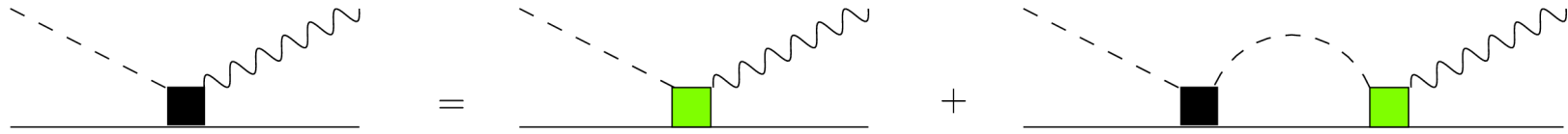


Dynamical coupled channel calculation of pion and omega meson production



Mark Paris

Center for Nuclear Studies - Data Acquisition Center
George Washington University

EmNN* Workshop

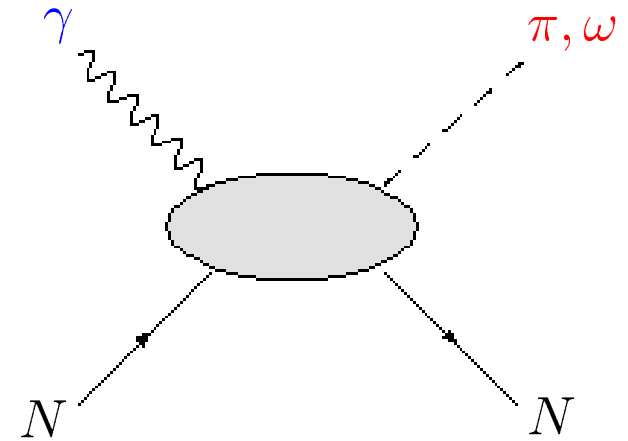
JLab

2008/10/13



Outline

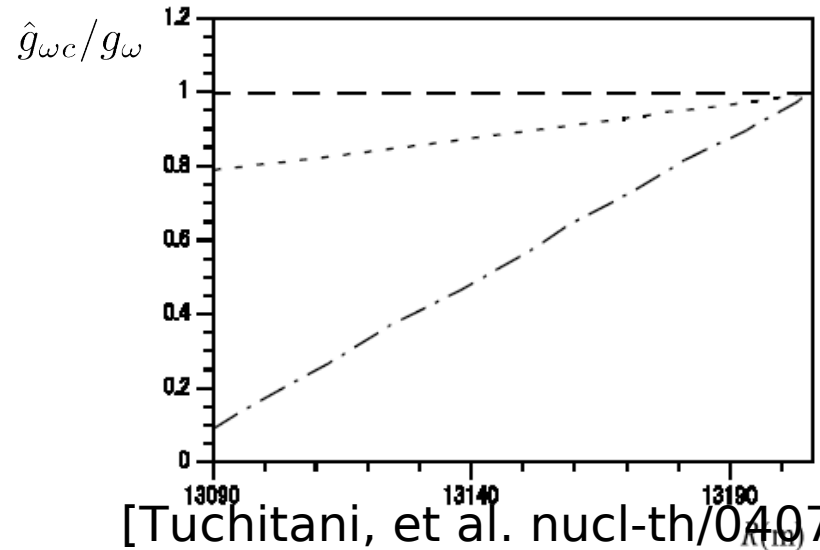
- Model
 - 5 channel “core” [B.Julia-Diaz et.al. Phys. Rev. C 76: 065201, 2007] + ωN
- Fitting
 - $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$, $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$, $YN \rightarrow \pi N$, $YN \rightarrow \omega N$
- Predictions
 - Σ_{ω} photon beam asymmetry
 - $\rho_{\lambda\lambda'}^0$ spin density matrix elements
 - ωN scattering length
- Conclusion



Motivation: ω N interactions

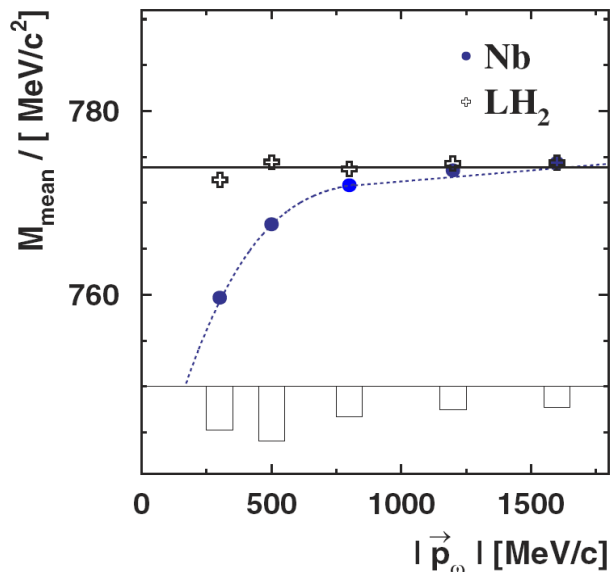
• ω interactions are poorly determined

- SU(3):
 - $g_{\omega NN}/g_{\rho NN} = 3/2$
- CD-Bonn realistic NN potential
 - $g_{\omega NN} = 8$. $\kappa_{\omega NN} = 0$
- Sato-Lee (Δ)
 - $g_{\omega NN} = 10.5$ $\kappa_{\omega NN} = 0$
- Giessen
 - $g_{\omega NN} \sim 4.6$ $\kappa_{\omega NN} \sim -1$



• Possible “in-medium” modification

$$\delta m_\omega^{*2} \approx 0.1 m_\omega^2 \implies \delta R_{NS} \approx 1 \text{ km}$$



CBELSA/TAPS Collaboration
[Trnka PRL 192303(05)]

→ $T_\omega = 0$ means only $T=1/2$ N^* contribute → simplicity

→ can we fit unpol./pol. data and accurately predict other unfitted observables?

Model: dynamical equation

Starting model space: neglect $\pi\pi N$

$$V_{\alpha\beta} = v_{\alpha\beta} + v_{\alpha\beta}^R$$

$$v^R(E) = \sum_{N_i^*} \frac{\Gamma_i^\dagger \Gamma_i}{E - M_i^0}$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta}(E) = t_{\alpha\beta}(E) + t_{\alpha\beta}^R(E)$$

$$t_{\alpha\beta}^R(E) = \sum_{i,j} \bar{\Gamma}_{\alpha,i} [E - H_0 - \Sigma]_{ij}^{-1} \bar{\Gamma}_{j,\beta}$$

$$t_{\alpha\beta}(E) = v_{\alpha\beta} + \sum_{\gamma} v_{\alpha\gamma} G_{0,\gamma}(E) t_{\gamma\beta}(E)$$

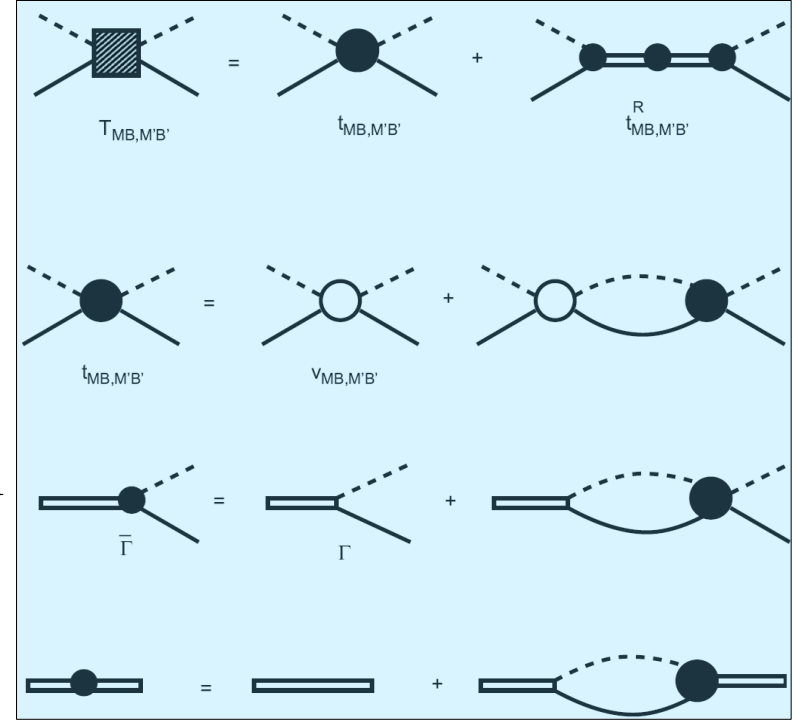
$$\bar{\Gamma}_{i,\beta}(E) = \Gamma_{i,\beta}(E) + \sum_{\gamma} \Gamma_{i,\gamma} G_{0,\gamma}(E) t_{\gamma\beta}(E)$$

$$\Sigma_{ij} = \sum_{\gamma} \Gamma_{i,\gamma} G_{0,\gamma} \bar{\Gamma}_{\gamma,j}$$

NB sums:

$$\sum_{\gamma} : \gamma = \pi N, \eta N, \pi \Delta, \sigma N, \rho N$$

$$\sum_{i,j} : i, j = \text{set of resonances}$$



$$G_{0,\gamma} = \frac{1}{E - \sqrt{k^2 + m_B^2} - \sqrt{k^2 + m_M^2} - \Sigma_{\gamma}(E)}$$

model: interaction

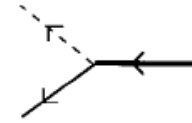
$$MB \rightarrow M' B'$$

$$V = \Gamma_V + v_{22} + v'$$

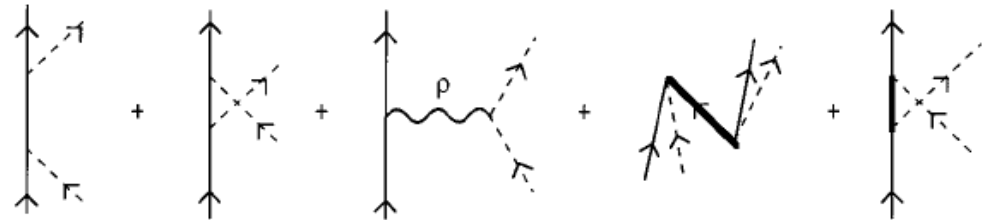
$$\Gamma_V = \sum_{N^*, MB} \Gamma_{N^*, MB}$$

$$v_{22} = \sum_{M' B', MB} v_{M' B', MB}$$

$$v' = v_{23} + v_{33}$$



[Hermitian conjugate implied]



For 6 channels: $\pi N, \eta N, \pi \Delta, \sigma N, \rho N, \omega N \implies$ **45 Feynman amplitudes**

Interaction evaluation:

- evaluate diagrams
- project into partial wave basis
- test against plane wave code

Propagators:

- unitary transform modifies Feynman form
- off-shell \rightarrow on-shell: Feynman

$$\bar{V}_a^{16} = ig_{\omega NN} \frac{f_{\pi NN}}{m_\pi} \Gamma_{\omega'} \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\not{p} + \not{k} - m} + \frac{1}{\not{p}' + \not{k}' - m} \right] \tau^i \not{k} \gamma_5$$

$$\bar{V}_b^{16} = ig_{\omega NN} \frac{f_{\pi NN}}{m_\pi} \tau^i \not{k} \gamma_5 \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\not{p} - \not{k} - m} + \frac{1}{\not{p}' - \not{k}' - m} \right] \Gamma_{\omega'}$$

$$\bar{V}_e^{16} = g_{\rho NN} \frac{g_{\omega \pi \rho}}{m_\omega} \frac{\tau^i}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2t - m_\rho^2} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \epsilon_{\lambda\omega}^{\alpha*} (p - p')^\beta k^\gamma \Gamma_\rho^\delta(p - p') \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2t' - m_\rho^2} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \epsilon_{\lambda\omega}^{\alpha*} (k' - k)^\beta k^\gamma \Gamma_\rho^\delta(k' - k) \right]$$

