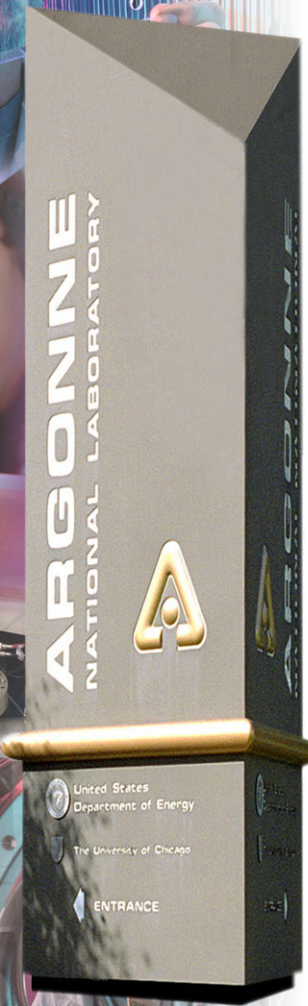


Field Emission Cathode Gating for RF Electron Guns

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**Various drive lasers of the
authors' acquaintance, for
motivation**

Outline

- **Cathode Options**
- **Field Emission Cathode Gating Scheme**
- **Conclusions & Wrap-Up**

Cathode Overview

“Ideal” Cathode Checklist:

- ✓ Long lifetime
- ✓ Rapidly switchable on/off
- ✓ Damage resistant
- ✓ High charge density
- ✓ Cryogenic compatible
- ✓ Simple operation

Photocathodes

Emission mechanism: Use laser pulse to excite electrons off the cathode surface

Advantages:

- ✓ Rapidly switchable
- ✓ High charge density

Disadvantages:

- ✗ Efficiency-lifetime tradeoffs
- ✗ External drive laser required

Thermionic cathodes

Emission mechanism: heat the cathode to “boil” the electron sea in the metal

Advantages:

- ✓ Long lifetime
- ✓ Robust
- ✓ Simple to operate

Disadvantages:

- ✗ Not rapidly switchable
- ✗ High temperature required

Field-emission cathodes

Emission mechanism: Electric field pulls electrons from cathode surface

Advantages:

- ✓ Very simple
- ✓ High charge density
- ✓ Rapid turn-on/off

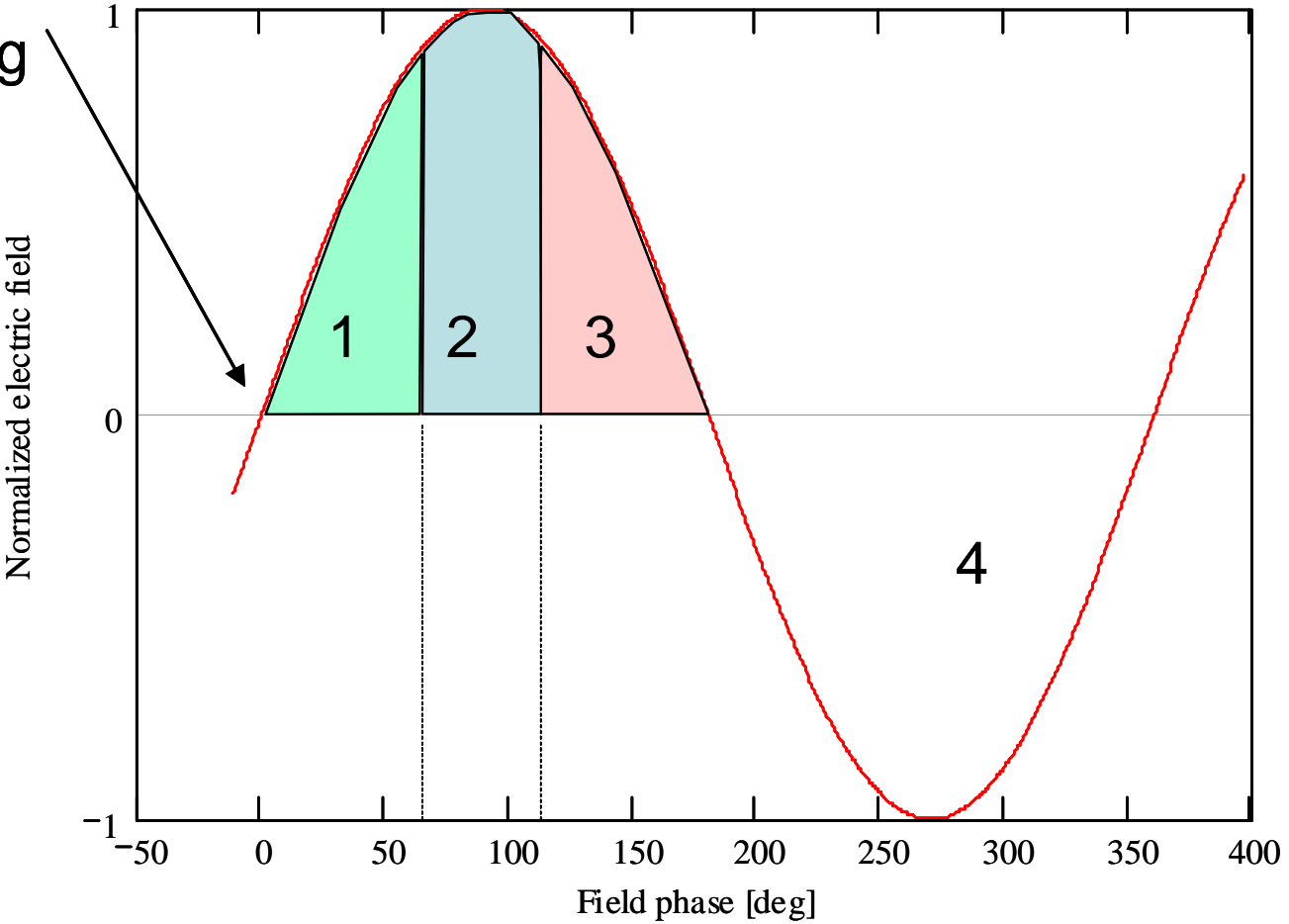
Disadvantages:

