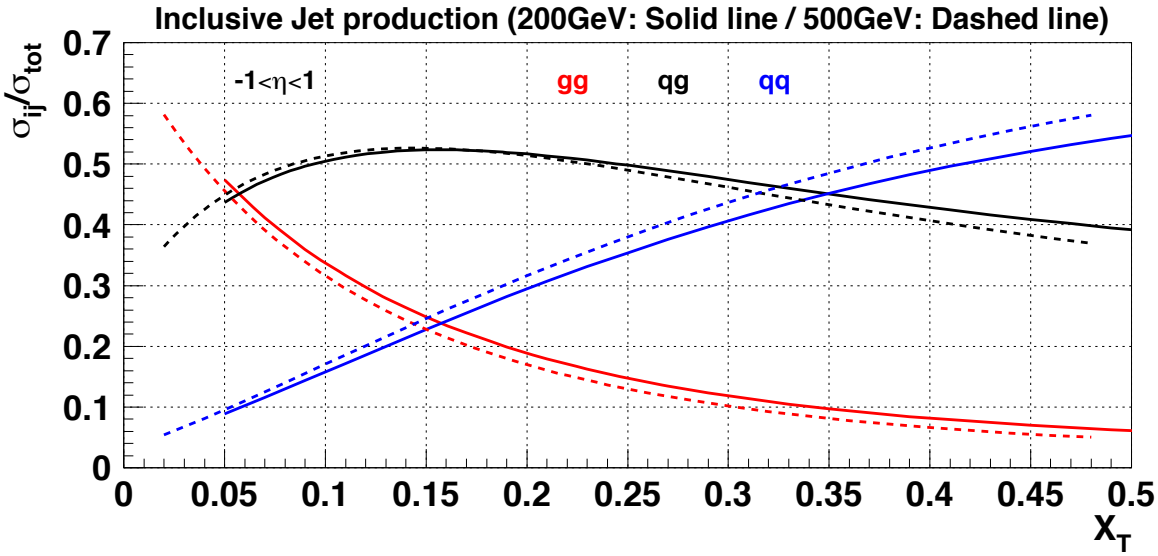
$$\eta = -\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- RHIC Gluon studies: Jet-type measurements



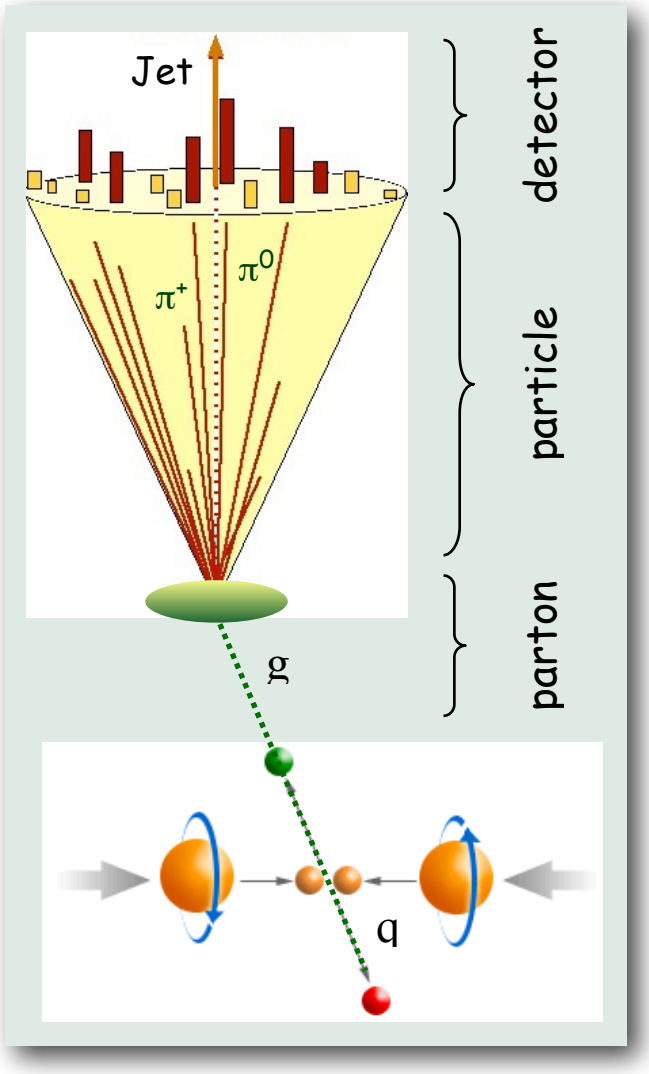


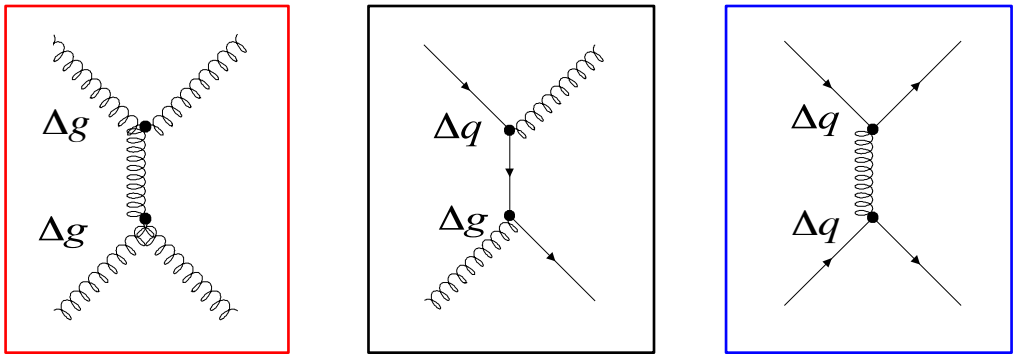


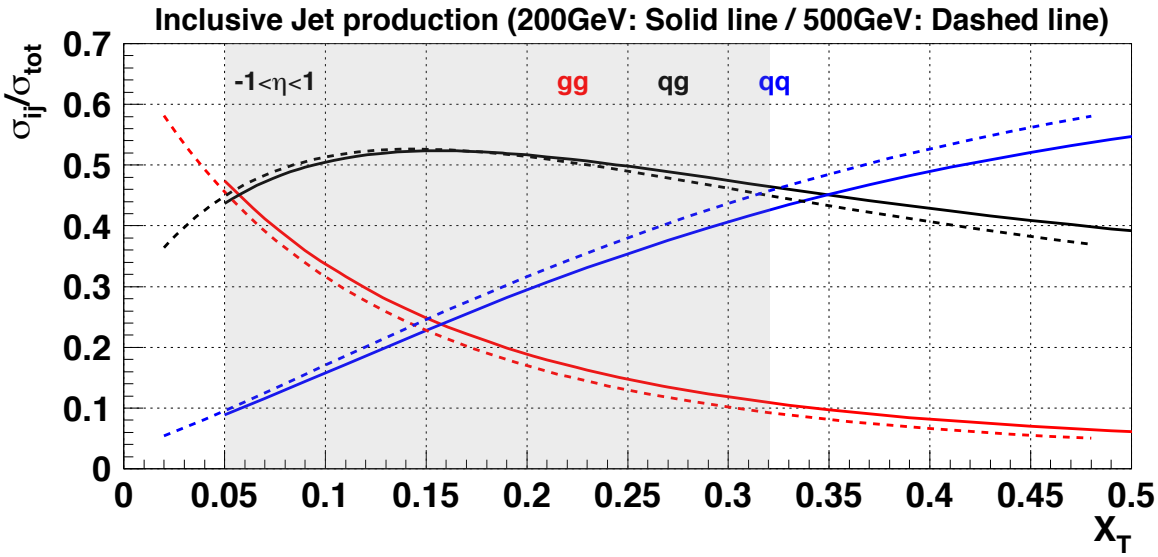
$$x_T = \frac{2p_T}{\sqrt{s}} \qquad \text{(x value at } \eta = 0\text{)}$$

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- RHIC Gluon studies: Jet-type measurements







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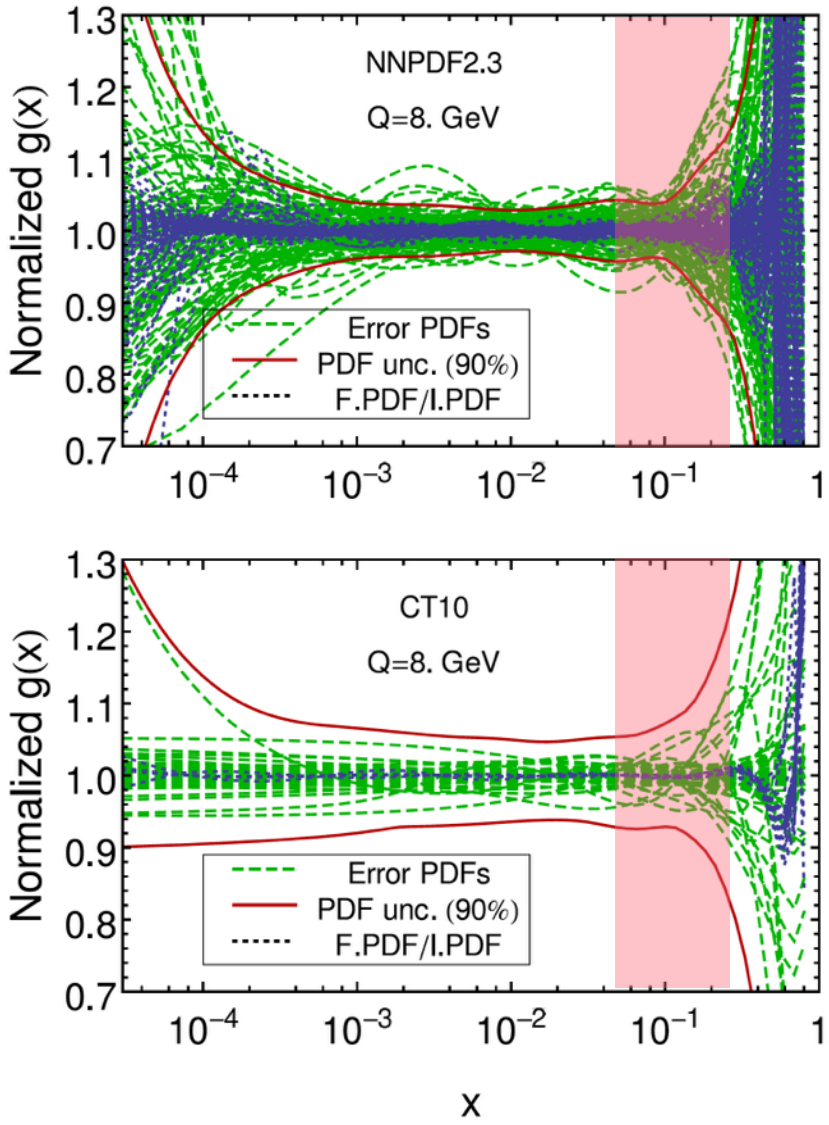
Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- Uncertainty of unpolarized gluon distribution function g(x)
  - Large uncertainties of unpolarized gluon distribution function for x > 0.1 / Challenging to provide additional constraint from LHC experiments
  - RHIC mid-rapidity jet production probes x-range around x=0.1 of approximately 0.05 < x < 0.3
  - New STAR Inclusive Jet cross-section measurement using anti-kT algorithm with improved statistical precision and reduced systematic uncertainties will provide important and needed constraint on g(x) at high x



Results

Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet cross-section measurement (1)

- Unfolded inclusive jet cross-section using anti-k_T algorithm (R=0.6) (Smaller dependence on underlying event (UE) and Pile-up)

$$D_{ij} = \min\left(\frac{1}{k_{T,i}^2}, \frac{1}{k_{T,j}^2}\right)\frac{\Delta R_{ij}^2}{R}$$

$$\Delta R_{ij}^2 = (\eta_i - \eta_j)^2 + (\phi_i - \phi_j)^2 \qquad D_i = \frac{1}{k_{T,i}^2}$$

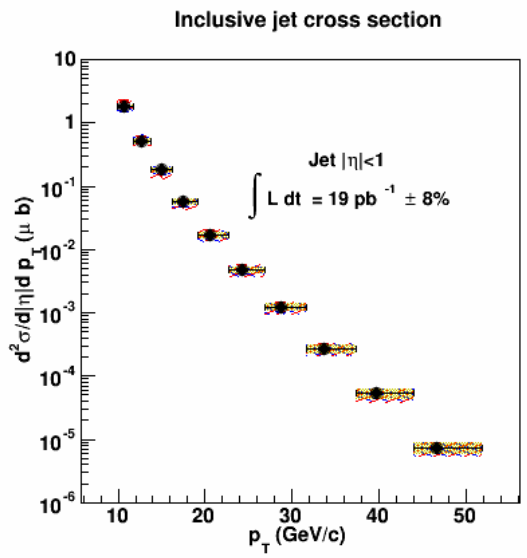
$$d = \min\left(\{D_{ij}, D_i\}\right)$$

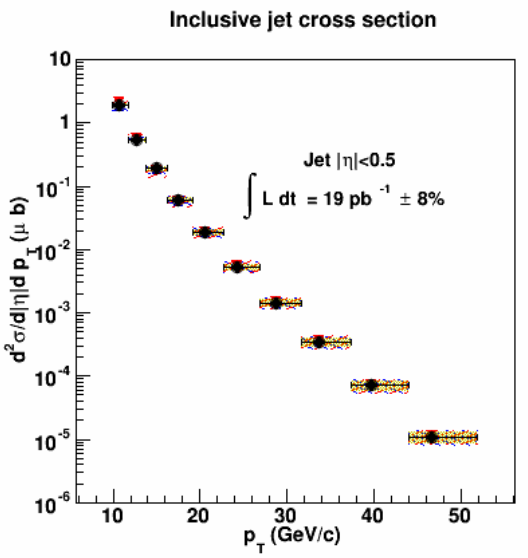
If $d = D_{ij}$: Combine jet i and jet j

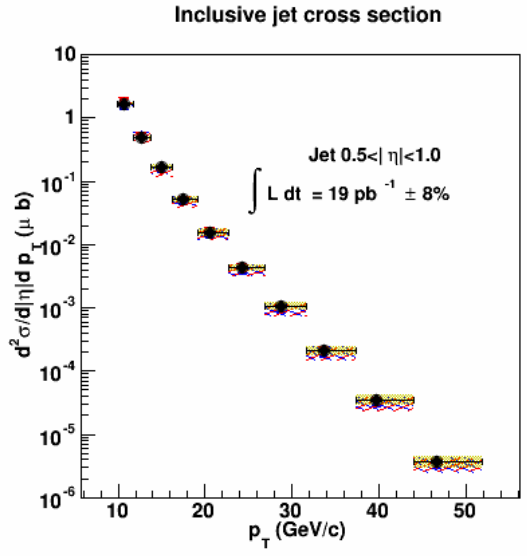
If $d = D_i$: Define jet i as final jet

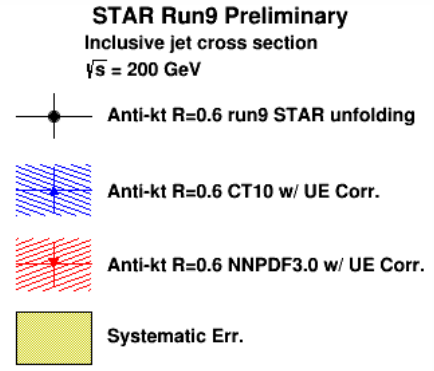
corrected to particle level for three different pseudo-rapidity regions of |η|<1, |η|<0.5 and 0.5<|η|<1.0

- Hadronization and UE corrections evaluated using PYTHIA applied to NLO calculations applied to pure NLO calculations for data comparison
- Comparison to NLO calculations for CT10, NNPDF3.0 and MRST-W2008 with a preference for CT10









Results / Status - Gluon related studies

STAR: Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet cross-section measurement (Run 9) (2)

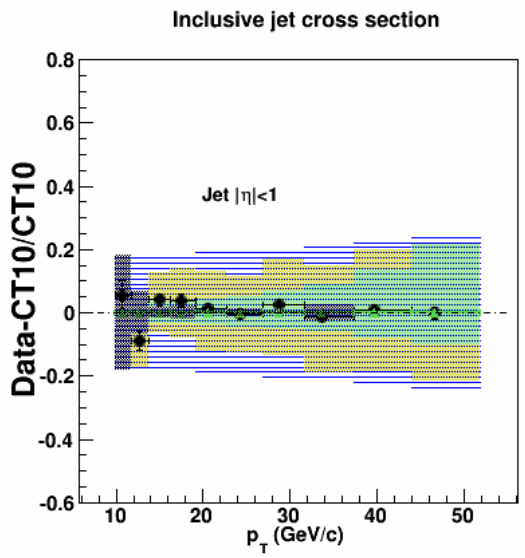
- Quantitative comparison between data and theory of (Data-Theory)/ Theory showing

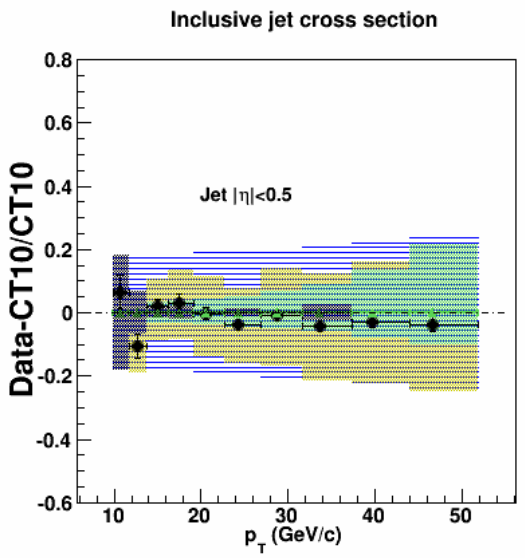
UE/hadronization corrections applied to pure NLO calculations

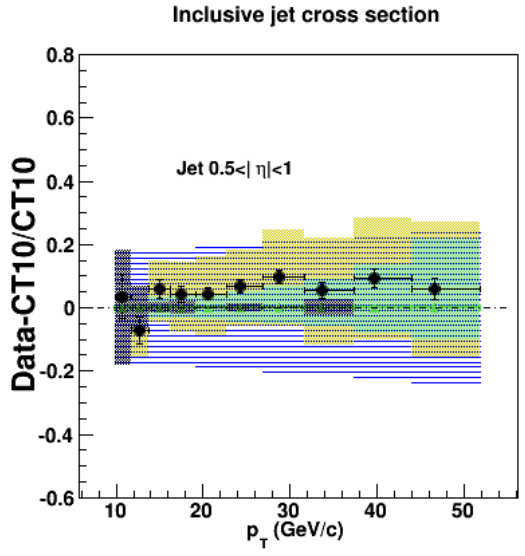
Data systematic errors

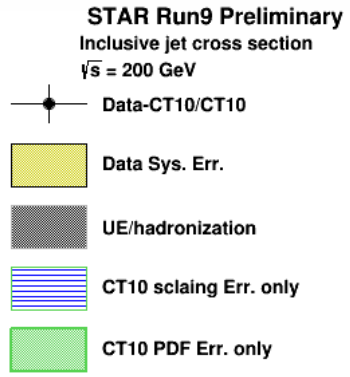
CT10 scale uncertainties

CT10 pdf uncertainites









Results / Status - Gluon related studies

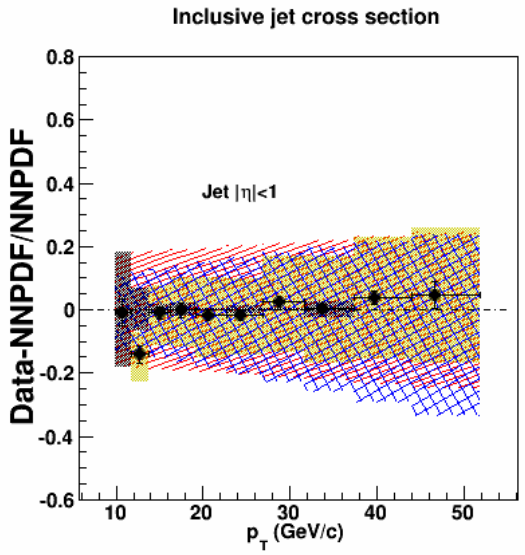
- STAR: Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet cross-section measurement (Run 9) (3)
  - Quantitative comparison between data and theory of (Data-Theory)/ Theory showing