Fitting procedure

- Fit χ^2 via conjugate gradient/simplex methods

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i \left(\frac{y_{\text{calc}}(\alpha_p; \theta_i, E_i) - y_{\text{obs}}(\theta_i; E_i)}{\delta y(\theta_i; E_i)} \right)^2$$

- Simultaneous fit of πN and ωN data

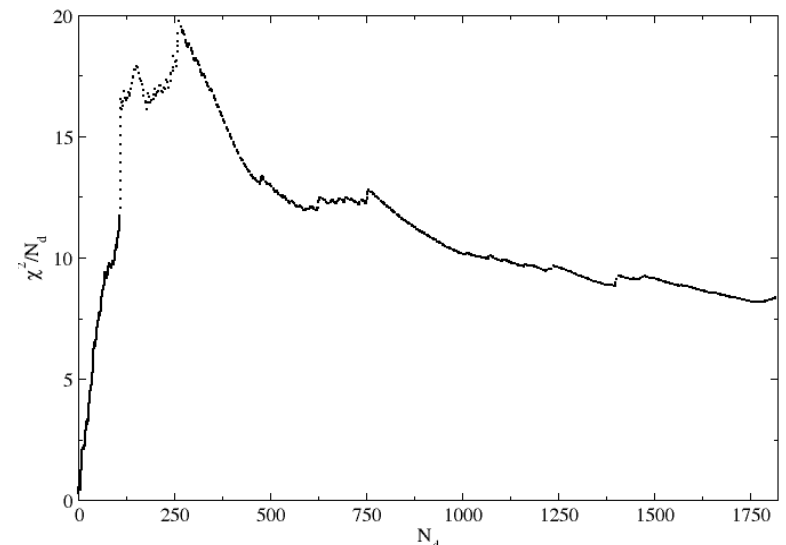
- $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$: PWA from SAID [energy dep. SP06 solution]
- $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \omega n$: unp. DCS from Nimrod [Karami et.al. '79]
- $\Upsilon p \rightarrow \omega p$: unp. DCS from SAPHIR [Barth et.al. '03]
- $\Upsilon N \rightarrow \pi N$: unp. DCS world data (from SAID)
- $\Upsilon N \rightarrow \pi N$: PBA $\Sigma(E)$ world data (from SAID)

$$\text{DCS} = \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$$

$$\text{PBA} = \Sigma = \frac{\frac{d\sigma_{\perp}}{d\Omega} - \frac{d\sigma_{\parallel}}{d\Omega}}{\frac{d\sigma_{\perp}}{d\Omega} + \frac{d\sigma_{\parallel}}{d\Omega}}$$

- Complete data set

- ~1800 data points



Fit parameters (bare non-resonant)

m_N	938.5	$f_{\pi NN}^2/4\pi$	0.08	$g_{\sigma NN}$	6.815	$\Lambda_{\pi NN}$	810
m_π	138.5	$f_{\pi N\Delta}$	2.206	$g_{\rho\pi\pi}$	4.000	$\Lambda_{\pi N\Delta}$	829
m_η	547.5	$f_{\eta NN}$	3.889	$f_{\pi\Delta\Delta}$	1.000	$\Lambda_{\rho NN}$	1087
m_Δ	1300.0	$g_{\rho NN}$	8.721	$f_{\rho N\Delta}$	7.516	$\Lambda_{\rho\pi\pi}$	1094
m_σ	898.6	κ_ρ	2.654	$g_{\sigma\pi\pi}$	2.353	$\Lambda_{\omega NN}$	1523
m_ρ	811.7	$g_{\omega NN}$	8.100	$g_{\omega\pi\rho}$	6.956	$\Lambda_{\omega NN}^t$	589
m_ω	782.6	κ_ω	1.020	$g_{\rho\Delta\Delta}$	3.302	$\Lambda_{\eta NN}$	624
		$g_{\omega NN}^t$	1.298	$\kappa_{\rho\Delta\Delta}$	2.000	$\Lambda_{\sigma NN}$	781
		κ_ω^t	1.002	m_σ	500.1 MeV	$\Lambda_{\rho N\Delta}$	1200
						$\Lambda_{\pi\Delta\Delta}$	600
						$\Lambda_{\sigma\pi\pi}$	1200
						$\Lambda_{\omega\pi\rho}$	600
						$\Lambda_{\rho\Delta\Delta}$	600

$G_0(k; E)$

$\mathcal{U}_{M'B', MB}$

Fit parameters (bare resonance)

New resonance
required to fit D_{15}
compare to PDG
 $D_{15}(2200)$

#	$L_{TJ}^{(\pi N)}$	$M^{(0)}$	k_{N^*}	πN	ηN	$\pi \Delta$	σN	ρN	ωN	$A_{\frac{1}{2}}$	$A_{\frac{3}{2}}$
1	S_{11}	1800	99.9	7.049	9.100	-1.853	-2.795	2.028 0.027	-3.761 0.405	83.8	
2	S_{11}	1880	100.0	9.824	0.600	0.045	1.139	-9.518 -3.014	-0.516 0.366	-40.3	
3	S_{31}	1850	20.7	5.275		-6.175		-4.299 5.638		129.4	
4	P_{11}	1763	76.1	3.912	2.621	-9.905	-7.162	-5.157 3.456	-3.362 5.231	-21.8	
5	P_{11}	2037	22.1	9.998	3.661	-6.952	8.629	-2.955 -0.945	-2.095 1.043	-27.5	
6	P_{13}	1711	76.4	3.270	-0.999	-9.988 -5.038	1.015	-0.003 2.000 -0.081	5.737 -0.548 -0.204	-12.4	-63.8
7	P_{31}	1900	100.0	6.803		2.118		9.915 0.153		54.1	
8	P_{33}	1603	83.9	1.312		1.078 1.524		2.012 -1.249 0.379		-78.6	-131.2
9	P_{33}	1391	-93.3	1.319		2.037 9.538		-0.317 1.036 0.766		-6.7	5.3
10	D_{13}	1899	-35.3	0.445	-0.017	-1.950 0.978	-0.482	1.133 -0.314 0.179	-0.081 3.740 0.230	88.8	-71.4
11	D_{13}	1988	-41.7	0.465	0.357	9.919 3.876	-5.499	0.289 9.628 -0.141	7.883 9.900 3.386	-54.5	46.8
12	D_{15}	1898	0.0	0.312	-0.096	4.792 0.020	-0.455	-0.179 1.249 -0.101	0.625 1.086 -0.156	33.0	40.3
13	D_{15}	2334	9.7	0.167	-0.106	0.190 -0.098	-0.075	-0.530 0.228 0.099	-0.150 -1.990 0.199	12.6	87.4
14	D_{33}	1976	36.7	0.945		3.999 3.997		0.162 3.949 -0.856		95.9	-6.1
15	F_{15}	2187	92.1	0.062	0.000	1.040 0.005	1.527	-1.035 1.607 -0.026	-0.046 2.212 0.078	-99.8	-68.1
16	F_{35}	2162	-84.2	0.174		-2.961 -1.093		-0.076 8.034 -0.061		-61.0	-103.4
17	F_{37}	2137	-100.0	0.254		-0.316 -0.023		0.100 0.100 0.100		45.9	47.7

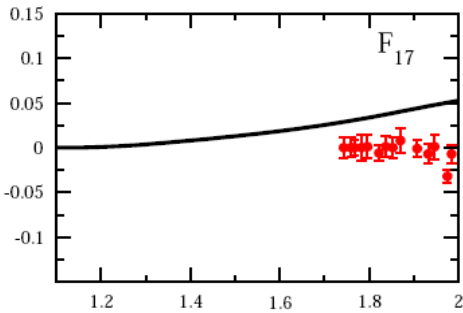
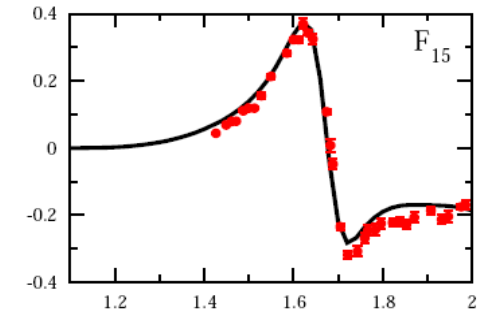
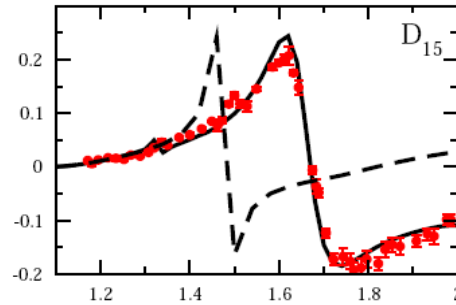
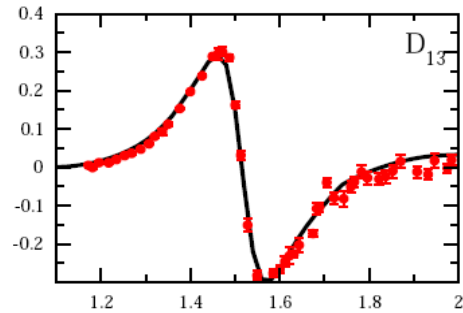
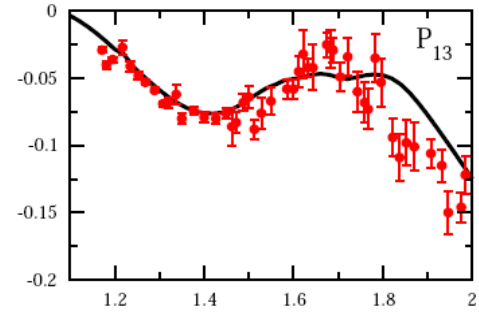
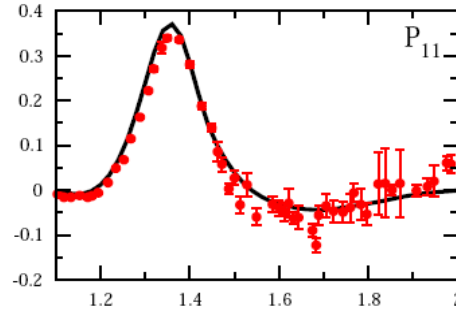
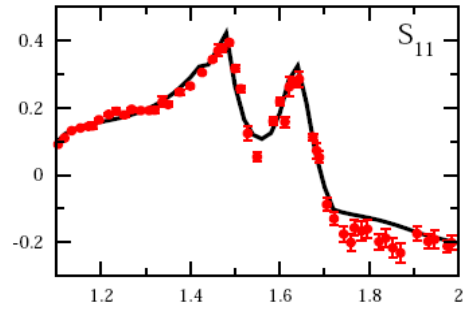
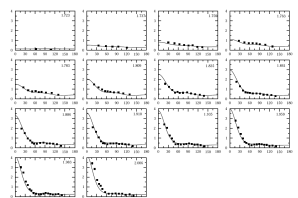
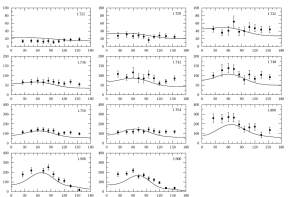
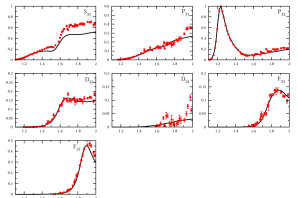
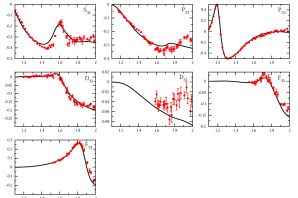
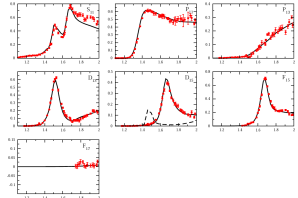
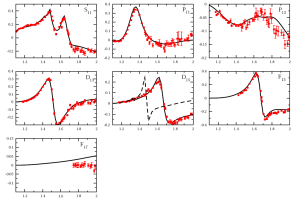
fixed in 5 channel $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ fit

results of present study

$$\Gamma_{LSMB, N^*}^{JT}(k) = \zeta_{MB} \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{m_N}} C_{N^*LSMB}^{JT} \left(\frac{k}{m_\pi} \right)^L f_{N^*LSMB}^{JT}(k)$$

