

New Results Of SIDIS Kaon SSA and Inclusive Hadron SSA For Transversity(E06010) Experiment



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Outline

- **Introduction of Transversity(E06010) experiment at Jefferson Lab Hall A**
 - Physics motivation
 - Setup of the experiment
- **Preliminary results of SIDIS Kaon SSA**
 - PID : electron@Bigbite kaon@LHRS
 - Collins and Sivers asymmetry
- **Preliminary results of Inclusive Hadron SSA**

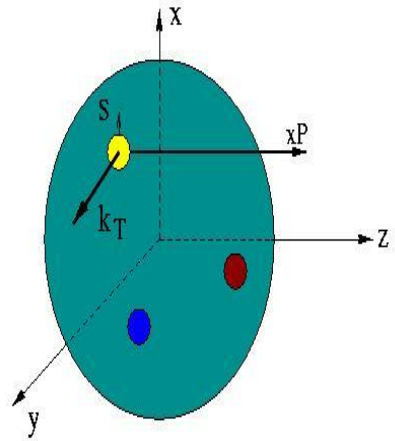
Introduction of Transversity(E06010) experiment at Jefferson Lab Hall A

- Physics motivation
- Setup of the experiment

Unified View of Nucleon Structure

$W_p^u(x, k_T, r)$ Wigner distributions (X. Ji)

6D Dist.

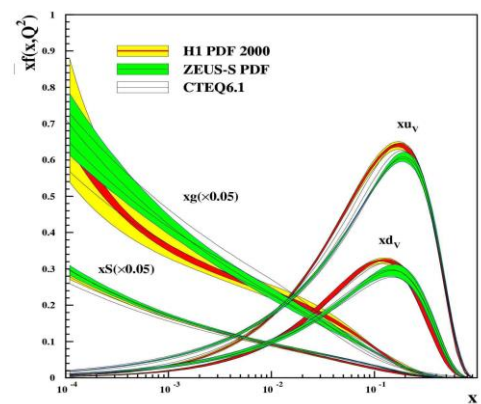
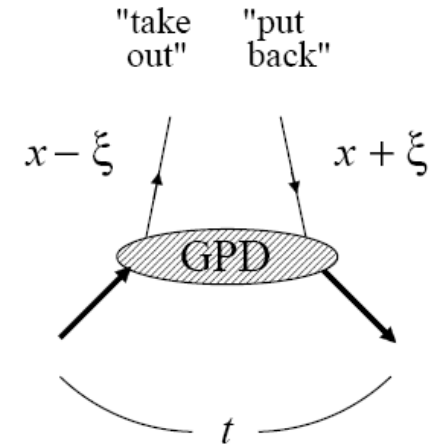


d^3r $d^2k_T dr_z$

TMD PDFs
 $f_1^u(x, k_T), \dots$
 $h_1^u(x, k_T)$

GPDs/IPDs

3D imaging



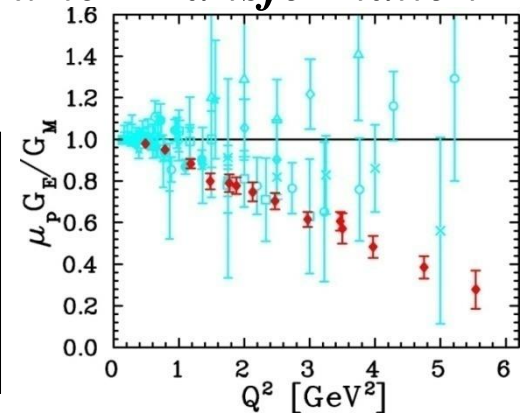
d^2k_T d^2r_T

PDFs
 $f_1^u(x), \dots, h_1^u(x)$

1D

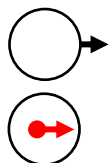
Form Factors
 $G_E(Q^2),$
 $G_M(Q^2)$

dx & **Fourier Transformation**



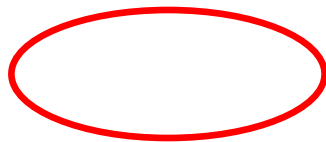
Leading-Twist TMD PDFs(TMDs)

		Quark polarization		
		Unpolarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	$f_1 = \text{⊙}$		$h_1^\perp = \text{⊙} \downarrow - \text{⊙} \uparrow$ Boer-Mulders
	L		$g_1 = \text{⊙} \rightarrow - \text{⊙} \rightarrow$ Helicity	$h_{1L}^\perp = \text{⊙} \rightarrow \uparrow - \text{⊙} \rightarrow \downarrow$ Worm Gear
	T	$f_{1T}^\perp = \text{⊙} \uparrow - \text{⊙} \downarrow$ Sivers	$g_{1T} = \text{⊙} \rightarrow \uparrow - \text{⊙} \rightarrow \downarrow$ Worm Gear	$h_1 = \text{⊙} \uparrow - \text{⊙} \downarrow$ Transversity $h_{1T}^\perp = \text{⊙} \rightarrow \uparrow - \text{⊙} \rightarrow \downarrow$ Pretzelosity



Nucleon Spin

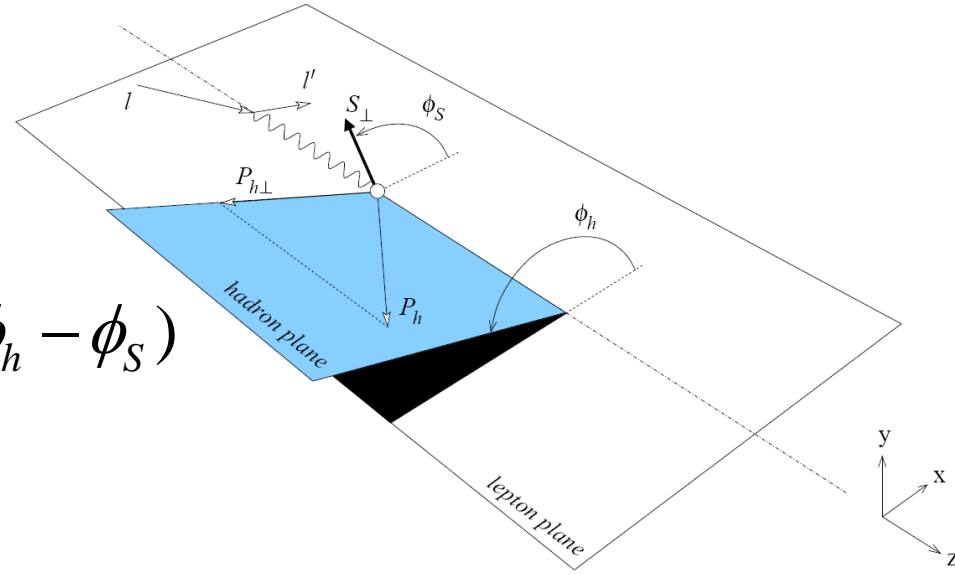
Quark Spin



: Probed with transversely polarized target
HERMES, COMPASS, JLab E06-010

Separation of Collins, Sivers and pretzelosity effects through azimuthal angular dependence