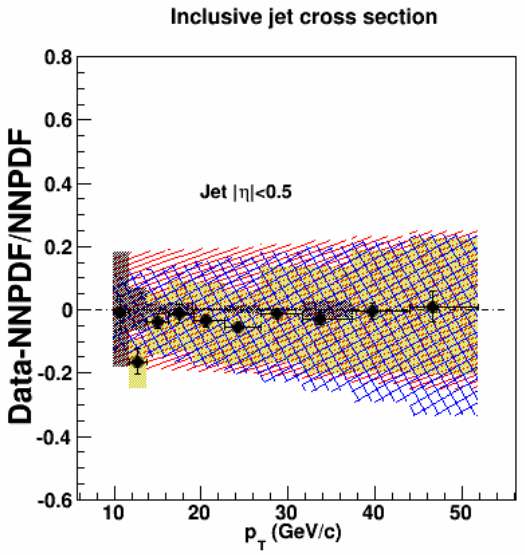
    UE/hadronization corrections applied to pure NLO calculations

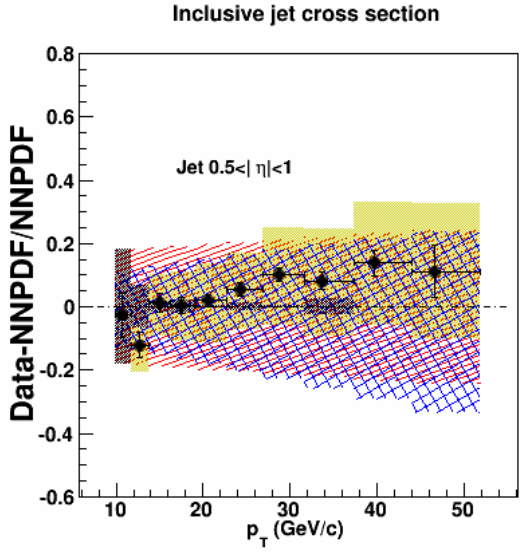
    Data systematic errors

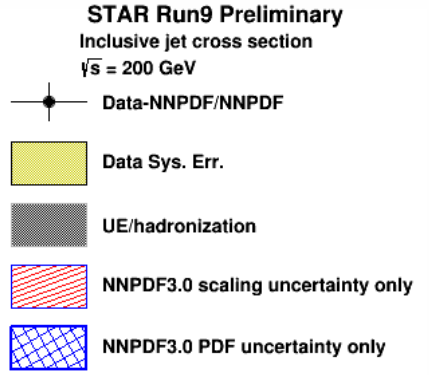
    CT10 scale uncertainties

    CT10 pdf uncertainites



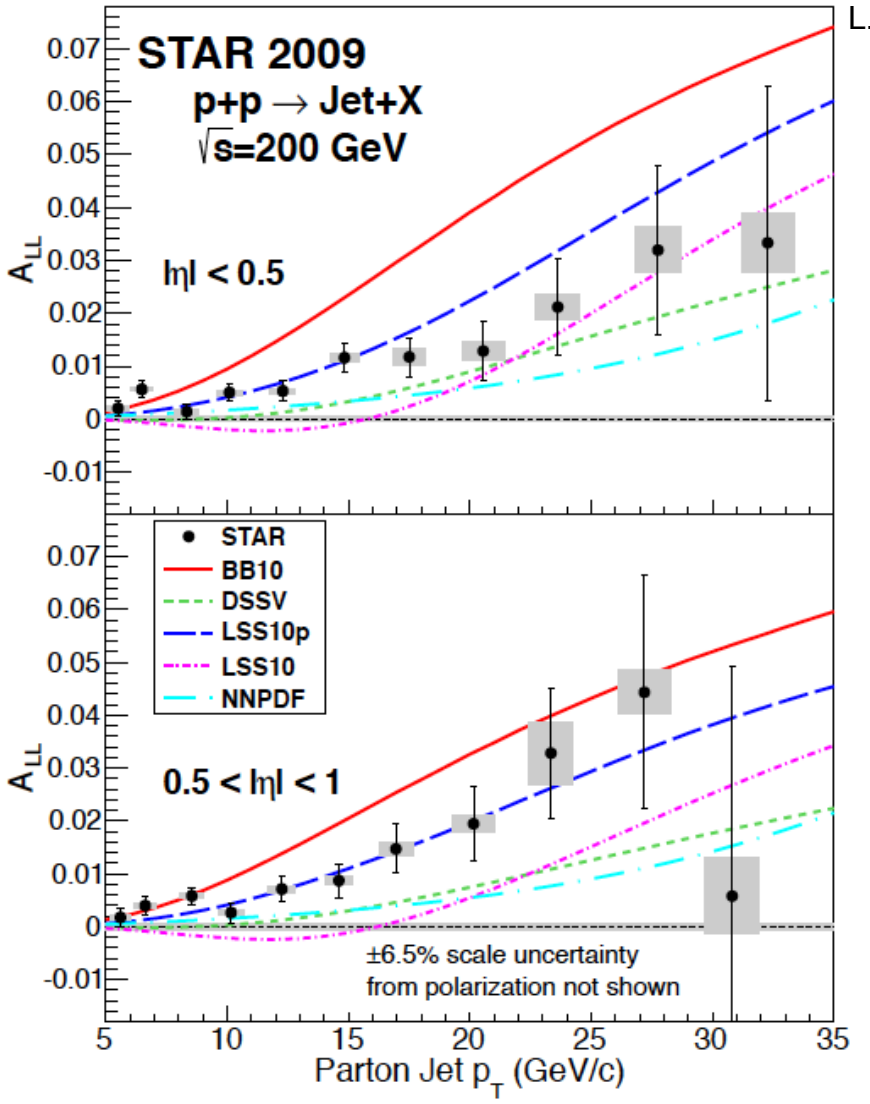






Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- STAR: Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet A_{LL} measurement (Run 9) at 200GeV

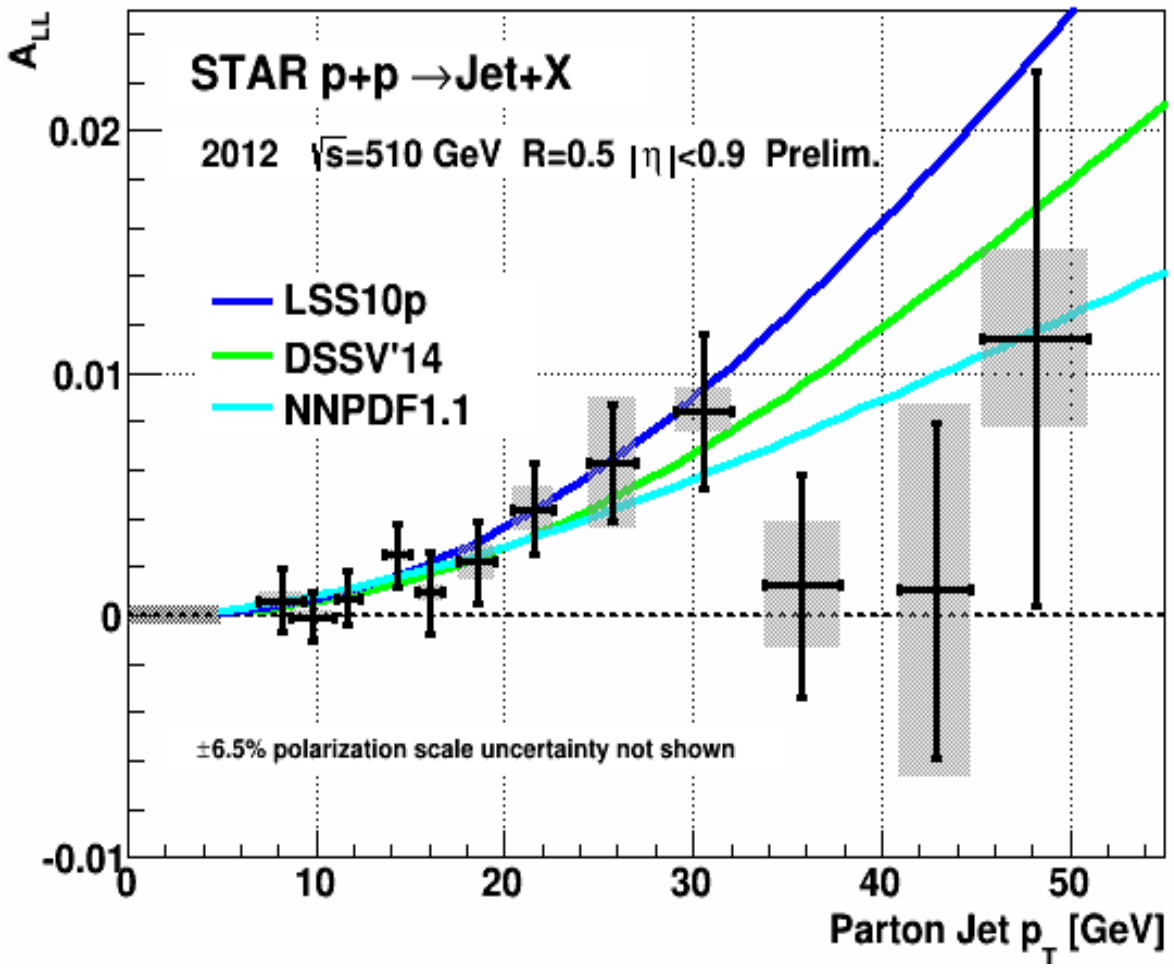


L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), arXiv:1405.5134

- Run 9 A_{LL} measurement between BB10 and DSSV / Clearly above zero at low p_T
- Larger asymmetry at low p_T suggests larger gluon polarization compared to DSSV
- With global analysis, A_{LL} jet result provides evidence for positive gluon polarization for $x > 0.05$

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

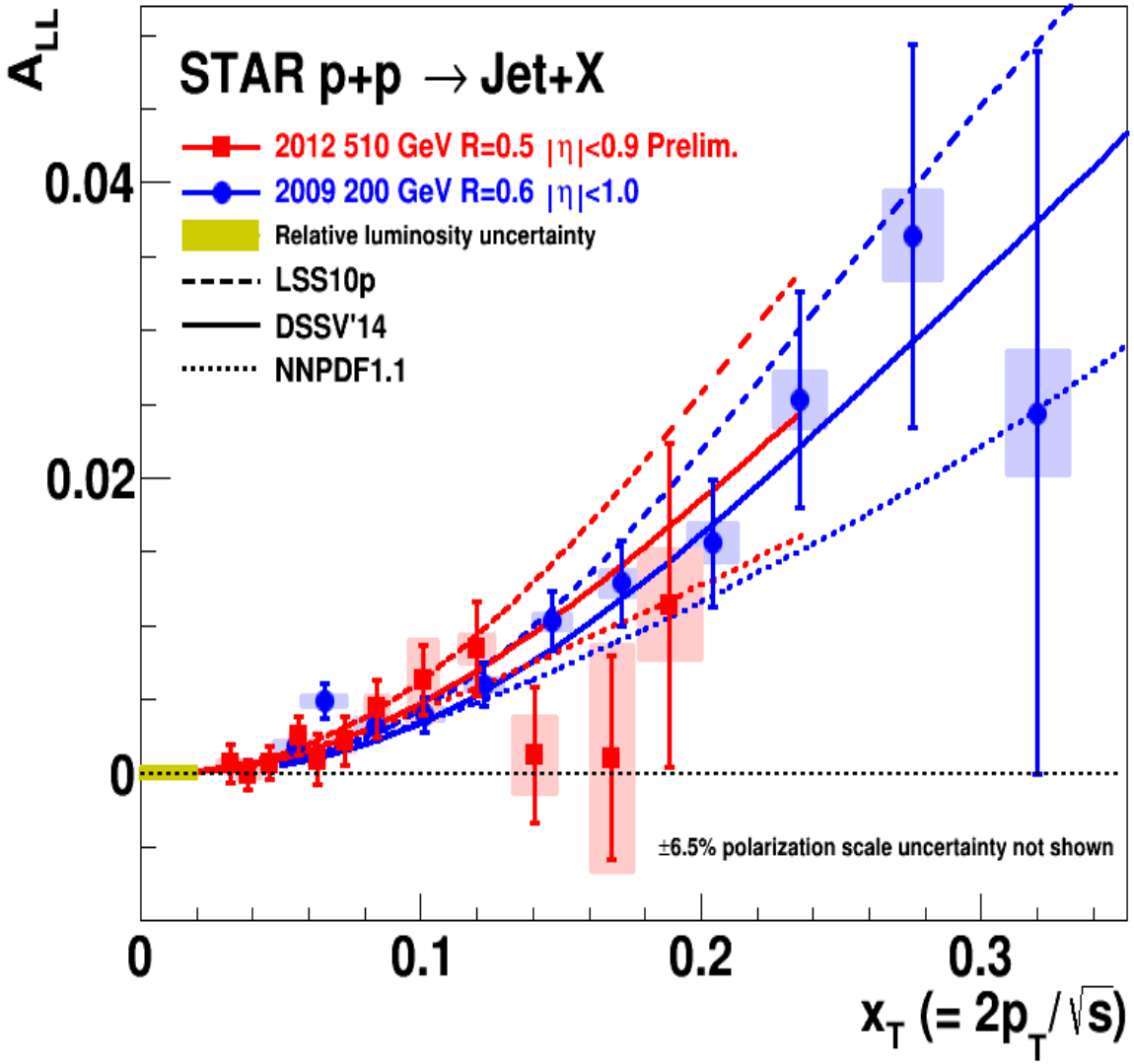
- STAR: Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet A_{LL} measurement (Run 12) at 510GeV



- Run 12 A_{LL} measurement of inclusive jets (anti-k_T algorithm) probes smaller x values
- Run 12 A_{LL} measurement in good agreement with most recent DSSV14 fit including Run 9 A_{LL} results

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

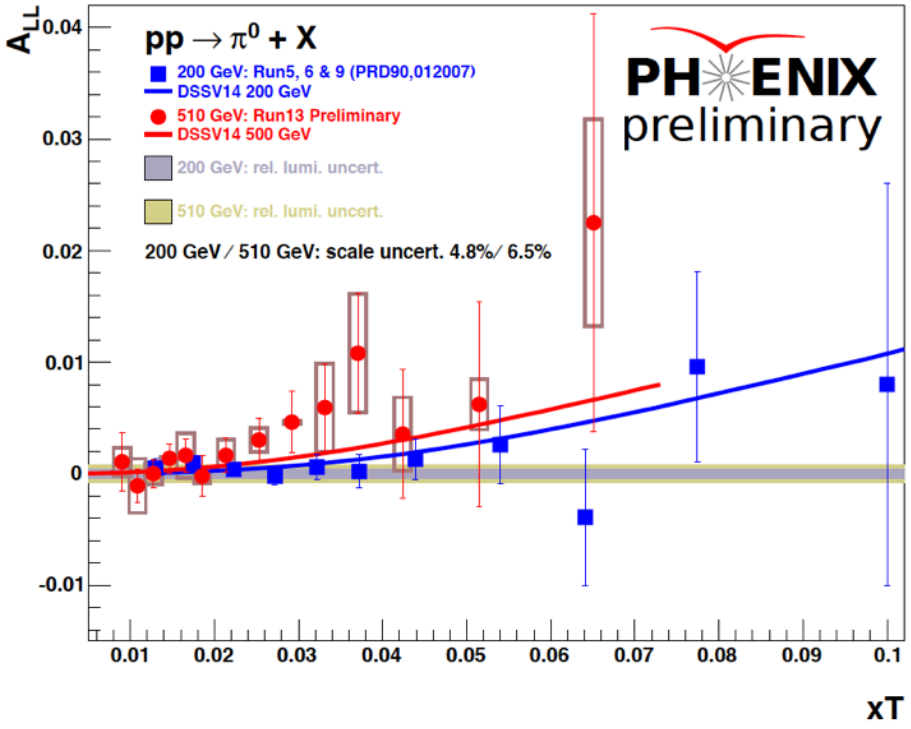
- STAR: Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet A_{LL} measurement (Run 9)

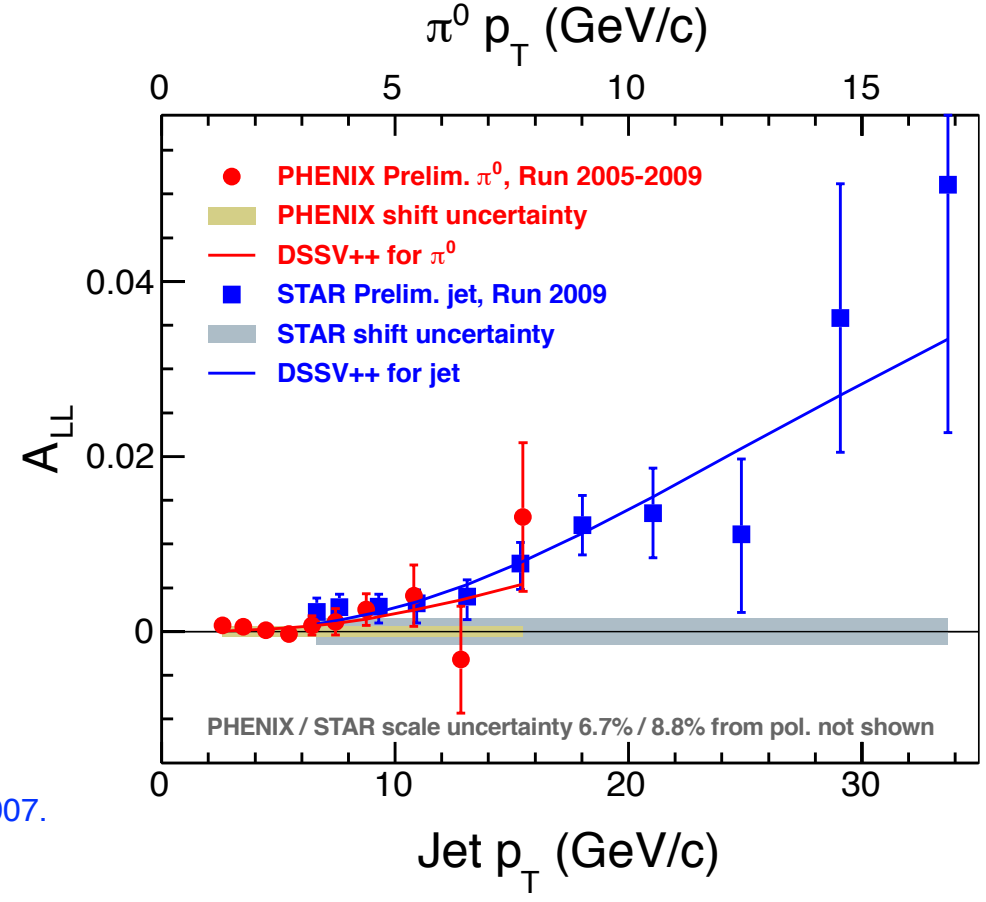


- Run 12 A_{LL} measurement (510GeV) and Run 9 of A_{LL} measurement (200GeV) in good agreement in region of overlap vs. x_T
- Large Run 13 510GeV data sample will further constrain $\Delta g(x)$ at low x