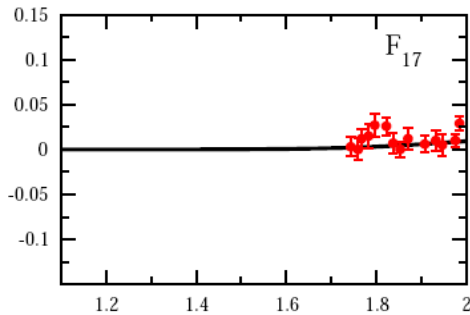
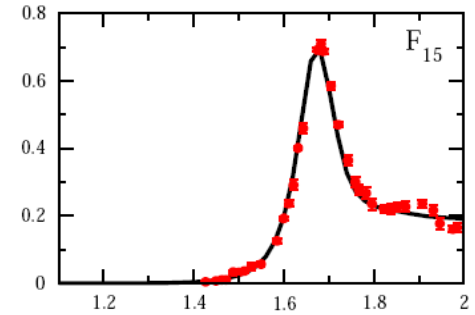
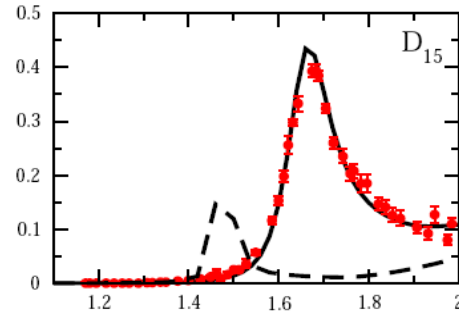
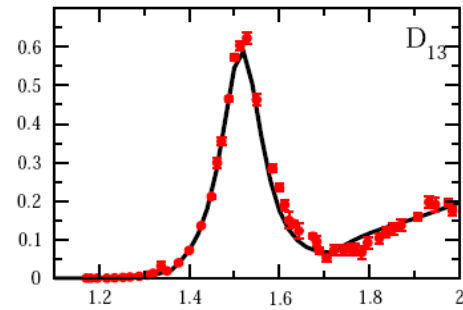
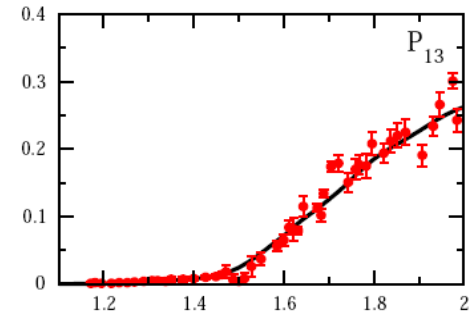
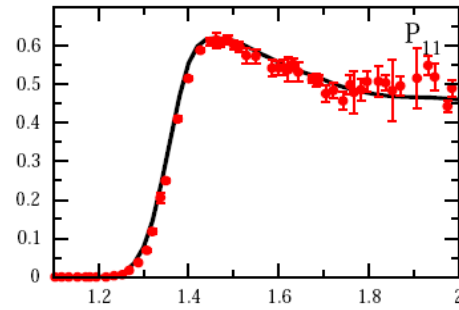
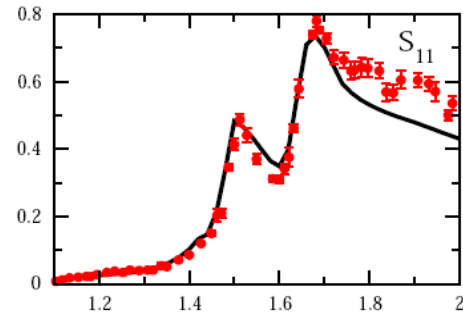
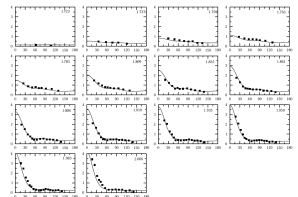
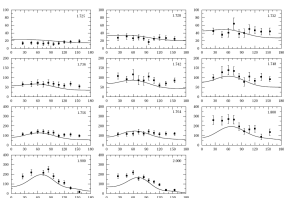
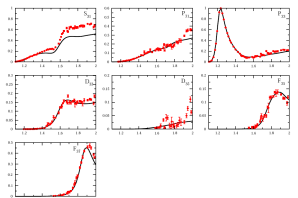
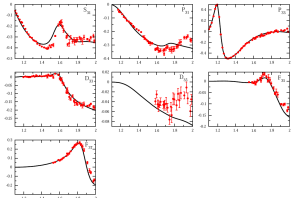
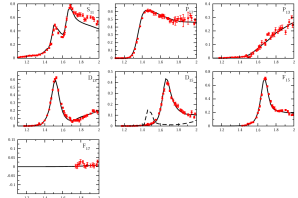
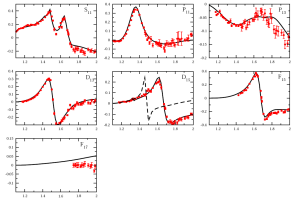
$$\Gamma_{N^*, \lambda_\gamma \lambda_N T_{N,z}}^{JT}(q) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{3/2}} \sqrt{\frac{m_N}{E_N(q_R)}} A_{\lambda T_{N,z}}^{JT} \sqrt{\frac{q_R}{q}} g_{N^* \lambda T_{N,z}}^{JT}(q) \delta_{\lambda, \lambda_\gamma - \lambda_N}$$

Stage 1: $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ & $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$ & $\gamma N \rightarrow \omega N$



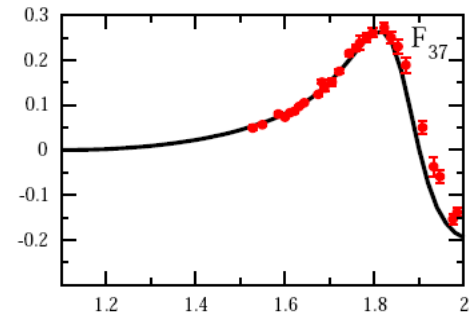
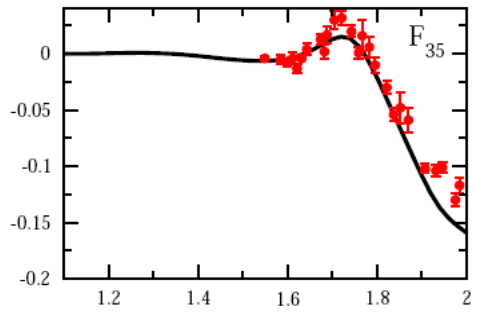
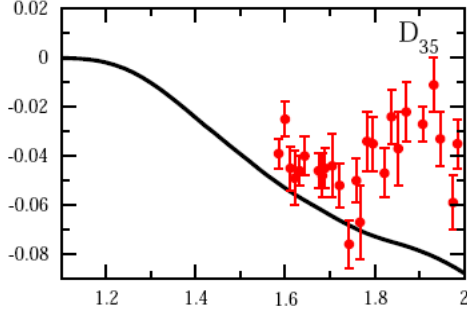
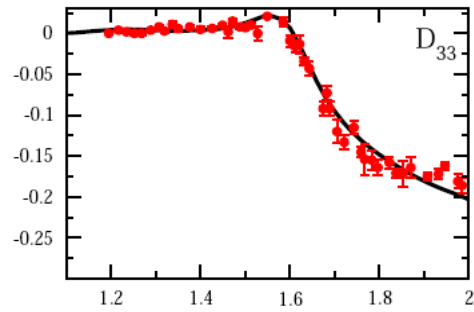
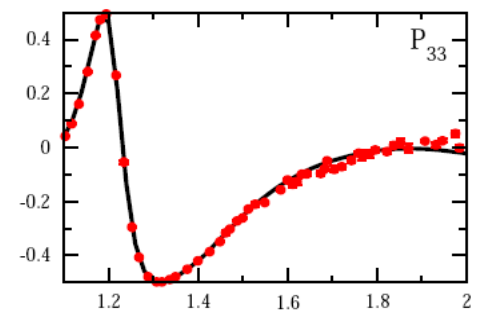
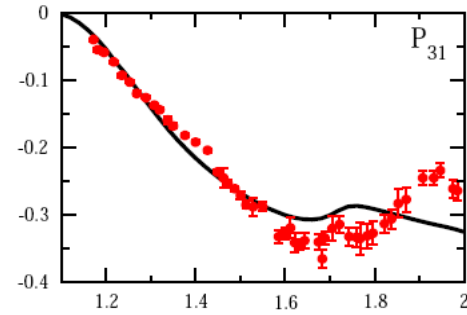
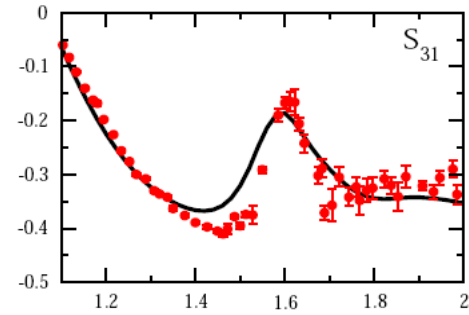
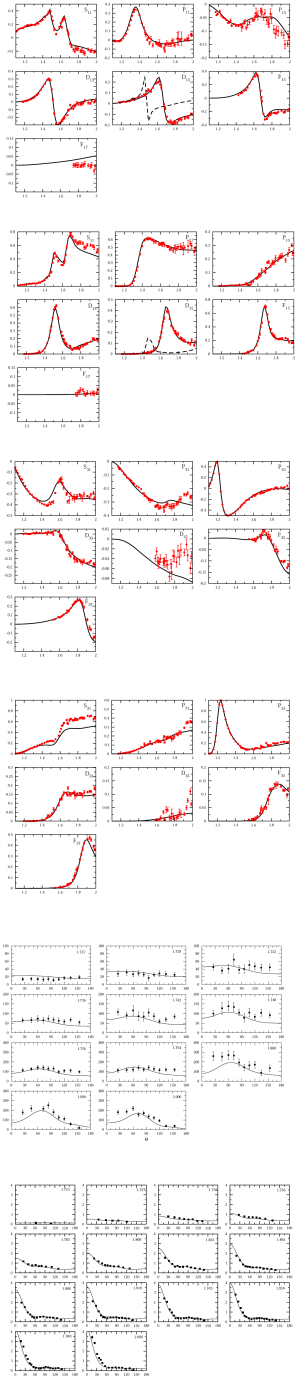
Real Part: $T=1/2$ cf. SAID PRC74(06)

Stage 1: $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ & $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$ & $\gamma N \rightarrow \omega N$



