

A novel trap for electron scattering off short-lived exotic nuclei

Groundbreaking experiments now in sight :

the structure studies of short-lived nuclei by electron scattering

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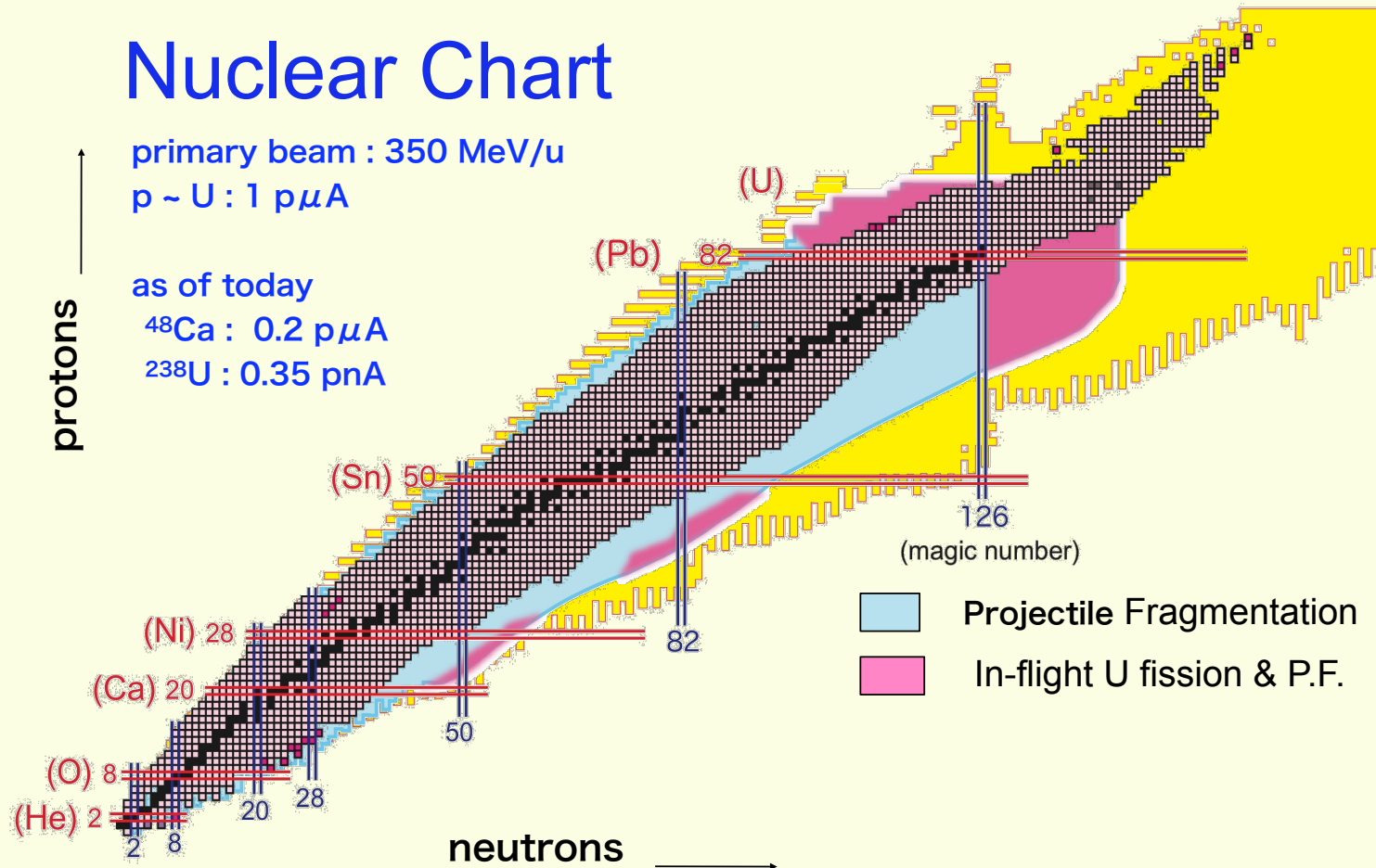
NIM A532 (2004) 216
PRL 100 (2008) 164801.

RIKEN RI Beam Factory

(RI : Radioactive Isotope)

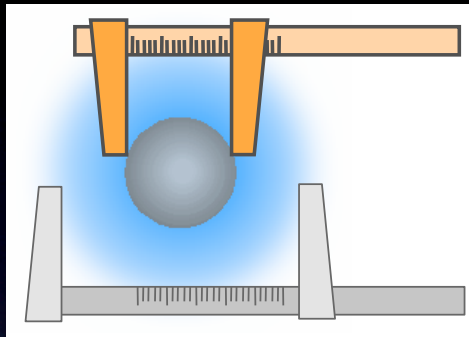
in operation since 2007

Nuclear Chart



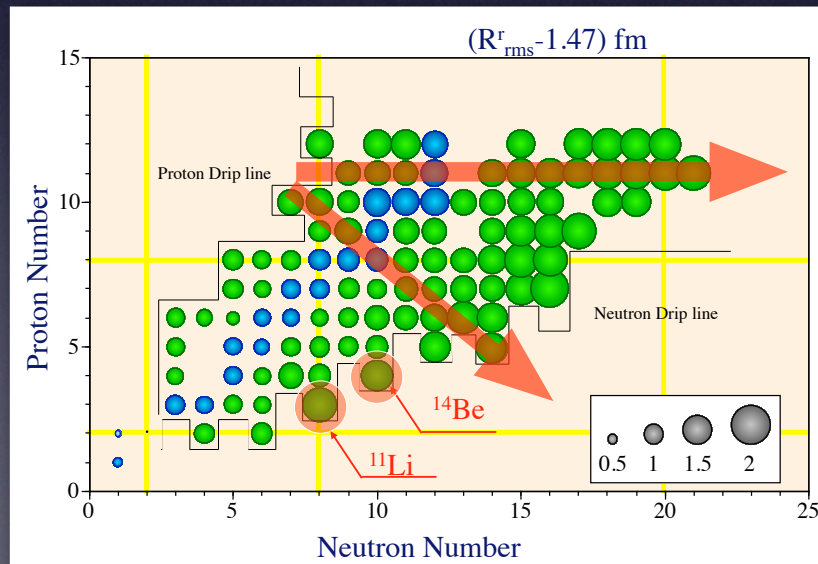
Size and Shape of short-lived nuclei

one of main programs at RIBF

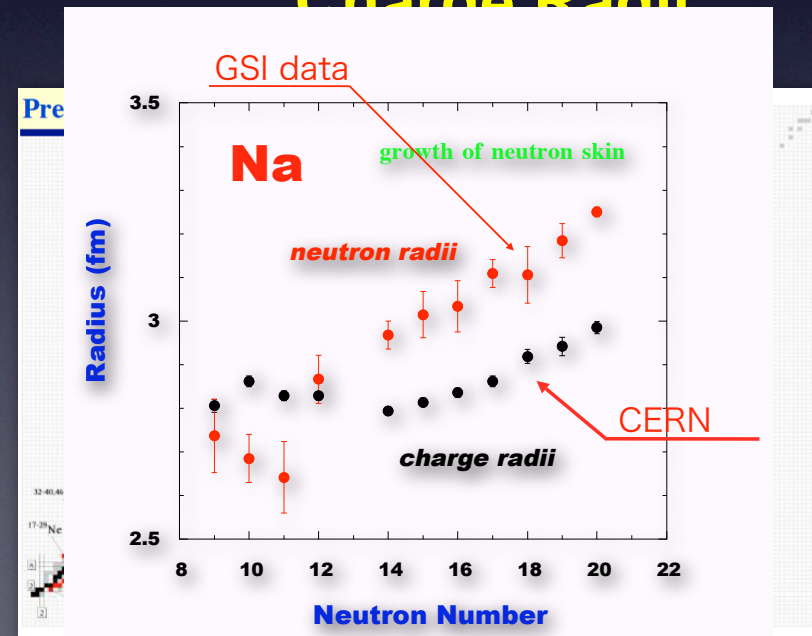


	size	shape
proton	isotope shift	electron scattering
neutron	reaction cross section	proton scattering

