

Overview of XFEL0 parameters

Ryan R. Lindberg

Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Laboratory

Joint ERL-FEL Session

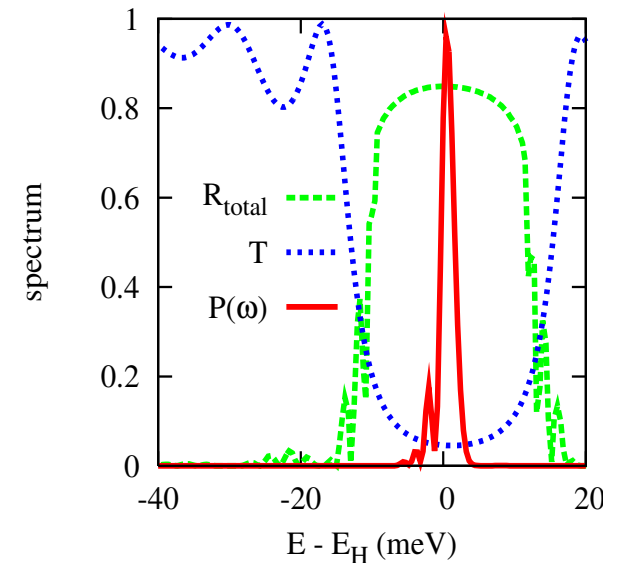
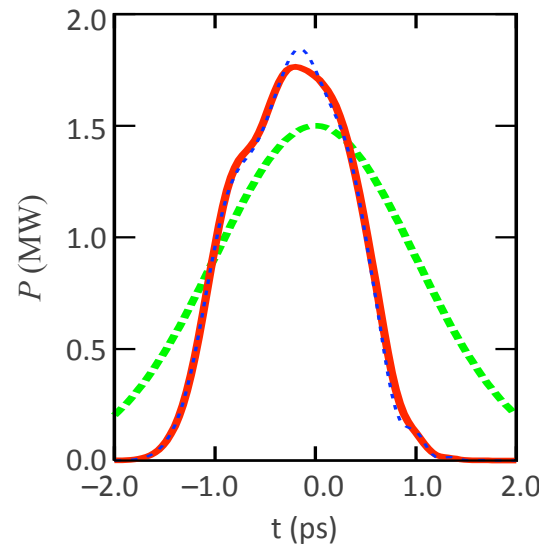
ICFA Workshop of Future Light Sources

Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

“Canonical” Parameters and performance

γmc^2	7 GeV
Q	25 pC
I_{peak}	10 A
$\epsilon_{x,n}$	0.2 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	1.4 MeV
L_{und}	52 m
G	0.36
R_{tot}	0.85
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/ pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHM}	1.58 ps



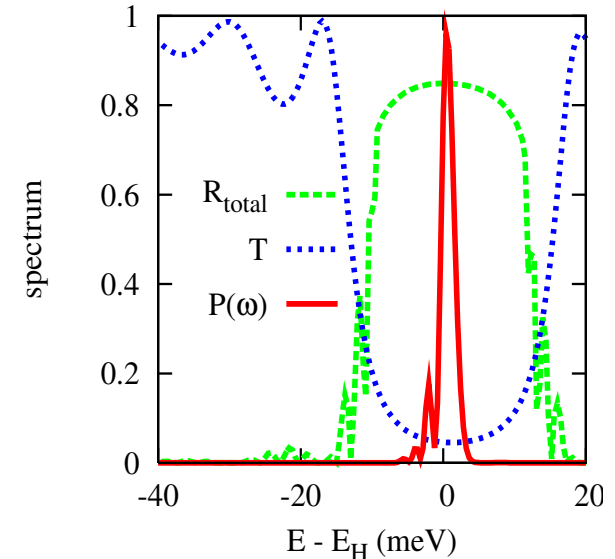
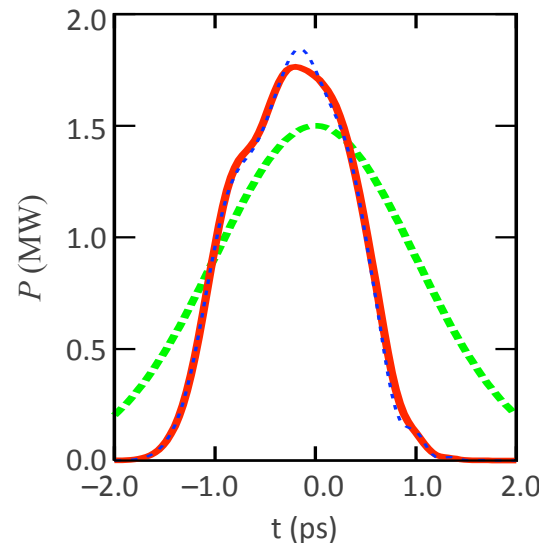
R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)