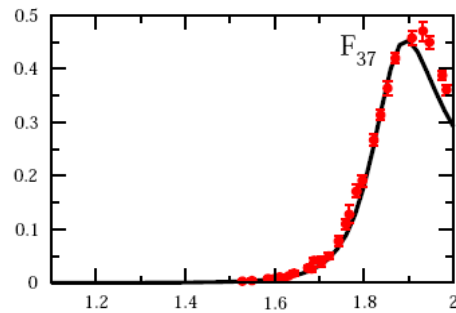
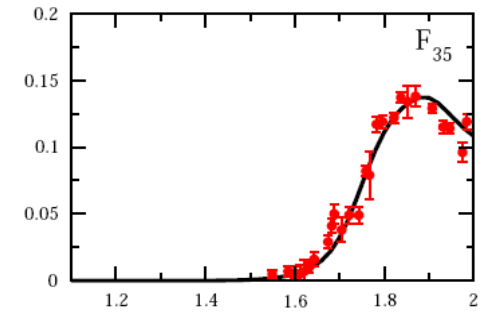
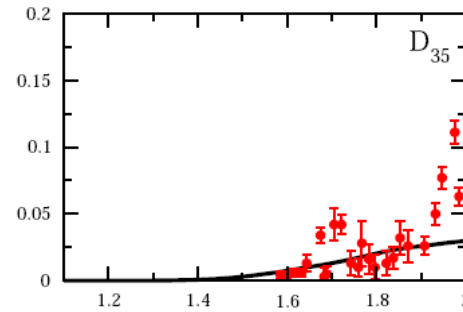
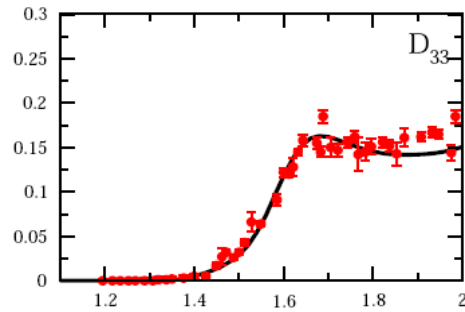
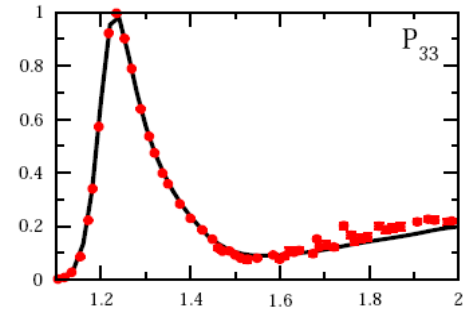
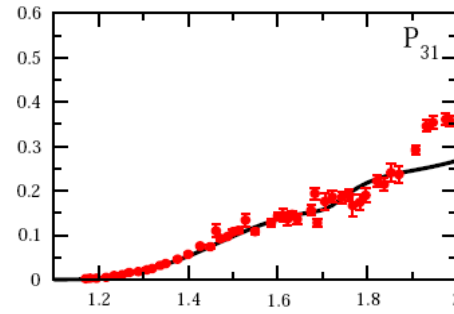
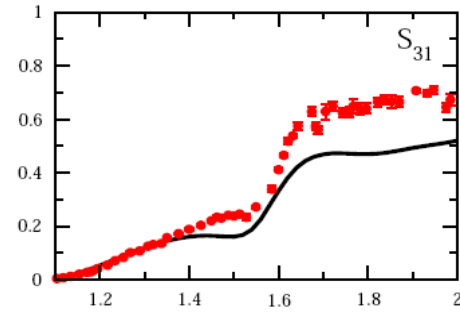
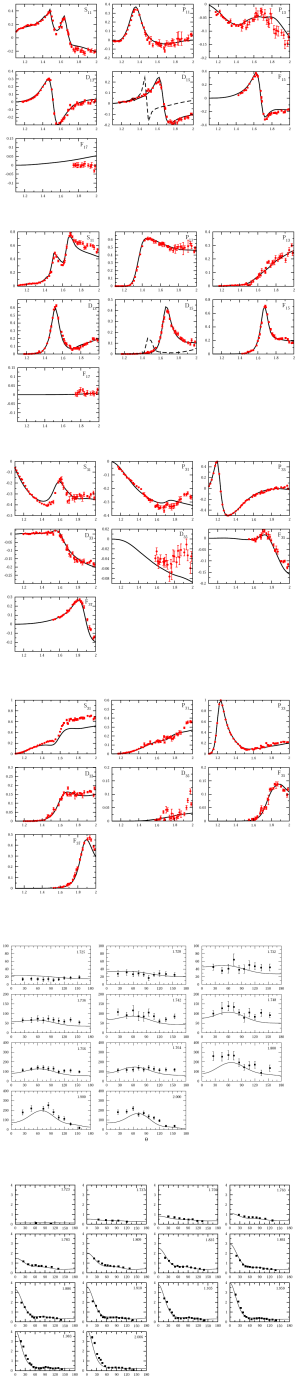
Imag. Part: $T=1/2$ cf. SAID PRC74(06)

Stage 1: $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ & $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$ & $\gamma N \rightarrow \omega N$



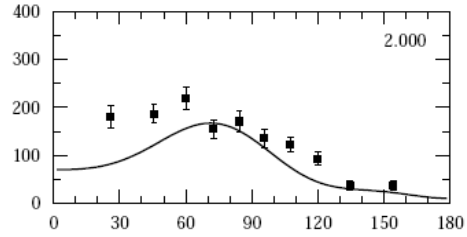
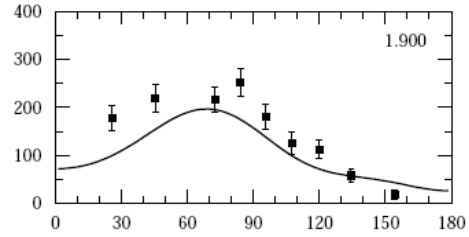
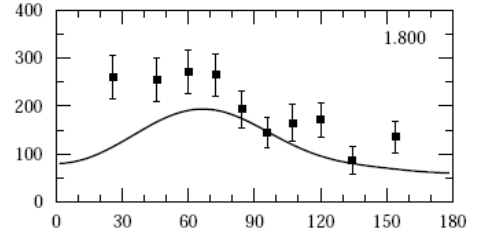
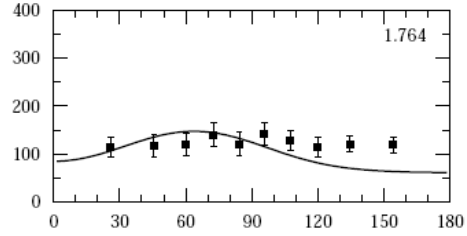
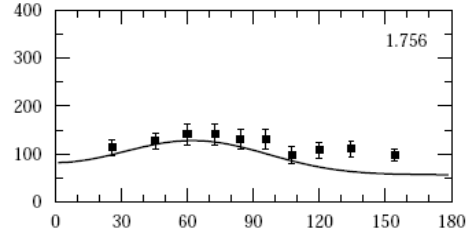
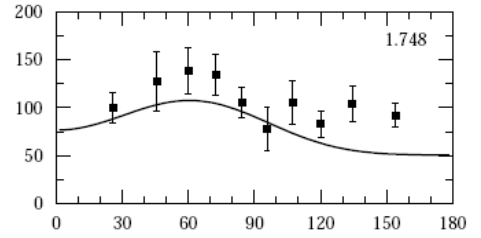
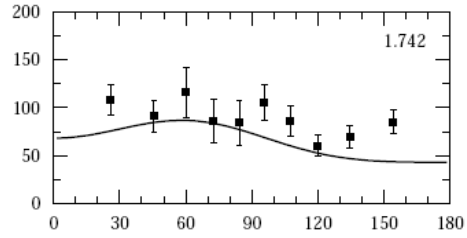
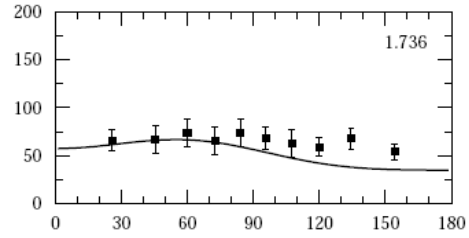
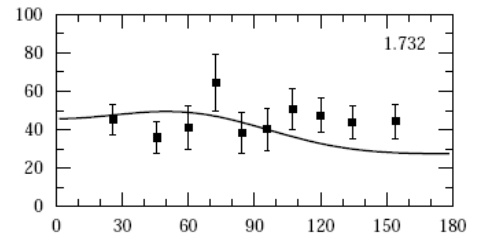
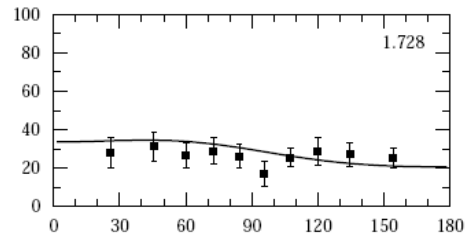
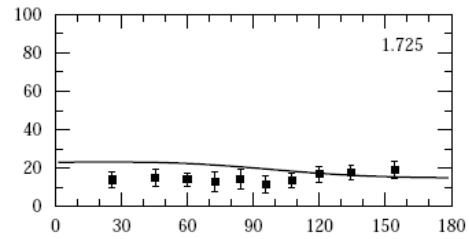
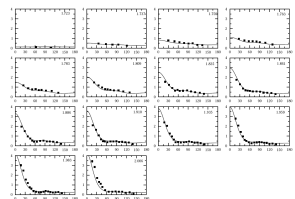
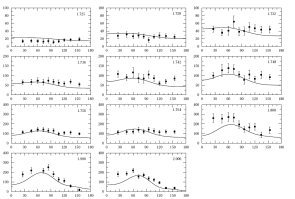
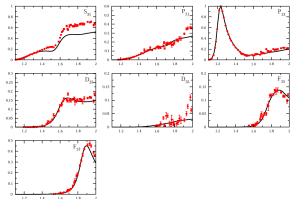
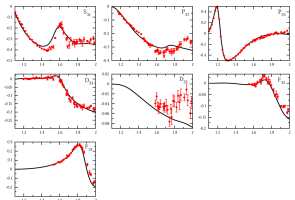
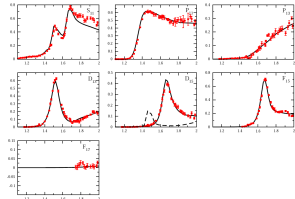
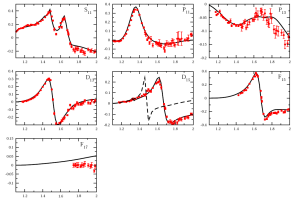
Real Part: $T=3/2$ cf. SAID PRC74(06)

Stage 1: $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ & $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$ & $\gamma N \rightarrow \omega N$



Imag. Part: $T=3/2$ cf. SAID PRC74(06)