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- PHENIX: Mid-rapidity neutral pion A_{LL} measurement





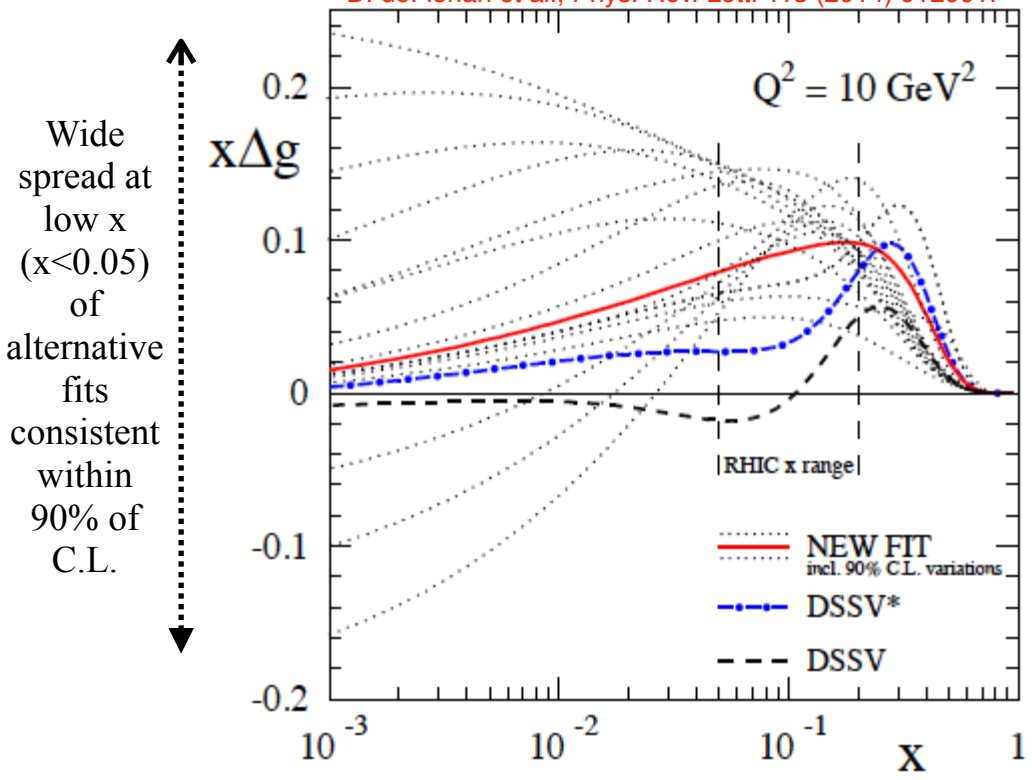
A. Adare et al. (PHENIX Collaboration), Phys. Rev. D90 (2014) 012007.

- Data are well described by NLO pQCD calculations
- New PHENIX Run 13 results at 510GeV
- Consistency between PHENIX and STAR results!

Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

Impact on Δg from RHIC data

D. deFlorian et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 113 (2014) 012001.



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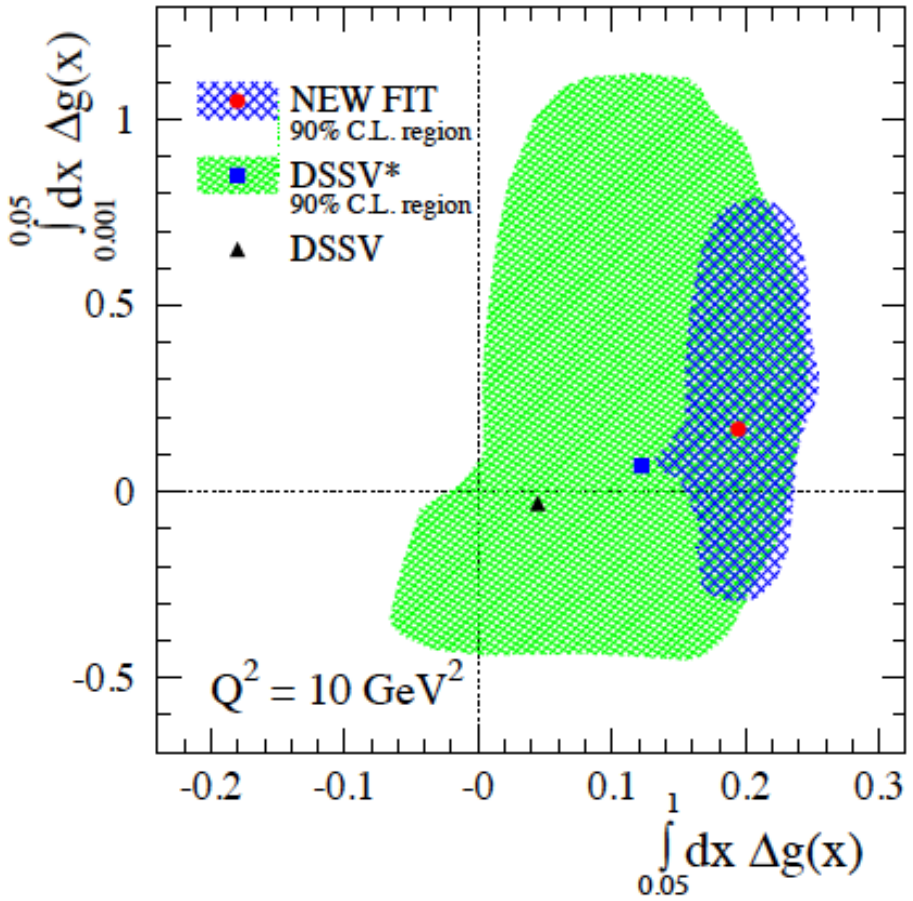

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- DSSV*: New COMPASS inclusive and semi-inclusive results in addition to Run 5/6 RHIC updates
- DSSV - NEW FIT: Strong impact on Δg(x) with RHIC run 9 results: $0.20^{+0.06}_{-0.07}$ 90% C.L. for $0.05 < x$
- Similar conclusion by independent global analysis of NNPDF: $0.23^{+0.07}_{-0.07}$ for $0.05 < x < 0.5$

E. R. Nocera et al., Nucl. Phys. B887 (2014) 276.

"...better small-x probes are badly needed."

Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

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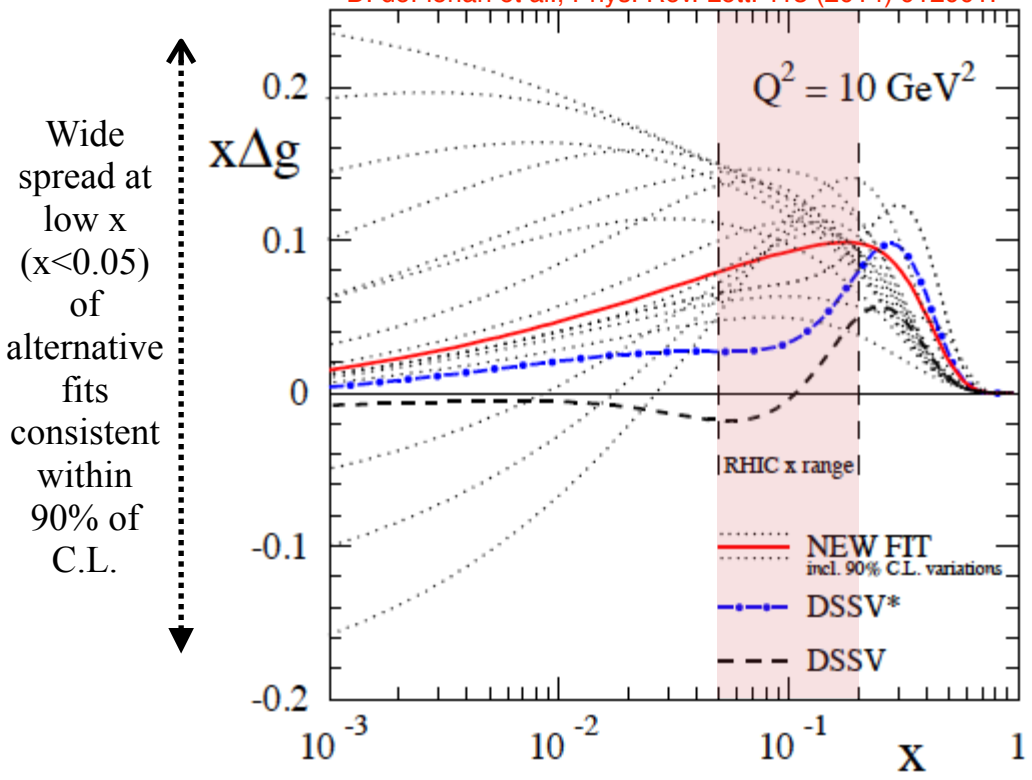

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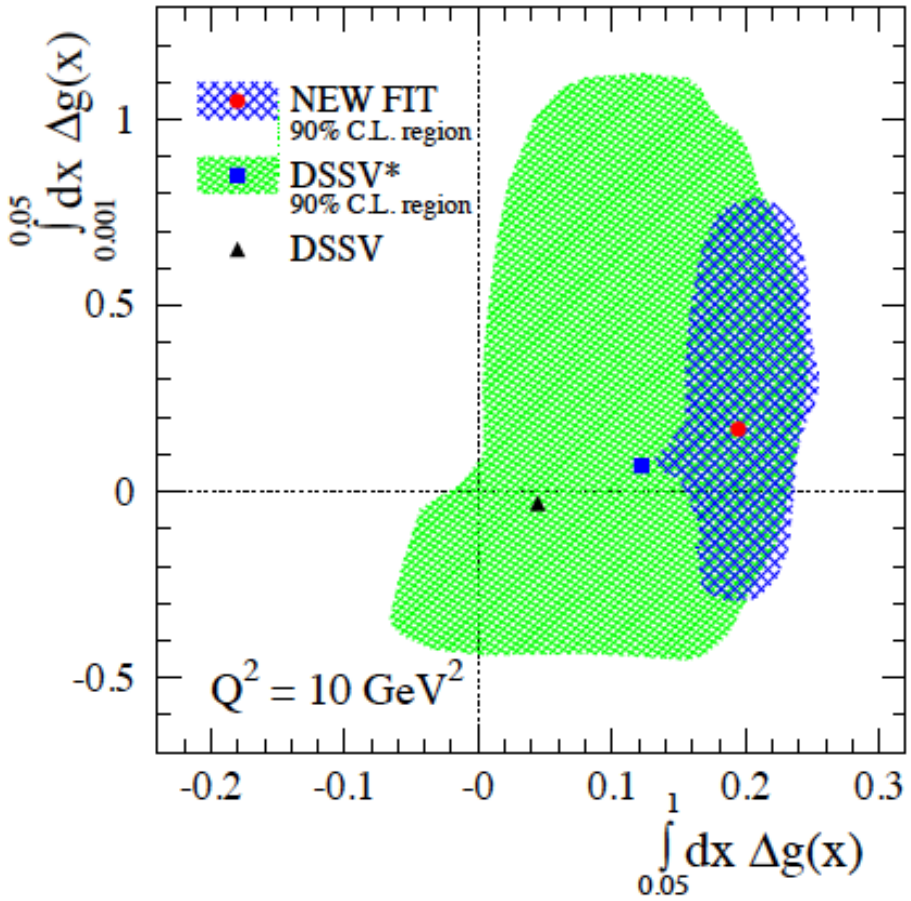

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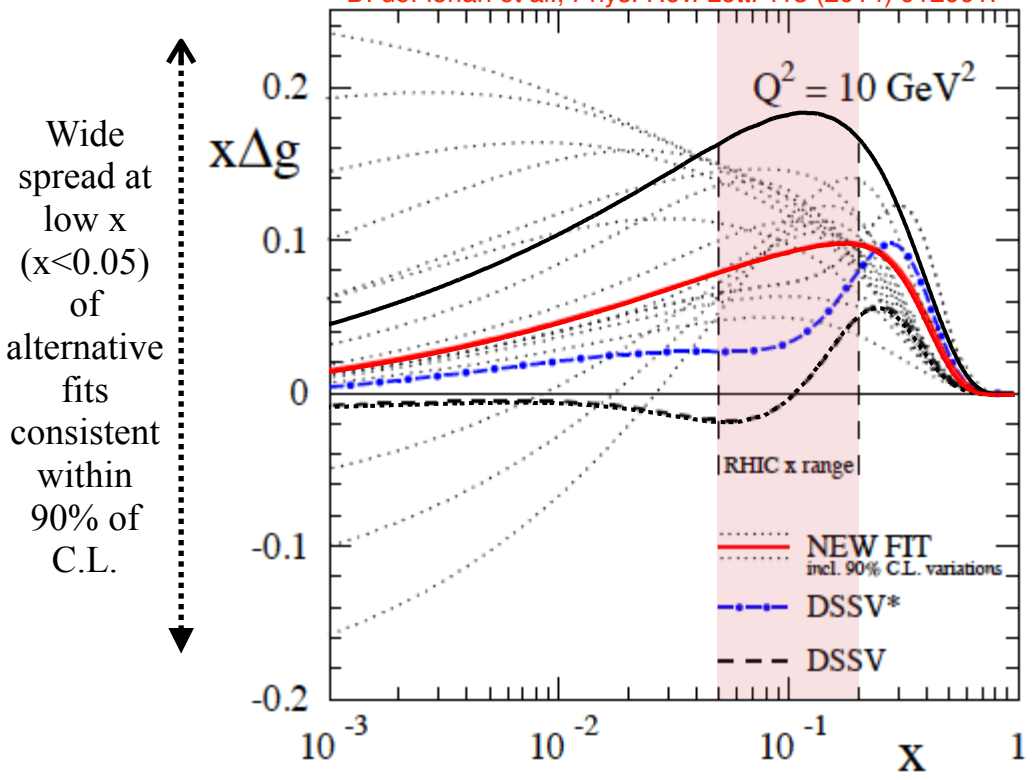

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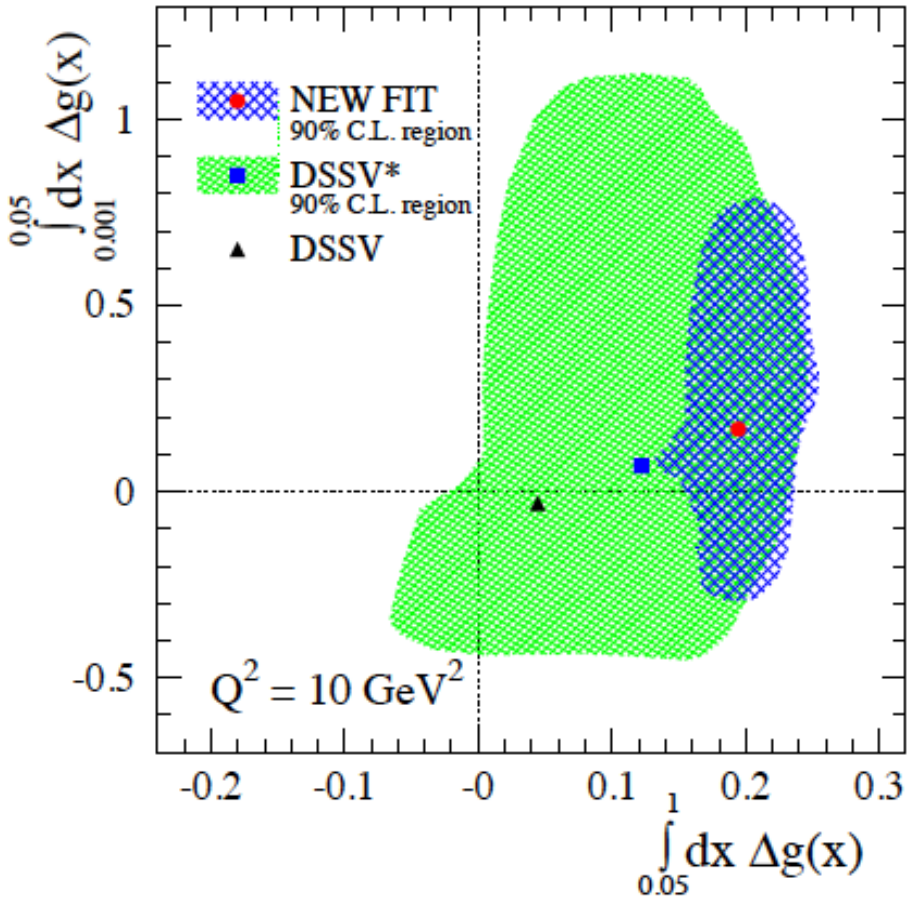

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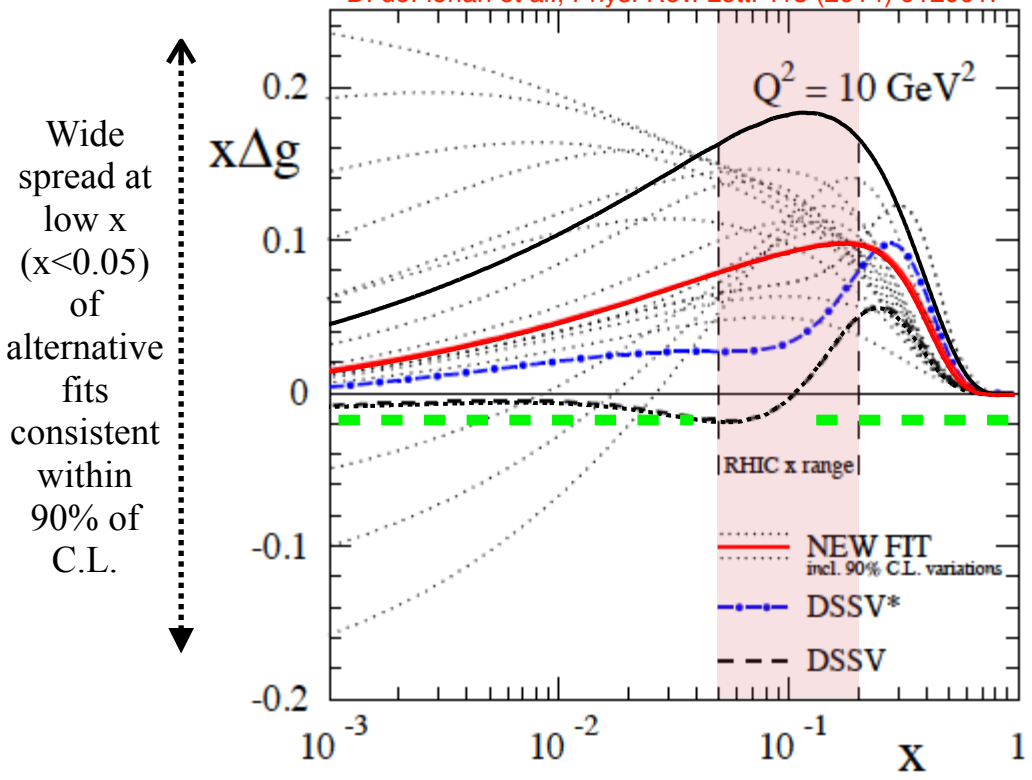