- ✗ Problematic gating (for rf app.)
- ✗ Damage questions



Beam Emission Timing

Zero-Crossing

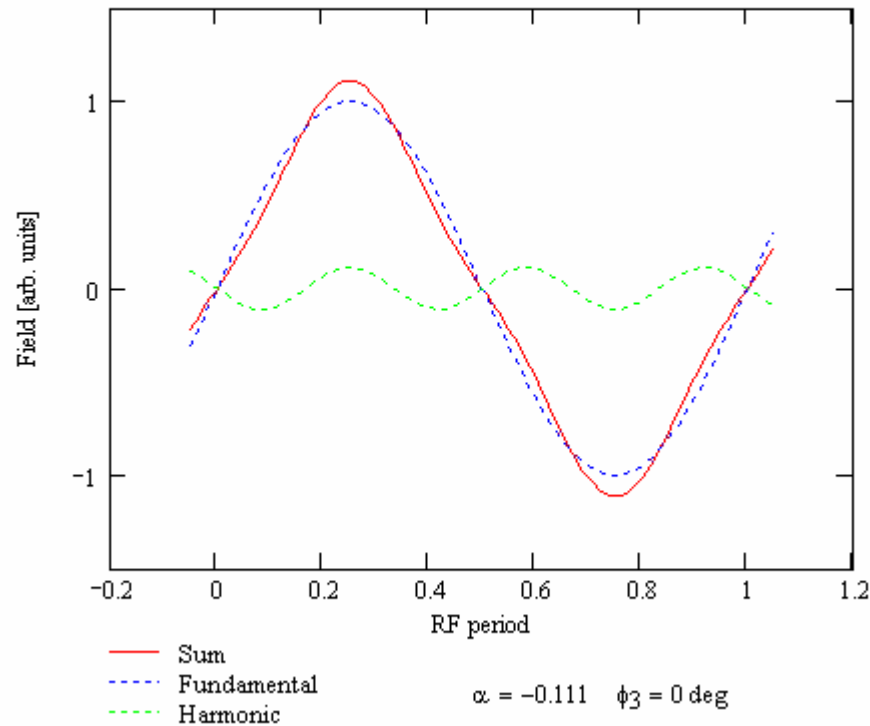


Field Emission Cathode Gating Scheme

FE cathodes emit electrons when the field is high enough

- operate at low temperature (unlike thermionic cathodes)
- emit only under “internal” influences (unlike photocathodes)