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{UT}(\phi_h^l, \phi_S^l) &= \frac{1}{P} \frac{N^\uparrow - N^\downarrow}{N^\uparrow + N^\downarrow} \\
 &= A_{UT}^{\text{Collins}} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) + A_{UT}^{\text{Sivers}} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \\
 &+ A_{UT}^{\text{Pretzelosity}} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)
 \end{aligned}$$



UT: Unpolarized beam + Transversely polarized target

$$A_{UT}^{\text{Collins}} \propto \langle \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp \quad \rightarrow \text{TMD: Transversity}$$

$$A_{UT}^{\text{Sivers}} \propto \langle \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1 \quad \rightarrow \text{TMD: Sivers}$$

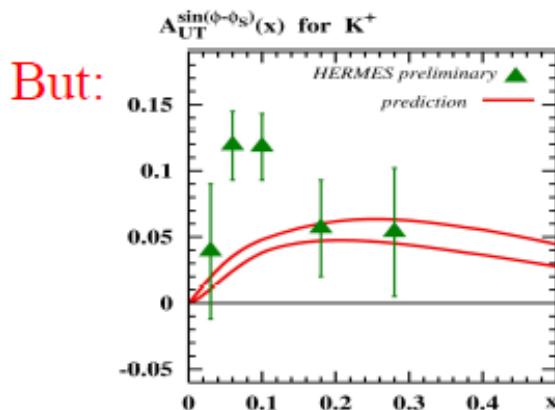
$$A_{UT}^{\text{Pretzelosity}} \propto \langle \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp \quad \rightarrow \text{TMD: Pretzelosity}$$

Why kaon result is interesting I

---Sivers effect

- Only explicit kaon results from **HERMES**(preliminary, target: hydrogen, arXiv:0706.2242v2 [hep-ex] 19 Jun 2007) and **COMPASS** (preliminary, target: ${}^6\text{LiD}$)
- Difference between π^+ and K^+ : $\bar{d} \leftrightarrow \bar{s}$ “Sea quark effect”
- Differences in FF $D_1(z)$ for π^+ and K^+ and quark masses cancel in ratio!

➔ Expectation: Kaon-SSA \approx Pion-SSA in Sivers effect



red solid line: prediction (Efremov, Goeke, Schweitzer)

data points: prelim. HERMES (Diefenthaler et al.)

$x > 0.2$: “sea-quark” effect small

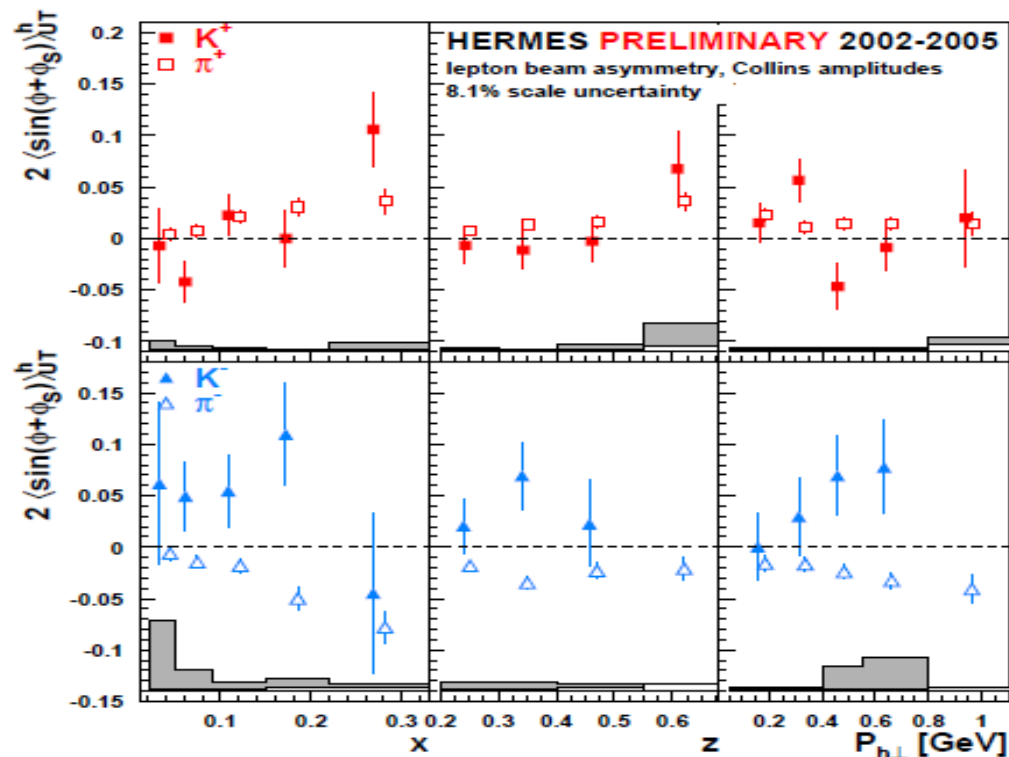
$x \approx 0.15$: Kaon-SSA $\approx 2 \times$ Pion-SSA

Open question: How large can the effect of anti/Strange quarks be?