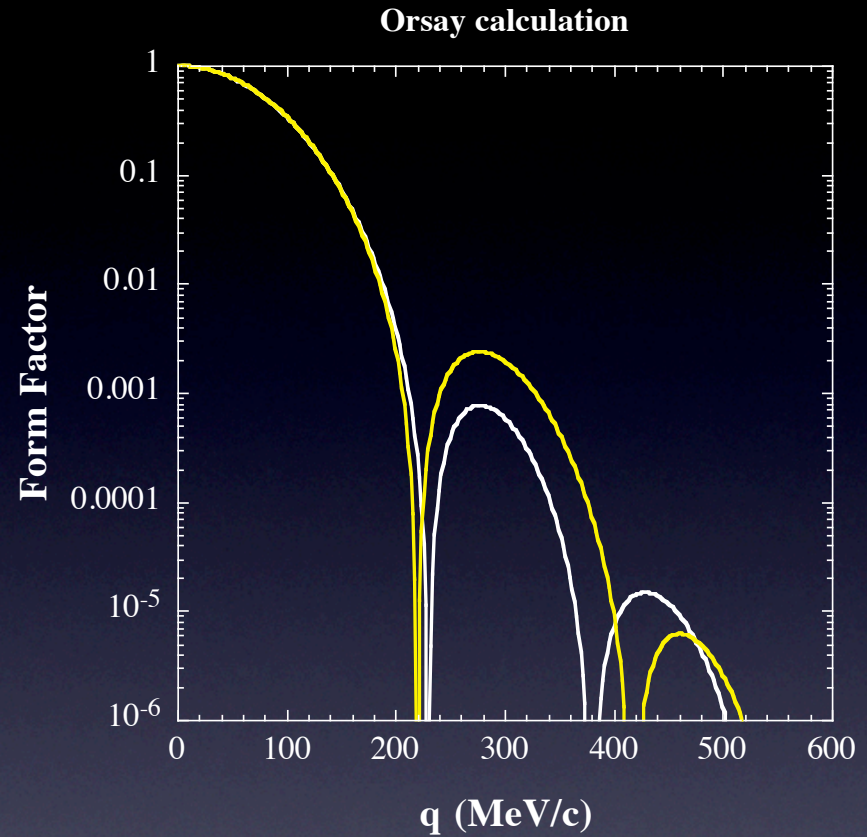
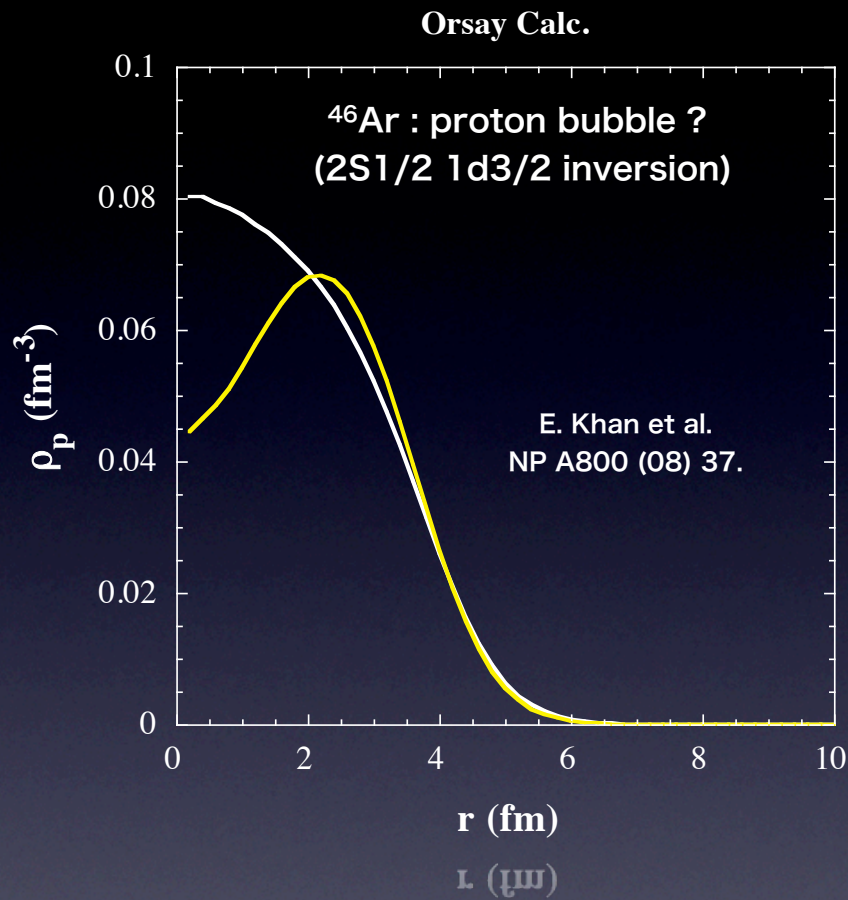
Nuclear Radii



Charge Radii



Size is NOT enough



To go beyond $\langle r^2 \rangle^{1/2}$



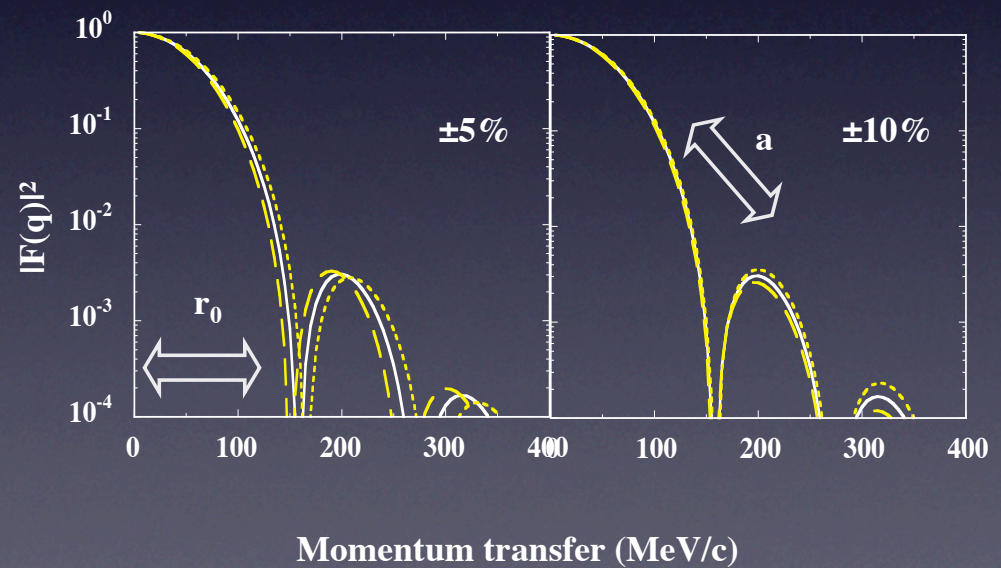
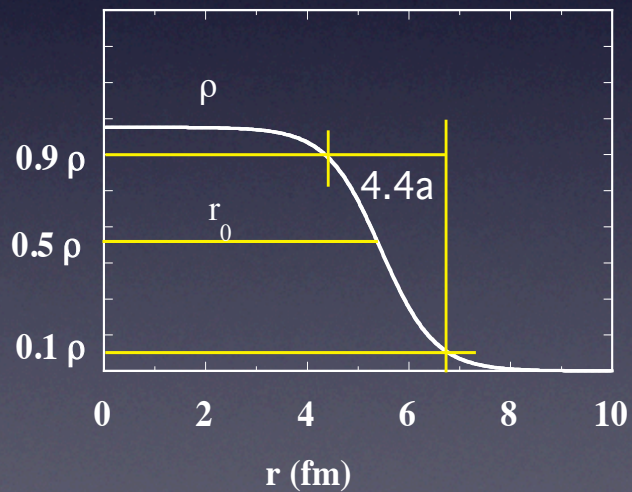
scattering experiments

elastic electron scattering

spin 0

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = z^2 \sigma_{Mott} |F_c(q)|^2$$