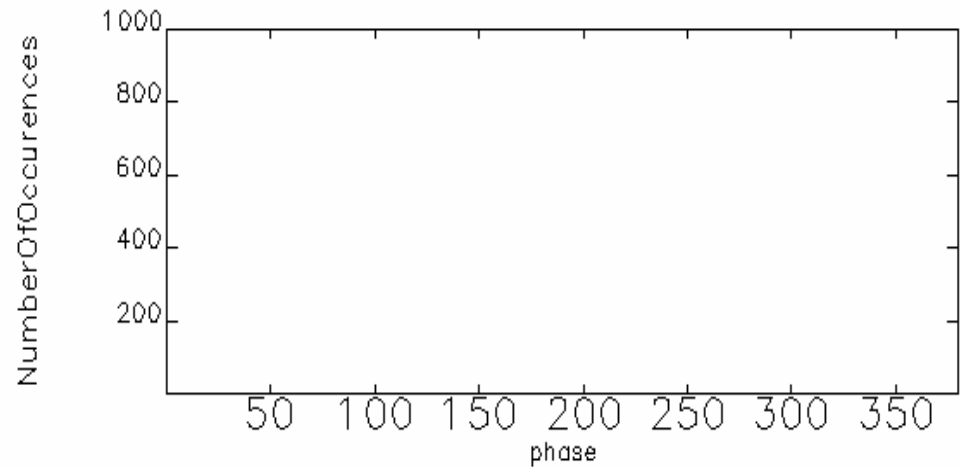
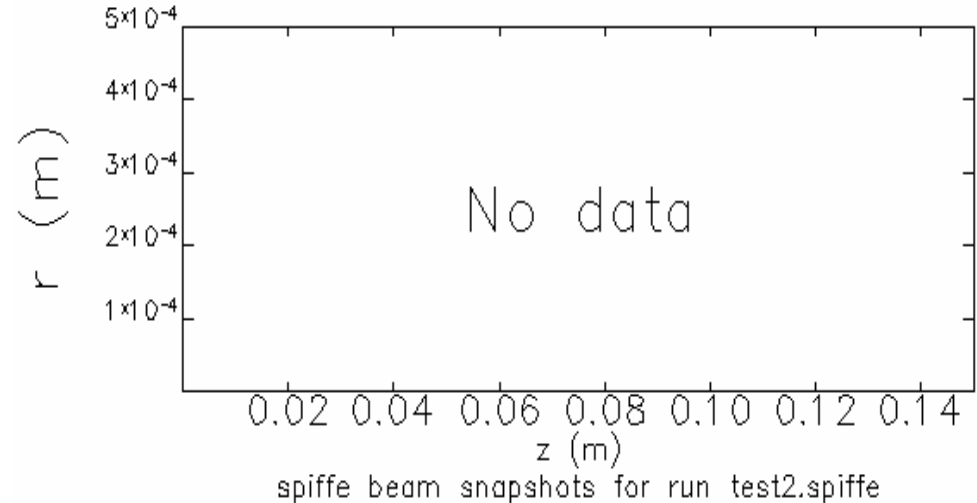
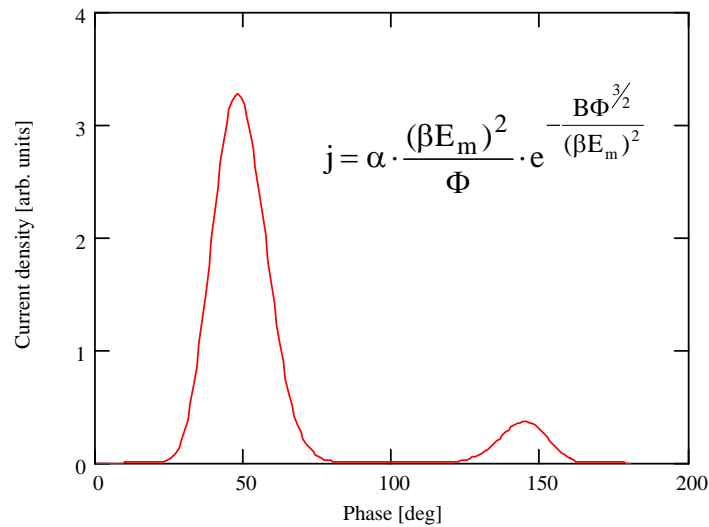
$$\text{Sum} = E_0 \cdot \sin(2 \cdot \pi \cdot f \cdot t) + \alpha \cdot E_0 \cdot \sin(2 \cdot \pi \cdot 3 \cdot f \cdot t + \phi_3)$$



Will it work?