Why kaon result is interesting II

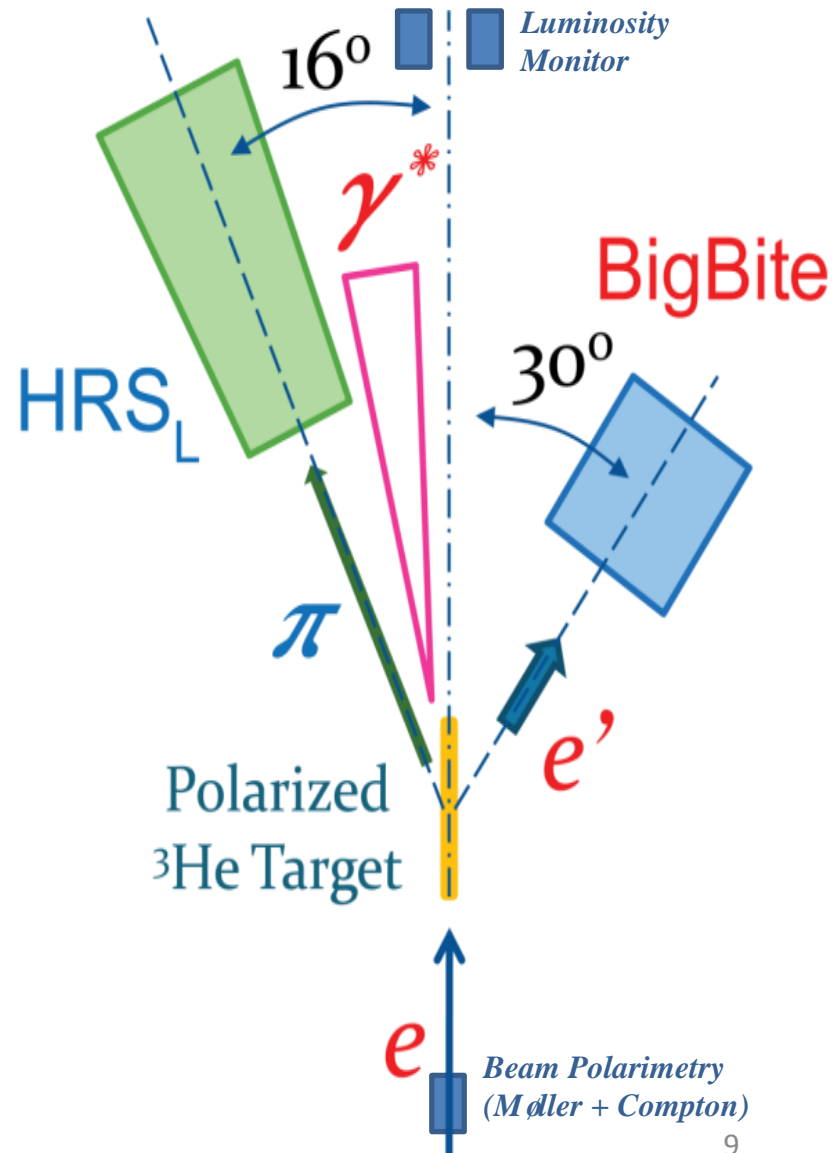
---Collins effect

- Only explicit kaon results from HERMES(P. L. B, Target:hydrogen) and **COMPASS** (Preliminary,target: ${}^6\text{LiD}$)
- From pion results: **Unfavored $H_1^\perp >$ Favored H_1^\perp** ($\pi^- > \pi^+$)
- From HERMES kaon results: **Unfavored $H_1^\perp >$ Favored H_1^\perp** ($k^- > k^+$)



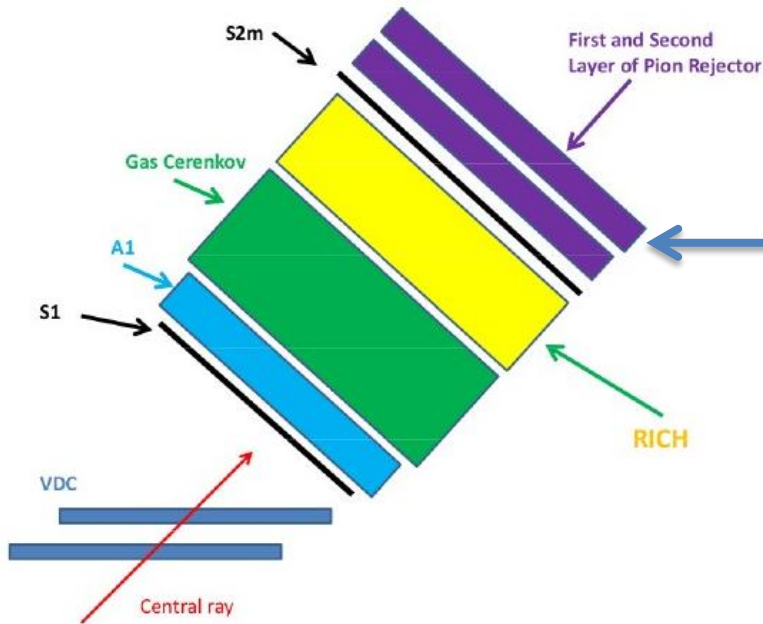
E06010 Experiment Setup

- First measurement on n (^3He)
 - $^3\text{He}^\uparrow(\vec{e}, e'\pi^\pm)X$
 - $^3\text{He}^\uparrow(\vec{e}, e'K^\pm)X$
- Transversely Polarized ^3He Target
 - 10 atm pressure, $L(n) \sim 10^{36}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - $\sim 60\%$ polarization in Beam
 - Spin flips every 20 minutes
(**World Record !!!**)
- Polarized Electron Beam, 5.9 GeV
 - Helicity Flips at 30Hz
- Bigbite at 30° as electron arm
 - $P_e = 0.6 \sim 2.2\text{GeV}/c$
- LHRS at 16° as hadron arm($\pi/k/p$)
 - $P_h = 2.35\text{GeV}/c$
 - Excellent PID for $\pi/k/p$

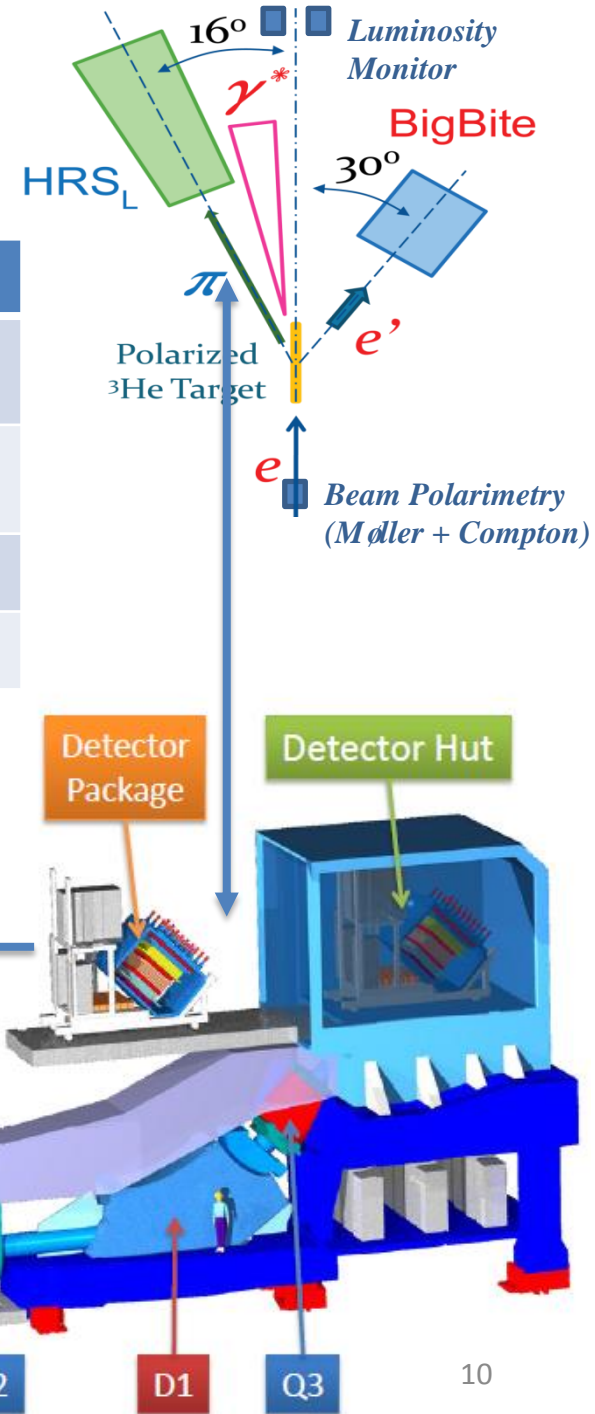


High resolution spectrometer(HRS)