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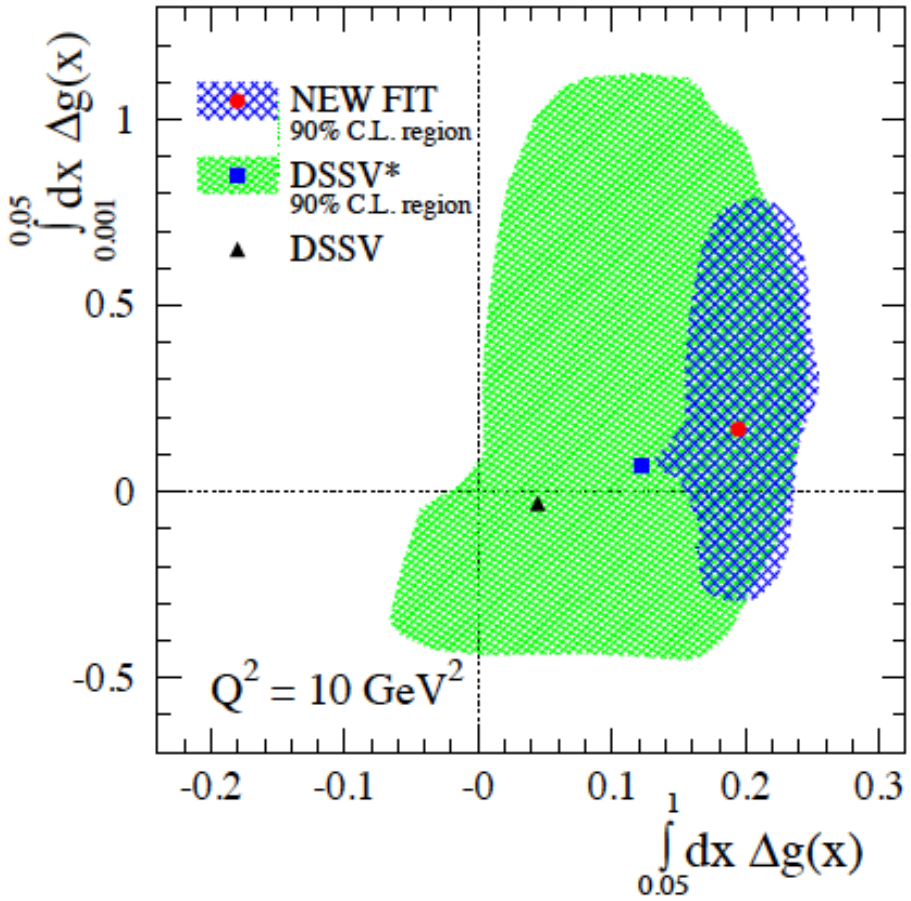

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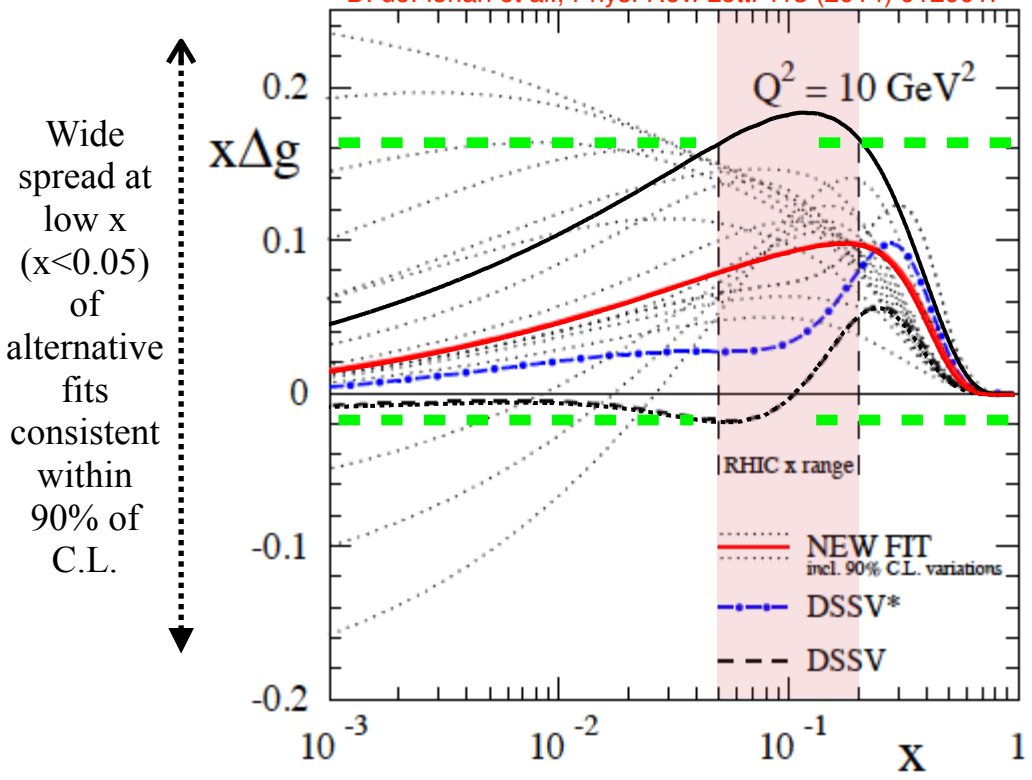

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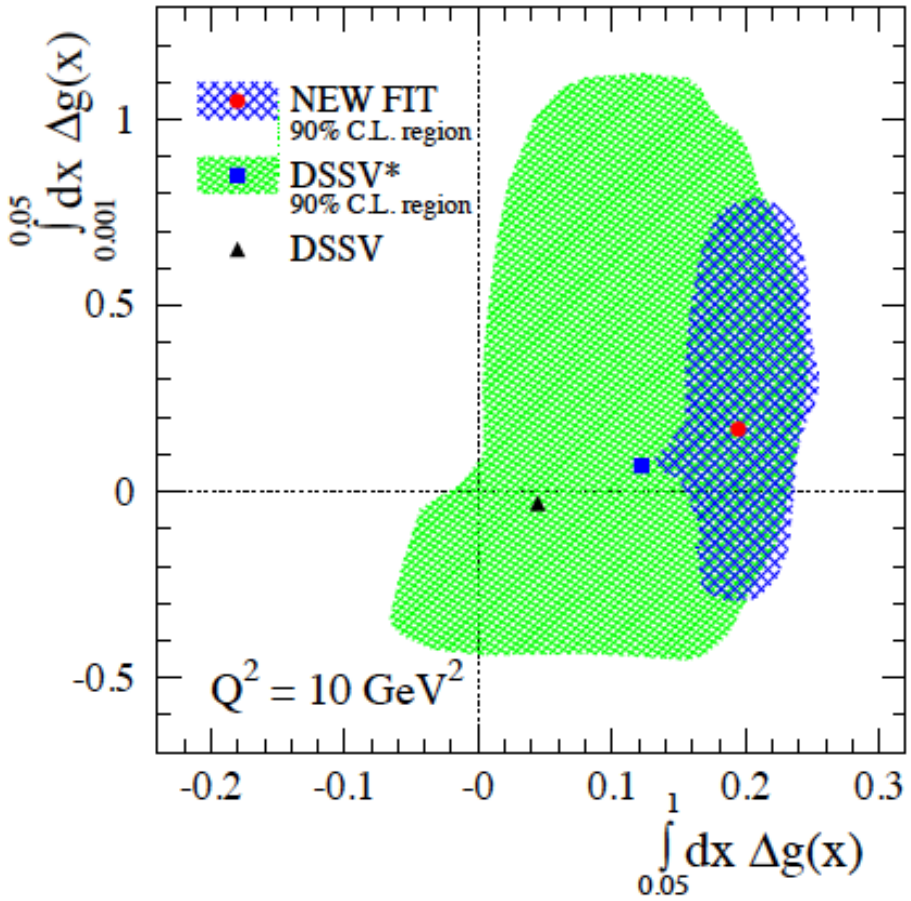

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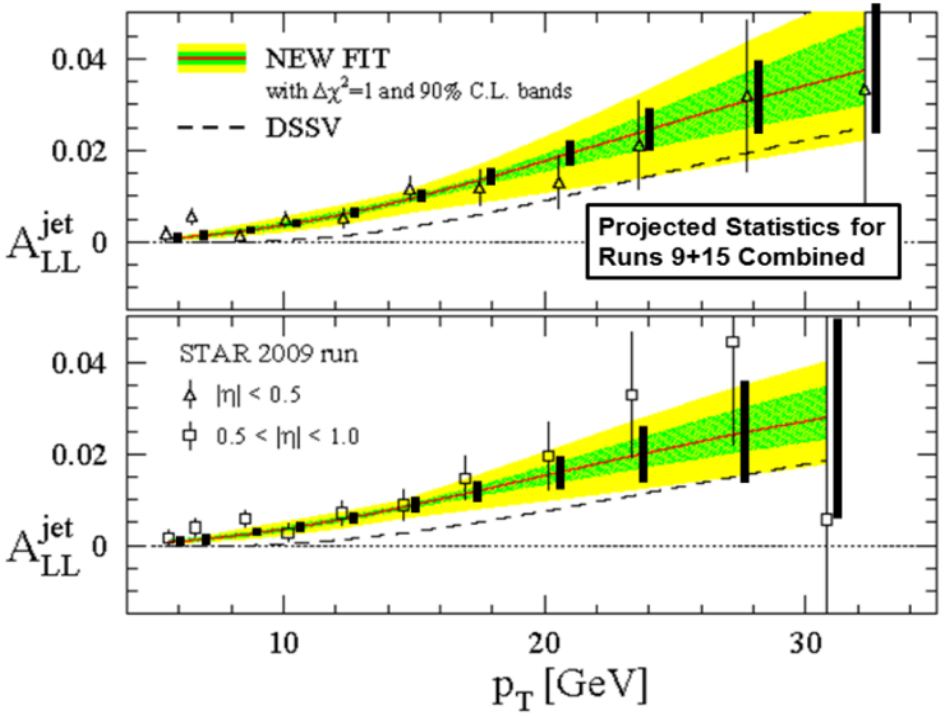
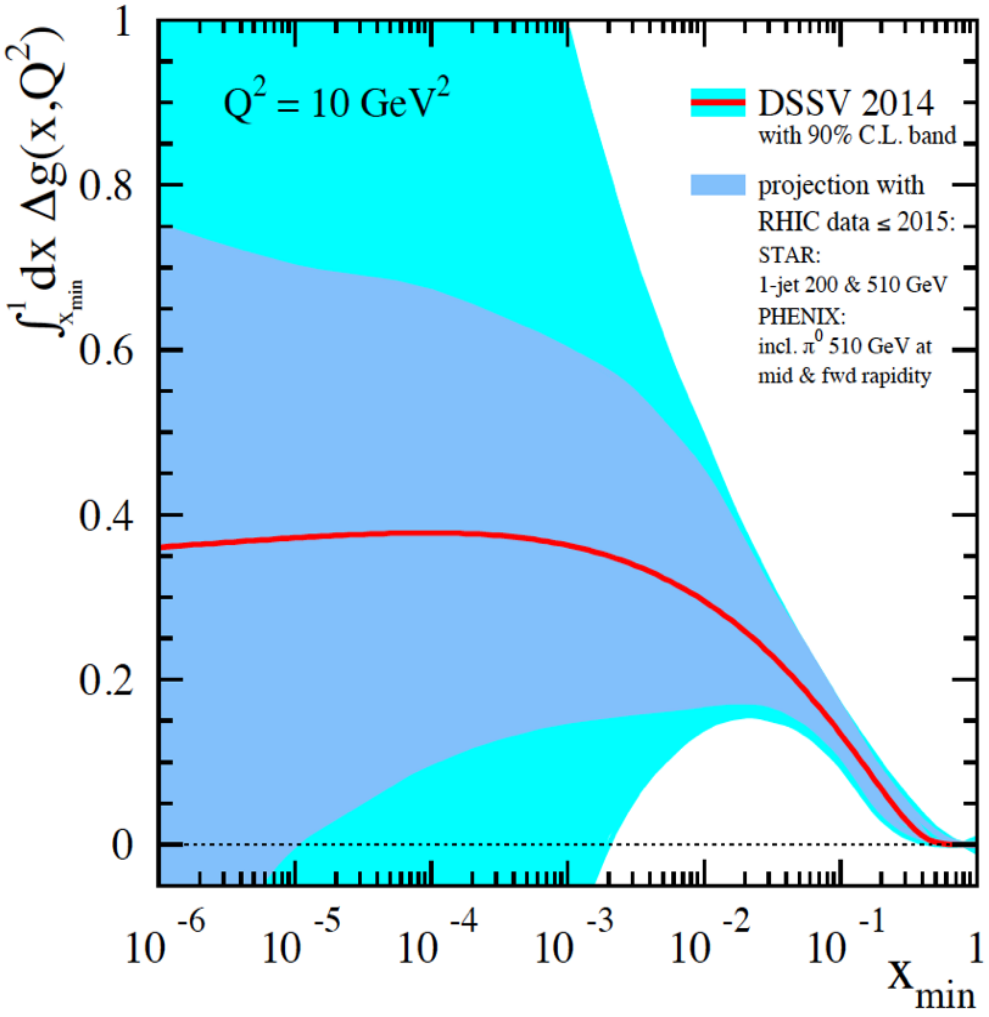
Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- Impact on Δg from RHIC data





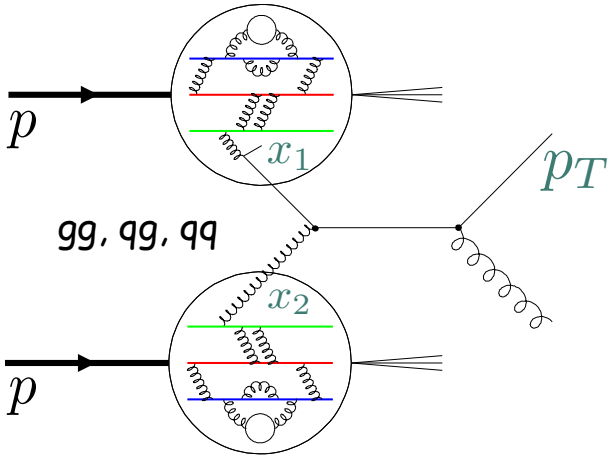
- Important constraint from 500GeV and forward rapidity measurements

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

RHIC Gluon polarization - Correlation Measurements

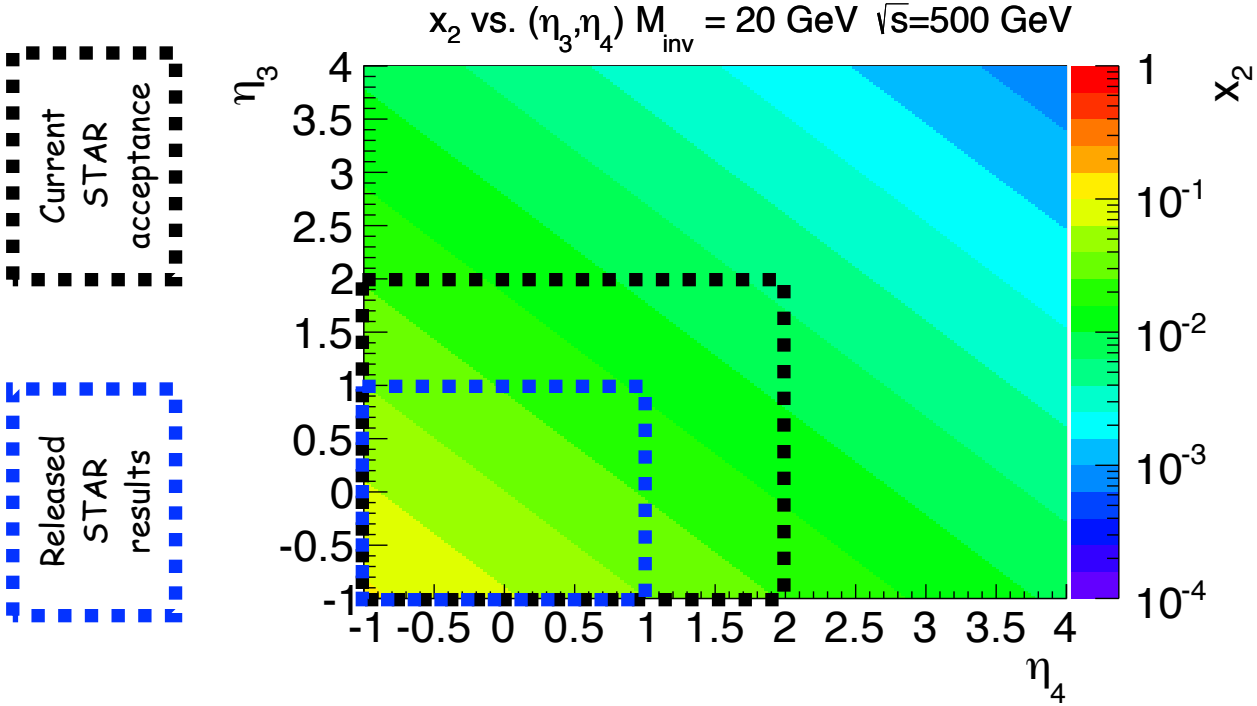
- Correlation measurements provide access to LO partonic kinematics through Di-Jet/Hadron production and Photon-Jet production:

$$x_{1\,(2)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}}\left(p_{T_3} e^{\eta_3(-\eta_3)} + p_{T_4} e^{\eta_4(-\eta_4)}\right)$$



Di-Jet production

- Bjorken x-coverage:

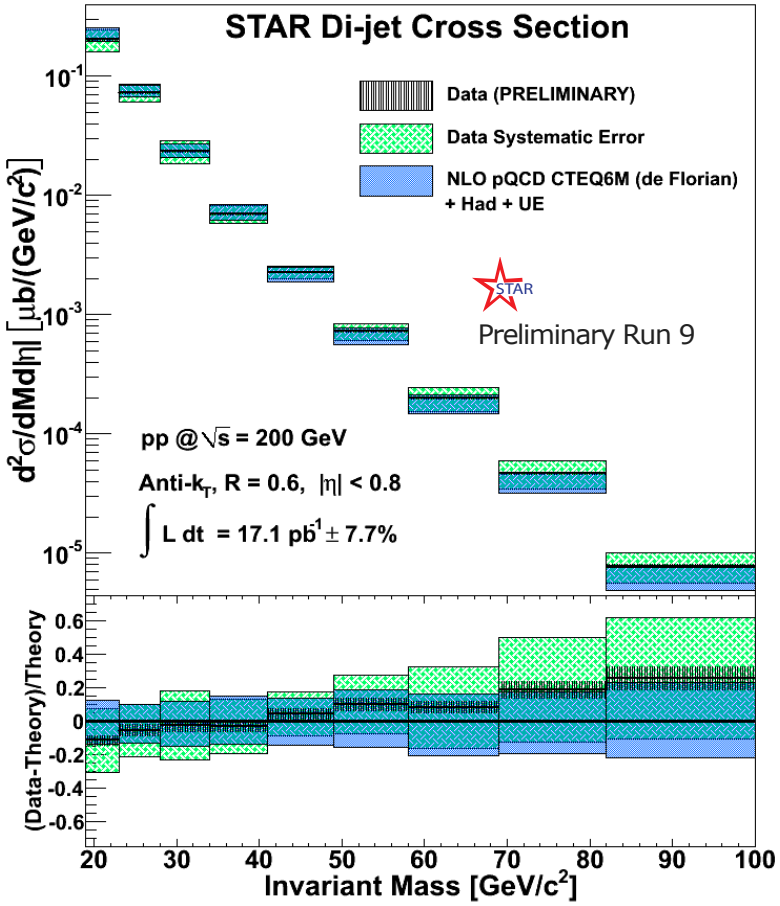


$$\eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln\frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