- **Simulation:**

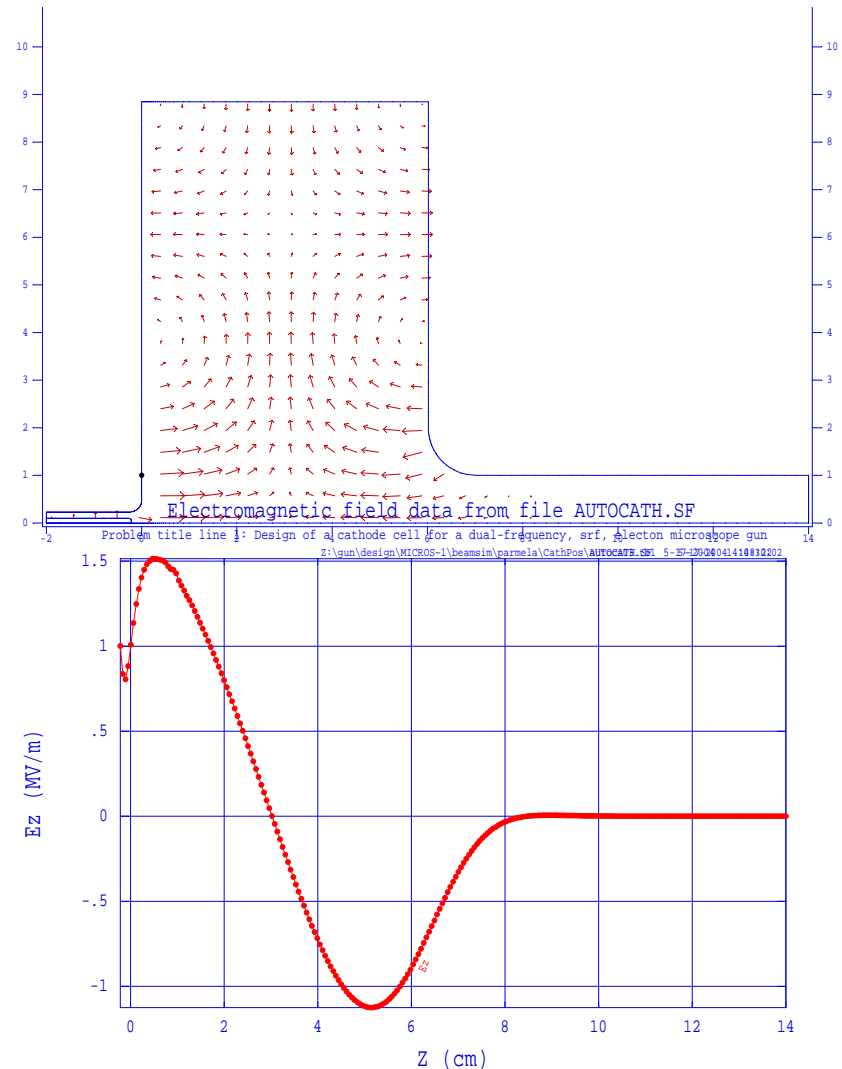
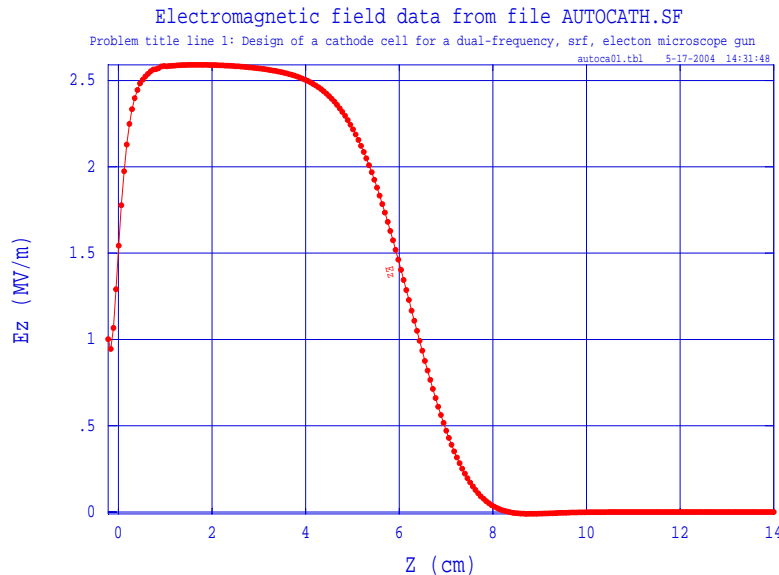
- Incorporated the Shottky emission model directly
- Also includes space-charge effects