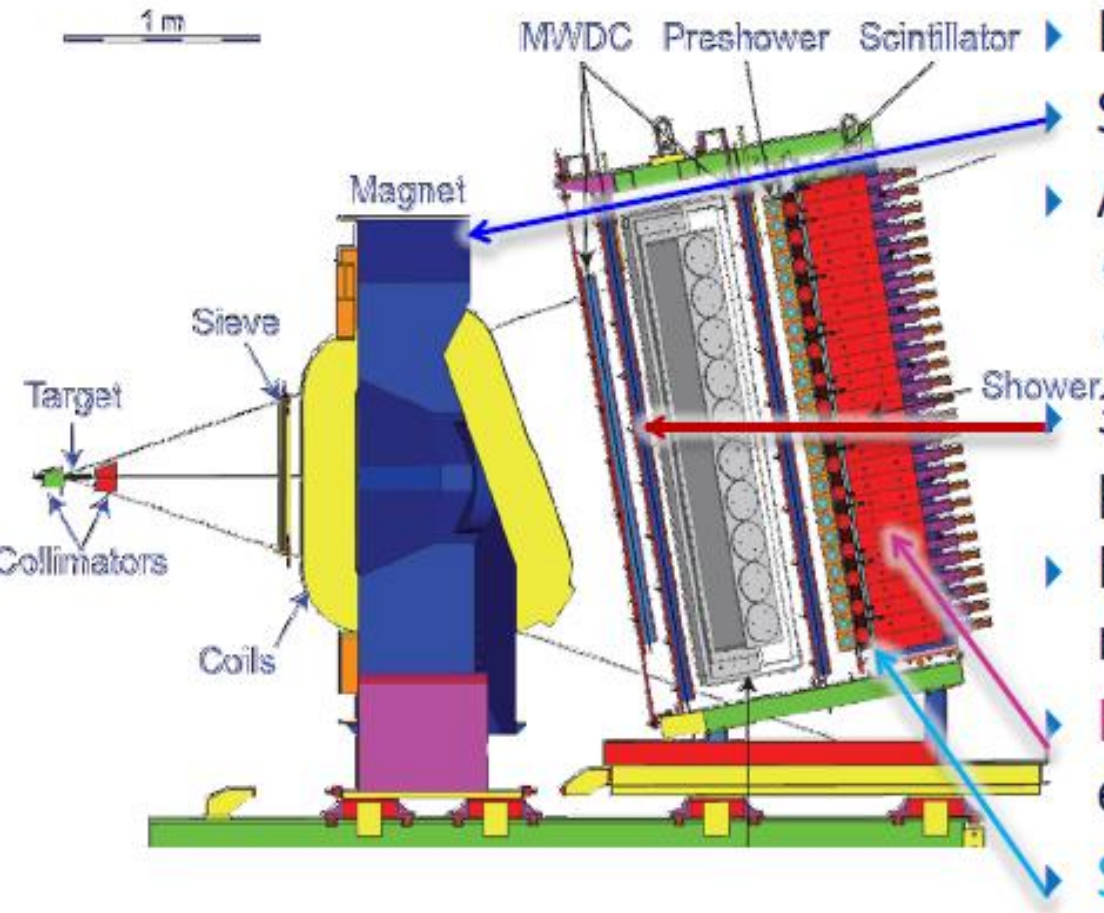
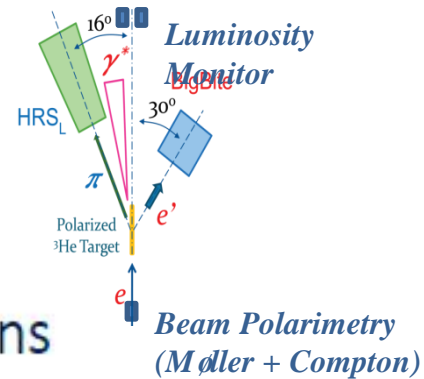
(2.35GeV)	Electron	Pion	Kaon	Proton
Aerogel 1(n=1.015)	✓	✓	x	x
CO2 Gas Cherenkov	✓	x	x	x
RICH	Large ring	Large ring	Middle ring	Small ring
Lead Glass	Large signal	Small signal	Very small	Very small



2.35GeV particles



Bigbite spectrometer



- ▶ Detects electrons
- ▶ Single dipole magnet
- ▶ A “big bite” of acceptance
 - $\Delta\Omega = 64 \text{ msr}$
 - $P : 0.6 \sim 2.2 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ▶ 3 wire chambers: 18 planes for precise tracking
- ▶ Bipolar momentum reconstruction
- ▶ Pre-shower and shower for electron PID
- ▶ Scintillator for coincidence with left HRS

