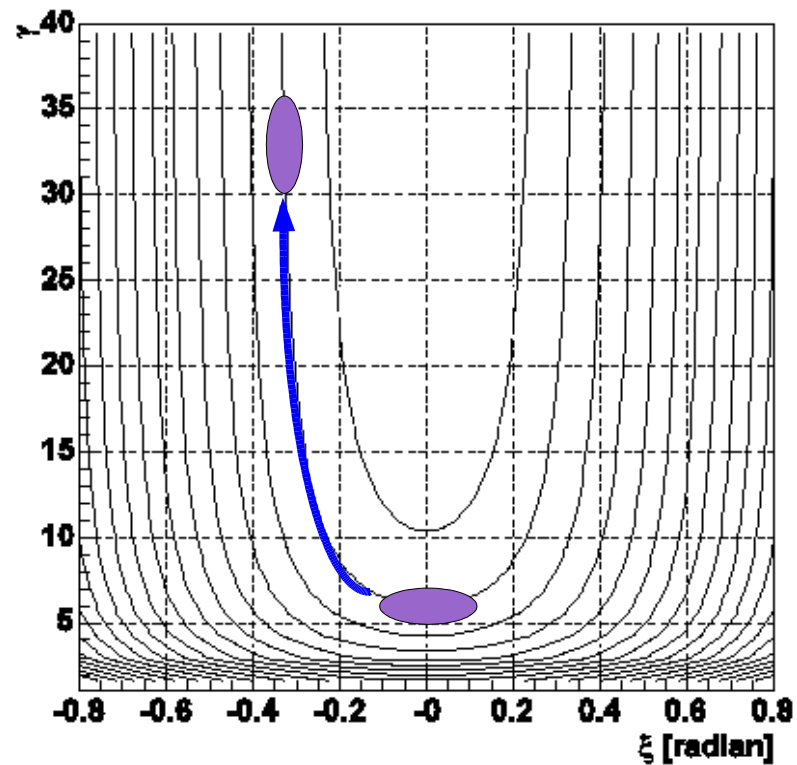
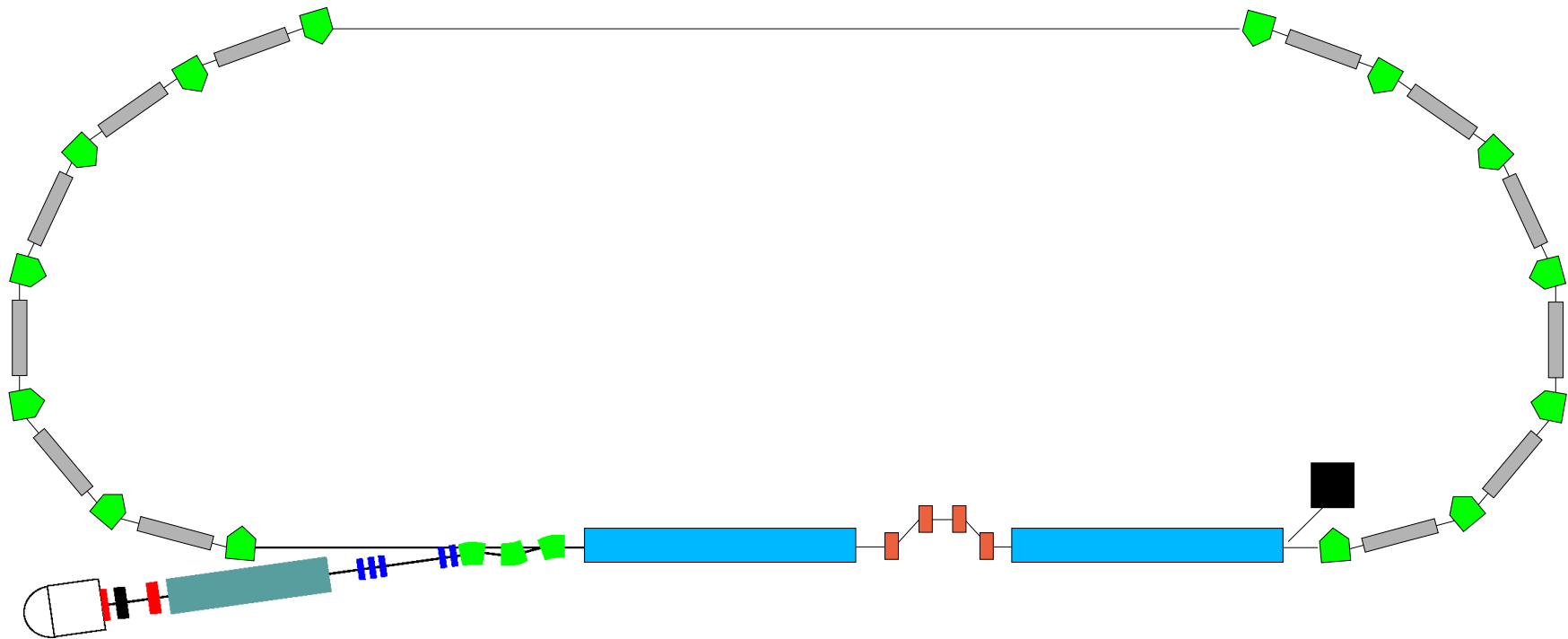