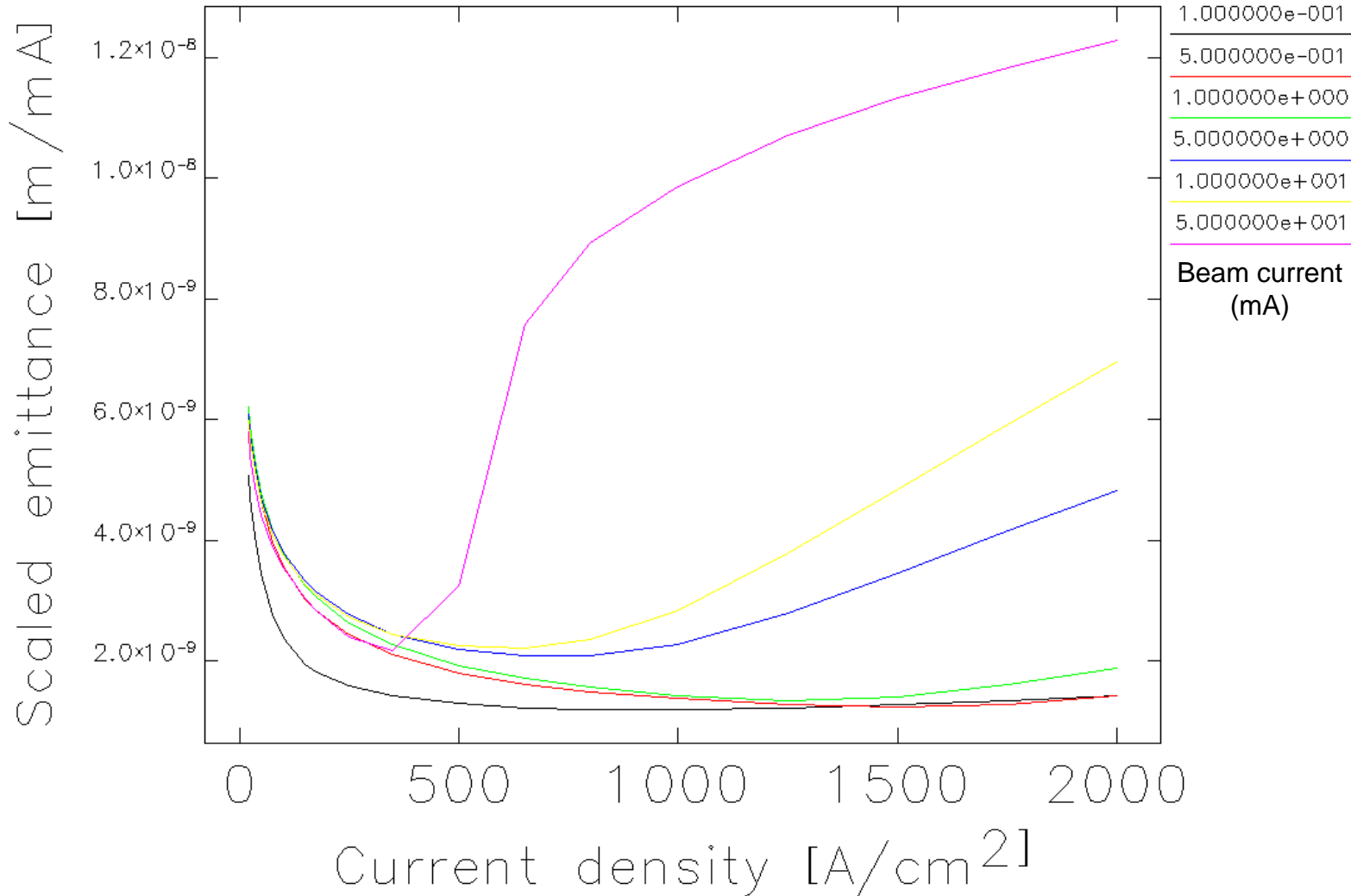
JPGAvi Not Registered

FE Cathode Gating: Other Comments

- Proper field addition in both space and time → special gun geometry
- Scales well to ~ 50 mA beam current without special focusing
- Superconducting version highly desirable for efficient use of rf power, true CW operation potential



Scaled Performance



Comments

- **Basic idea**
 - Strong 3rd harmonic at the cathode to launch the beam
 - Fundamental dominates in body of gun for more conventional dynamics
 - Details of emitter tbd; there are possibilities
- **Initial studies aimed at electron microscopy**
 - Low beam currents
 - Low space charge
- **Extensions to higher currents?**
 - Theoretically possible
 - Cathode-region focusing needed

Conclusions & Wrap-Up

- **Field-emitter cathodes are now a possible choice for rf gun use**
 - first- and third-harmonic field combination to gate emission
 - proper selection of recess depth and other factors to ensure good beam propagation through the gun
- **Moderate (1 – 50 mA) *average* beam currents appear possible**
- **Beam energies of 1.5 – 2 MeV appear possible**
- **This gun design, in combination with standard phase-space manipulations to reduce the energy spread etc., can drive a number of relatively high-volume applications**