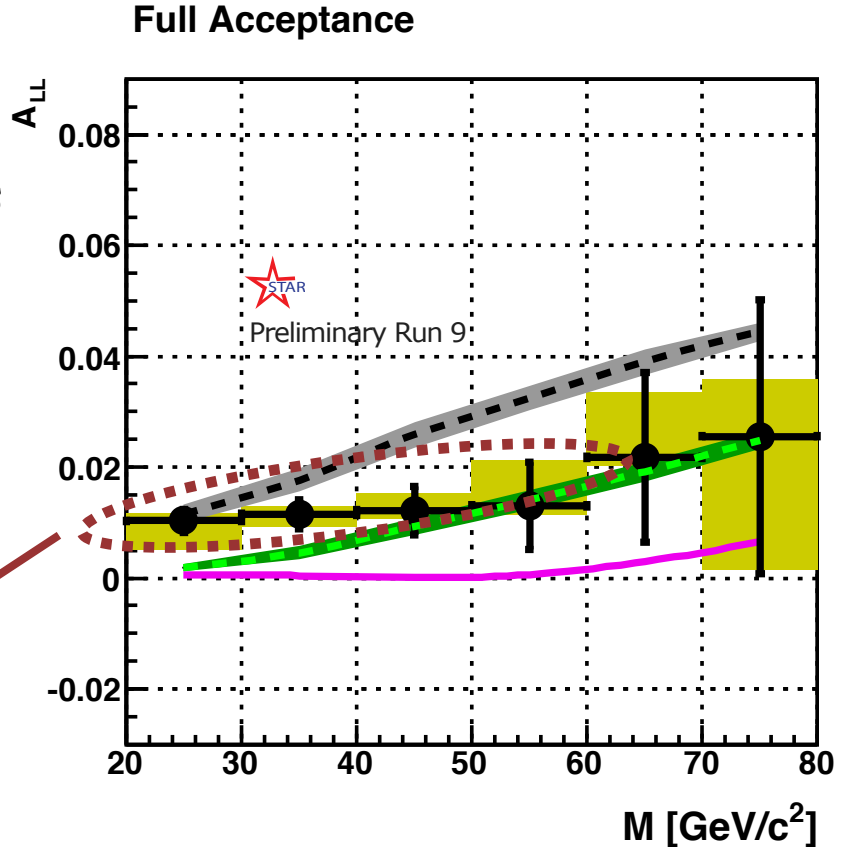
$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2}$$

Results / Status - Gluon related studies

- Mid-rapidity STAR Di-Jet cross-section (Run 9) and A_{LL} measurement (Run 9)



- Data are well described by NLO pQCD plus hadronization and underlying event corrections
- A_{LL} measurements fall in-between GRSV-STD and DSSV

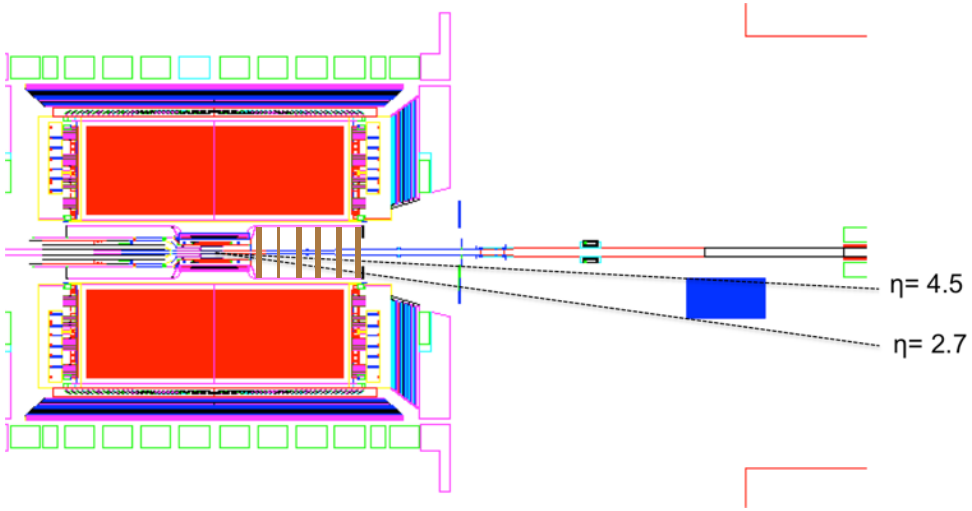


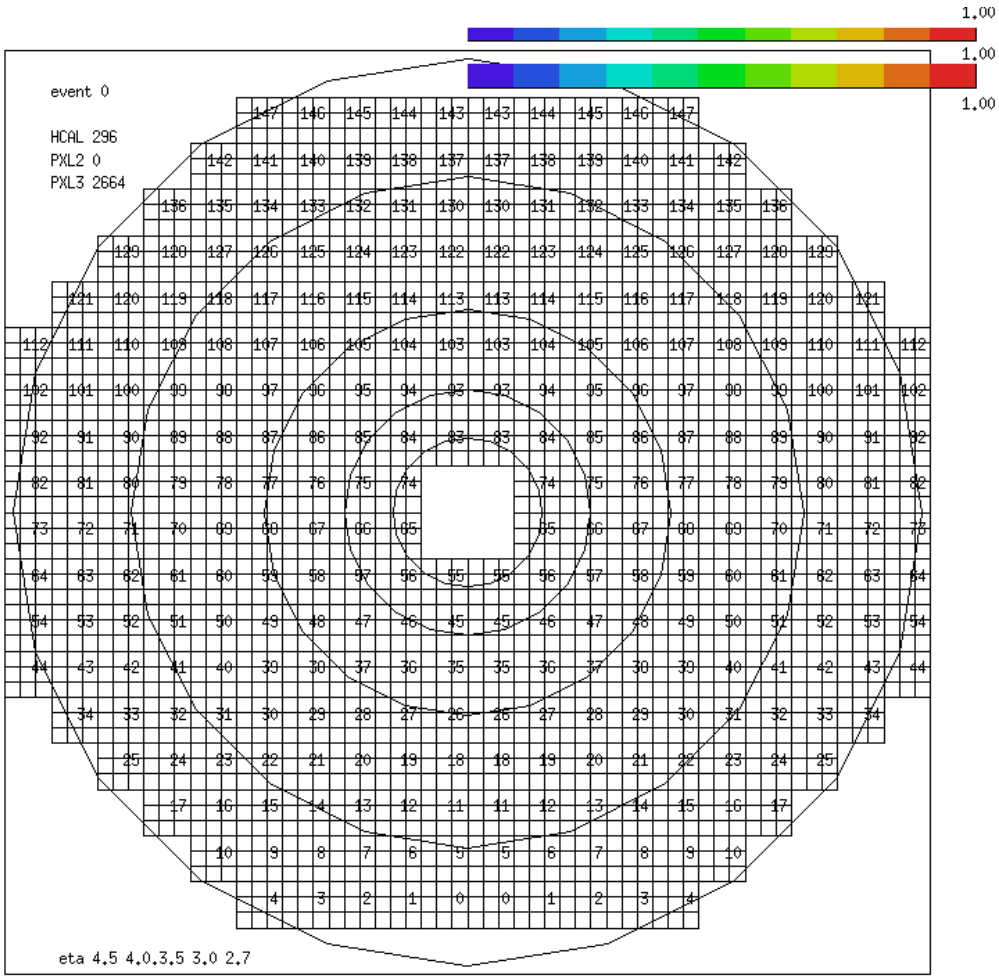
$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2} \qquad \eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln\frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 200\,GeV$$

Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- Possible forward detector layout (FCS / FTS: Forward Calor./ Tracking System)



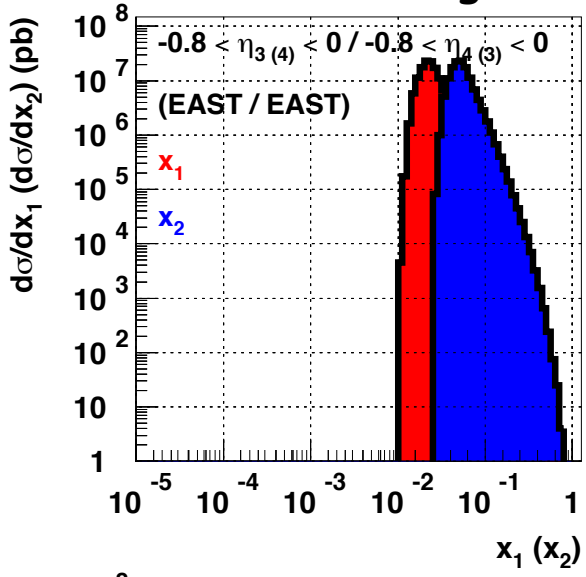


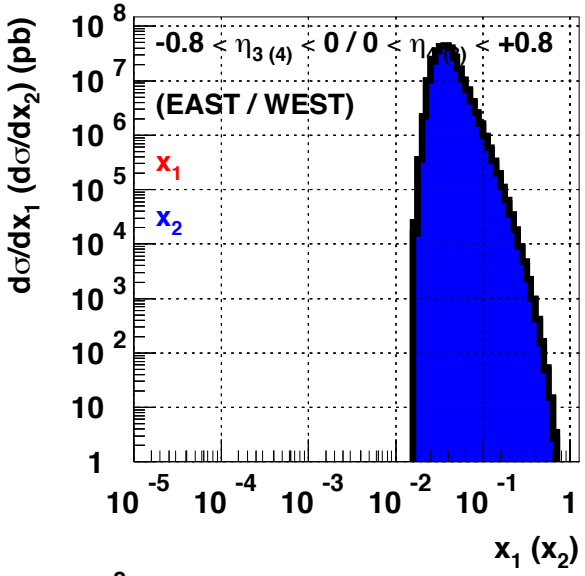
- Efficiencies for EAST / WEST / EEMC all defined using STAR jet efficiencies. For new forward calorimeter system FCS, assume hadronic calorimetry with 0.9
- All jet calculations at NLO (Code: D. deFlorian and W. Vogelsang) / simulations with di-jet E_T cuts of 5GeV/8GeV (Cone algo.)
- Systematics: Relative luminosity use $\delta R = 5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ (Run 9 Inclusive Jet value)
- P/L numbers : P = 60% and $L_{delivered} = 1000 pb^{-1}$ with 2/3 for $L_{recorded}$ / $L_{delivered}$ (~ 1 long RHIC run!)

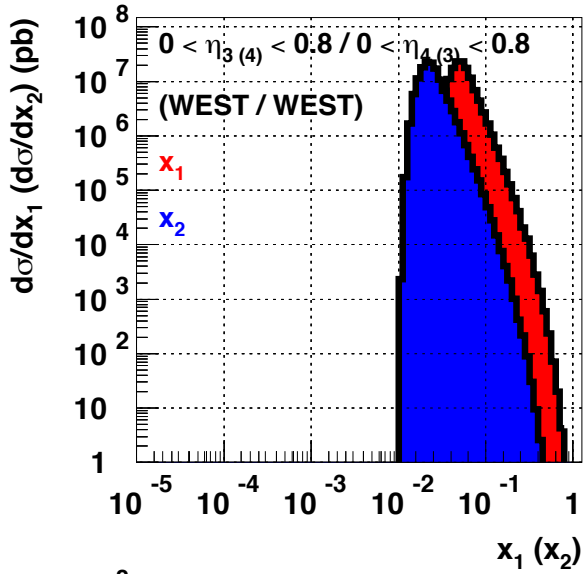
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

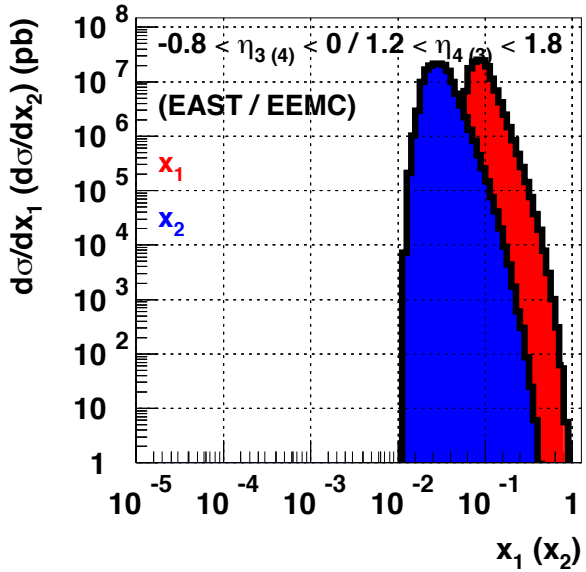
Kinematic coverage - Simulations / Central

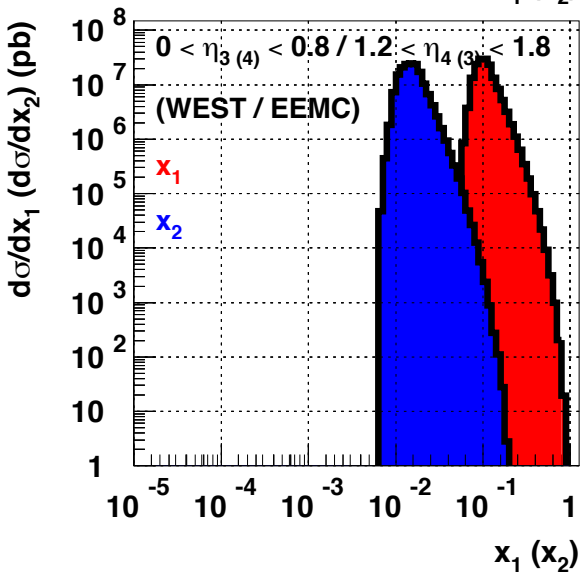
Cone alg. (R=0.7) / $E_{T3} > 5$GeV $E_{T4} > 8$GeV

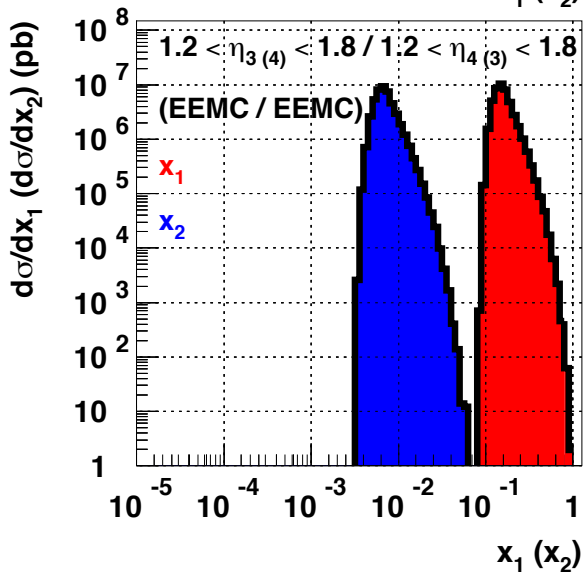












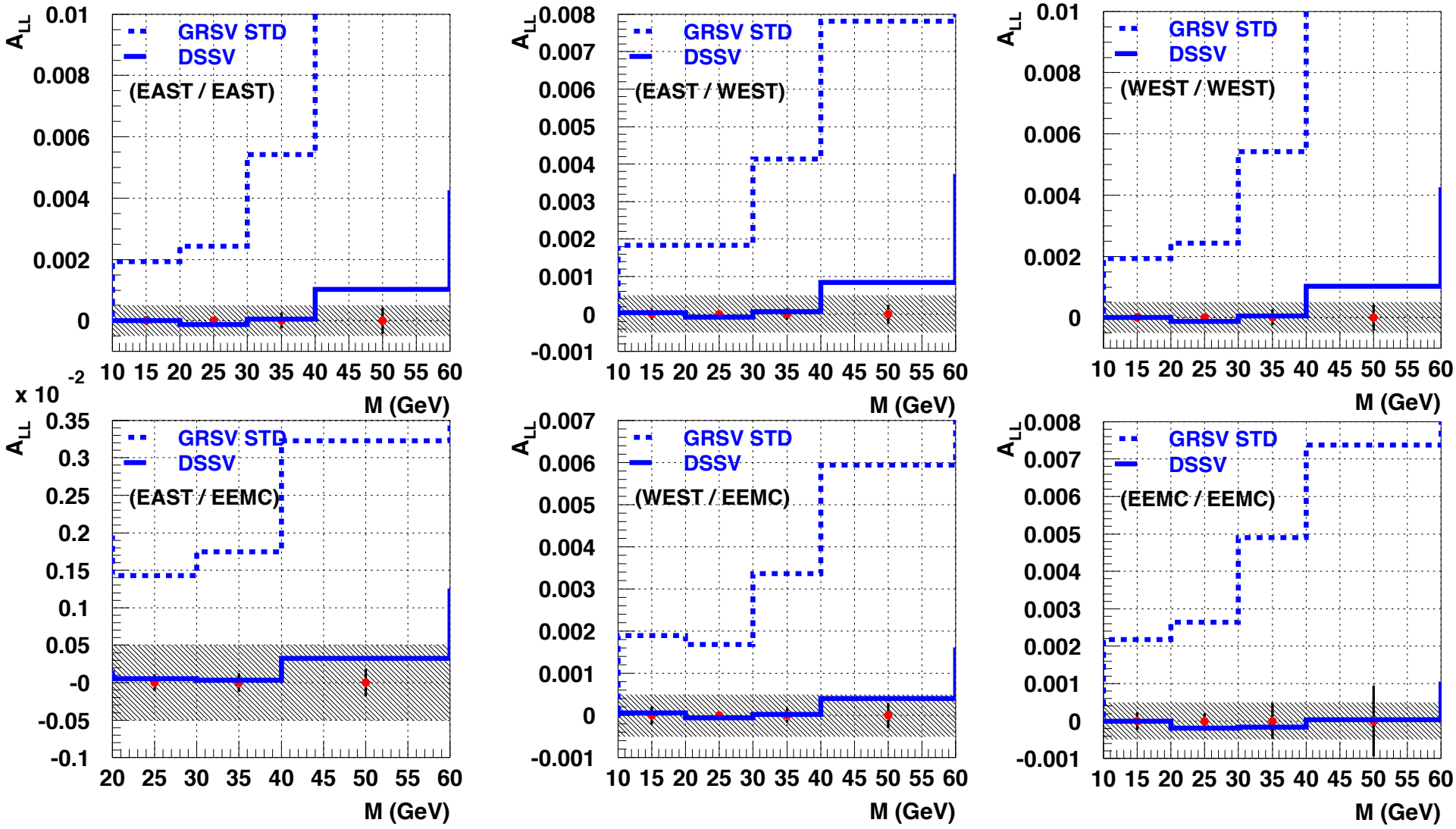
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- A_{LL} projections / Central