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Compress the beam
further to increase current
and FEL gain



R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)

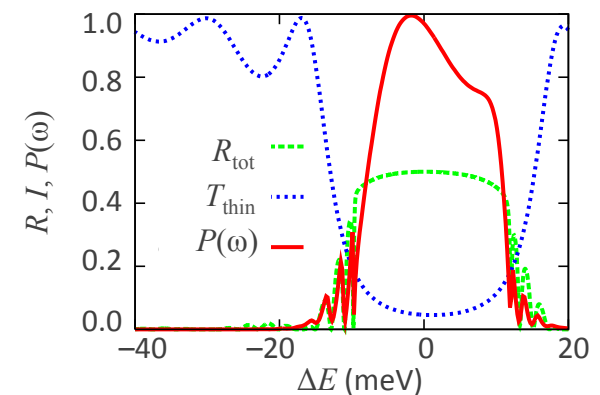
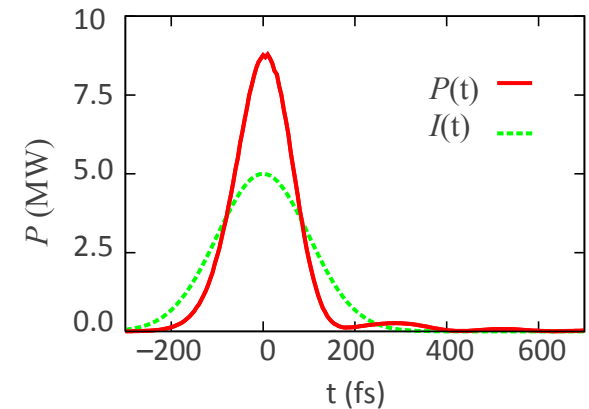
Higher current for more gain

γmc^2	7 GeV
Q	25 pC
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E_{beam}	7 GeV
Q	25 pC
I_{peak}	100 A
$\varepsilon_{x,n}$	0.2 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	0.02%
L_{und}	20 m
G	1.64
R_{tot}	0.5
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/ pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	1.58 ps

P_{out}	8.4 MW
Photons/ pulse	8.7×10^8
ΔE_{FWHM}	15 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	170 fs



R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)

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E_{beam}	7 GeV
Q	25 pC
I_{peak}	100 A
$\varepsilon_{x,n}$	0.4 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	1.4 MeV
L_{und}	40 m
G	1.23
R_{tot}	0.5
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/ pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	1.58 ps

P_{out}	8.4 MW
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P_{out}	1.1 MW
Photons/ pulse	8.2×10^8
ΔE_{FWHM}	15 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	165 fs


R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)