Fermi distribution



Matter distribution by proton scattering

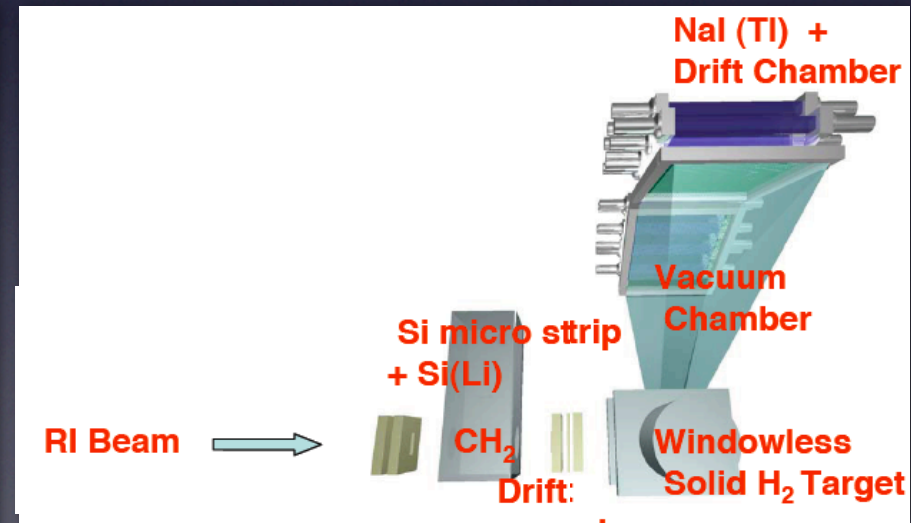
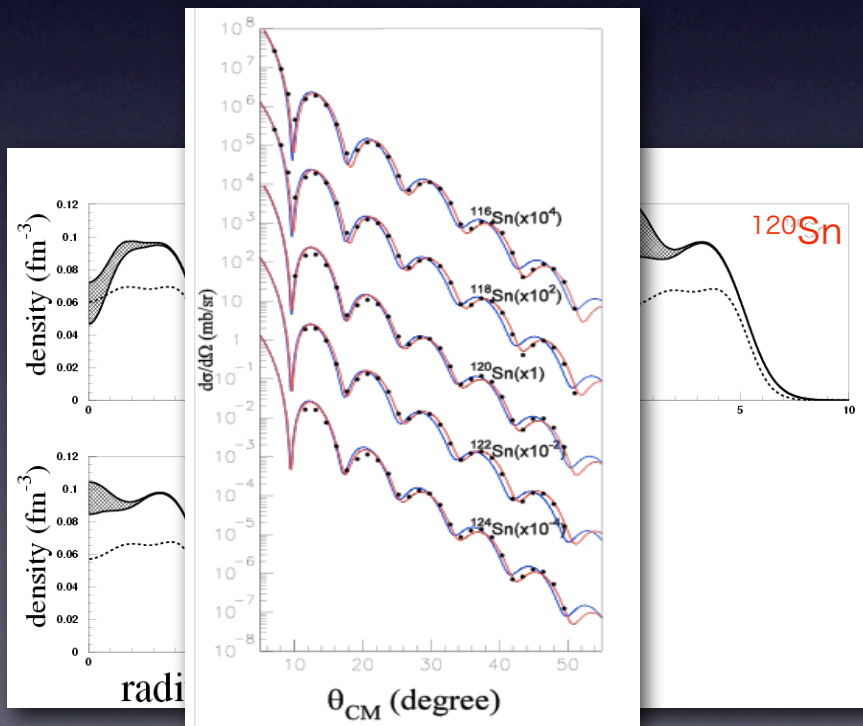
$^{116,118,120,122,124}\text{Sn}(p,p')$ at RCNP, Osaka, JAPAN

- $E_p = 300\text{--}400$ MeV
- Relativistic Impulse Approximation
- Parameters fixed for ^{58}Ni data
- “Extract” the neutron distribution

proton scattering at RI Beam Factory

RI beam ~ 250 MeV/u
 solid hydrogen target
 recoil proton spectrometer
 $\text{NRI} > 10^3$ /s