Cone alg. (R=0.7) / $E_{T3} > 5$GeV $E_{T4} > 8$GeV

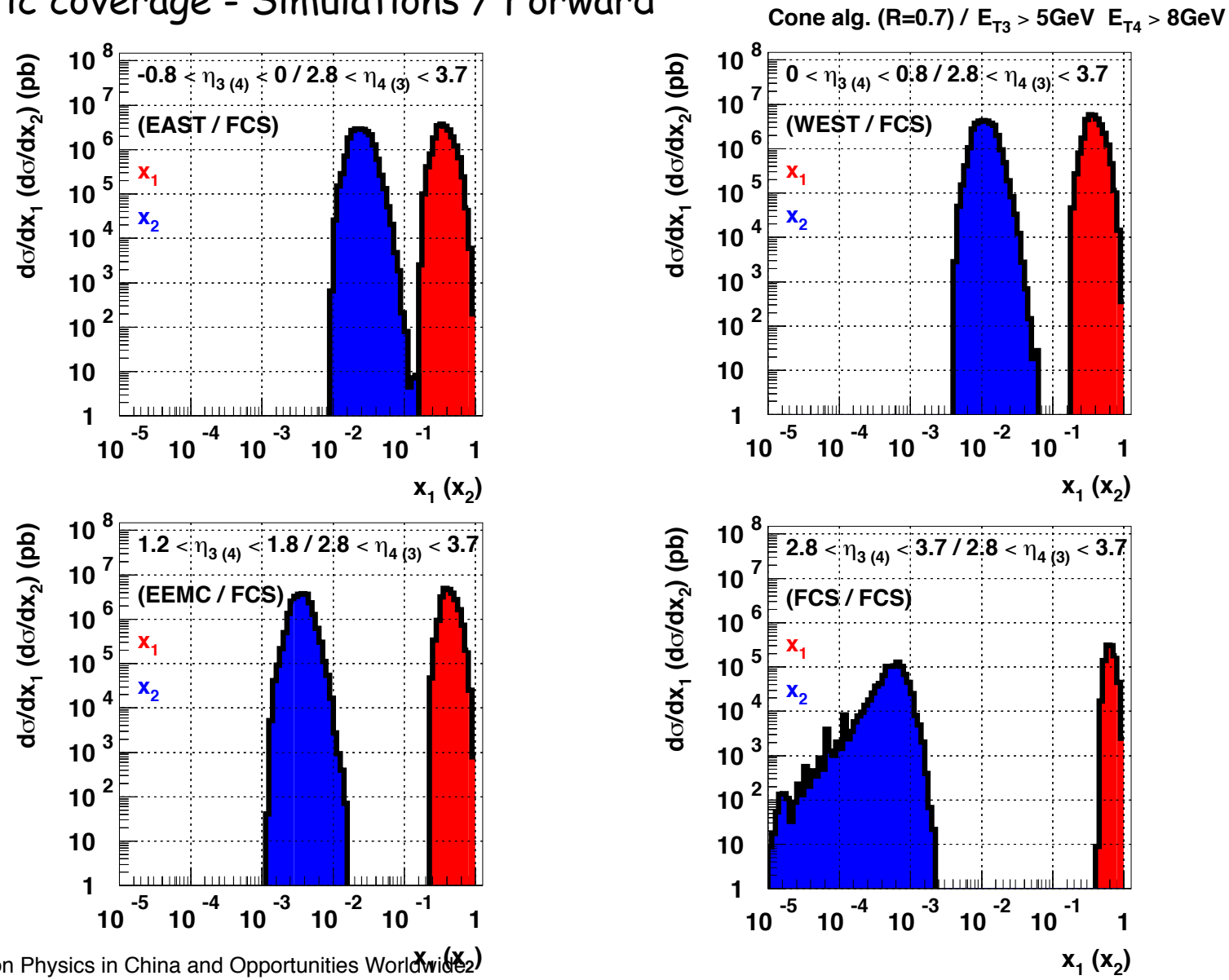
Delivered Luminosity = 1000pb^{-1}

Polarization = 60%



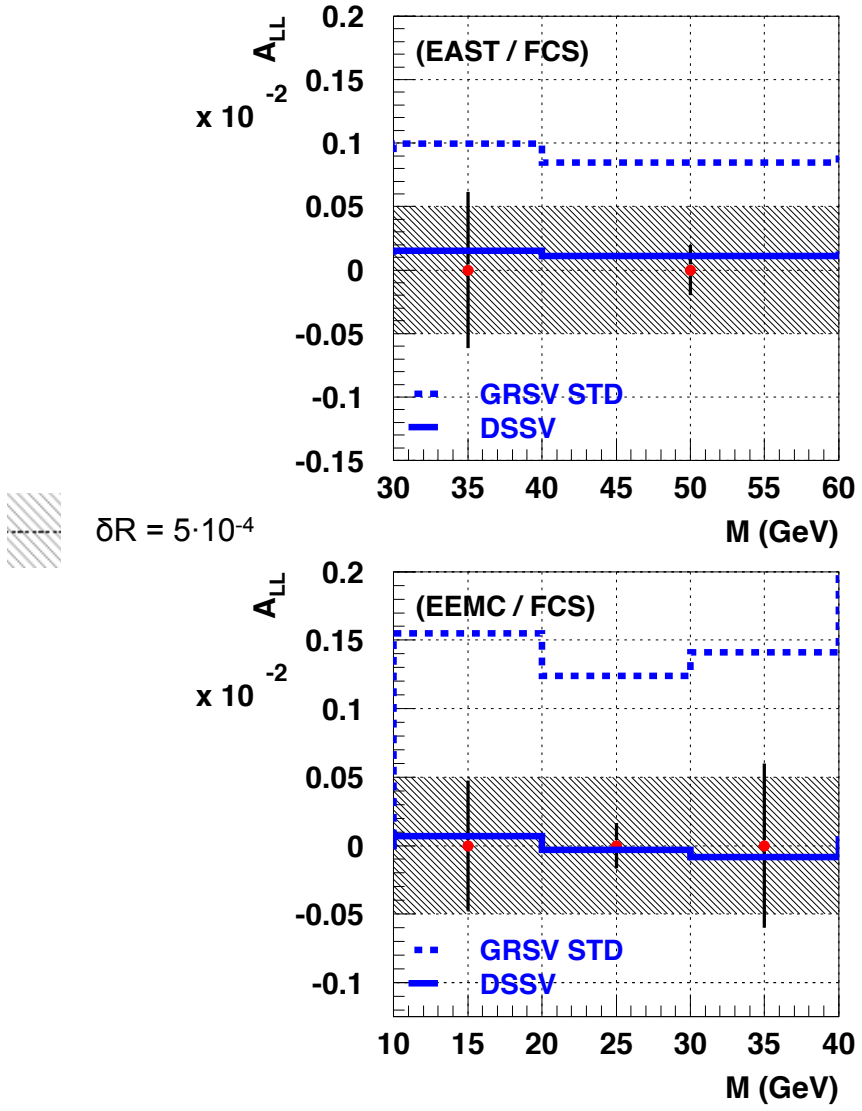
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- Kinematic coverage - Simulations / Forward



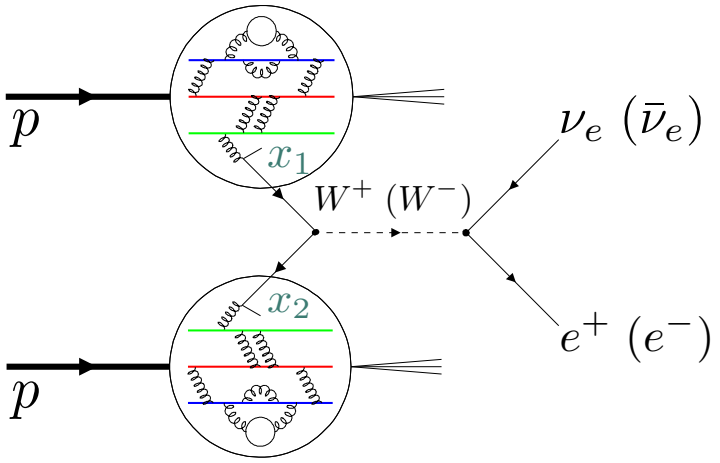
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- A_{LL} projections / Forward



Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- Probing the quark flavor structure: W boson production (1)



$$y_l = y_W + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}\ln\frac{1+\cos\theta^*}{1-\cos\theta^*}}_{y_l^*}$$

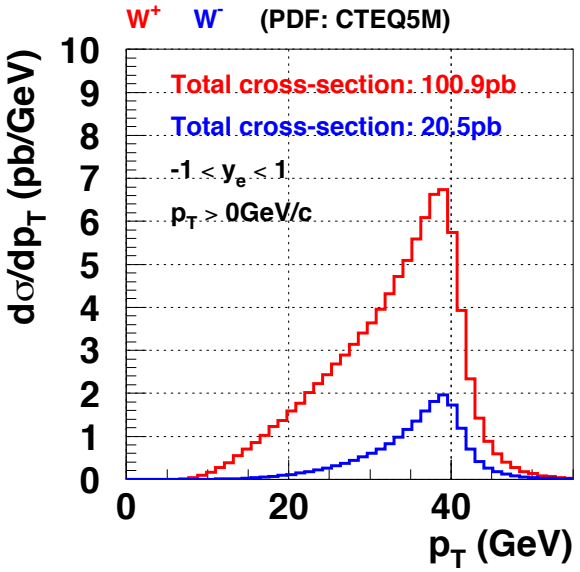
$$p_T = p_T^* = \frac{M_W}{2}\sin\theta^*$$

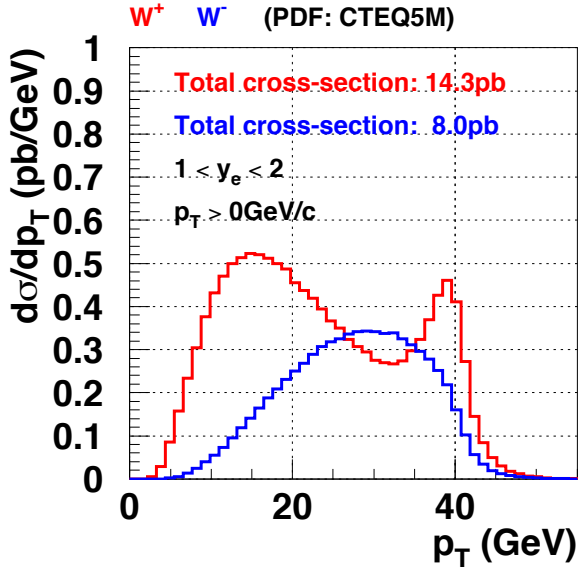
$$x_1 = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}}e^{y_W}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}}e^{-y_W}$$

$$\frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} = 0.16$$

- Key signature: High p_T lepton (e^-/e^+)(Max. $M_W/2$) - Selection of W^+/W^- : Charge sign discrimination of high p_T lepton
- Required: Lepton/Hadron discrimination

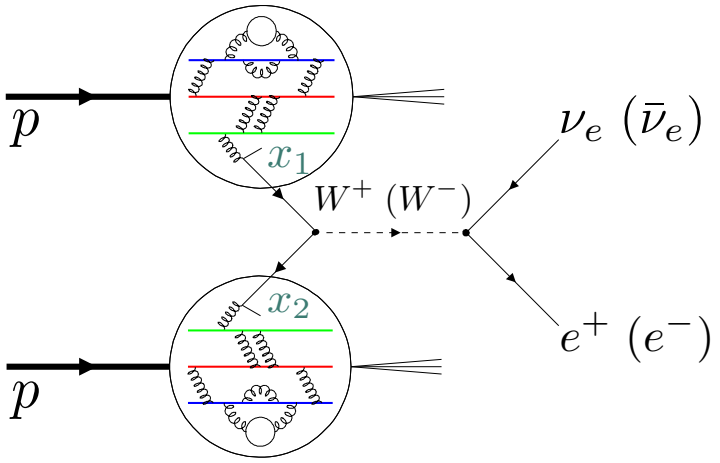




Total (√s=500GeV) σ(W⁺)=135pb and σ(W⁻)=42pb

Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- Probing the quark flavor structure: W boson production (1)



$$y_l = y_W + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}\ln\frac{1+\cos\theta^*}{1-\cos\theta^*}}_{y_l^*}$$

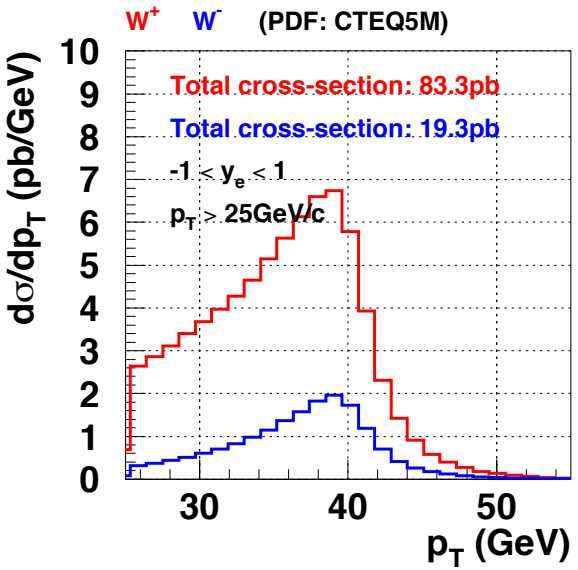
$$p_T = p_T^* = \frac{M_W}{2}\sin\theta^*$$

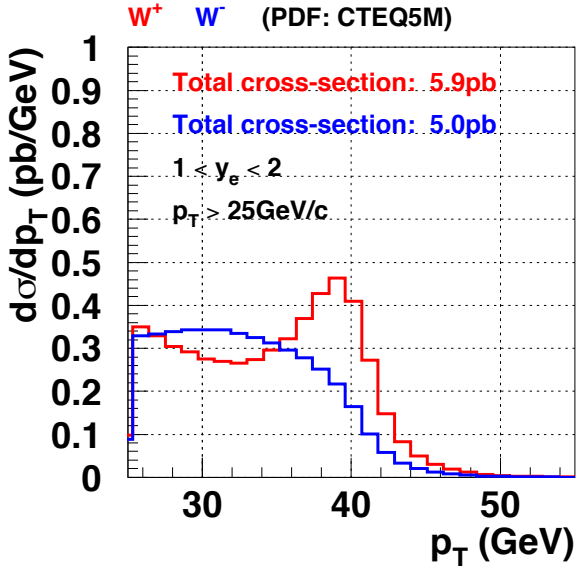
$$x_1 = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}}e^{y_W}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}}e^{-y_W}$$

$$\frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} = 0.16$$

- Key signature: High p_T lepton (e^-/e^+)(Max. $M_W/2$) - Selection of W^+/W^- : Charge sign discrimination of high p_T lepton
- Required: Lepton/Hadron discrimination

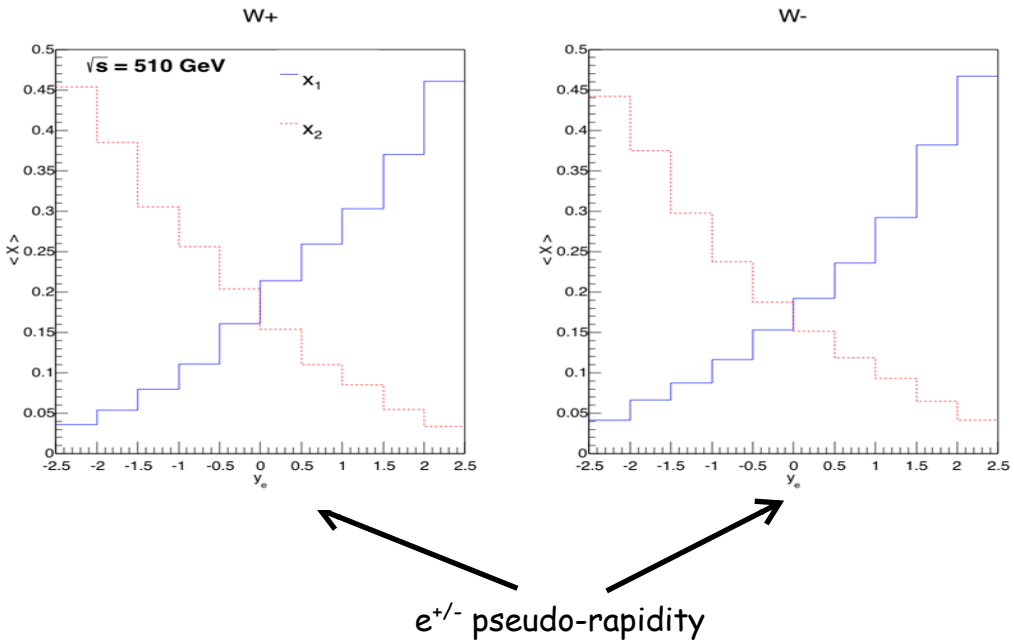


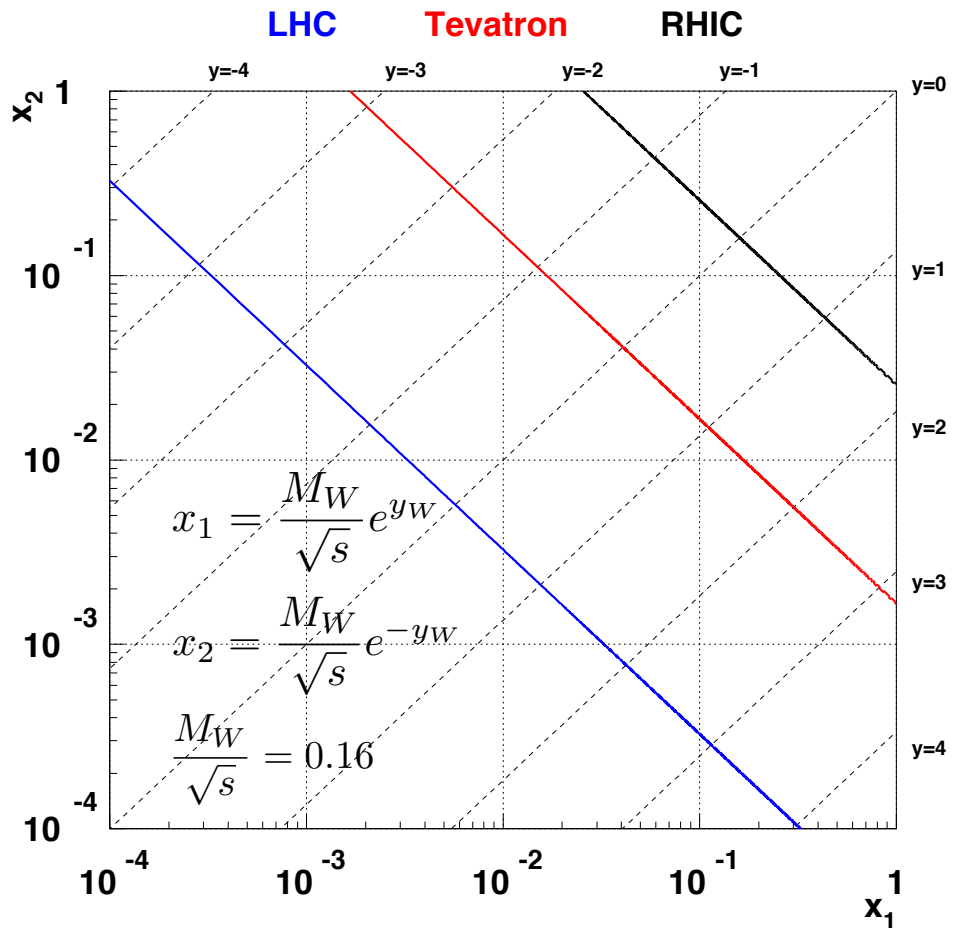


Total ($\sqrt{s}$=500GeV) $\sigma(W^+)$=135pb and $\sigma(W^-)$=42pb

Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- Probing the quark flavor structure: W boson production (2)