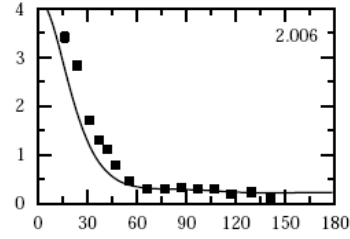
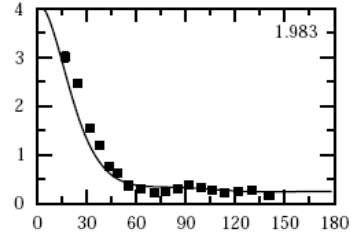
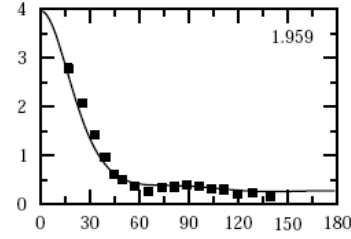
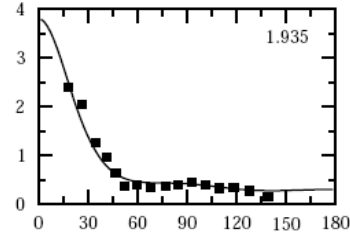
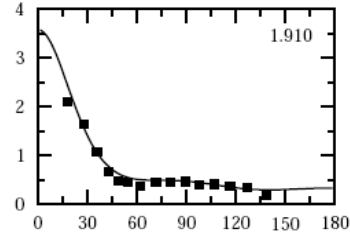
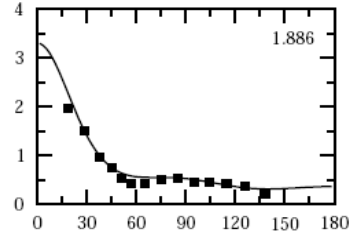
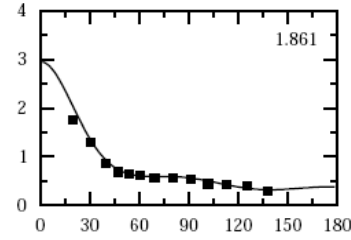
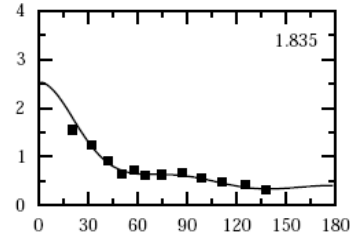
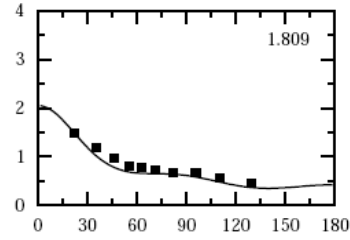
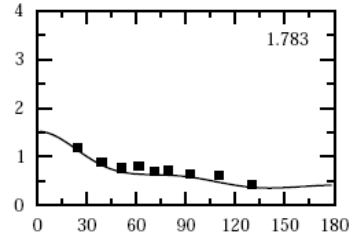
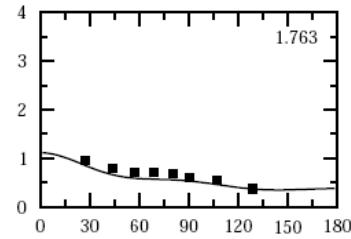
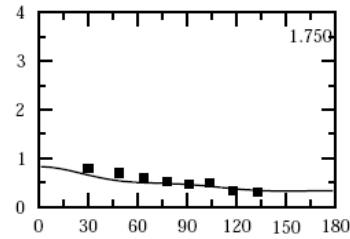
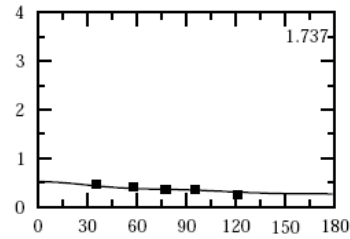
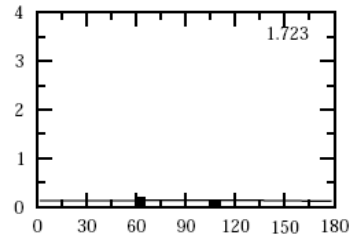
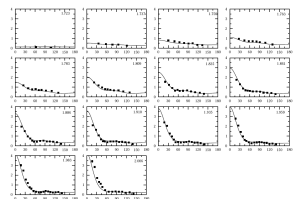
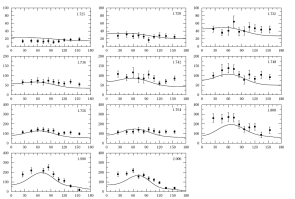
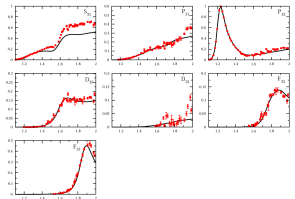
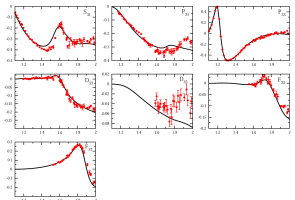
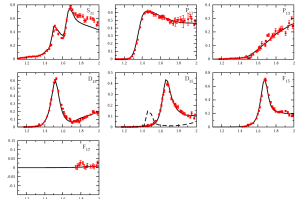
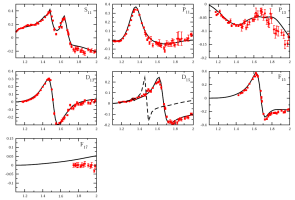
Stage 1: $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ & $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$ & $\gamma N \rightarrow \omega N$



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} [\mu\text{b}/\text{sr}]$$

θ

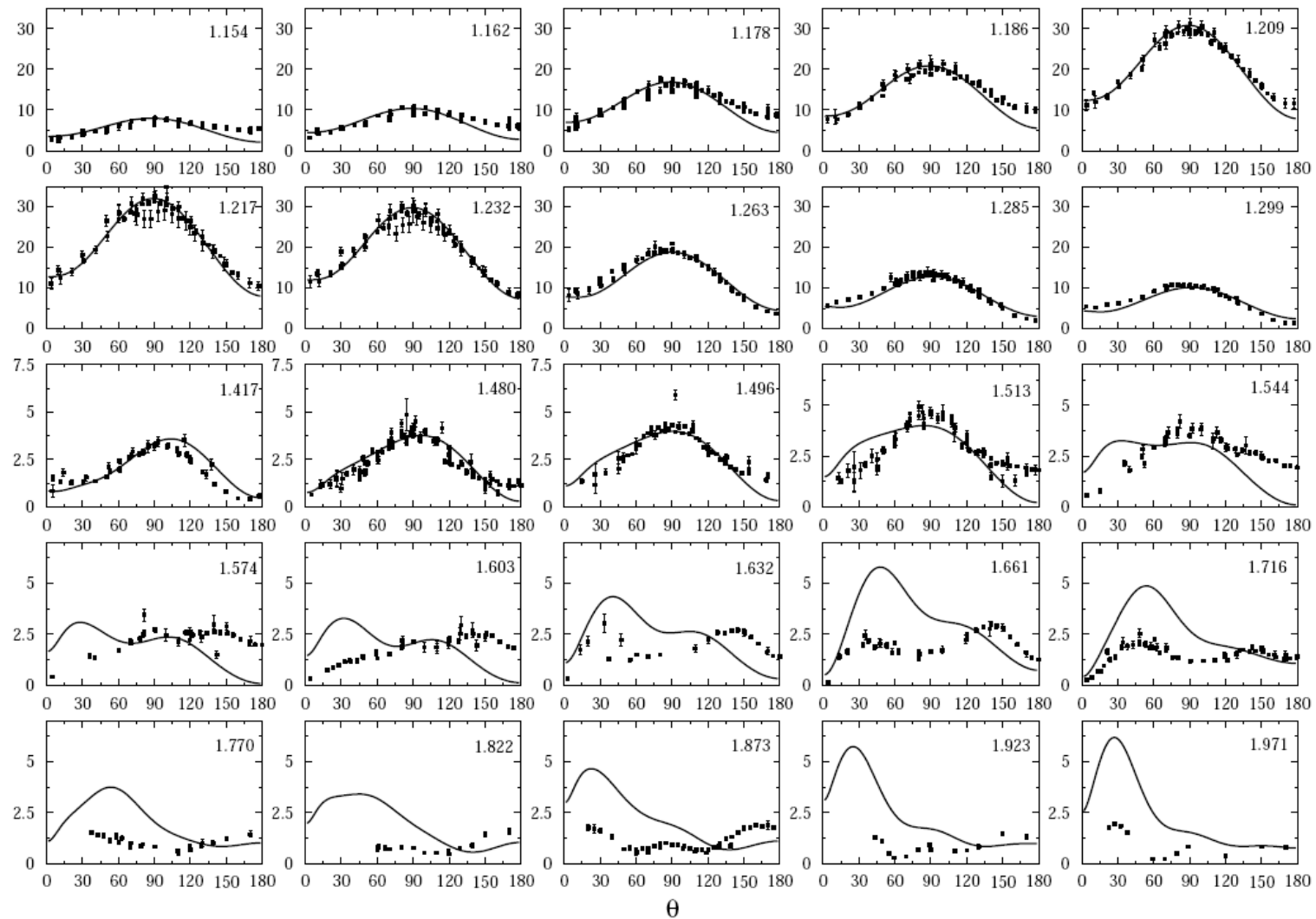
Stage 1: $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$ & $\pi N \rightarrow \omega N$ & $\gamma N \rightarrow \omega N$



θ

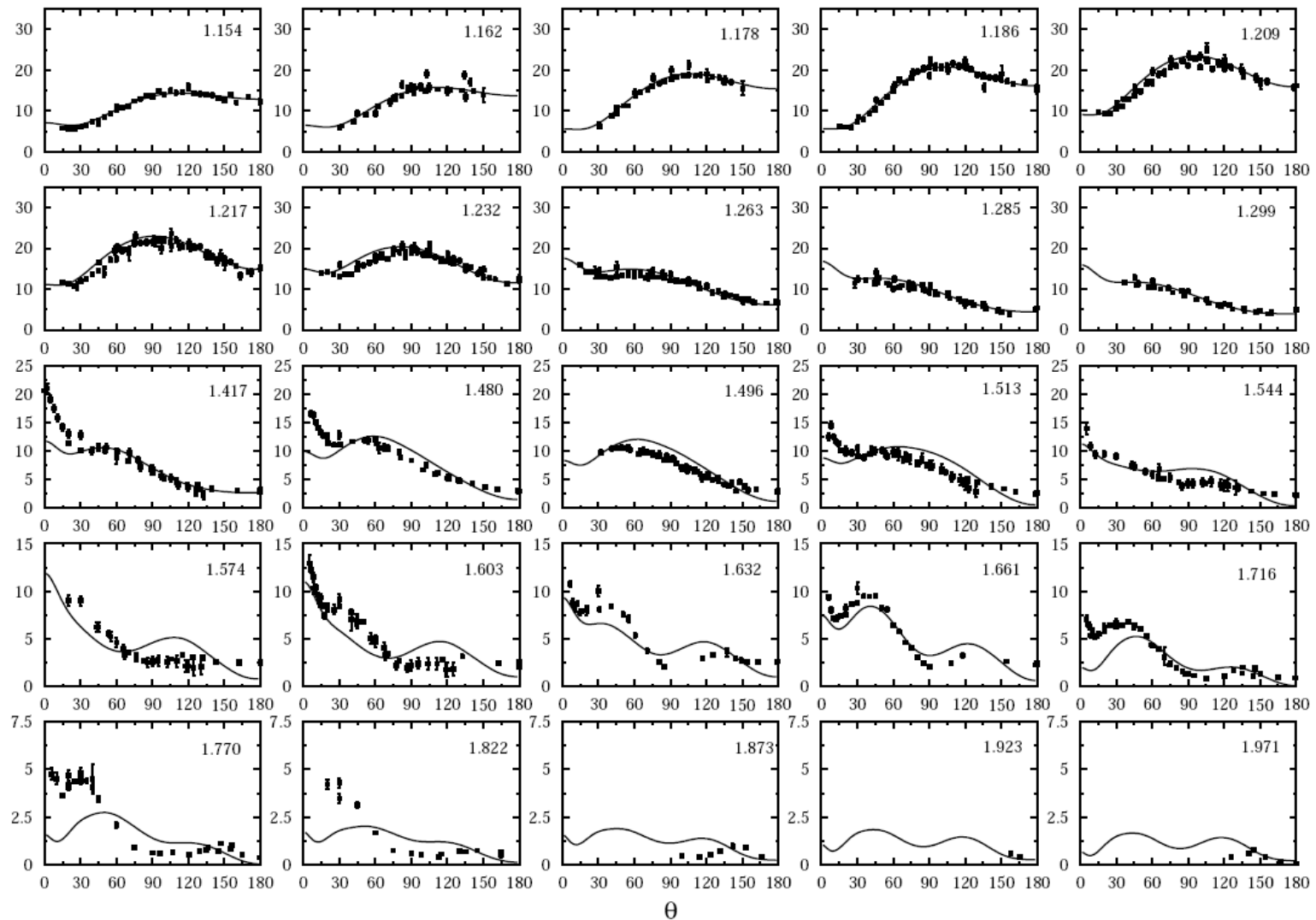
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} [\mu\text{b}/\text{sr}]$$