demonstrating experiments done at HIMAC
 Experiments at RIBF starts soon



H. Sakaguchi et al.

Required luminosity for electron elastic scattering

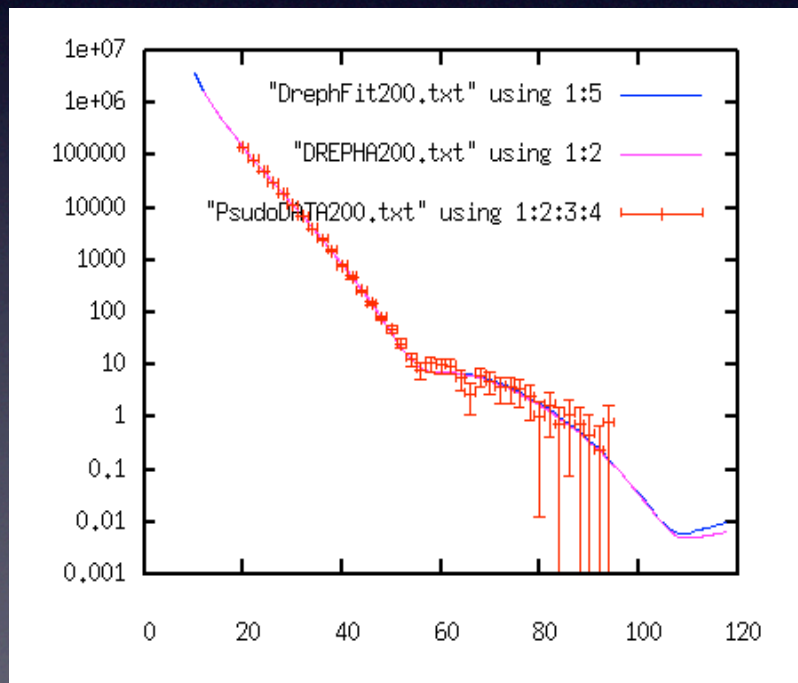
key : luminosity

ex. elastic scattering for Ni, Sn isotopes

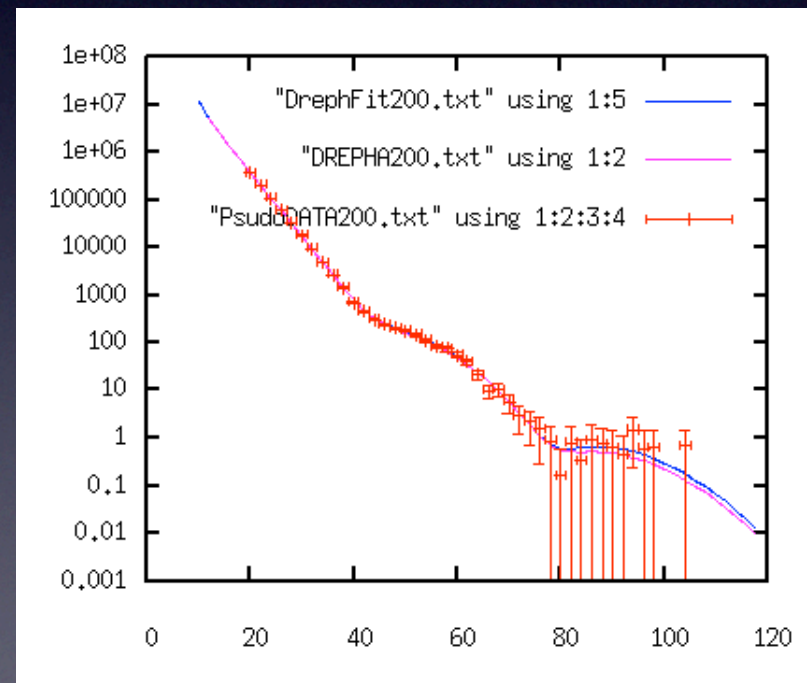
$$L = 10^{26} \text{ /cm}^2\text{/s}$$

$E_e = 200 \text{ MeV}$ 1 week
 $\Delta \theta = 1 \text{ deg.}$ $\Delta \phi = 90 \text{ deg.}$

Ni



Sn

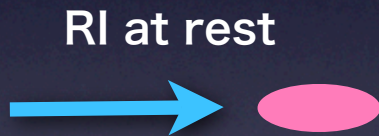


0 better than a few % accuracy of diff. radius and diffuseness 130

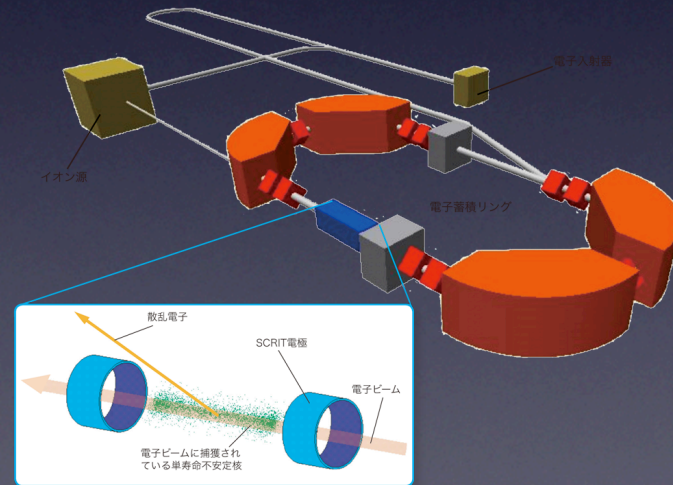
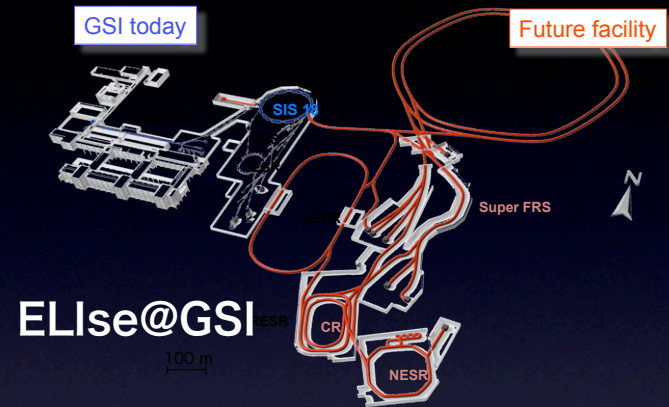
How to realize electron scattering experiments off short-lived Radioactive Isotopes (RI) ?



a large accelerator complex including a cooler ring and a collider



electron ring only

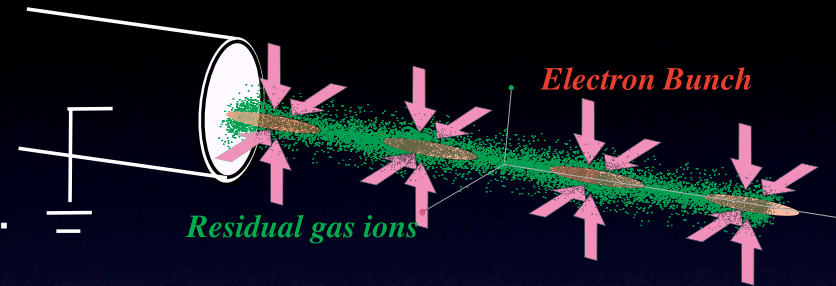


SCRIT@RI Beam Factory

What is **SCRIT** (Self-Confining **RI** Target) ?

“**Ion trapping**” phenomena observed at electron rings

ionized residual gases by electrons
are trapped by electron beam itself.



the trapped ions kick out electrons ---> shorter beam lifetime

electron scattering !!

SCRIT technique

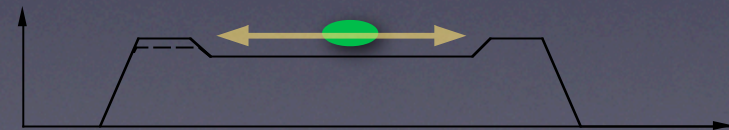
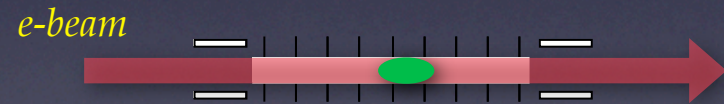
trap the target nuclei externally injected on (high energy) electron beam.