Velocity bunching in a main linac of ERL

R. Hajima, H. Iijima (JAERI)



Bunch compression in an ERL light source



possible location for bunch compression

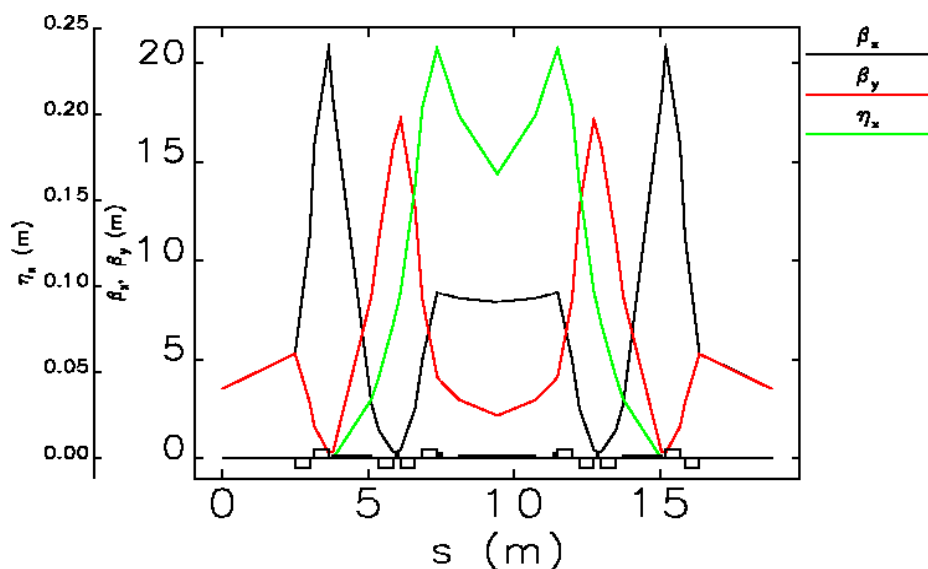
- magnetic bunching : merger, mid-energy, arc
- velocity bunching : injector, main linac



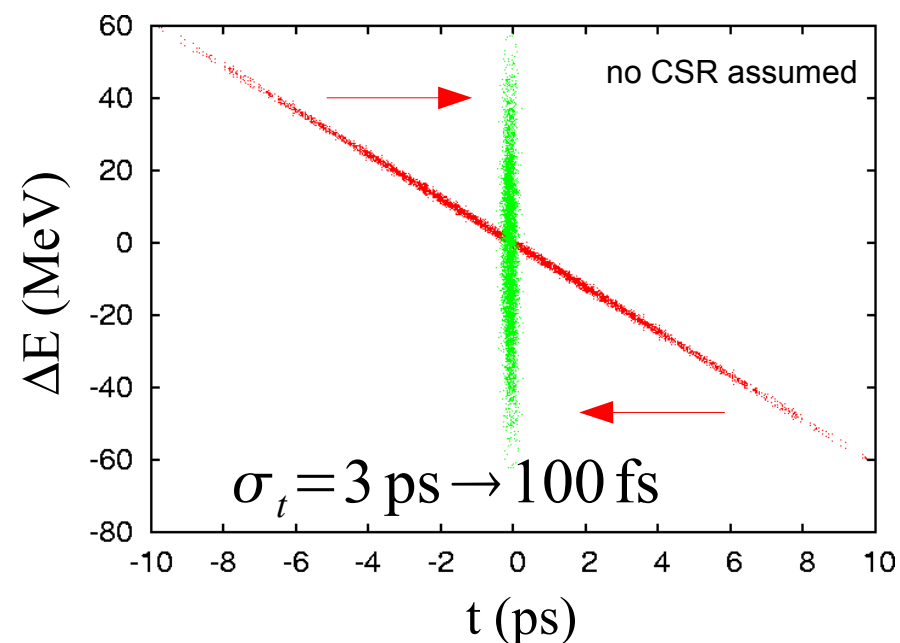
Triple Bend Achromat

$$\rho = 25 \text{ m}, \theta = 3 + 6 + 3 = 12 \text{ deg.}$$

$$R_{56} = 2 \text{ cm / cell}$$



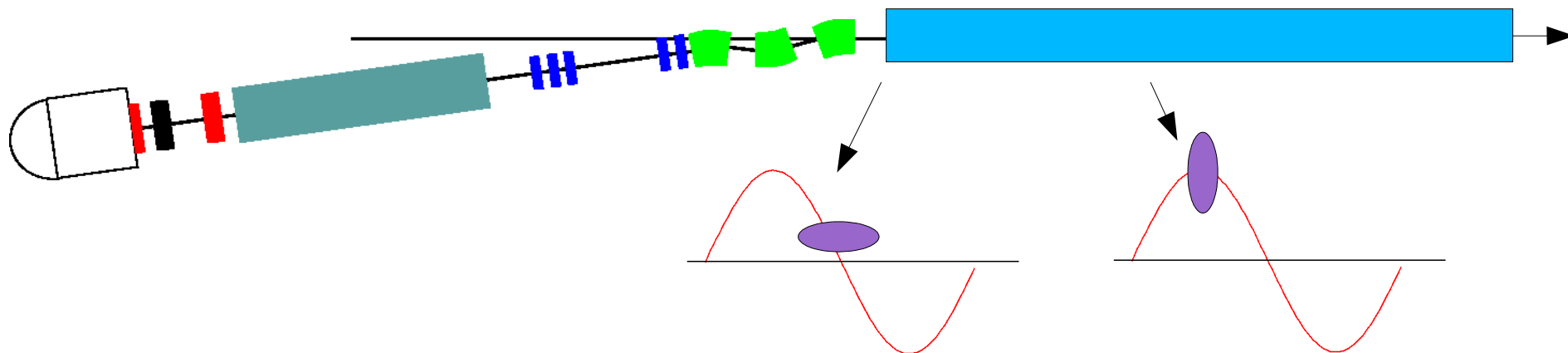
Twiss parameters--input: TBA12.ele lattice: TBA12.lte