Preliminary results of SIDIS Kaon SSA

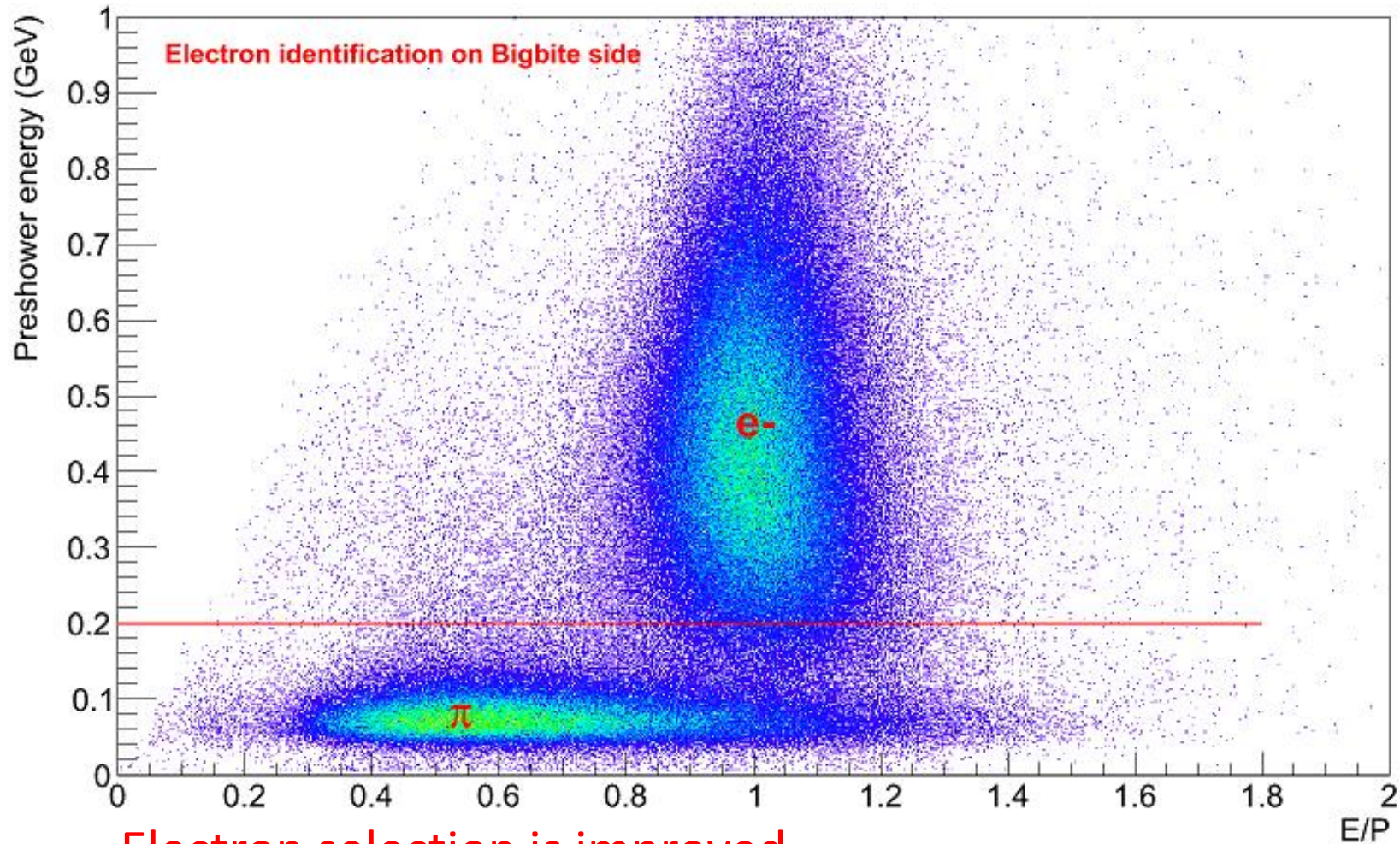
–PID : electron@Bigbite kaon@LHRS

–Collins and Sivers asymmetry on ^3He

Analysis by Y. Zhao(USTC), Y. Wang(UIUC)