precise position control

-> higher luminosity

fast ion manipulation

-> short-lived nuclei



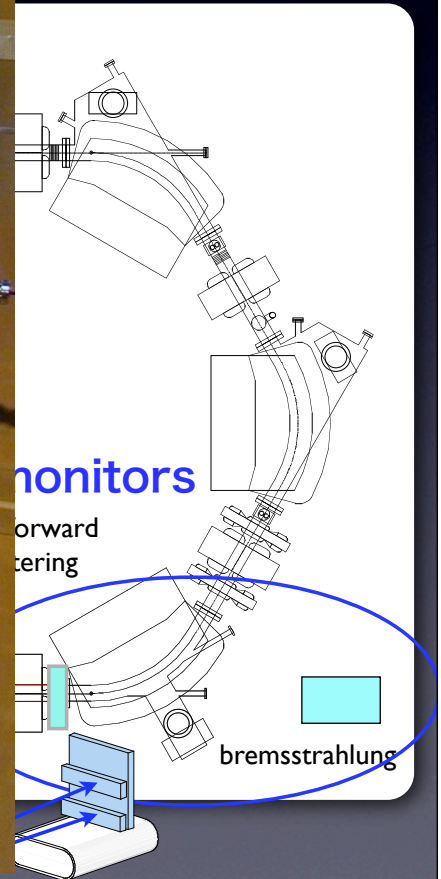
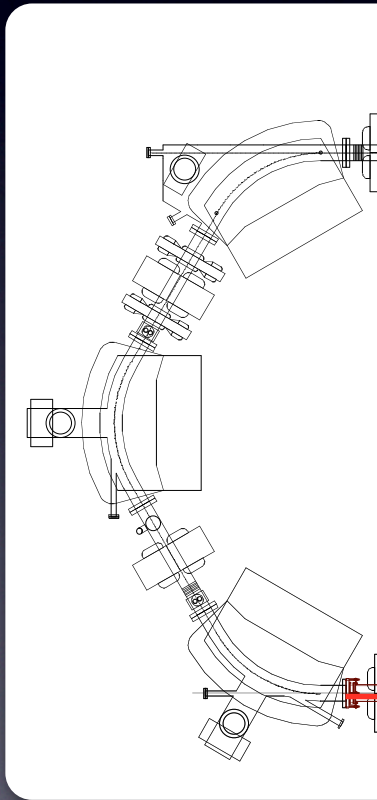
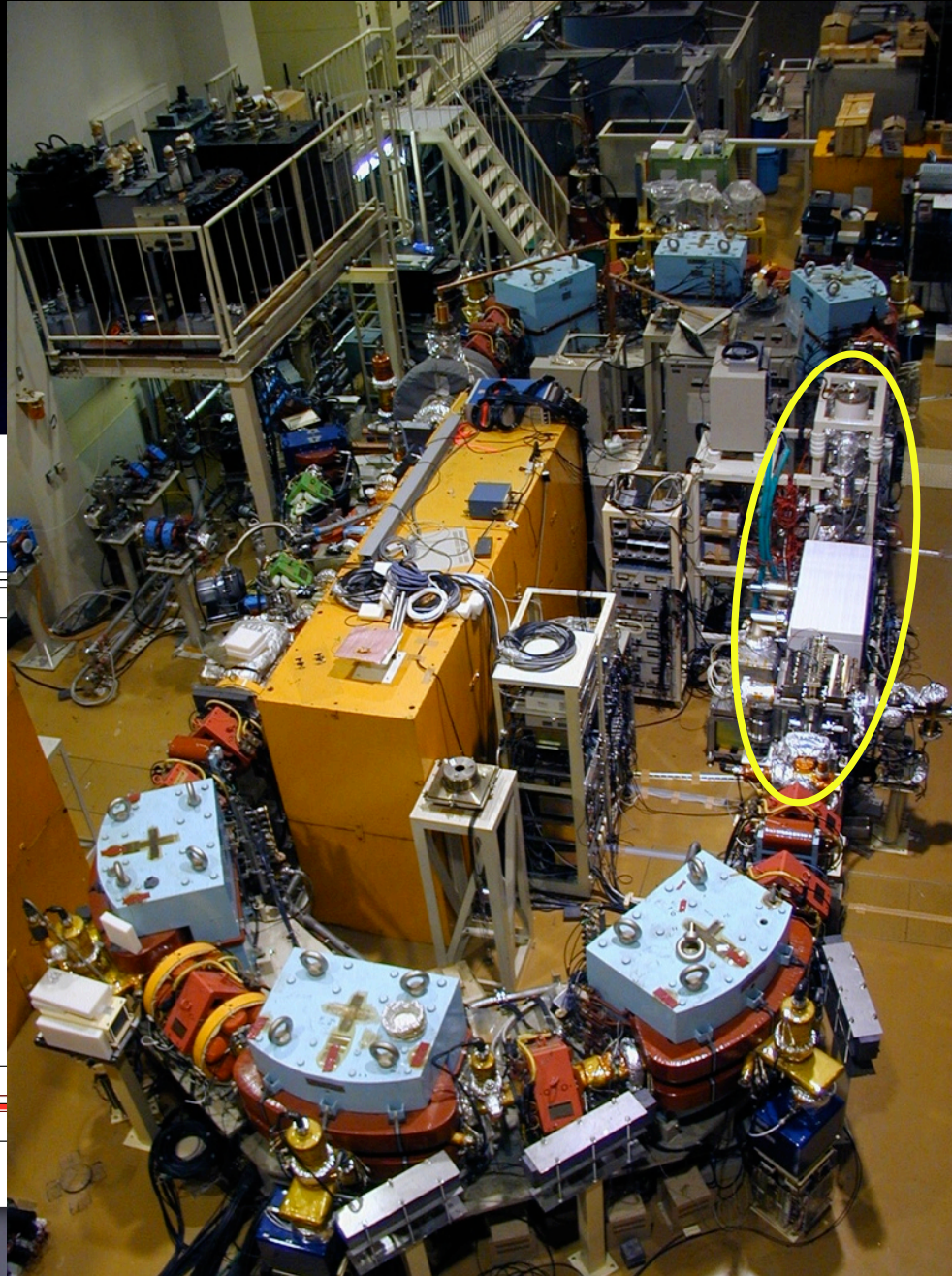
transverse : ion trapping
longitudinal : mirror potential

Feasibility

at

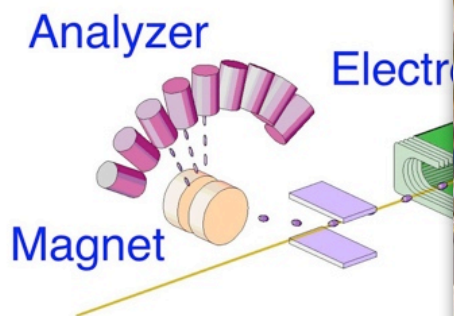
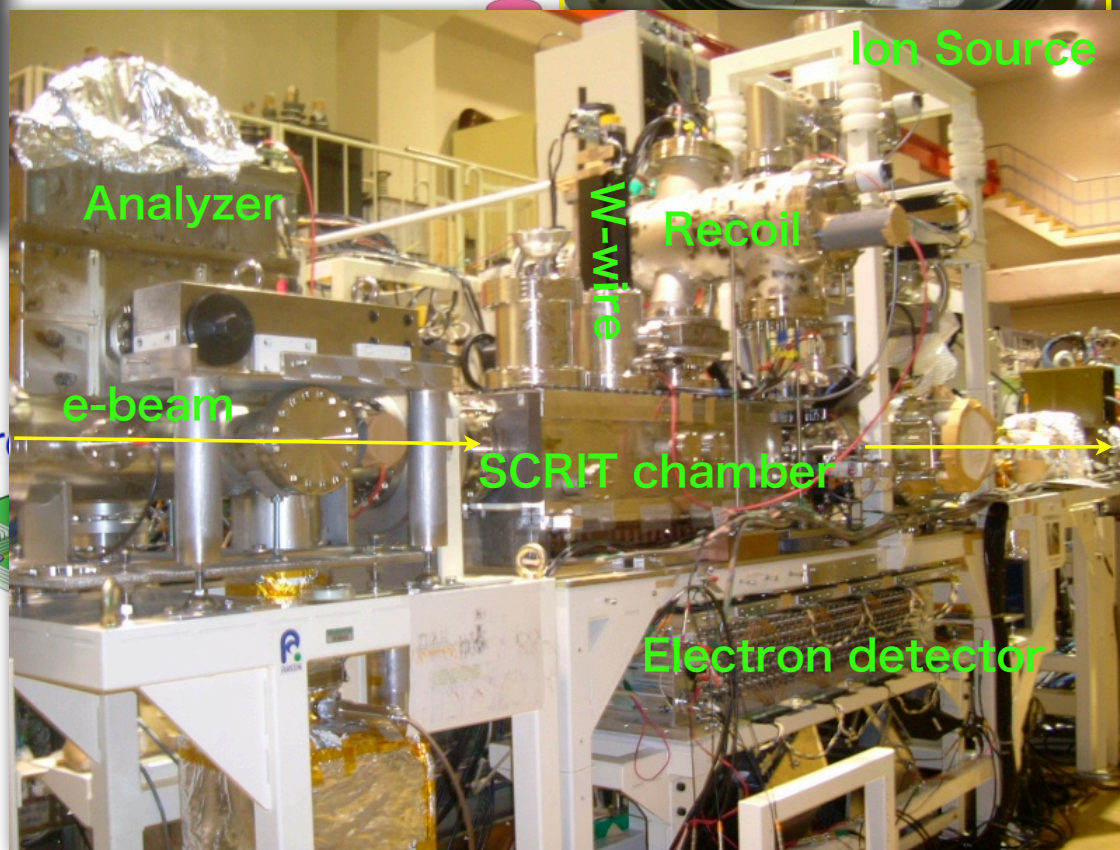
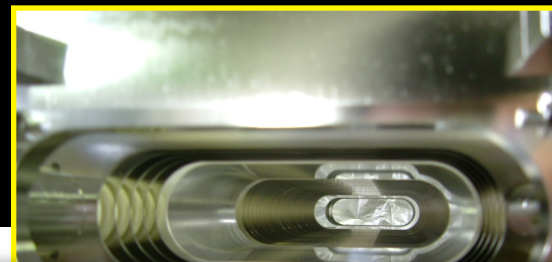
prototype