- a 3-ps bunch is compressed into 100 fs after 15-cell (half arc)
- fairly linear compression with sextupole correction
- relatively large energy spread remains $\sigma_E / E = 0.34\%$

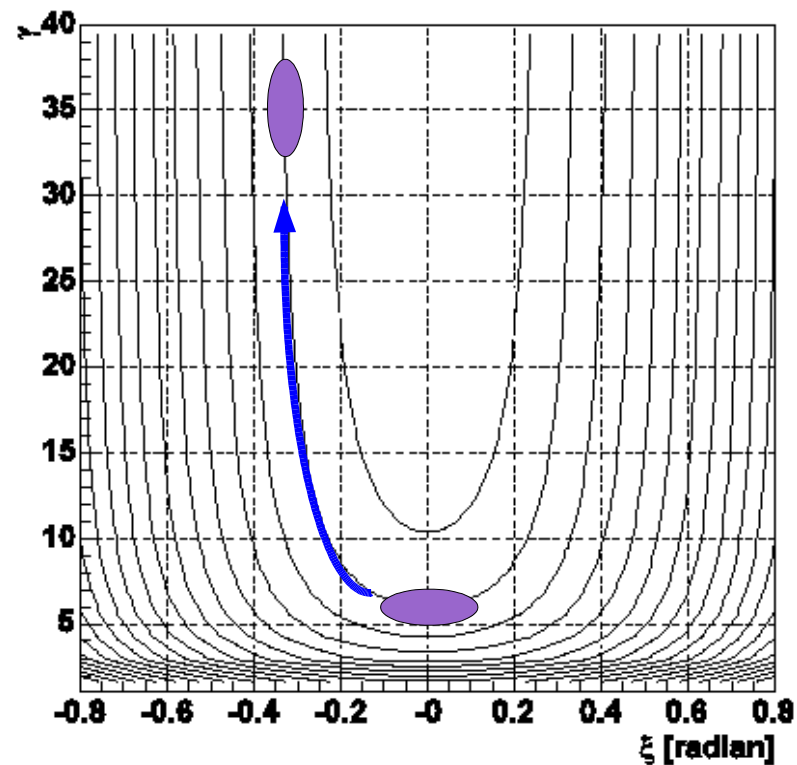
-- may degrade brilliance of a long undulator

Velocity bunching in a main linac



Is it possible to make velocity bunching at the beginning of main linac ?

- how short bunch ?
- merging energy ?
- emittance growth ?
- energy-recovery OK ?
- HOM loading to the main linac ?
- residual energy spread ?



Compression factor



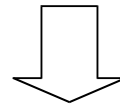
L. Serafini and M. Ferrario, AIP Conf. 581 (2001).

Hamiltonian is an invariant of motion.

$$\gamma - \beta_r \sqrt{\gamma^2 - 1} - \alpha \cos \xi = \gamma_0 - \beta_r \sqrt{\gamma_0^2 - 1} - \alpha \cos \psi_0$$

Final state

Initial state



$$C = \frac{\delta \psi_0}{\delta \xi_{ex}} = \frac{2 \delta \psi_0 |\sin \xi_{ex}|}{\sqrt{\delta \psi_0^4 + \left(\frac{1}{\alpha \gamma_0} \frac{\delta \gamma_0}{\gamma_0} \right)^2}}$$

$\delta \psi_0$: Injected bunch width

$\delta \xi_{ex}$: Extracted bunch width

ξ_{ex} : Extraction phase

γ_0 : Injected beam energy

$\delta \gamma_0 / \gamma_0$: Energy spread

Dimensionless Parameter
Representing the Strength of the Accelerating Field

$$\alpha = \frac{e E_0}{m c^2 k}$$

E_0 : Peak Accelerating Gradient [MV/m]

k : Wave Number, 27.2 [/m] for 1.3 [GHz]

Ex. $\alpha = 1.29$ for $E_0 = 18$ [MV/m]

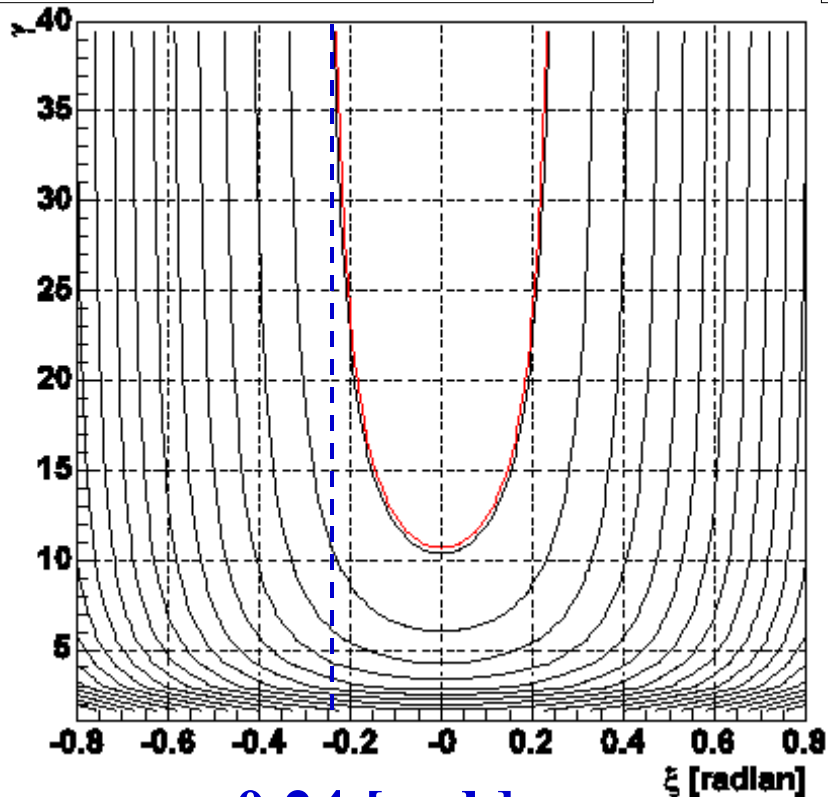
Phase contour plot

We assume an initial bunch as 5MeV, 3.2ps (rms).