Stage 2: DCS $\Upsilon\rho\rightarrow\pi^0\rho$



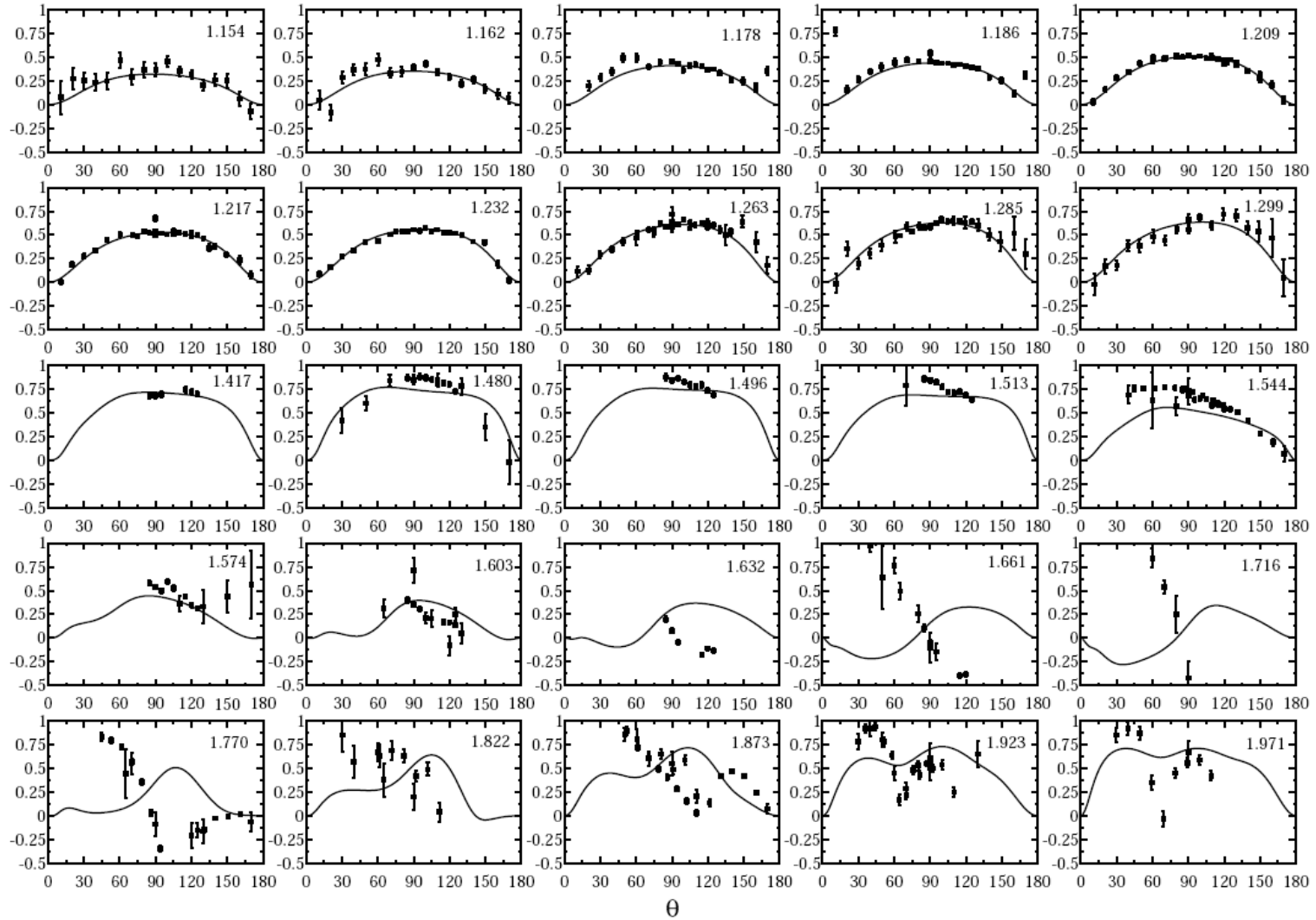
- Quality: $\chi^2/N \sim 1$ for $E < \sim 1.5$ GeV
- Possible improvements
 - global fit; other non-res mechanisms; more resonances; $\pi\pi N$

Stage 2: DCS $\Upsilon\rho\rightarrow\pi^+n$



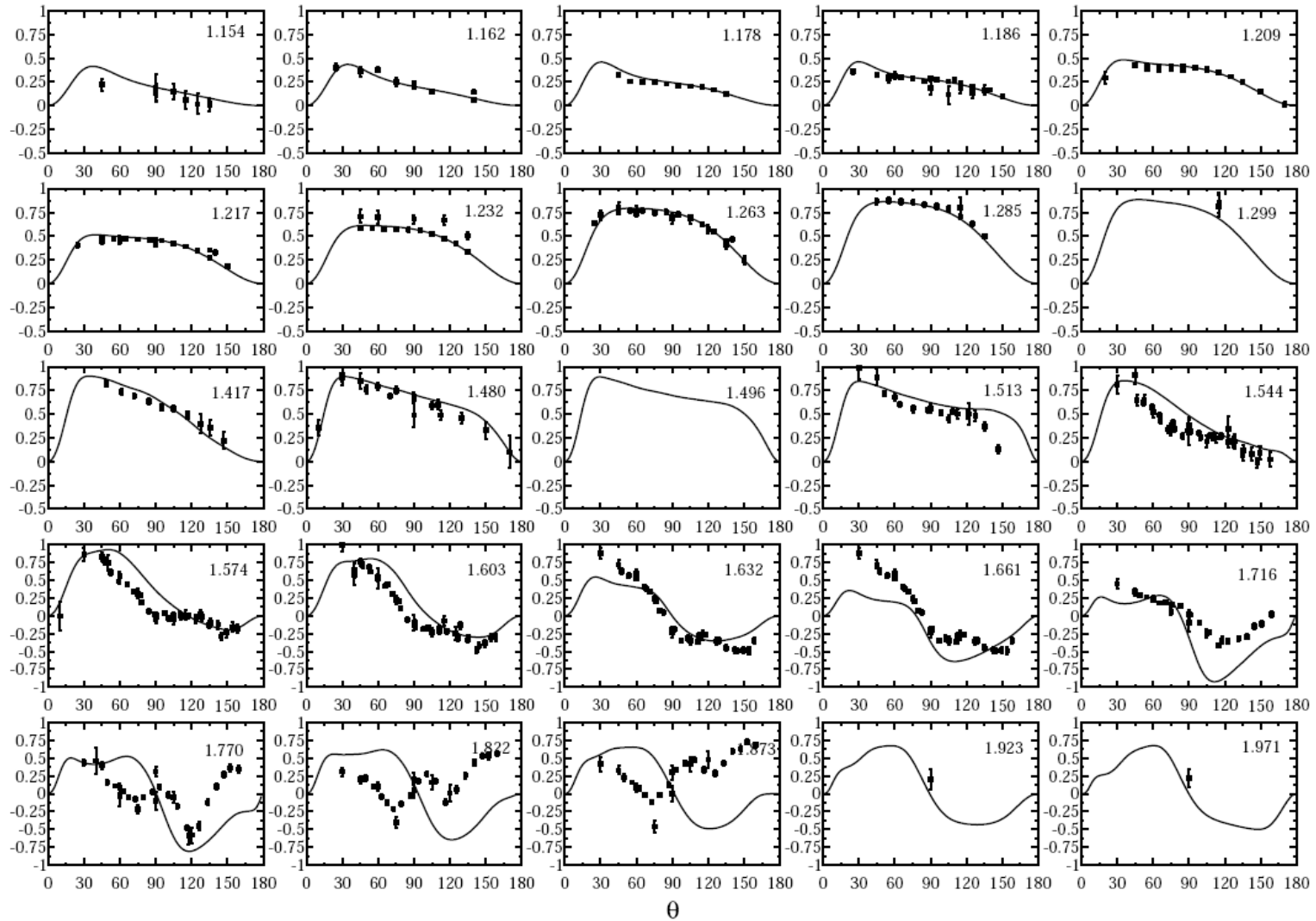
- Quality: $\chi^2/N \sim 1$ for $E < \sim 1.7$ GeV
 - angular dependence okay at high E

Stage 2: PBA $\Sigma_0 \Upsilon\rho \rightarrow \pi^0\rho$



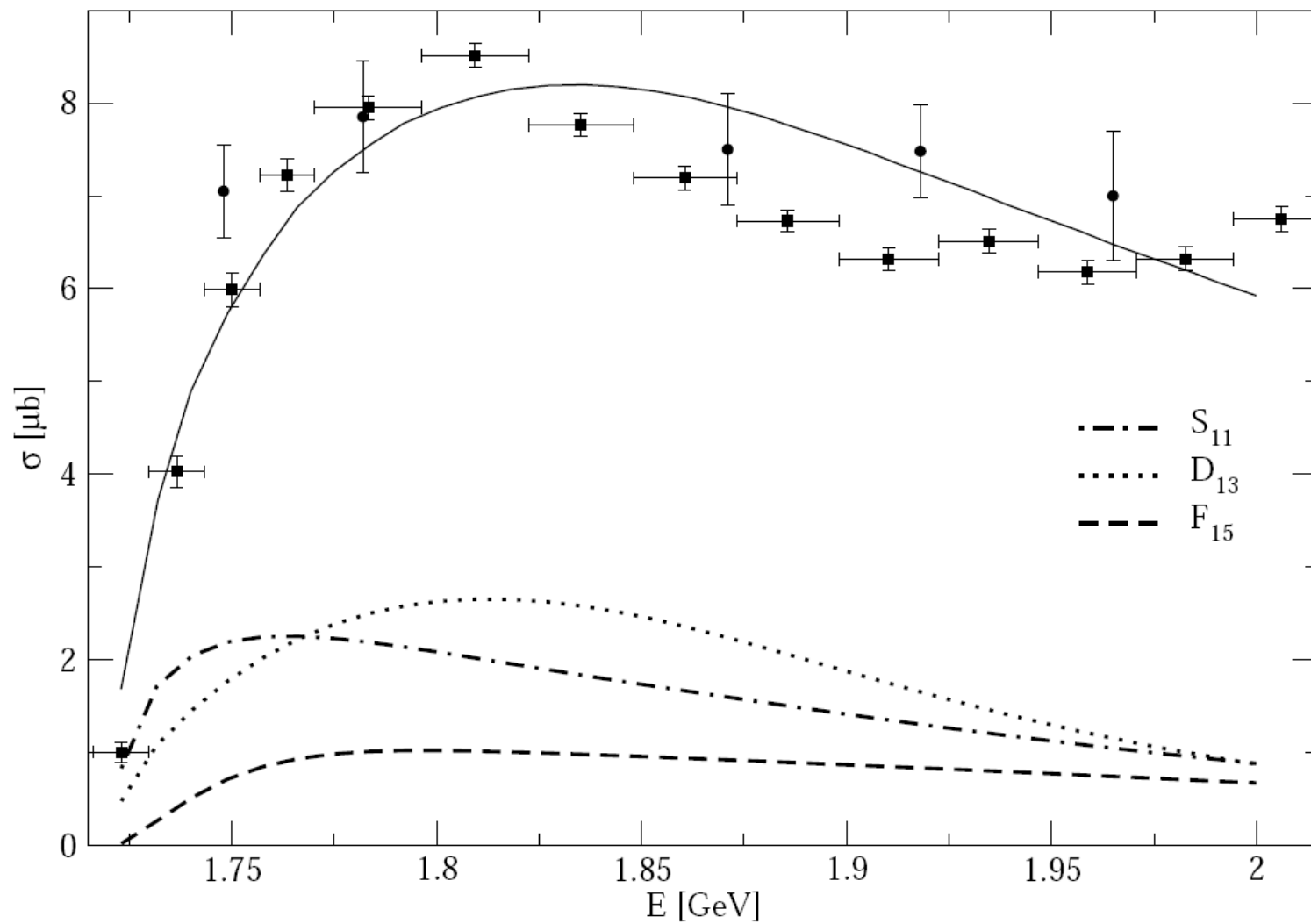
- Quality: $\chi^2/N \sim 1$ for $E < \sim 1.6$ GeV