city





installed at KSR,



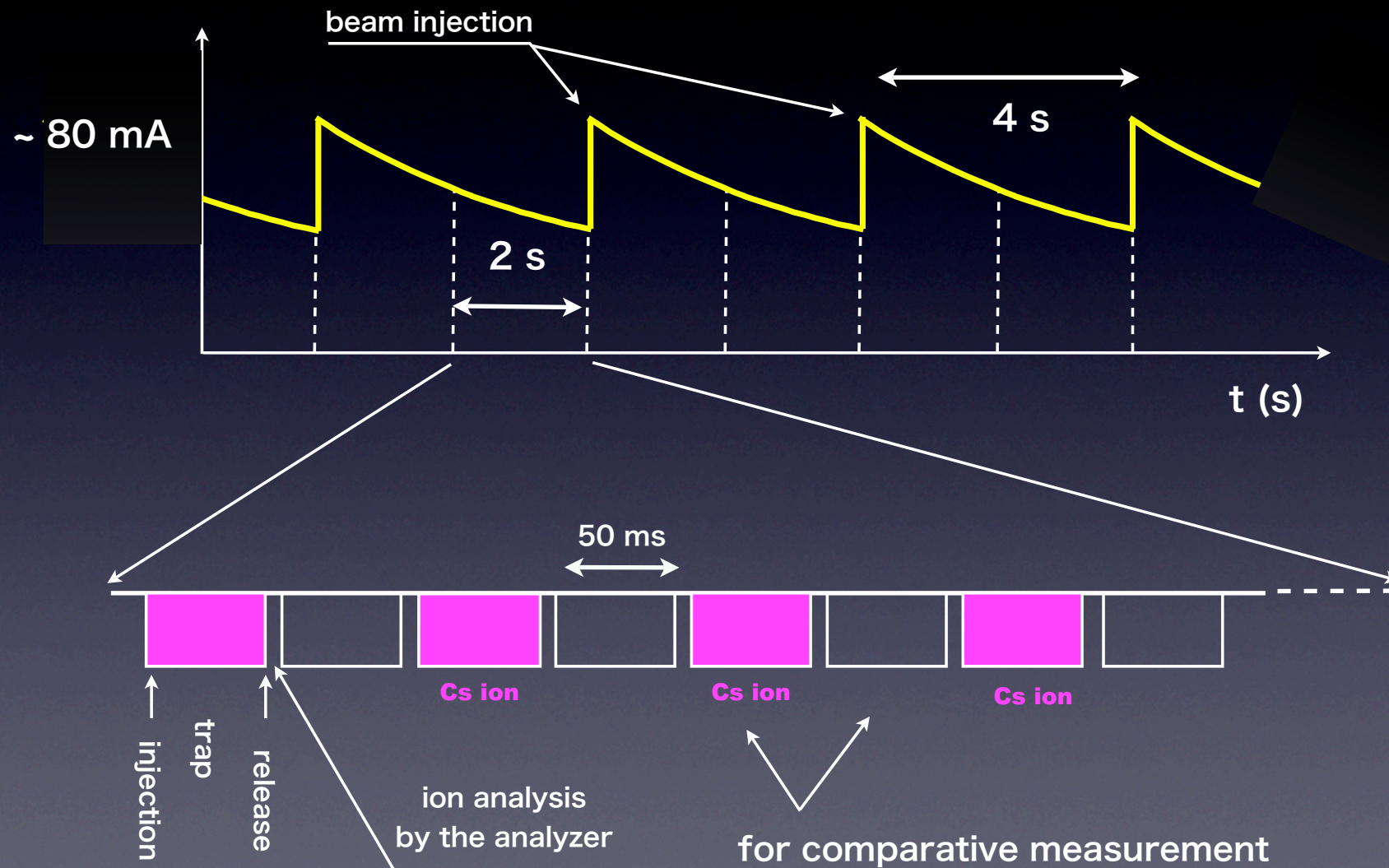
BaF2 60° BaF2 Plastic scintillators

BaF2

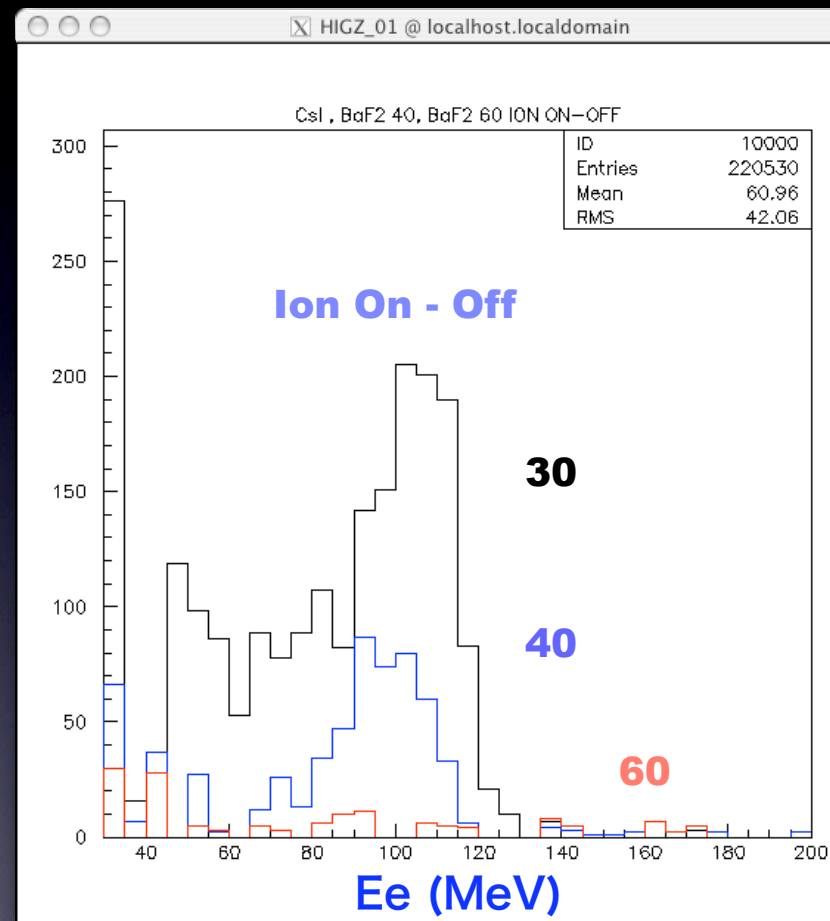
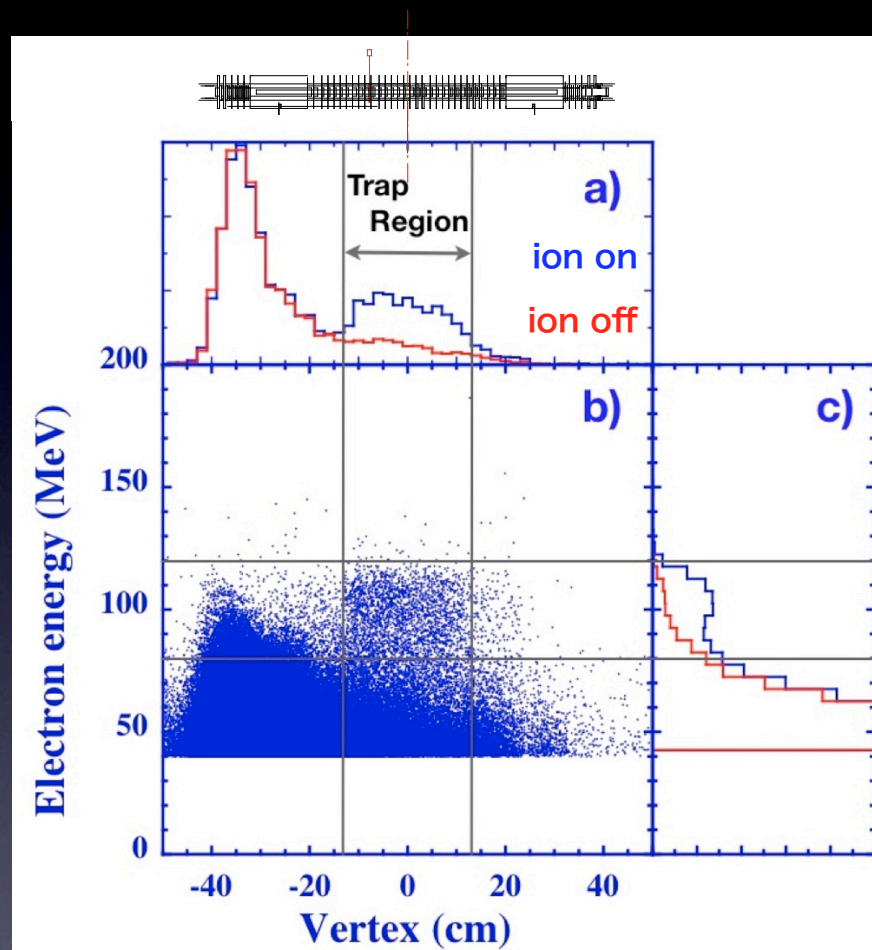
SCINTILLATORS