$$\alpha = 1.29$$

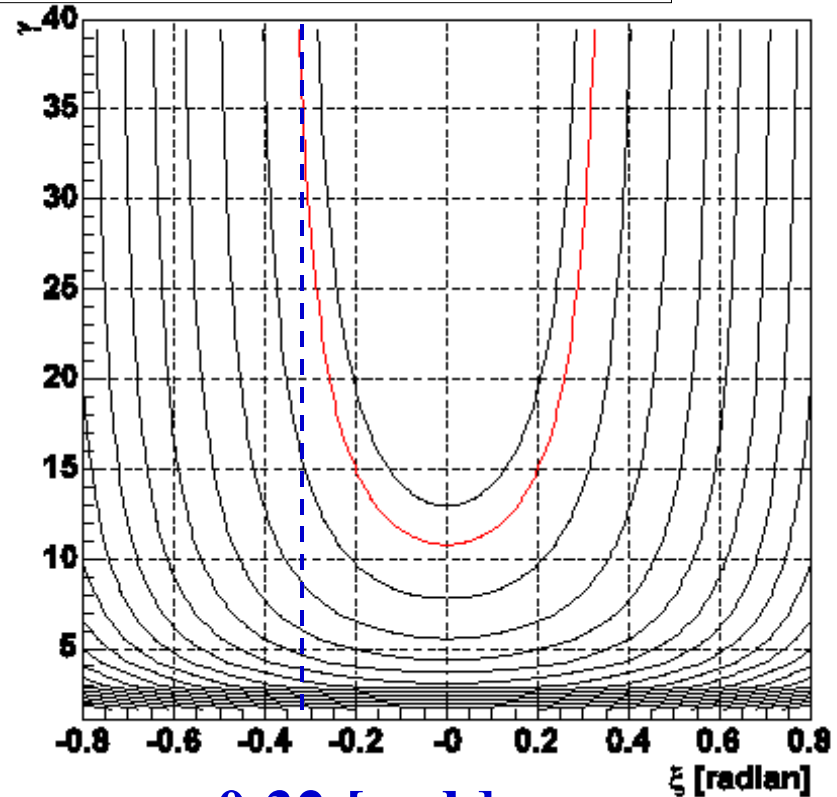
$$\alpha = 0.64$$

Phase contour for 18MV/m



-0.24 [rad.]
(-14 [deg.])

Phase contour for 9MV/m



-0.32 [rad.]
(-18 [deg.])