Electron(BB) PID for SIDIS

Preshower Energy VS E/P

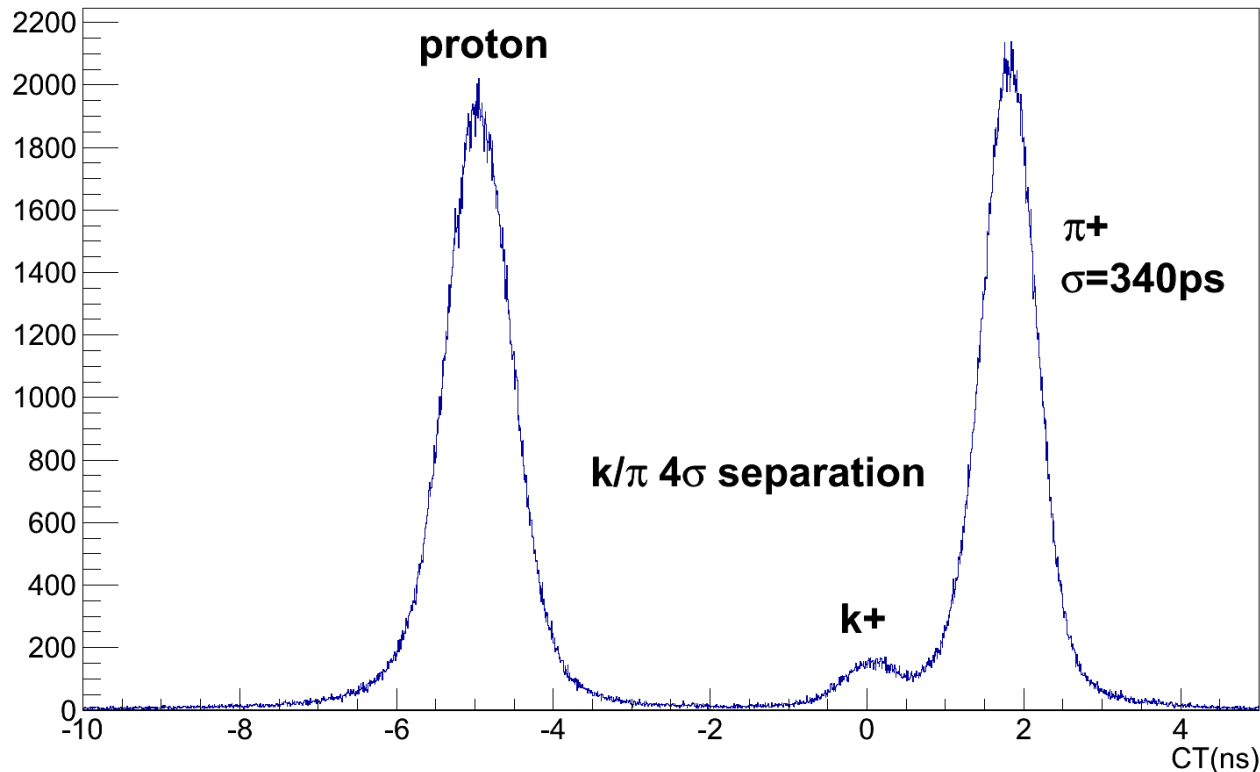


Electron selection is improved
by additional momentum dependent E/P cut

Kaon(LHRS) PID for SIDIS

Cross checked with RICH detector

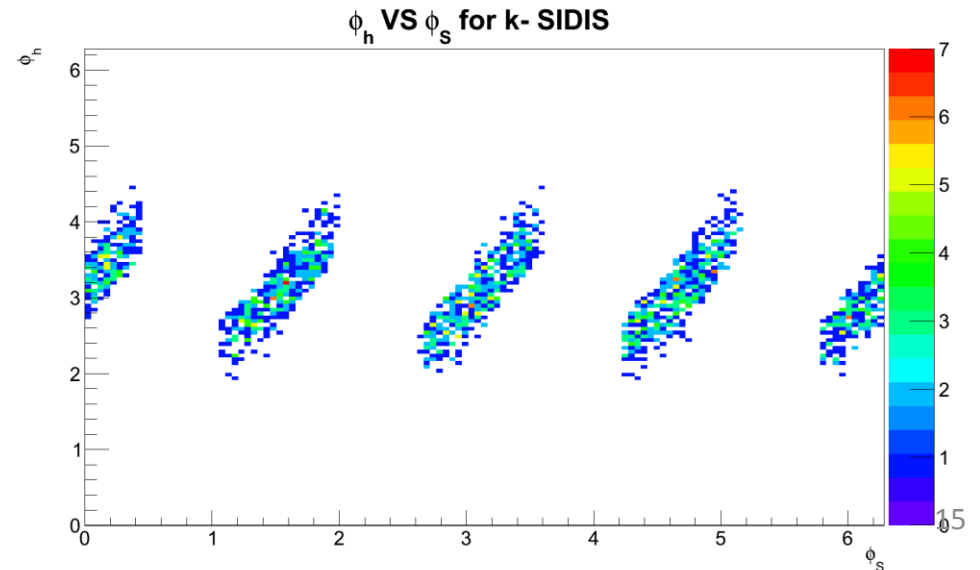
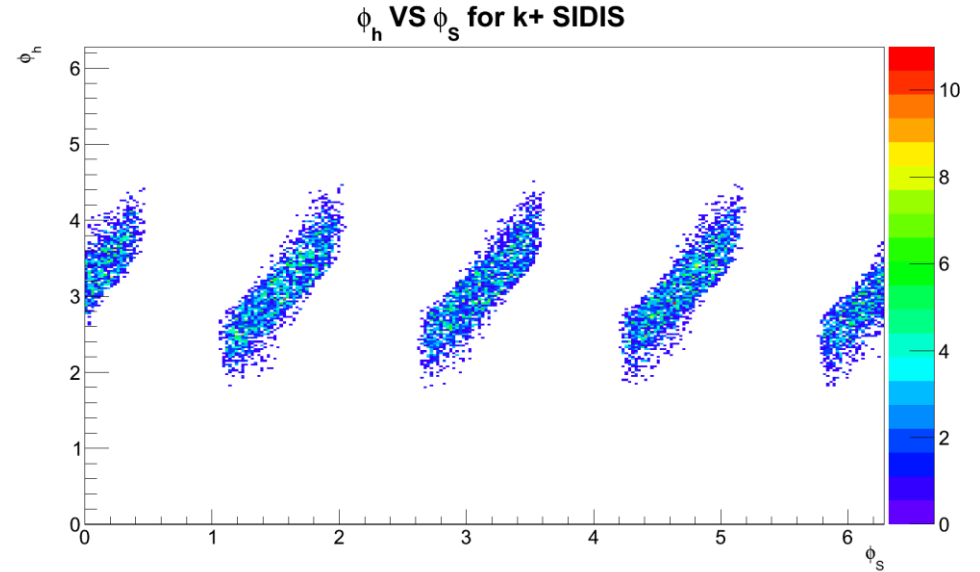
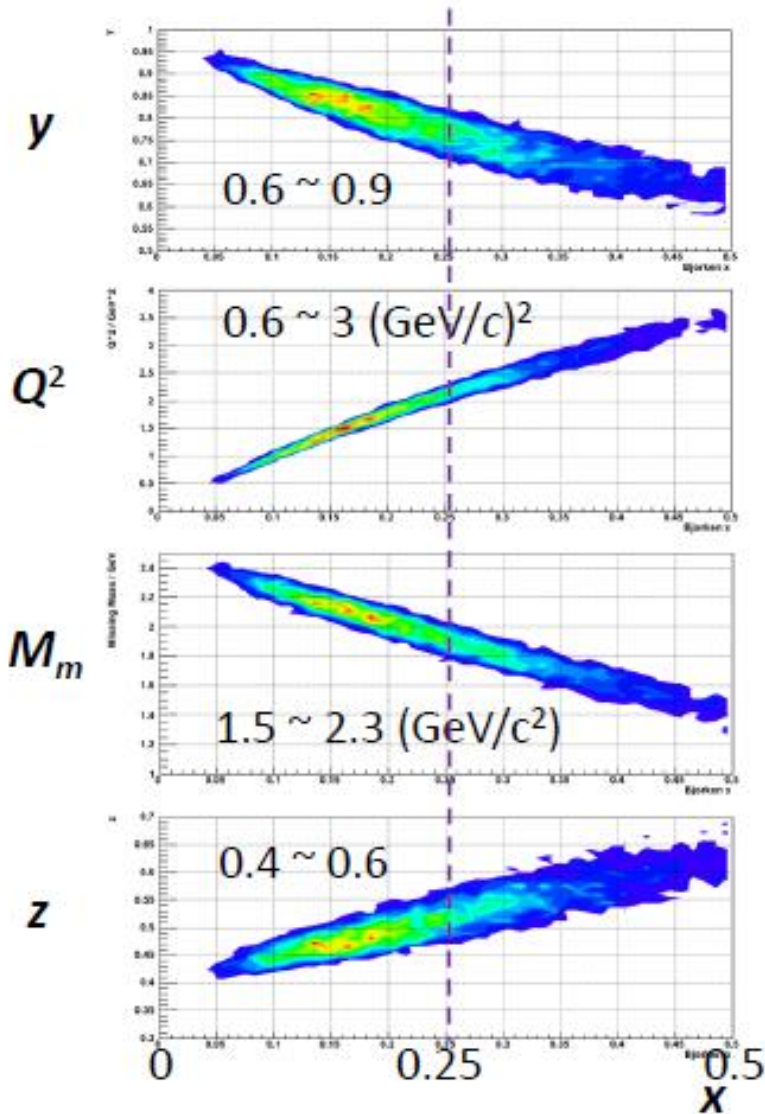
CT.K.t for positive run



K⁺/ π^+ ratio: ~5% K⁻/ π^- ratio: ~1%

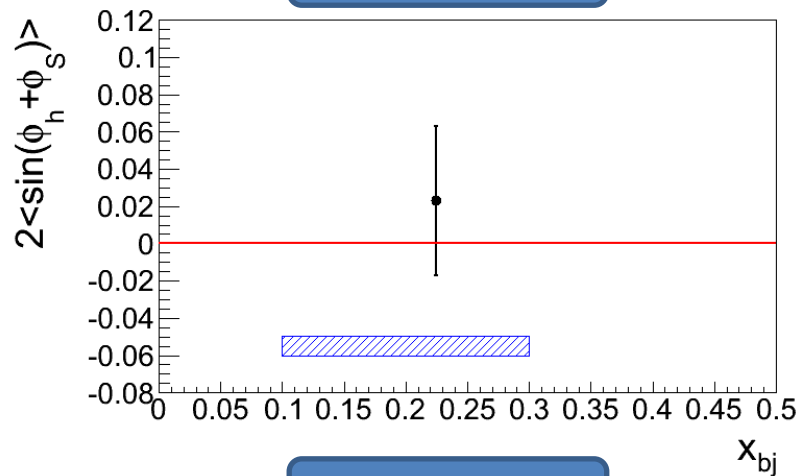
Pion contamination in kaon sample is suppressed by using gas Cerenkov and Aerogel detector