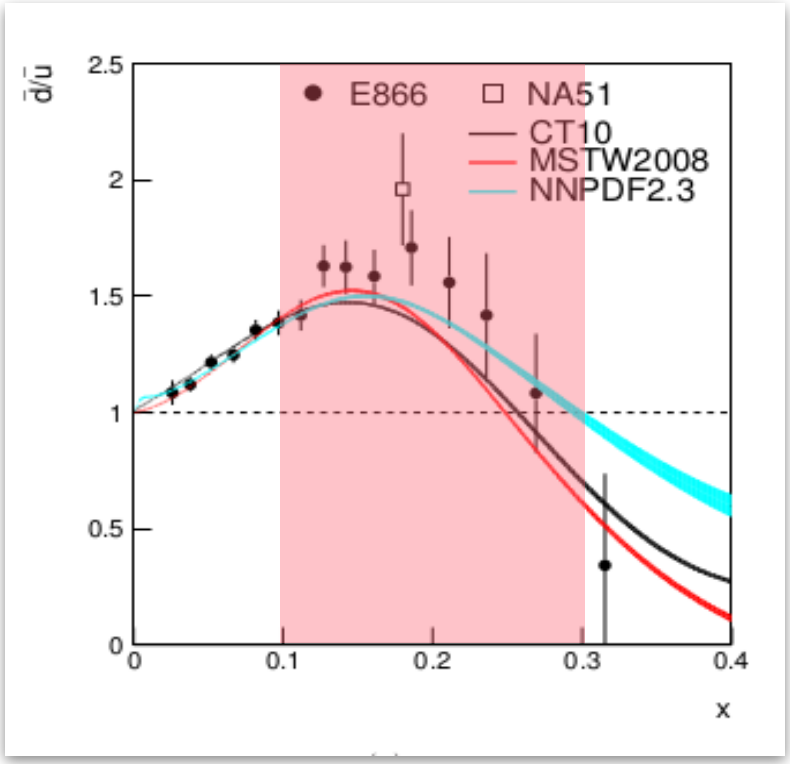
- Approximate kinematic range at RHIC:

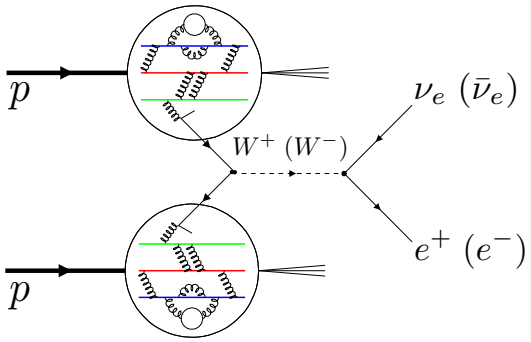
  $0.06 < x < 0.4$ for $-2 < \eta < 2$

- Measurement at LHC in high-x range would require very forward measurements

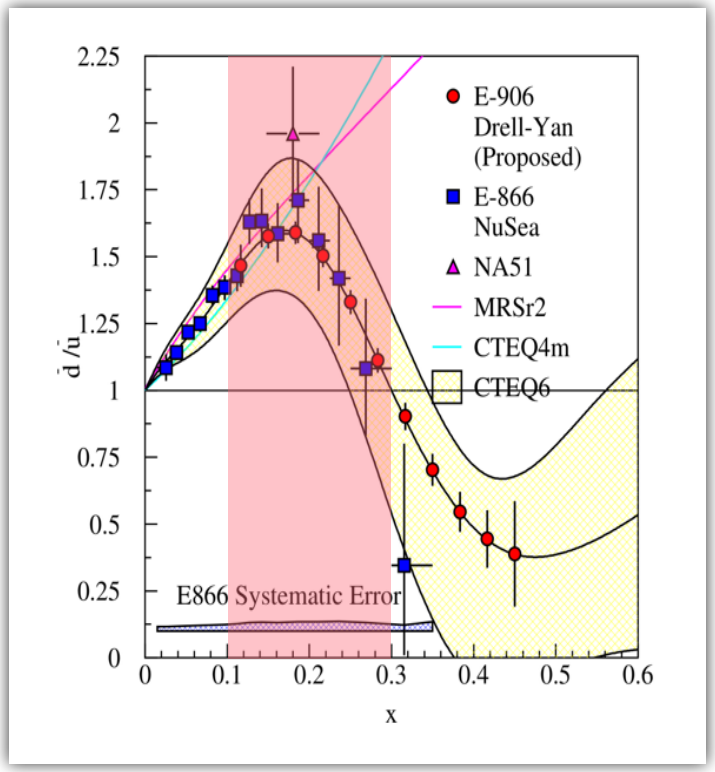
Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- Probing dbar / ubar ratio ar RHIC: QCD sea





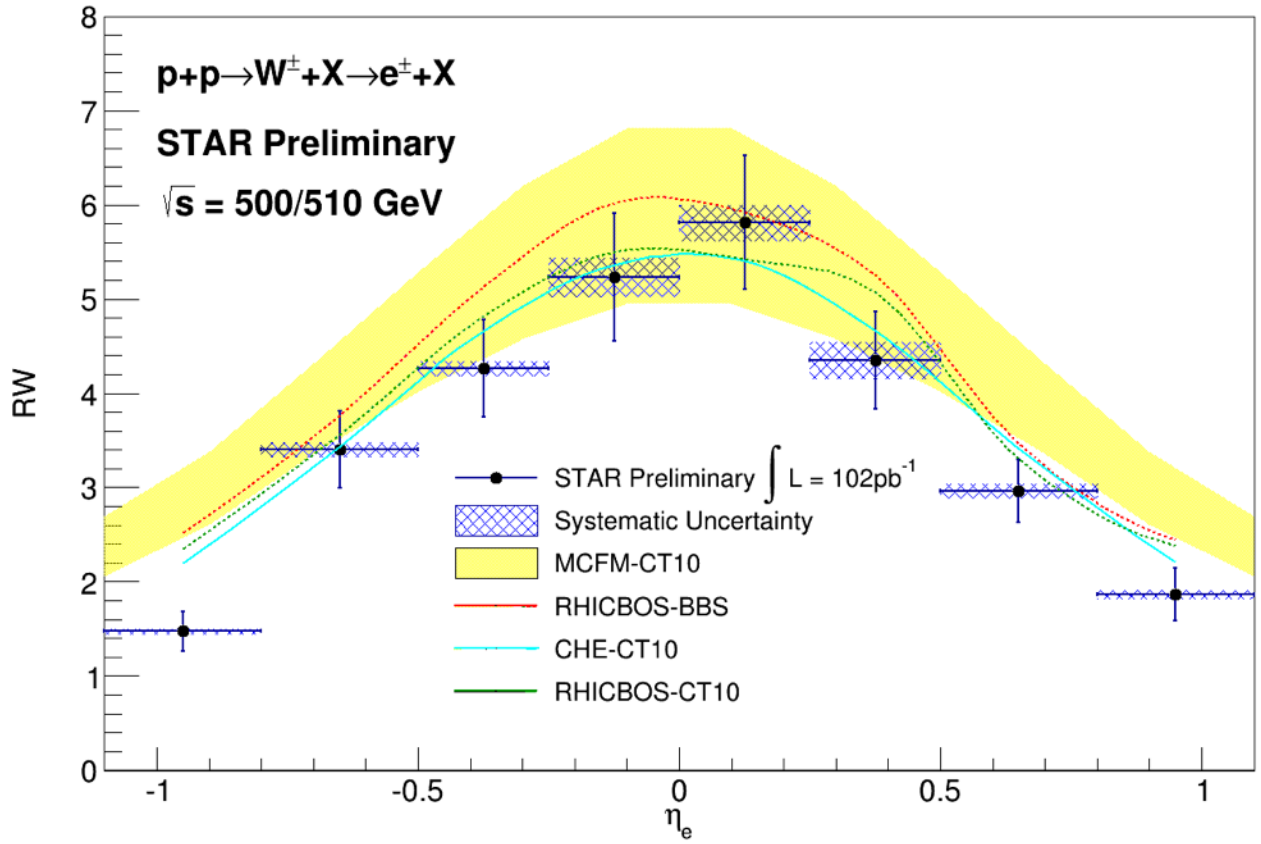
$$R(x_F) \equiv \frac{\sigma_{W^+}}{\sigma_{W^-}} = \frac{u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2) + \bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)}{\bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2) + d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2)}$$



- STAR coverage at mid-rapidity: 0.1 < x < 0.3 for -1 < η < 1
- Constraints on global fitting for dbar/ubar through W production at higher Q^2 compared E906
- Independent cross-check of Drell-Yan data

Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

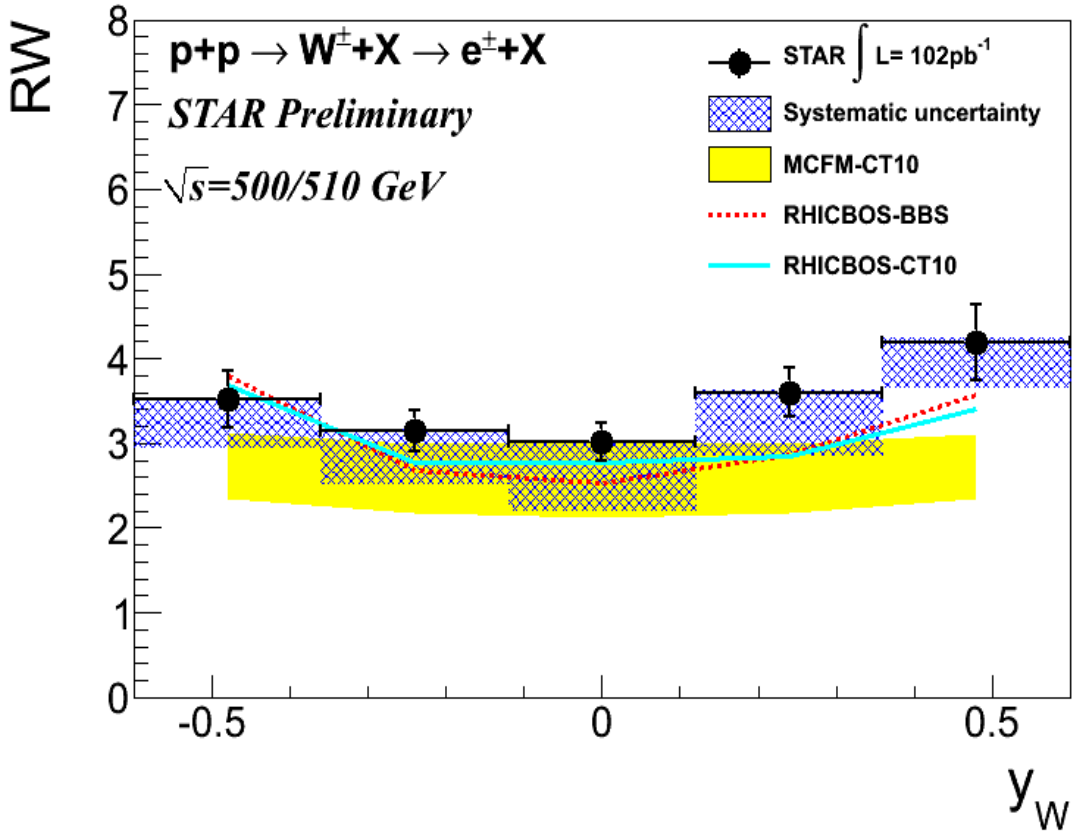
- W cross-section ratio measurements



- Run 11 + Run 12 preliminary result: ~100pb^{-1}
- Run 13 data sample with ~300pb^{-1} will provide important improvement on precision
- Planned Run 17 data sample of ~400pb^{-1}

Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- W cross-section ratio measurements

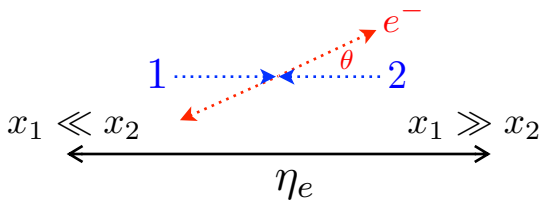


- W boson kinematics can be determined by reconstructing the W kinematics via its recoil
- Combination of data/MC simulations allows W boson rapidity reconstruction
- Critical for transverse single-spin asymmetry result of W production probing Sivers sign change

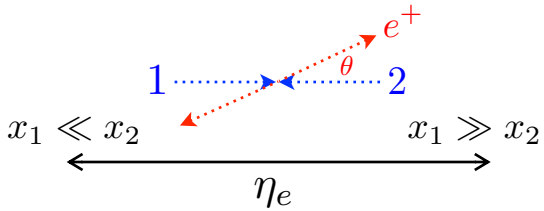
Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

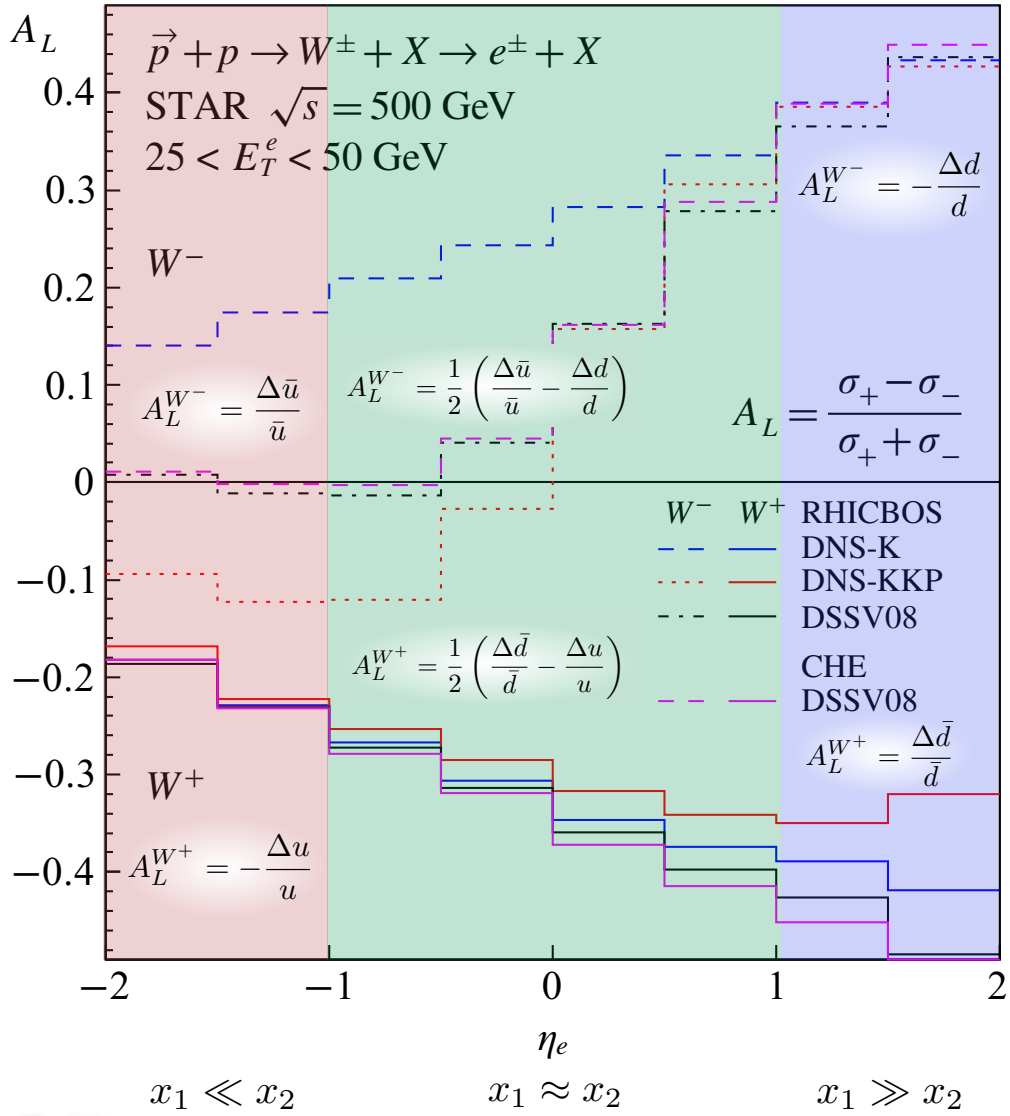
- Probing the quark flavor structure: W boson production

$$A_L^{e^-} \approx \frac{\int_{\otimes(x_1,x_2)} [\Delta\bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2)(1-\cos\theta)^2 - \Delta d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2)(1+\cos\theta)^2]}{\int_{\otimes(x_1,x_2)} [\bar{u}(x_1)d(x_2)(1-\cos\theta)^2 + d(x_1)\bar{u}(x_2)(1+\cos\theta)^2]}$$



$$A_L^{e^+} \approx \frac{\int_{\otimes(x_1,x_2)} [\Delta\bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)(1+\cos\theta)^2 - \Delta u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2)(1-\cos\theta)^2]}{\int_{\otimes(x_1,x_2)} [\bar{d}(x_1)u(x_2)(1+\cos\theta)^2 + u(x_1)\bar{d}(x_2)(1-\cos\theta)^2]}$$





Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

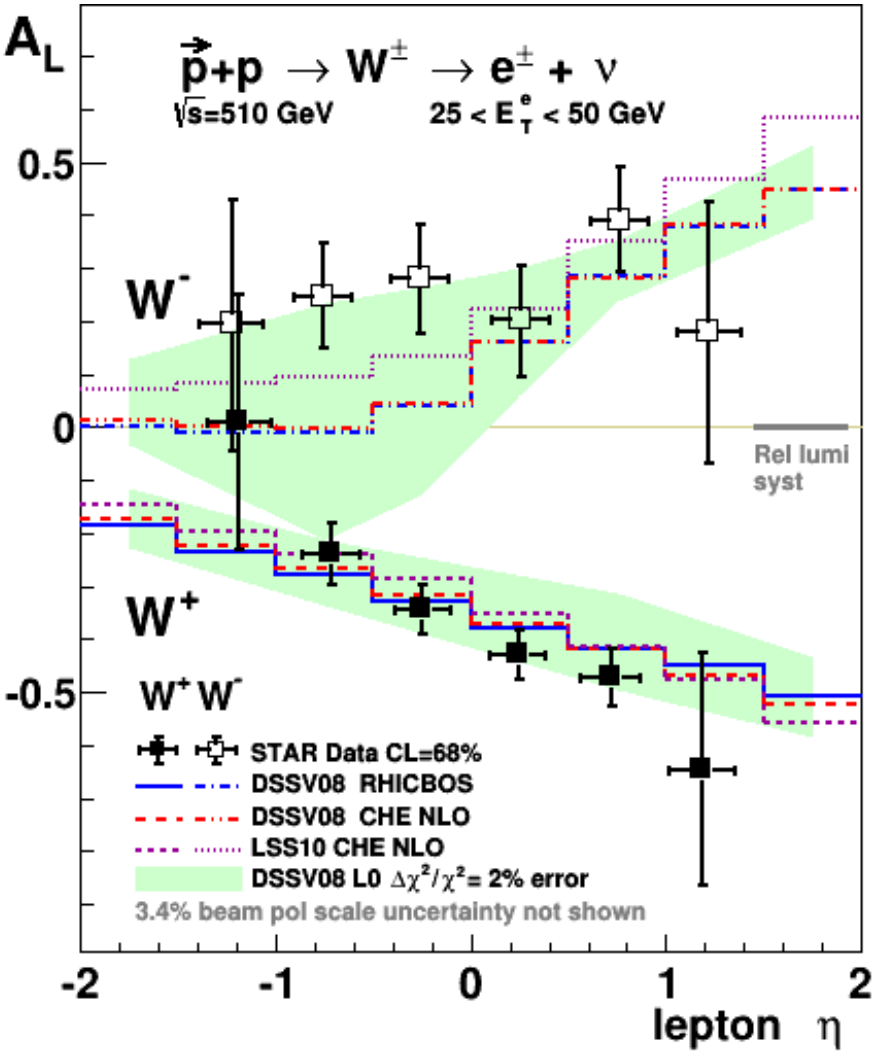
- STAR W A_L results / projections

Measured asymmetries constrain anti-quark polarizations: Larger asymmetry for W^- suggest large anti-u quark polarization!