Expected bunch compression



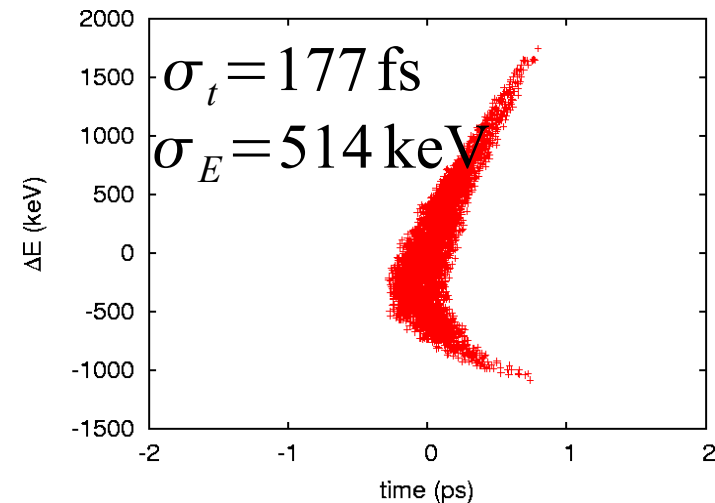
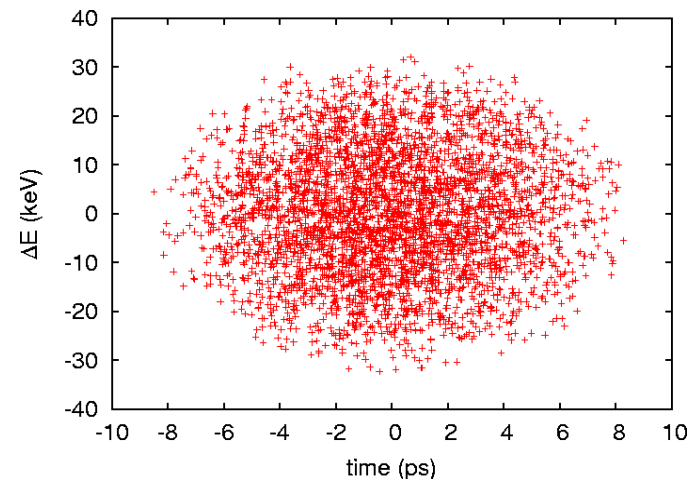
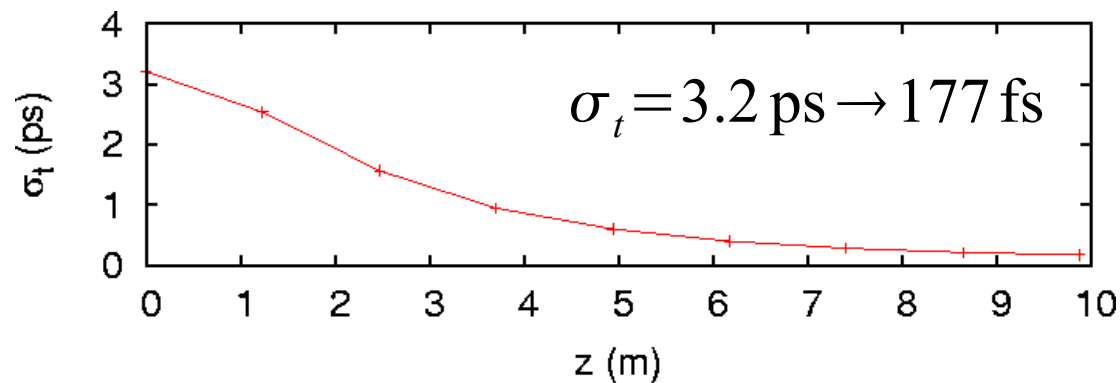
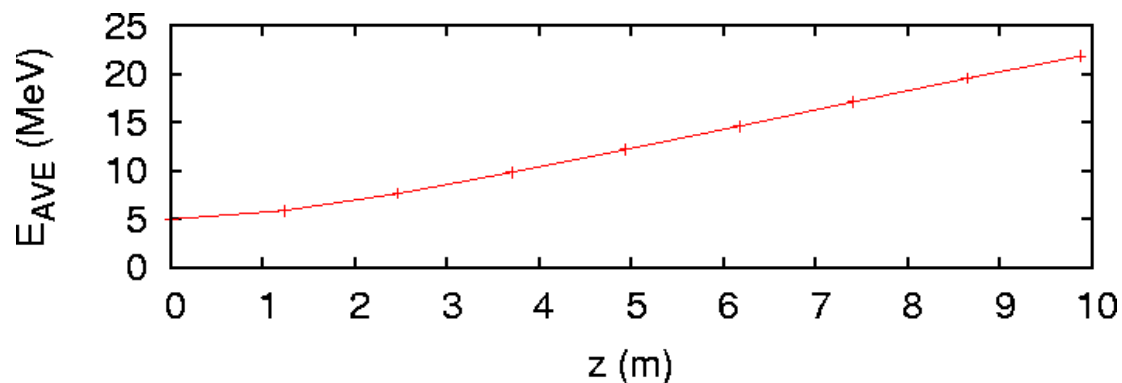
	case 1	case 2
Initial Width	3.2 [ps] (1.5 deg. for 1.3 GHz)	
Initial Energy	5.0 [MeV]	
Energy Spread	0.25 %	
Extraction Phase	-14 [deg.]	-18 [deg.]
Gradient	18 [MV/m]	9 [MV/m]
Normalized Amplitude α	1.29	0.64
Compression factor C	18	16
Bunch Width	180 [fsec]	200 [fsec]

PARMELA simulation for velocity bunching

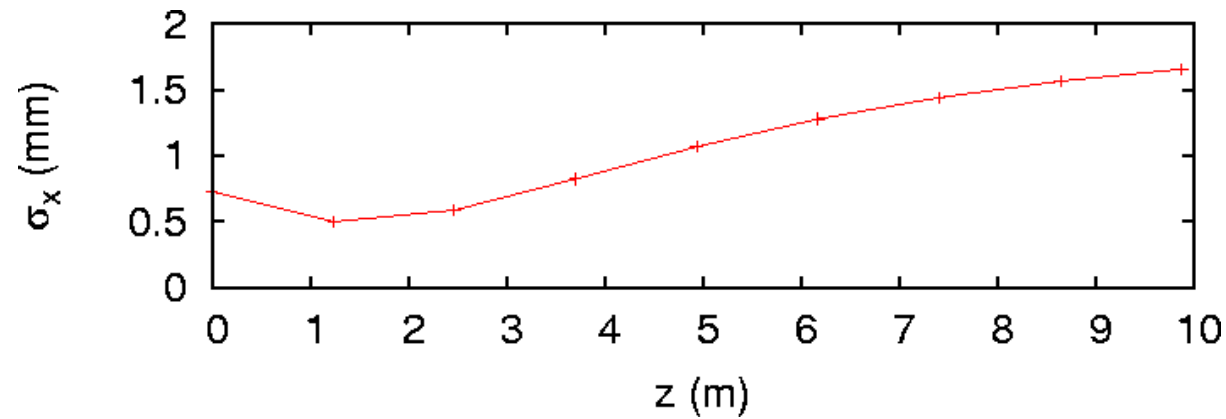
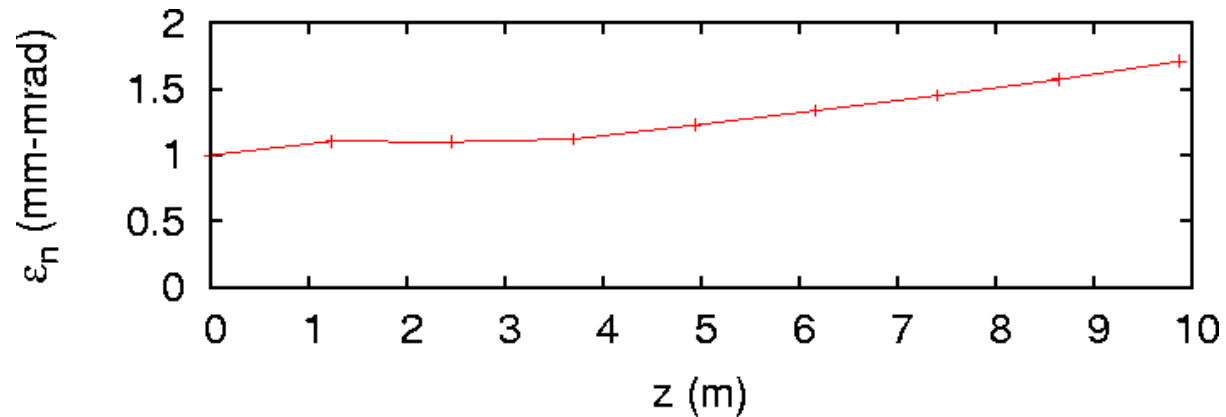