Time sequence of the measurement

beam lifetime of KSR $\tau \sim 100$ s @ 80 mA



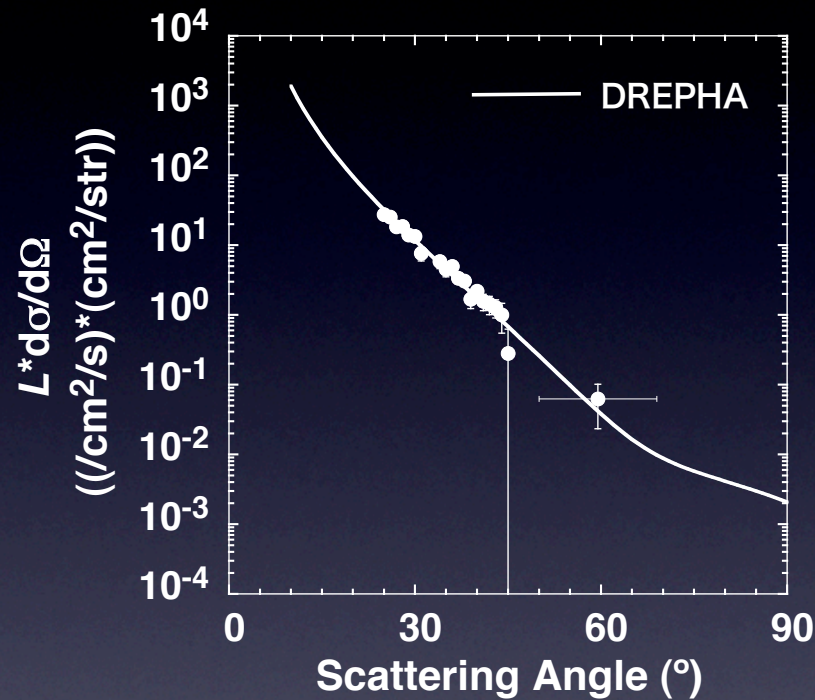
electron scattered from the trapped Cs ions



Consistent with the response of pure CsI to 120 MeV electrons

elastic scattering and achieved luminosity

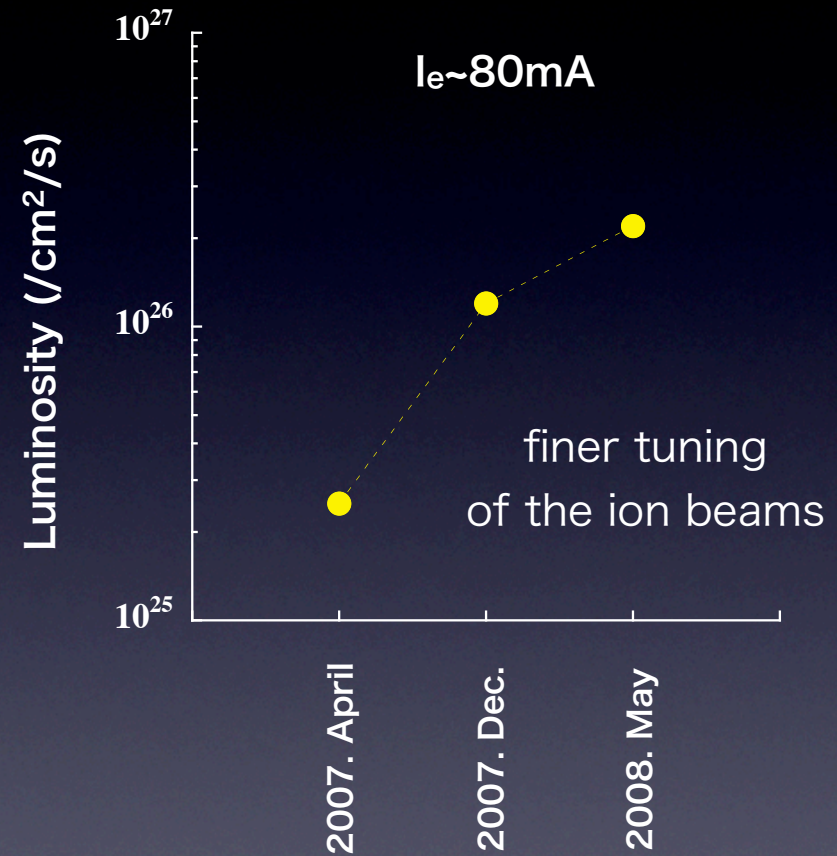
$$Y = L \cdot d\sigma/d\Omega \cdot \Delta\Omega \cdot T$$



$L = 1.2 \times 10^{26} /cm^2/s$
@ $I_e = 80 \text{ mA}$ ($N_e = 5 \times 10^{17} /s$)

target thickness = $L/N_e = 2.4 \times 10^8 /cm^2$

ions trapped on the electron beam $\sim 10^6$



Beyond charge elastic scattering ...