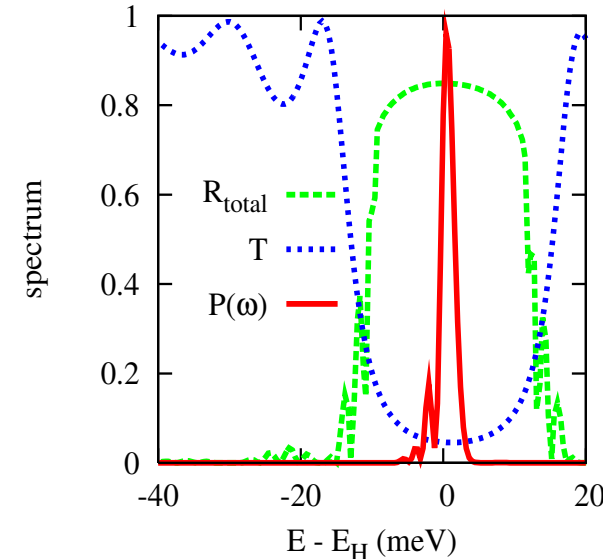
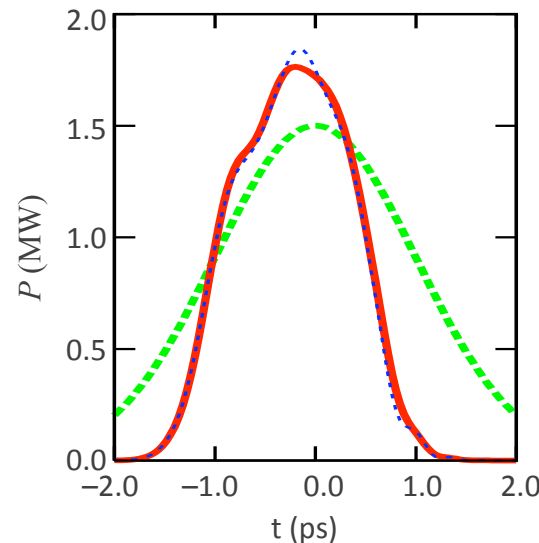
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Beam brightness is far from optimal for our parameters 

If emittance, energy spread (and/or temporal duration) decreased one can consider many other possibilities



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Negligible emittance: $\gamma\varepsilon_{x,n} \ll \frac{\lambda}{4\pi}$

$$\varepsilon_{x,n} \lesssim 0.01 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$$

$$G \rightarrow 1.3$$

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$$G \rightarrow 1.3$$

Negligible energy spread: $\frac{\Delta\gamma}{\gamma} \ll \frac{1}{2N_u}$

$$\Delta\gamma mc^2 \lesssim 100 \text{ keV}$$

$$G \rightarrow 2.3$$

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Both
 $G \rightarrow 11$

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R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)

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$$G \rightarrow 2.3$$

Halving emittance and energy spread:

$$\varepsilon_{x,n} = 0.1 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}, \Delta\gamma mc^2 = 0.7 \text{ MeV}$$

$$G \rightarrow 1.8$$

R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)

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R_{tot}	0.85
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/ pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHM}	1.58 ps

Negligible emittance: $\gamma \varepsilon_{x,n} \ll \frac{\lambda}{4\pi}$

$$\varepsilon_{x,n} \lesssim 10^{-2} \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$$

$G \rightarrow 1.3$

Negligible energy spread: $\frac{\Delta\gamma}{\gamma} \ll \frac{1}{2N_u}$

Both
 $G \rightarrow 11$

$$\Delta\gamma mc^2 \lesssim 100 \text{ keV}$$

$G \rightarrow 2.3$

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$$\varepsilon_{x,n} = 0.1 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}, \Delta\gamma mc^2 = 0.7 \text{ MeV}$$

$G \rightarrow 1.8$

One way to decrease emittance is to decrease charge

R.R. Lindberg, K-J. Kim, Yu. Shvyd'ko, and W.M. Fawley, *Phys. Rev. ST-AB*. **14**, 010701 (2011)

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Smaller emittance beams for XFELO

Decrease in emittance $\sim 50\%$, energy spread by factor of 6, and width by 2 permits proposed XFELO in JAERI-KEK ERL design to operate 5 GeV and lower peak current*

Decrease in emittance by ~ 2.5 , energy spread by factor of 14, and width by 4 permits lasing at the 3rd harmonic at 3.5 GeV†