initial bunch parameters: 5 MeV, 3.2 ps, $\sigma_E=12.5$ keV, 77 pC, $\epsilon_n=1$ mm-mrad

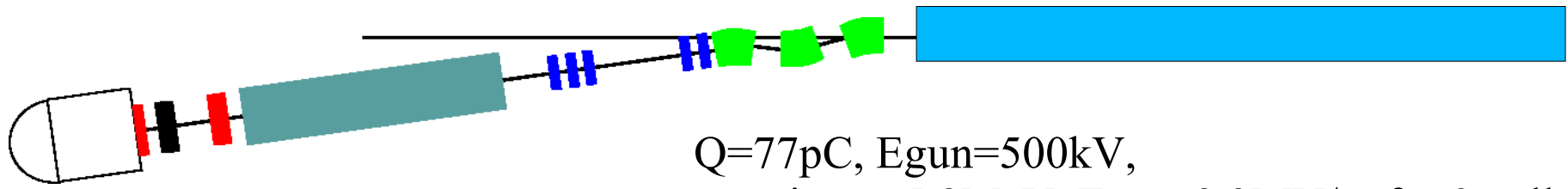
$E_{acc}=8.2$ MV/m ($\alpha=0.64$), TESLA 9-cell x 8



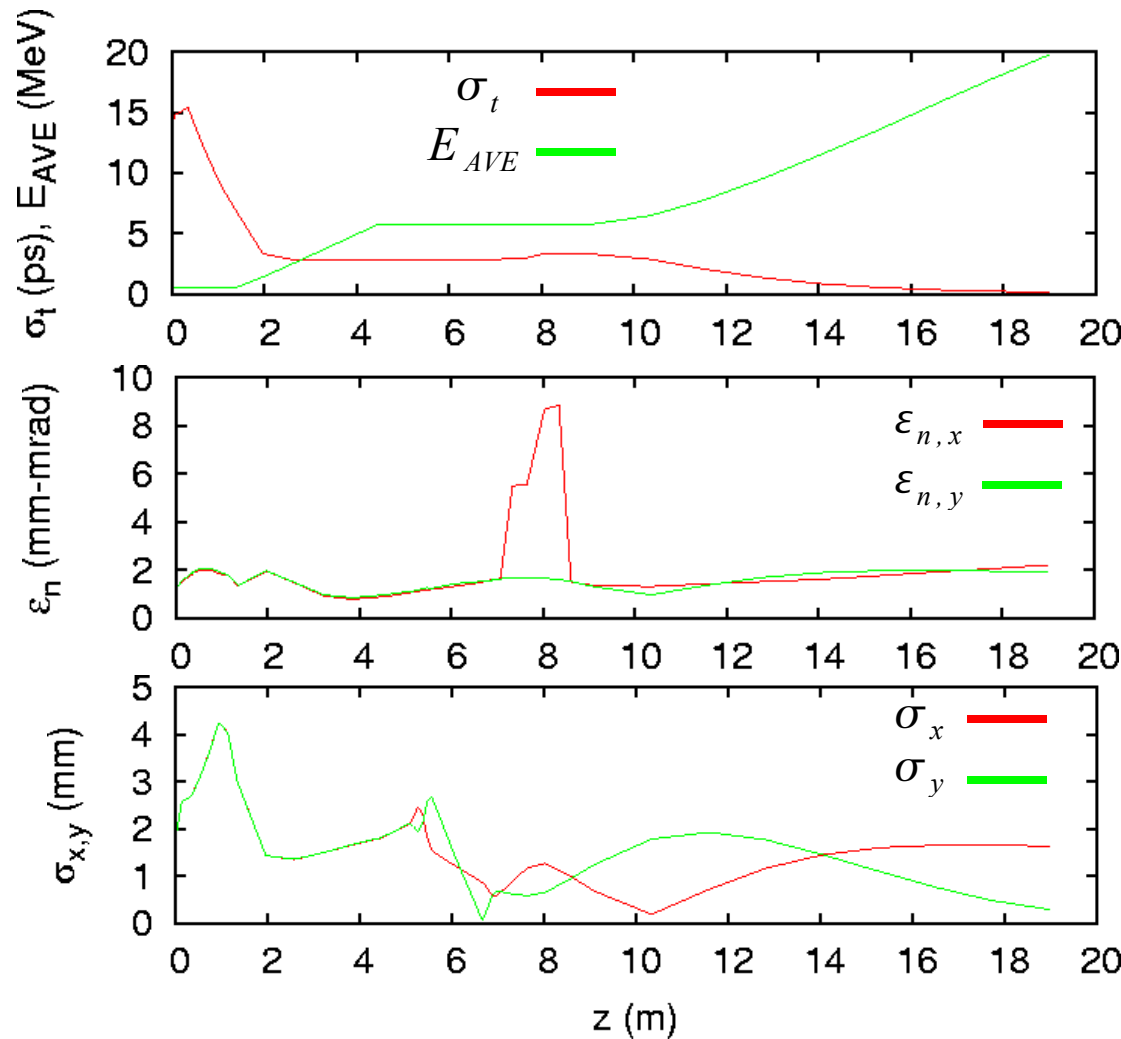
transverse emittance growth during velocity bunching
(no focusing solenoid nor quadrupole)