Stage 2: PBA $\Sigma_+ \Upsilon\rho \rightarrow \pi^+ n$

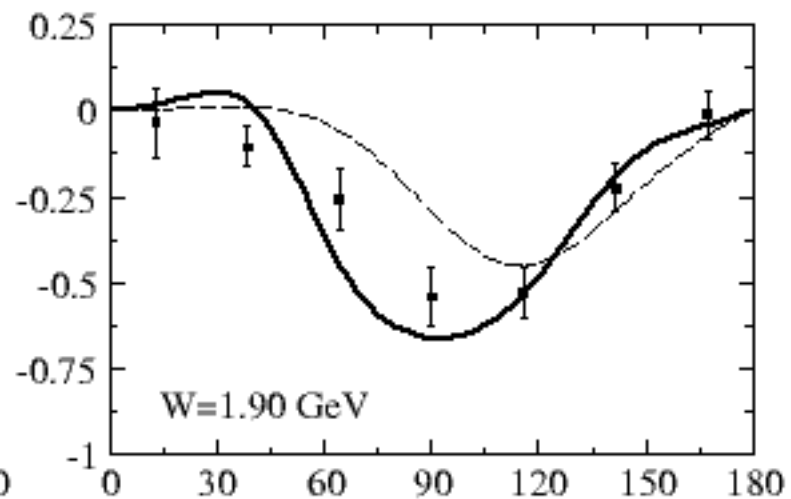
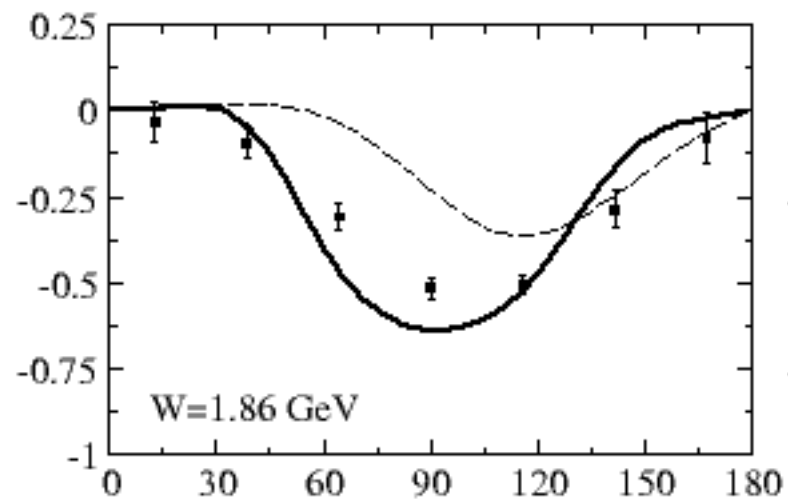
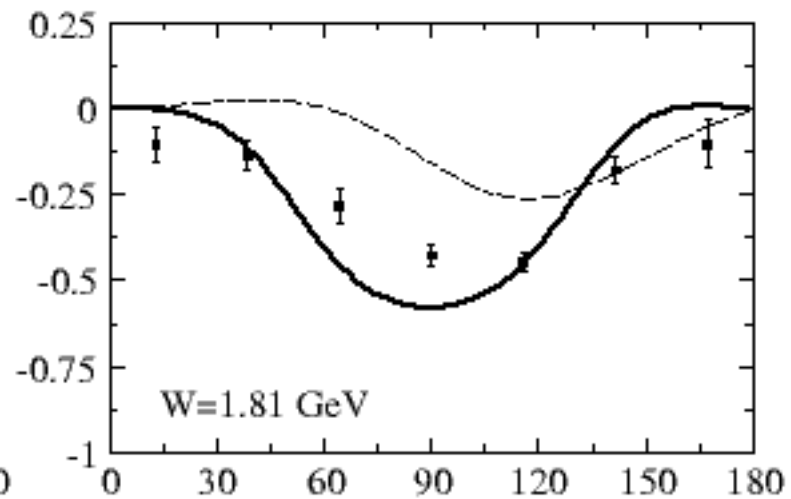
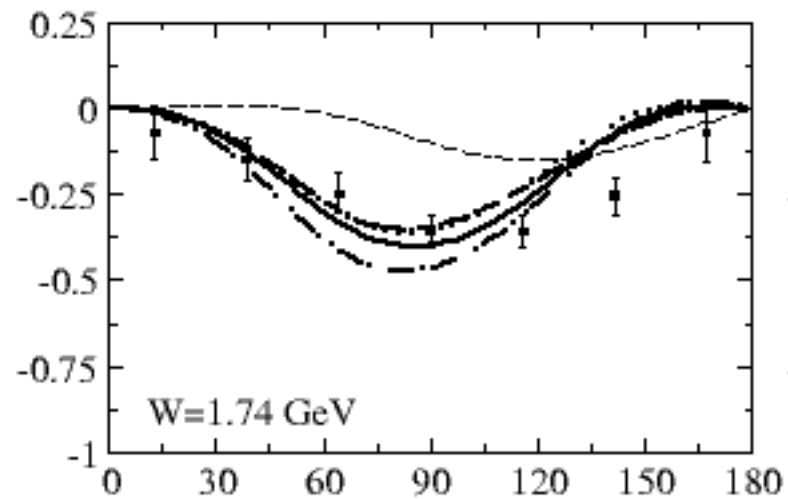


- Quality: $\chi^2/N \sim 1$ for $E < \sim 1.7$ GeV
 - angular dependence poor at high E

Total cross section $\sigma_{\Upsilon p \rightarrow \omega p}$



Prediction for Σ_ω



Spin density matrix elements: $\rho_{\lambda\lambda'}^0$

- ω decay amplitude

$$A_{\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0} = iN \epsilon_{\mu\nu\alpha 0} p_{\pi^+}^\nu p_{\pi^-}^\alpha w_\omega \epsilon^\mu(q, m_\omega)$$

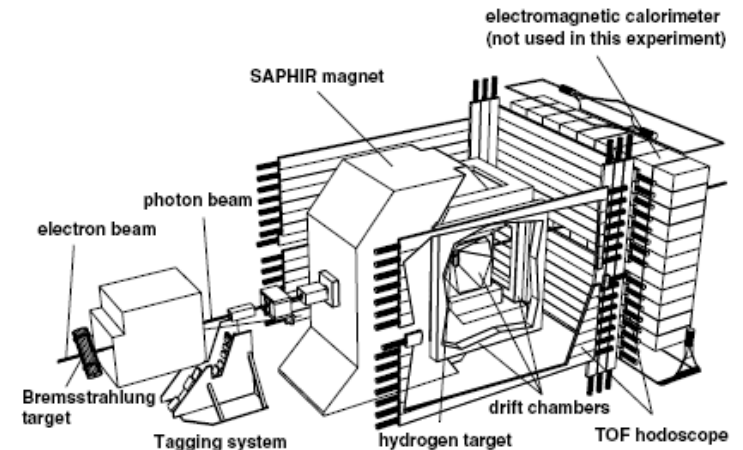
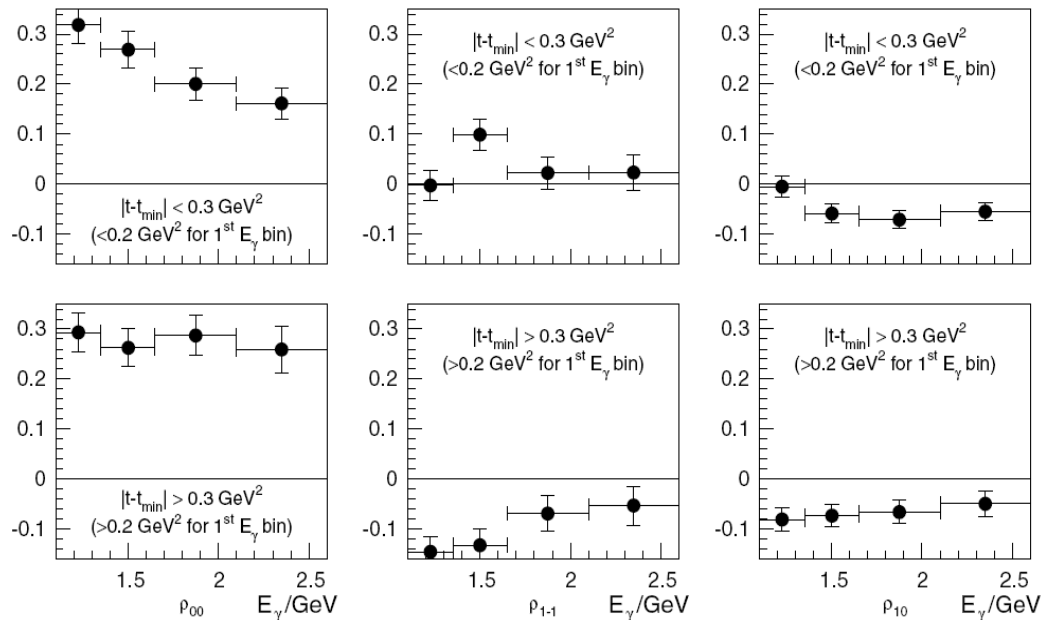
$$= iN w_\omega \epsilon^i(q, m_\omega) \epsilon_{ijk} p_{\pi^+}^j p_{\pi^-}^k$$

$$= iN w_\omega (\vec{p}_{\pi^+} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^-}) \cdot \vec{\epsilon}(q, m_\omega)$$
- ω decay angular distribution (unpolarized photons)

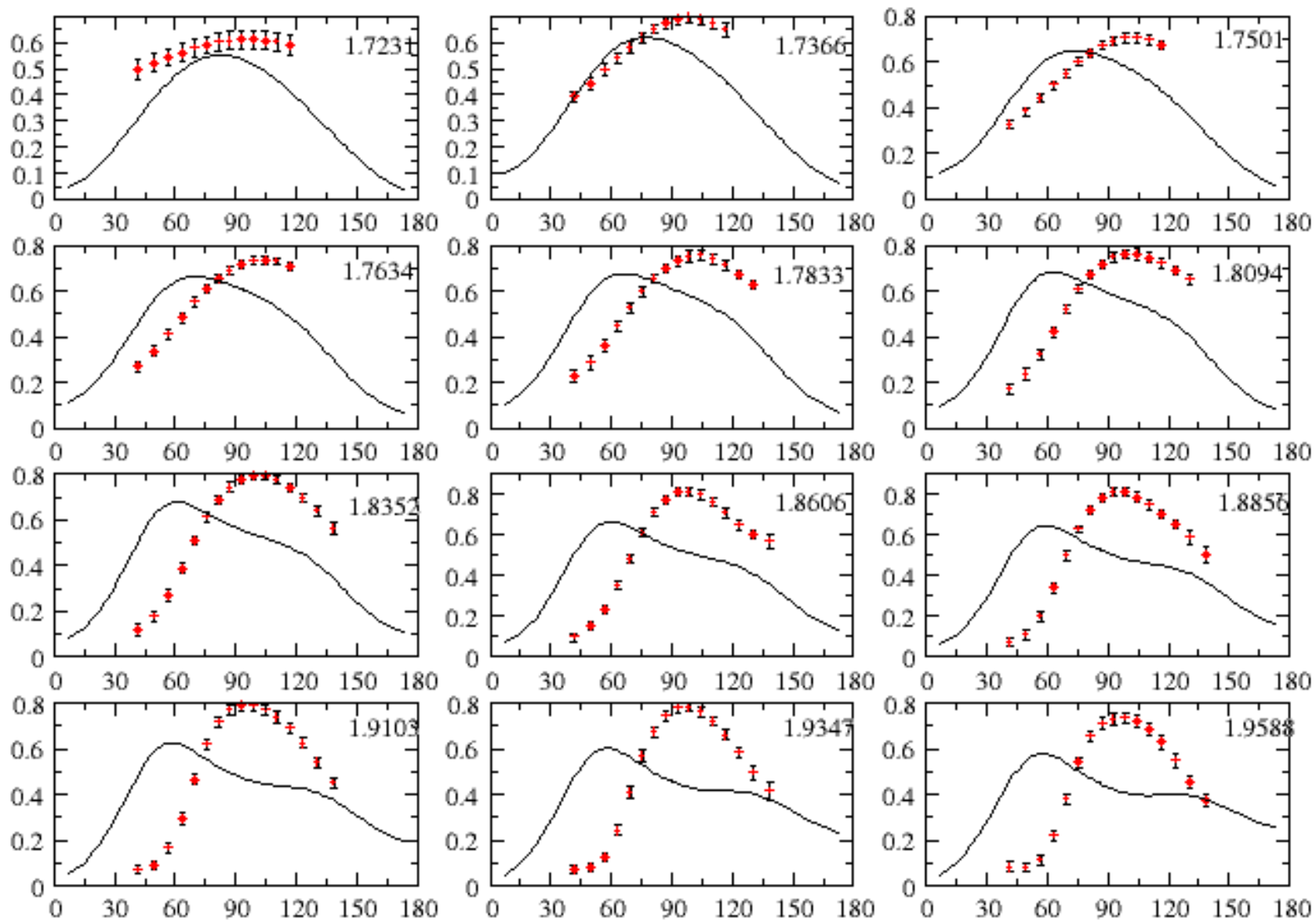
$$\rho(V) = T \rho(\gamma) T^\dagger$$

$$W^0(\cos \theta, \phi) = \frac{3}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - \rho_{00}^0) + \frac{1}{2}(3\rho_{00}^0 - 1) \cos^2 \theta \right.$$

$$\left. - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Re} \rho_{10}^0 \sin 2\theta \cos \phi - \rho_{1-1}^0 \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi \right)$$