Kinematics for E06010 kaon SIDIS

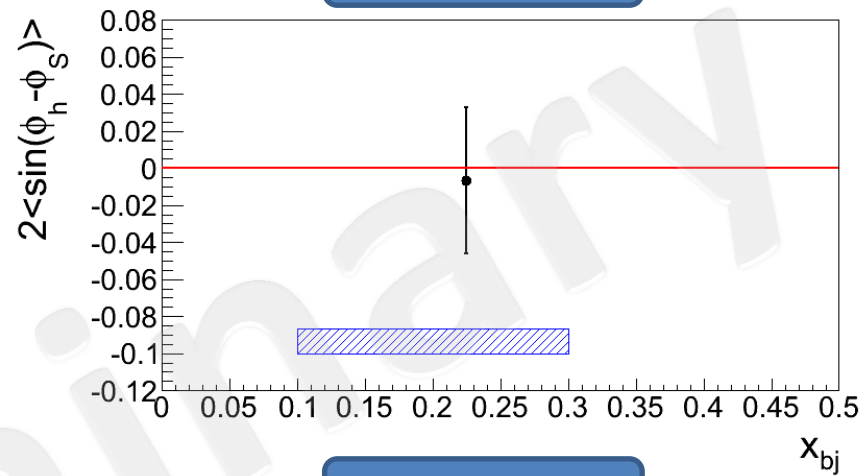


Preliminary K⁺/K⁻ Collins and Sivers Asymmetries on ³He

K⁺ Collins



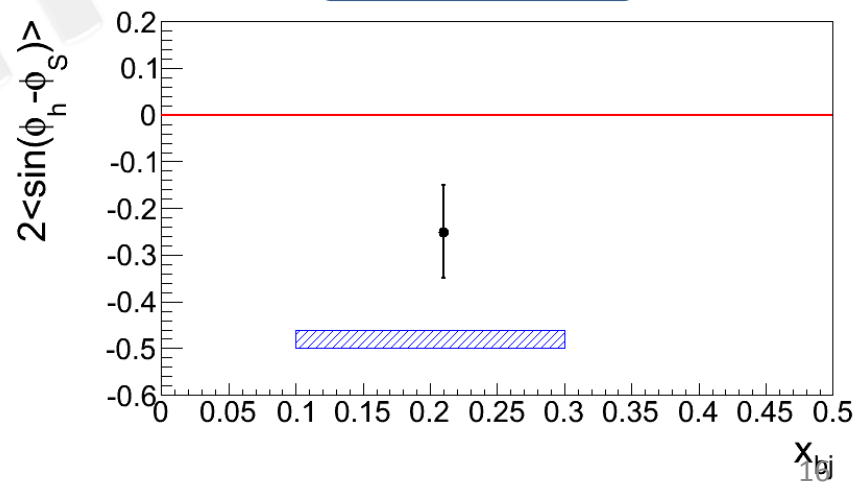
K⁺ Sivers



K⁻ Collins



K⁻ Sivers

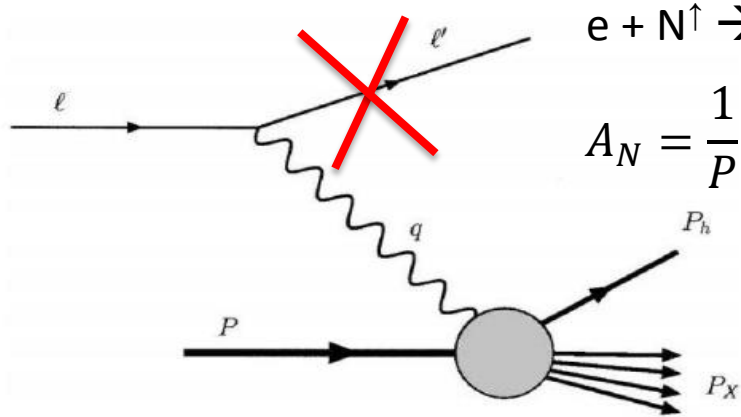


Preliminary results of Inclusive Hadron SSA

Trigger: LHRS(hadron) singles

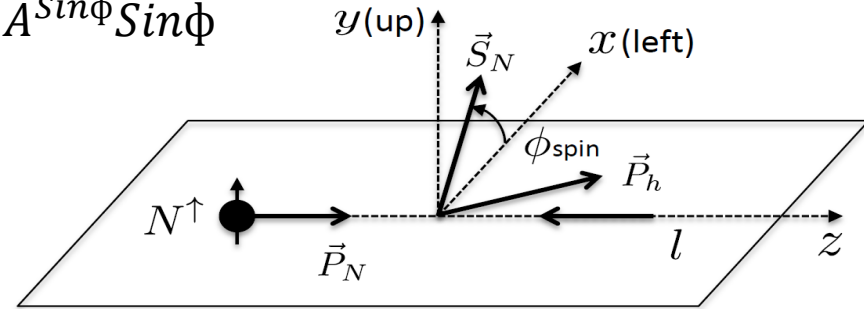
Analysis by K.Allada(JLab), Y.Zhao(USTC)

Inclusive Hadron Electroproduction



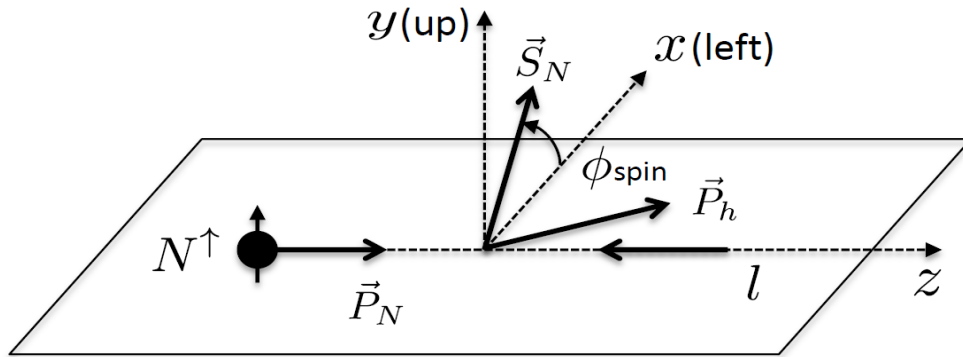
$$e + N^\uparrow \rightarrow h + X \quad (h = \text{pion, kaon, proton})$$

$$A_N = \frac{1}{P} \frac{N^\uparrow - N^\downarrow}{N^\uparrow + N^\downarrow} = A^{\sin\phi} \sin\phi$$



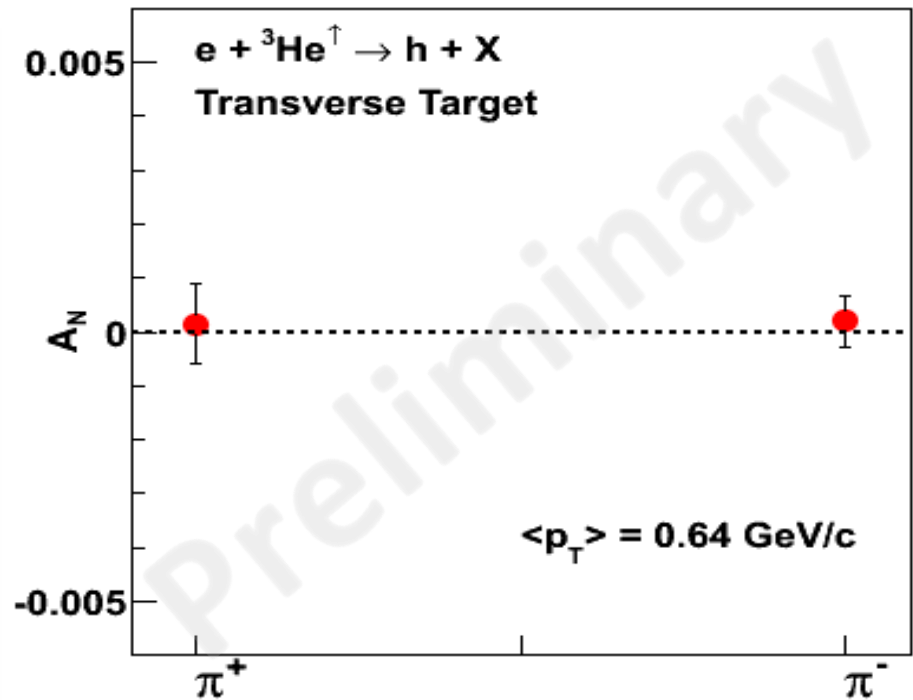
- Driven by the large inclusive hadron SSA A_N in $pp^\uparrow \rightarrow hX$ process
- Simpler than $pp^\uparrow \rightarrow hX$ due to only one quark channel
- Mechanism for A_N :
 - TMDs
 - collinear parton dynamics (higher-twist quark-gluon correlations)
- To help understand the mechanism behind large A_N in $pp^\uparrow \rightarrow hX$ process in the TMD framework