PARMELA simulation from a gun



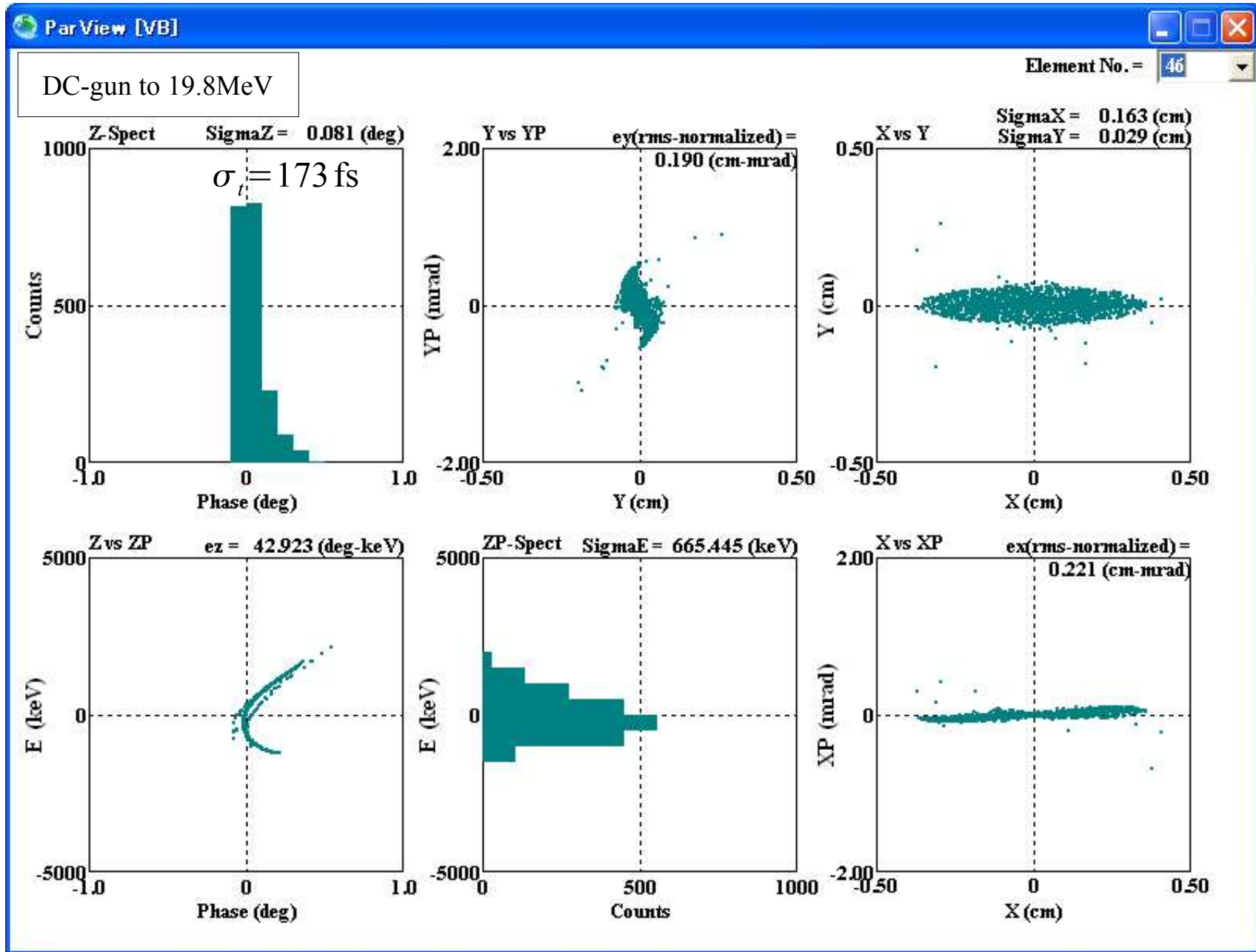
$Q=77\text{pC}$, $E_{\text{gun}}=500\text{kV}$,
merging at 5.8MeV , $E_{\text{acc}}=8.2\text{MV/m}$ for 9-cell



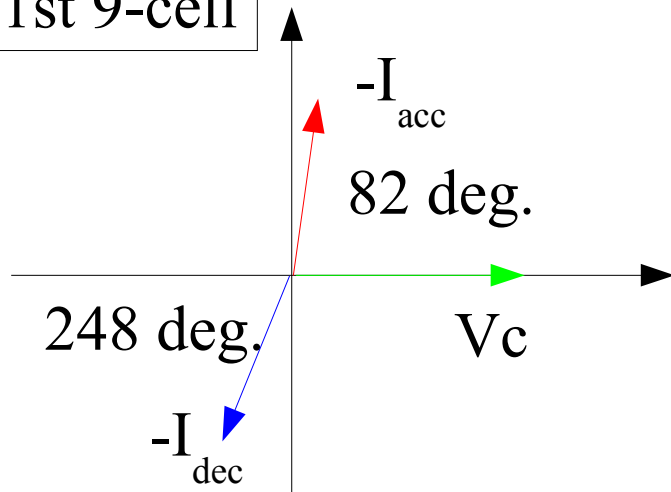
$\sigma_t = 15 \text{ ps (gun)} \rightarrow 3.2 \text{ ps (merger)}$
 $\rightarrow 170 \text{ fs (after 9-cell x 8)}$