Critical: Measurement of W^+ and W^- asymmetries as a function η_e

Extension of backward / forward η_e acceptance enhances sensitivity to anti-u / anti-d quark polarization

⇒ STAR Forward GEM Tracker ($1<|\eta_e|<2$)



L. Adamczyk et al. (STAR Collaboration), arXiv:1404.6880

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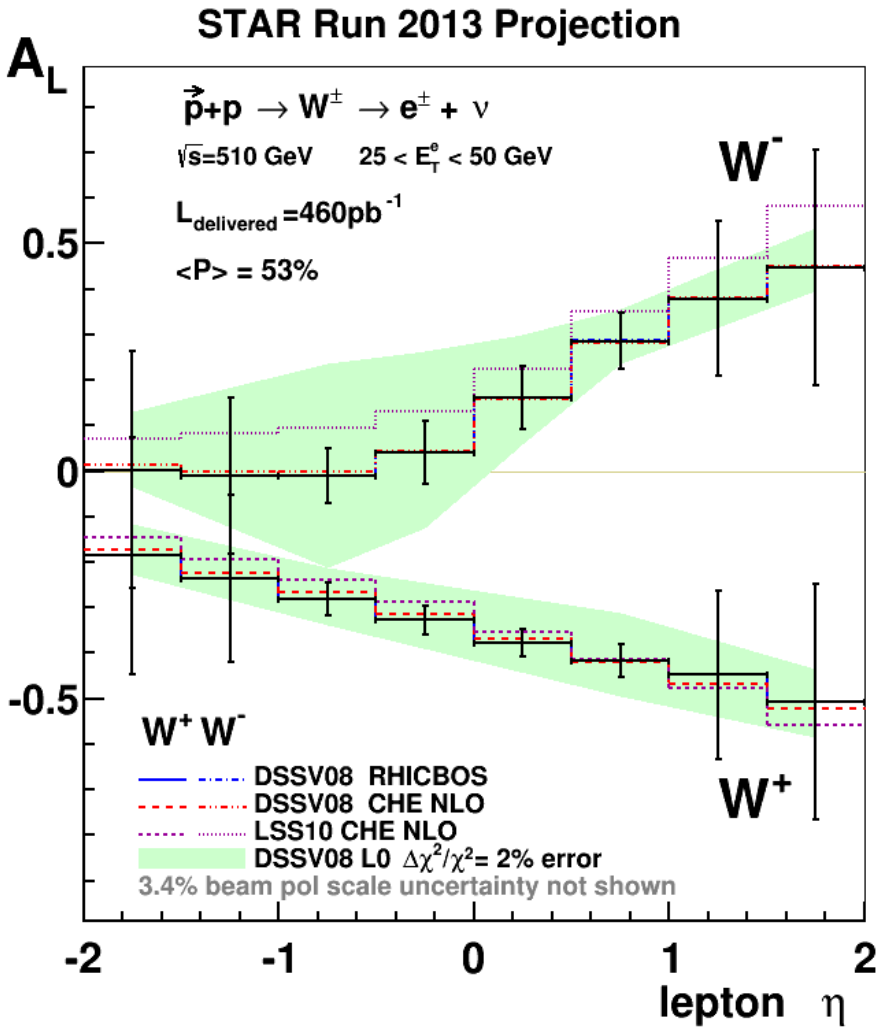

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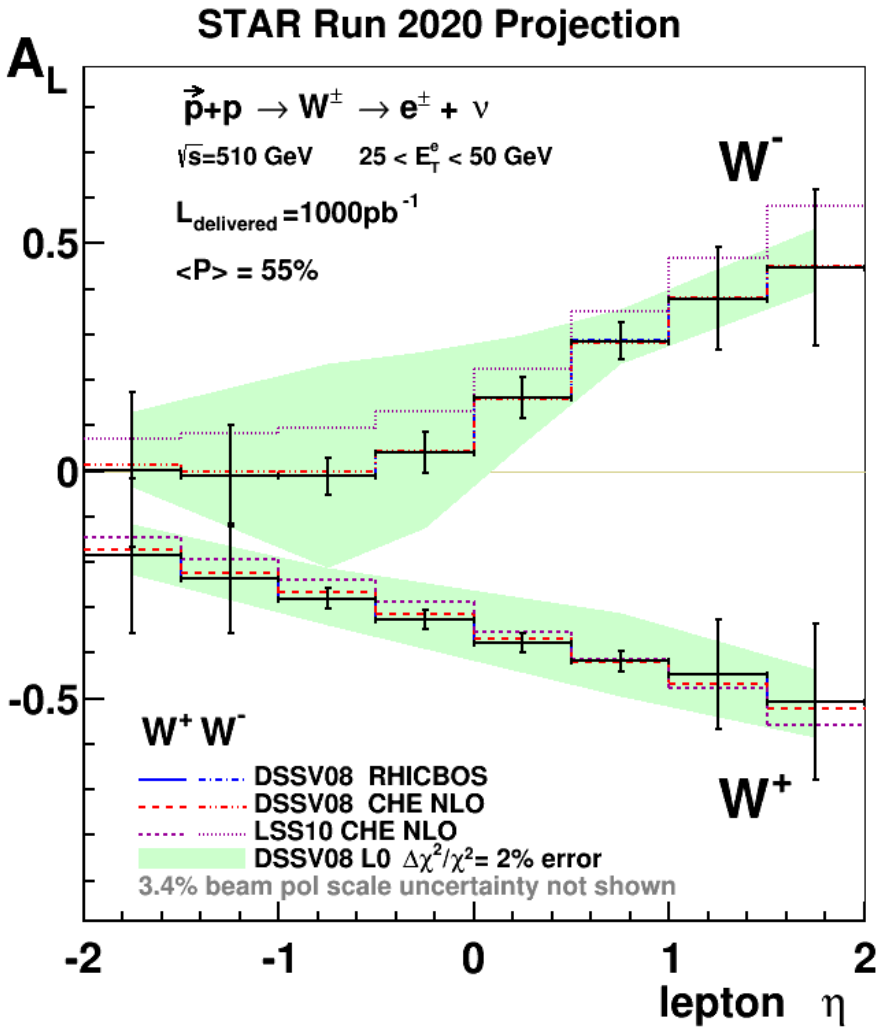
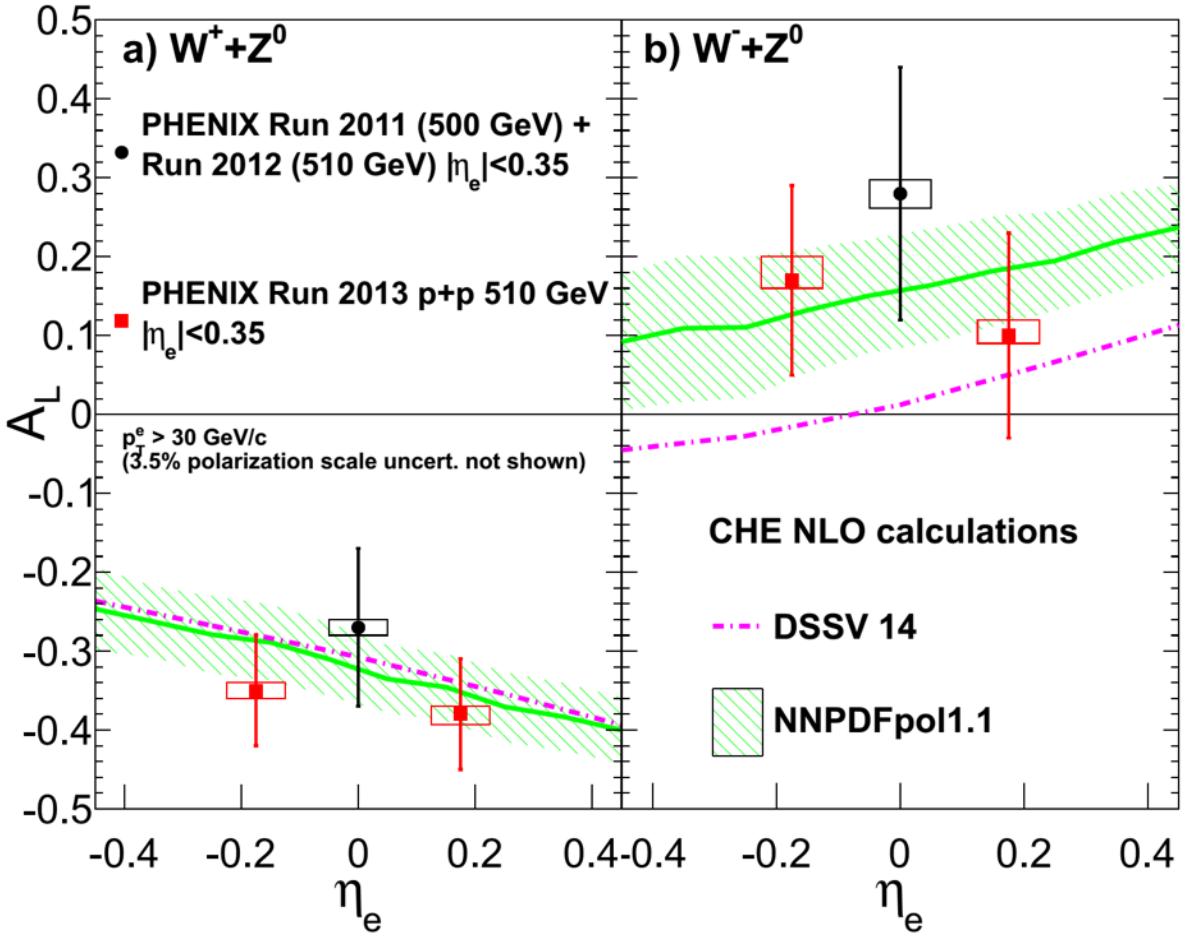


Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

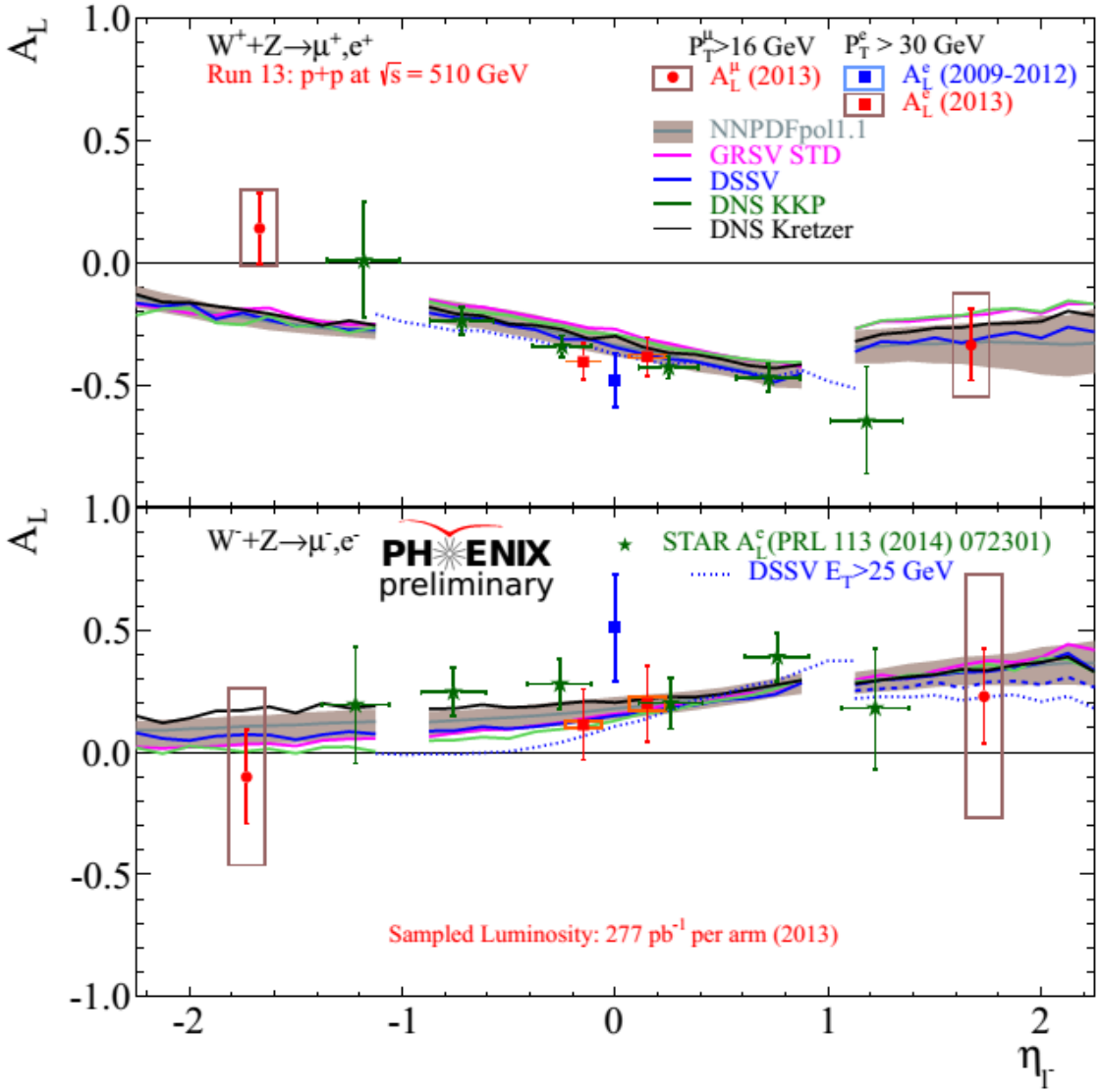
- PHENIX W A_L mid-rapidity results



- Run 11+12: Mid-rapidity results in good agreement with DSSV14

Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- PHENIX W A_L mid-rapidity and forward rapidity results



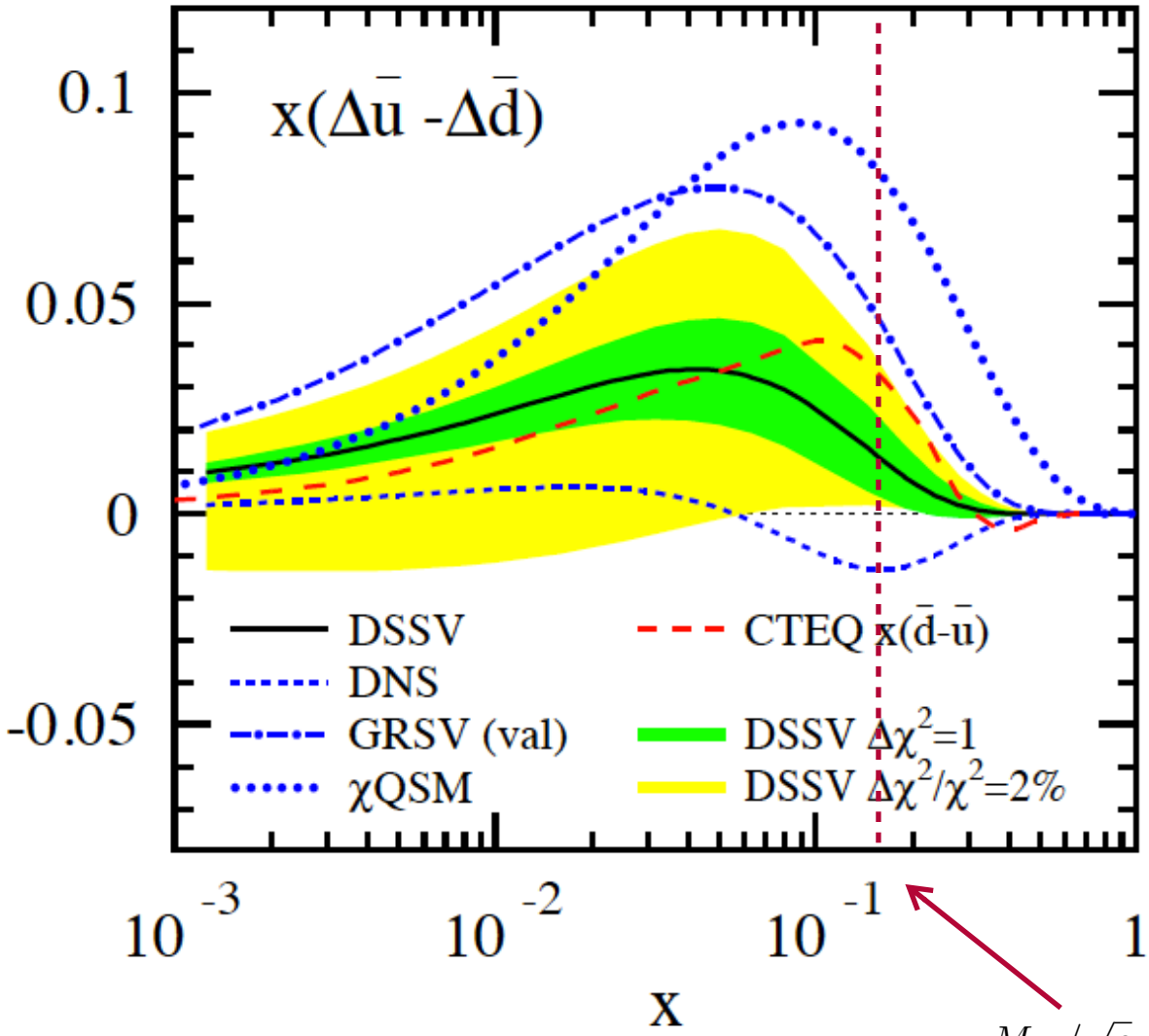
- Compilation of PHENIX Run 13 forward rapidity and mid-rapidity results together with STAR mid-rapidity results

Results / Status - q / qbar related studies

- Impact of new DSSV global fit result

D. de Florian et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 101 (2008) 072001

RHIC Spin Collaboration (2012)



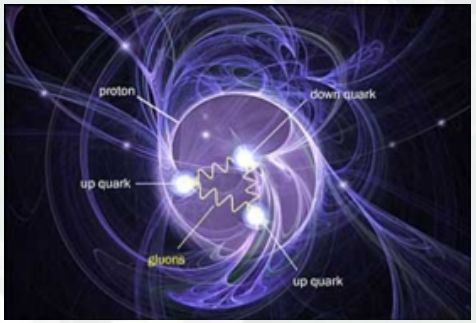
- From recent DSSV++ result incl. STAR A_L data:

$$\int_{0.05}^{1} \Delta\bar{u}(x,Q^2)dx \approx 0.02$$

$$\int_{0.05}^{1} \Delta\bar{d}(x,Q^2)dx \approx -0.05$$

Summary / Outlook

- Gluon polarization program
  - Several final states (Hadron / Jet) have been measured all pointing to the same conclusion that the gluon polarization is small consistent with COMPASS findings
  - Precise Run 9 A_{LL} measurement: Non-zero ΔG of similar magnitude as quark polarization!
  - First Di-Jet measurement opens the path to constrain the shape of Δg
  - New inclusive jet cross-section: Important constrain for unpol. gluon at high x



- W boson program
  - Mid-rapidity: New W^- results suggest large anti-u quark polarization along with broken QCD sea
  - Strong physics case of unpolarized dbar/ubar probe using W production
  - Backward/Forward rapidity: Upgrade of PHENIX forward muon detector (Muon Trigger) and STAR FGT (Forward GEM Tracker)
- Run 13 / 15 and future
  - Run 13: Long. 510GeV Run 13 (~300pb^{-1} rec.): W (Anti-quarks) and Jet production (Gluons)
  - Run 15: 200GeV (Run 15) with long. / trans. pol. p-p running and for the first time polarized p-A running
  - Future (Run 17 and beyond): Additional long 500GeV prod. runs Drell-Yan (Run 17) and Forward Di-Jets