As an extreme example of the possible uses of low charge, we have adapted the 1pC, ultra-short beams first proposed for high-gain FELs in the “single spike” regime‡

$$Q = 1 \text{ pC}, \quad \sigma_e = 250 \text{ fs} \rightarrow I = 1.6 \text{ A}$$
$$\varepsilon_{xn} = 0.062 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{mrad} \quad \Delta E = 250 \text{ keV}$$

* R. Hajima and N. Nishimori, Proc. of 2009 FEL Conf

† Dai, H. Deng, and Z. Dai, Phys. Rev. Lett. **108**, 034802 (2012).

‡ J.B. Rosenzweig, et al., *Nucl. Instrum. Methods A*. **593**, 39 (2008).

XFELO using ultra-small emittance beam @ 1pC

γmc^2	7 GeV
Q	25 pC
I_{peak}	10 A
$\epsilon_{x,n}$	0.2 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	1.4 MeV
L_{und}	52 m
G	0.36
R_{tot}	0.85
crystal	C(4 4 4)

E_{beam}	7 GeV
Q	1 pC
I_{peak}	1.6 A
$\epsilon_{x,n}$	0.062 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	250 keV
L_{und}	52 m
G	0.74
R_{tot}	0.5
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/ pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHM}	1.58 ps

P_{out}	31 kW
Photons/ pulse	5×10^6
ΔE_{FWHM}	6.3 meV
Δt_{FWHM}	0.42 ps

XFEL0 using ultra-small emittance beam @ 1pC

γmc^2	7 GeV
Q	25 pC
I_{peak}	10 A
$\epsilon_{x,n}$	0.2 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	1.4 MeV
L_{und}	52 m
G	0.36
R_{tot}	0.85
crystal	C(4 4 4)

E_{beam}	7 GeV
Q	1 pC
I_{peak}	1.6 A
$\epsilon_{x,n}$	0.062 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	250 keV
L_{und}	52 m
G	0.74
R_{tot}	0.85
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/ pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHM}	1.58 ps

P_{out}	500 kW
Photons/ pulse	1×10^8
ΔE_{FWHM}	6.3 meV
Δt_{FWHM}	0.42 ps

XFEL0 using ultra-small emittance beam @ 1pC

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Q	25 pC
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E_{beam}	7 GeV
Q	1 pC
I_{peak}	1.6 A
$\epsilon_{x,n}$	0.062 mm-mrad
$\Delta\gamma mc^2$	250 keV
L_{und}	35 m
G	0.39
R_{tot}	0.85
crystal	C(4 4 4)

P_{out}	1.7 MW
Photons/pulse	1.1×10^9
ΔE_{FWHM}	1.95 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	1.58 ps

P_{out}	500 kW
Photons/pulse	1×10^8
ΔE_{FWHM}	6.3 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	0.42 ps

P_{out}	650 MW
Photons/pulse	1.2×10^8
ΔE_{FWHM}	5.6 meV
Δt_{FWHH}	0.4 fs

Tevatron-size Ultimate storage ring

Michael Borland investigated the possibility of a Tevatron-sized ultimate storage, and found the settled on the following 2 damping undulators

11 GeV beam energy with 2 damping undulators

Geometric emittance = 1.1 pm Energy spread = 15.4 MeV

Bunch length ~8 ps @ 100 pC ($I \sim 5$ A)

Energy spread dominated, with single pass gain ~1%

“Naïve” scaling to 7 GeV \rightarrow Energy spread = 6.3 MeV and negligible emittance

$$N_u = 500 \rightarrow G = 6\%$$

$$N_u = 1000 \rightarrow G = 9\%$$

Caveats: beam damping time probably quite long, how will other parameters change?

Storage ring-based XFEL not impossible, but the large natural energy spread makes this very challenging...is there an opportunity here?

M. Borland, “A Tevatron-sized Ultimate Storage Ring Light Source Based on the PEP-X Lattice,”
AOP-TN-2011-039 (2011)