$\epsilon_{n,x} = 2.2 \text{ mm-mrad}$
 $\epsilon_{n,y} = 1.9 \text{ mm-mrad}$

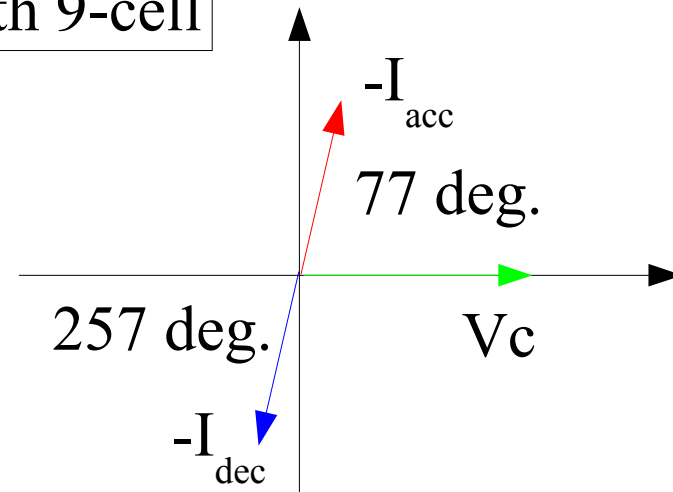
Phase space after the compression



1st 9-cell



8th 9-cell



RF generator power for the 1st 9-cell

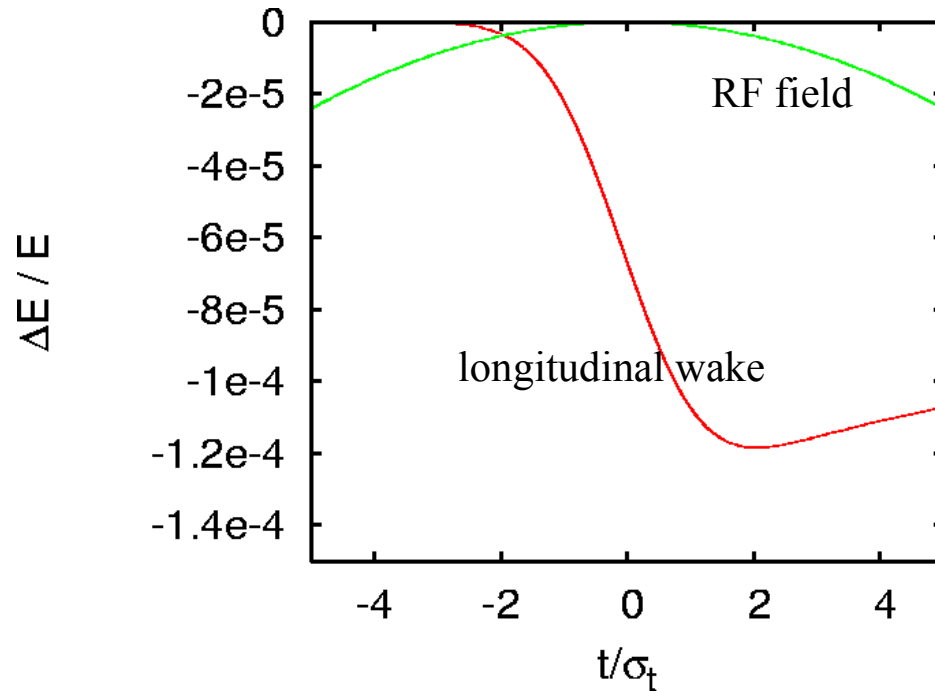
$$Q_0 = 1 \times 10^{10}, Q_L = 1.7 \times 10^7, E_{acc} = 8.2 \text{ MV/m} \quad \text{same } Q_L \text{ as 3-ps acceleration.}$$

$$P_g = 1.1 \text{ kW for zero-current (perfect ER)}$$

$$P_g = 12.6 \text{ kW for 5 mA – acceptable for a 25 kW IOT.}$$

The average current, 5mA, is reasonable, because the ultrashort-pulse mode for time-resolved pump-probe experiments will be operated at low repetition rate.

Energy Spread



correlated energy spread by longitudinal wake and RF curvature.

we assume a Gaussian bunch $\sigma_t = 170$ fs, $Q=77$ pC, TESLA cavity.

energy spread introduced by velocity bunching :

$$\sigma_E/E = 1.1 \times 10^{-4} \quad (\text{final energy } 6 \text{ GeV})$$

cf. $\sigma_E/E = 3.4 \times 10^{-3}$ for BC in a half-arc.

velocity bunching in a main linac of ERL is proposed.

- for 77 pC bunch and 5.8 MeV merging energy, 170 fs bunch is obtained after 9-cell x 8-cavity acceleration.
- the operation is possible without any hardware modification, all we need is tuning the RF phase and amplitude.
- average current is limited by RF generator for the 1st cavity. HOM extraction in the main linac is not an issue.

$$P_{\text{RF}} = 12.6 \text{ kW}, P_{\text{HOM}} = 1.35 \text{ W /cavity}$$

for 77 pC x 65 MHz = 5 mA, 170 fs bunch.

- from the analytical formula, a bunch shorter than 170 fs will be obtained, if we have a shorter bunch from the injector, and / or longer linac for the bunching section.