electron scattering is the most superior probe for the structure studies

1. point particle
2. QED
3. Probing whole nucleus

Required luminosities

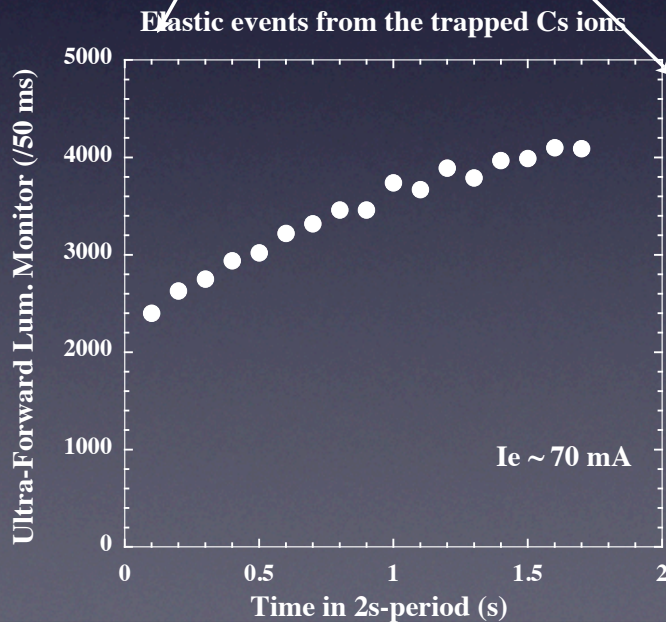
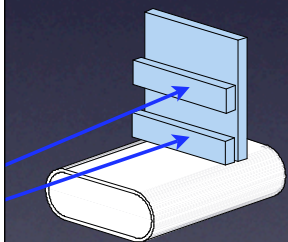
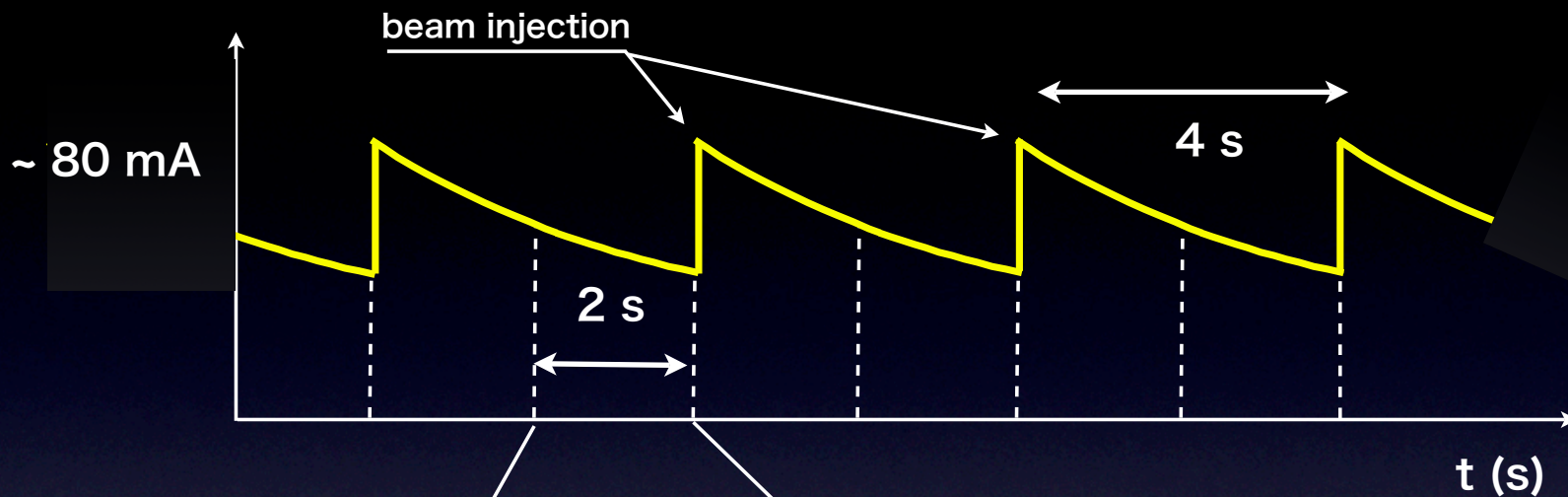
elastic scattering (magnetic)	$\sim 10^{30}$ /cm ² /s
Inelastic scattering : transition density	$\sim 10^{28}$ /cm ² /s
Giant resonance : collectivity	$\sim 10^{29}$ /cm ² /s
Quasi-elastic : $ \phi ^2$, s-factor through (e,e'p)	$\sim 10^{29}$ /cm ² /s

Challenges ...

higher luminosity with less number of ions
high resolution ($\leq 10^{-3}$) * large acceptance

collaboration and ideas

Higher luminosities ?



I_e goes lower, but
luminosity is increasing !

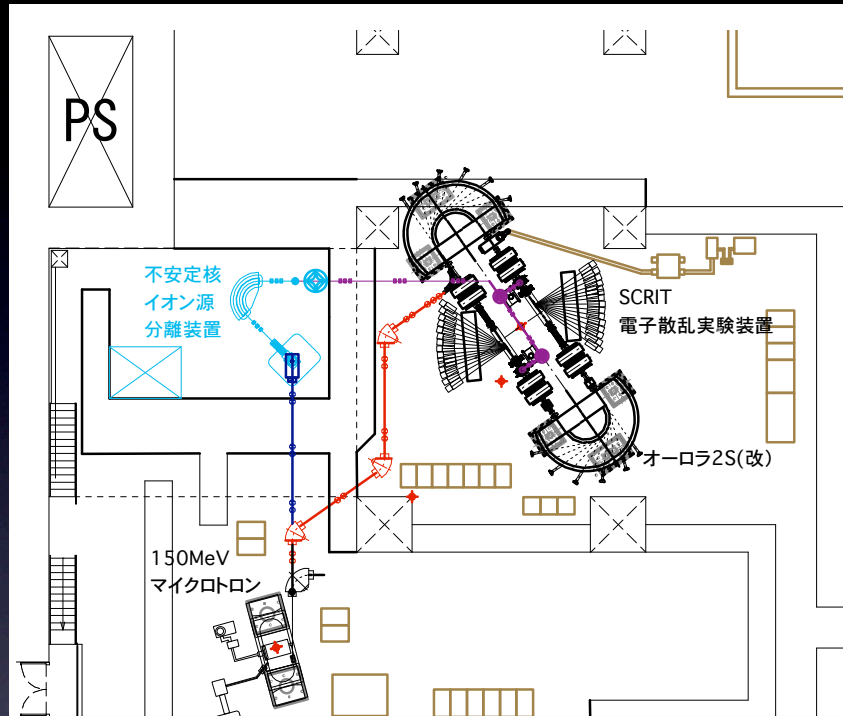


radiative cooling underway



automatic increase of luminosity

electron scattering at RI Beam Factory



Aurora (electron ring)

$$E_e = 150 \sim 700 \text{ MeV}$$

$$I_e = 100 \sim 500 \text{ mA}$$

$$\tau_e \sim 500 \text{ min @ } 250 \text{ mA}$$

in operation next year

slow RI beam

ISOL : $e(\gamma) + \text{U fission}$

Fast RI beam + gas catcher



Summary & Outlook

SCRIT scheme

1. A SCRIT prototype using (stable) ^{133}Cs ions completely mimicking short-lived nuclei (~50 ms trapping)
2. feasibility has been confirmed by R&D studies at KSR
 $L = 1.2 \times 10^{26} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ with $N_{\text{ion}} \sim 10^6$ at 80 mA

present situation

Slow RI beams

fragment separator + gas chacter : ready

ISOL based on e (γ) + U fission : development

Electron beam

electron ring (AURORA) is ready in operation next year

$E_e = 200 - 300 \text{ MeV}$, $I_e \sim 200 \text{ mA}$, $\tau_e \sim \text{a few } 100 \text{ min @ } 200 \text{ mA}$

ready to open the door to e-RI scattering experiments