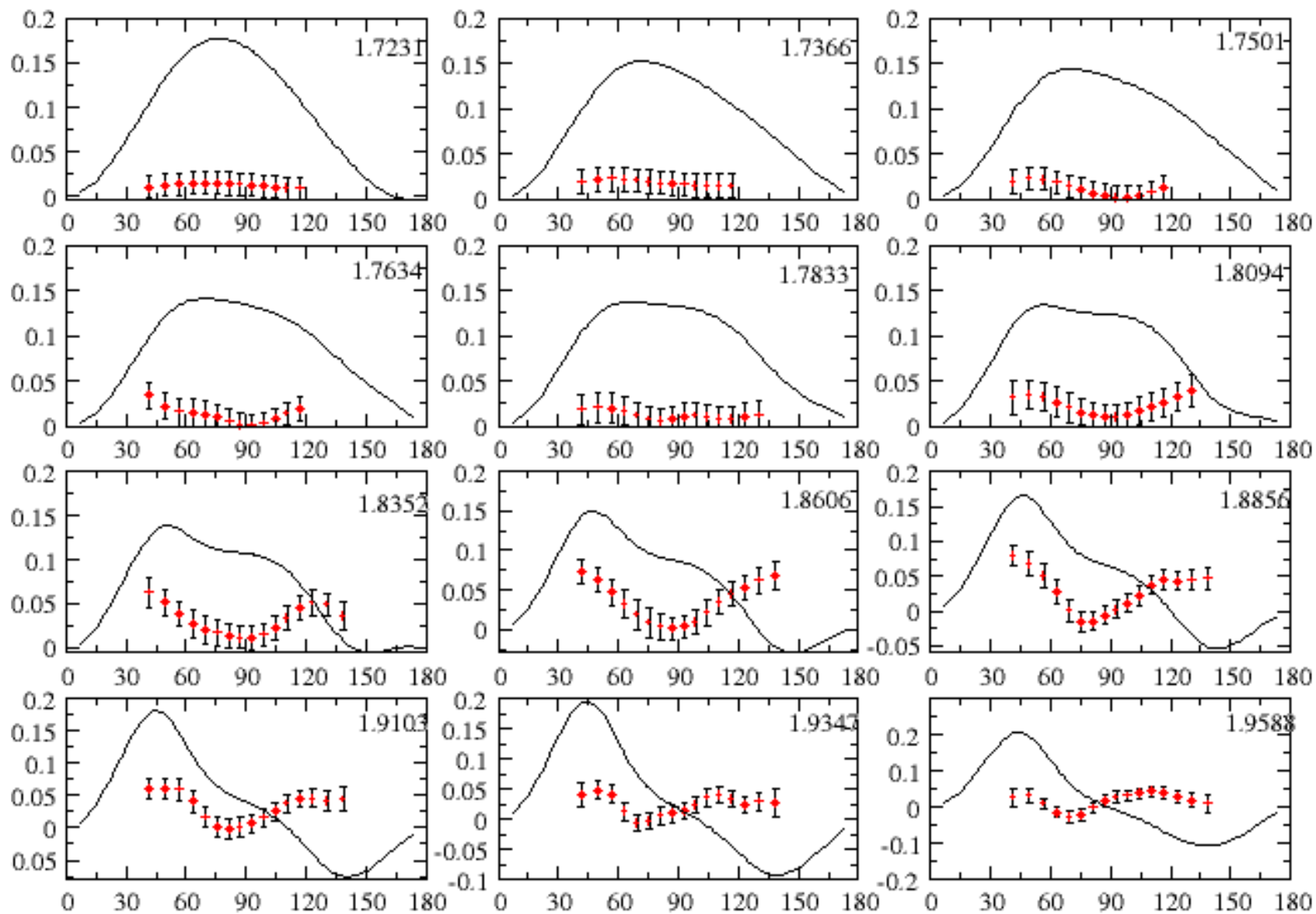


Prediction for ρ_{00}^0



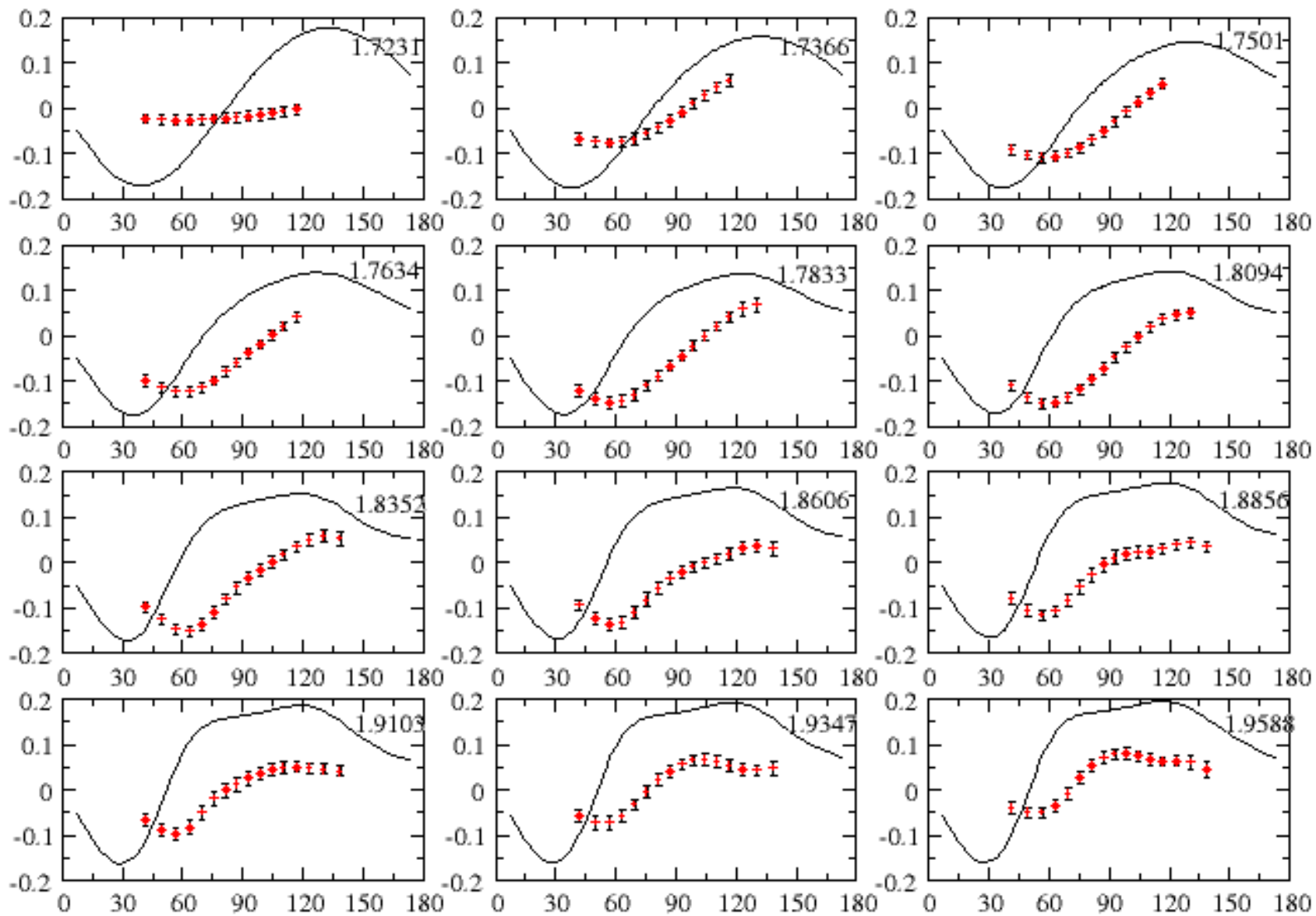
θ

Prediction for $\rho_{1,-1}^0$



θ

Prediction for ρ_{10}^0



θ

ωN interactions

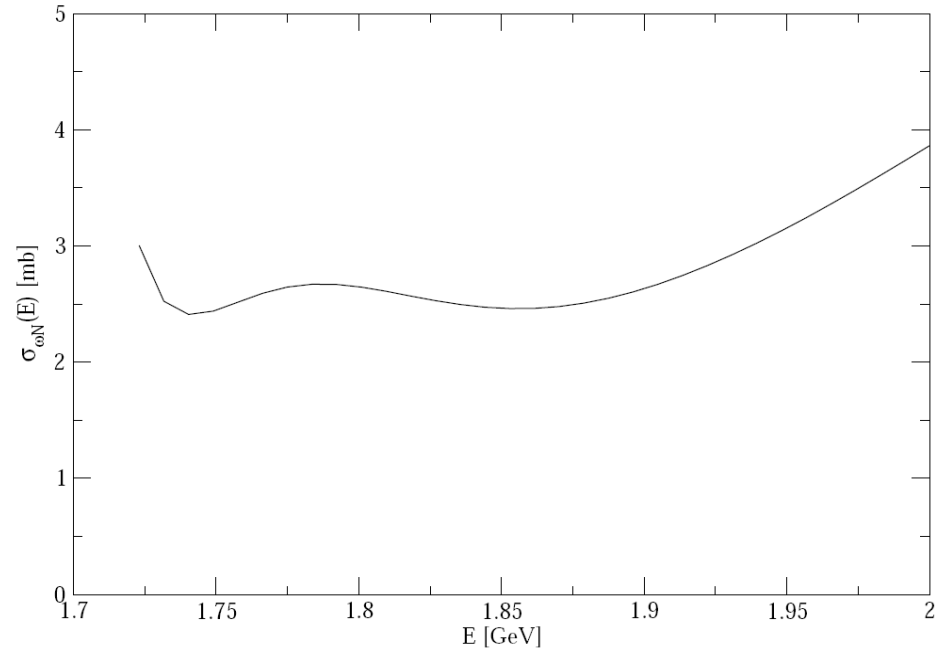
Average scattering length:

$$\bar{a} = \frac{1}{3}\bar{a}(J = \frac{1}{2}) + \frac{2}{3}\bar{a}(J = \frac{3}{2})$$

Klingl/Weise: $a = 1.6 + i0.30$ fm

Lutz: $\bar{a} = -0.44 + i0.20$

Giessen: $\bar{a} = -0.026 + i0.28$



$$a_J = \lim_{E \rightarrow m_\omega + m_N} \frac{\pi m_\omega m_N}{m_\omega + m_N} T_{0J\omega N, 0J\omega N}^J(E)$$

$$a_{\frac{1}{2}} = [-0.0454 - i0.0695] \text{ fm},$$

$$a_{\frac{3}{2}} = [0.180 - i0.0597] \text{ fm},$$

$$\sigma_{\omega N}(E \rightarrow m_\omega + m_N) = 4\pi(|a_{\frac{1}{2}}|^2 + 2|a_{\frac{3}{2}}|^2)/3$$

$$\bar{a} = 0.12 - i0.07 \text{ fm}$$

Conclusion

- Coupled channel approach
 - need improvements COM $E > \sim 1.6$ GeV
 - outlined possible solutions; most likely $\pi\pi N$ is important
 - prediction of polarized observables appear only loosely constrained by fits to unpolarized data
- Outstanding questions pertaining to modeling
 - can model dependencies be identified & controlled?
 - connection to model independent results of χ PT?
 - can contact with Lattice QCD be made?
 - “valence” QCD (K.-F. Liu et. al.)

FIN