Systematic error is well controlled



$$A_N = \frac{1 N \uparrow - N \downarrow}{P N \uparrow - N \downarrow} = A^{\sin\phi} \sin\phi$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_S)}(\phi_S = 0)$$



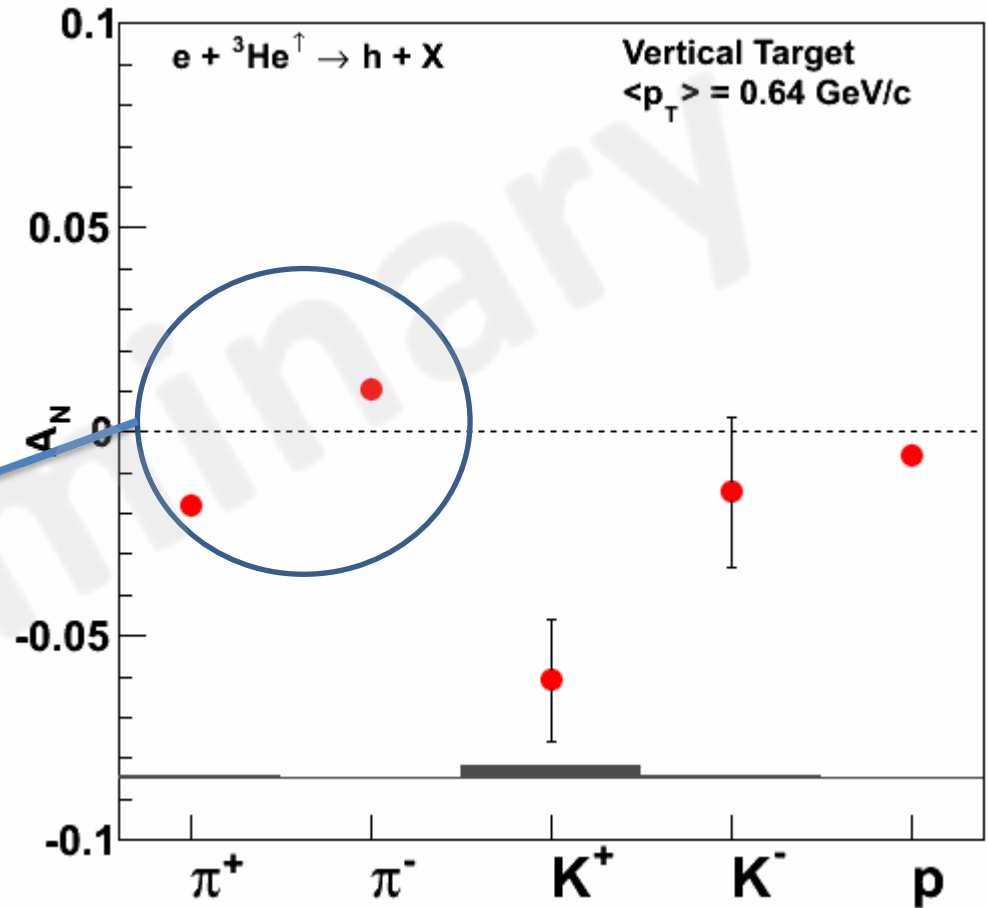
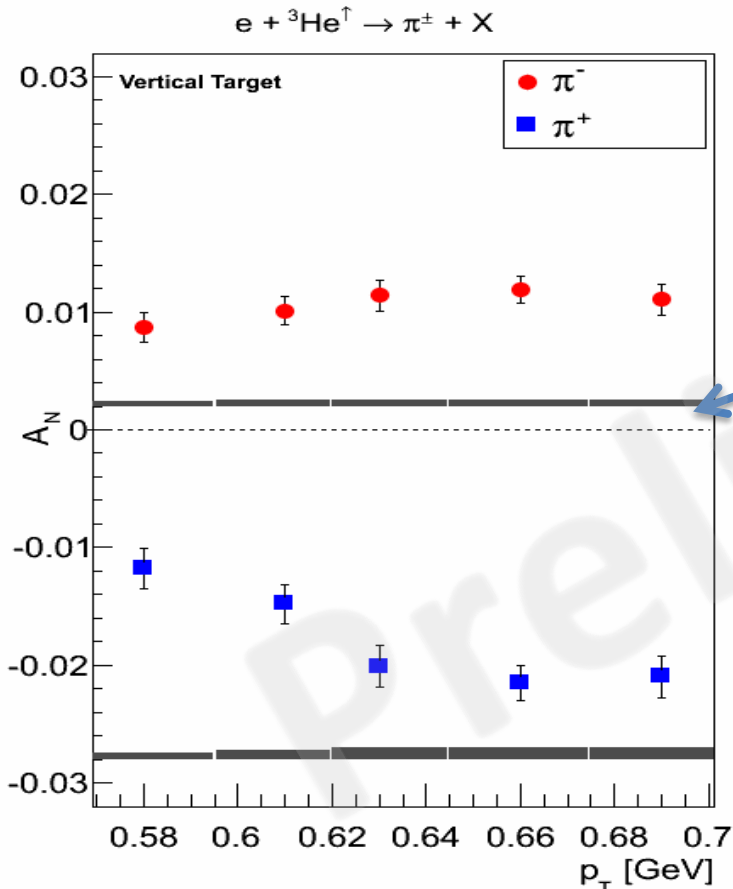
Overall systematic check with A_N at $\phi_S = 0$
 \rightarrow False asymmetry $< 0.1\%$

Preliminary results of inclusive hadron SSA for ^3He

- For $P_T \sim 0.64 \text{ GeV}/c$, clear non-zero SSA is observed for π^+ , π^- , K^+ , P

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\varphi_S)}(\varphi_S = 90^\circ)$$

- Opposite sign for π^+ , π^-



Summary

SIDIS Kaon SSA

- K+ Collins and Sivers effects are consistent with zero within error bar
- K- Collins and Sivers effects are negative

Inclusive hadron SSA

- Non-zero A_N asymmetry for π^+ , π^- , K+, P at $P_T \sim 0.64$ GeV/c

Backup

Contamination for electron/kaon selection

- Electron sample @ Bigbite

	Pi- Contamination	Photon induced electron contamination
HRS k+	0.2%	4.9%
HRS k-	0.5%	14%

- Kaon sample @ LHRS

	Pion contamination	Random Coincidence Contamination
HRS +	1.5%	3.2%
HRS -	4.5%	0.3%