

Parton propagation in a colored parton liquid

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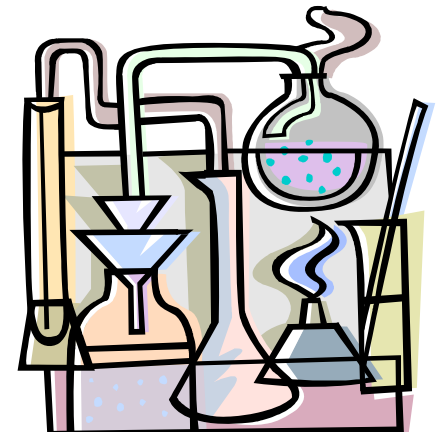
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Ye. S. Golubeva (Troitsk)

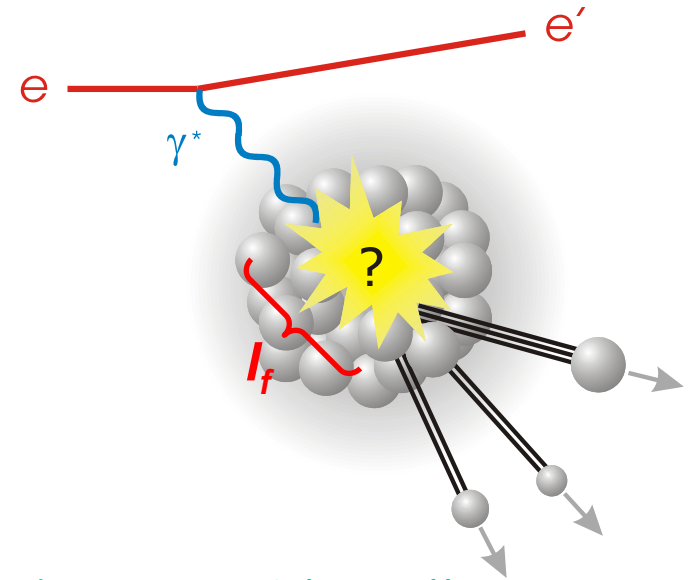
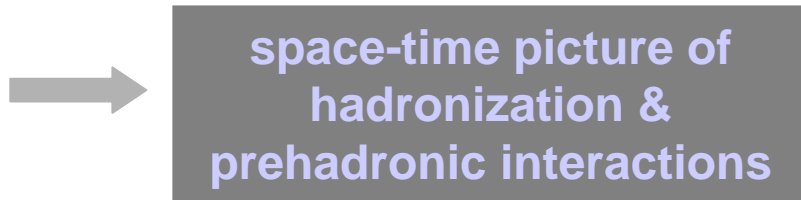
L. A. Kondratyuk (ITEP Moscow)

M. Thoma (MPI Garching)



- **eA reactions at HERMES**

- interactions with (cold) nuclear medium during t_f



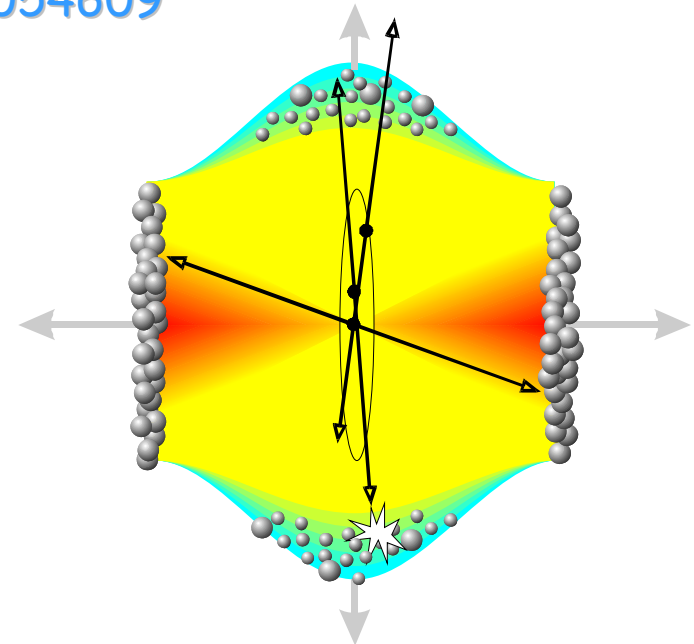
String model + prehadronic interactions work reasonably well

→ talks by T. Falter, K. Gallmeister

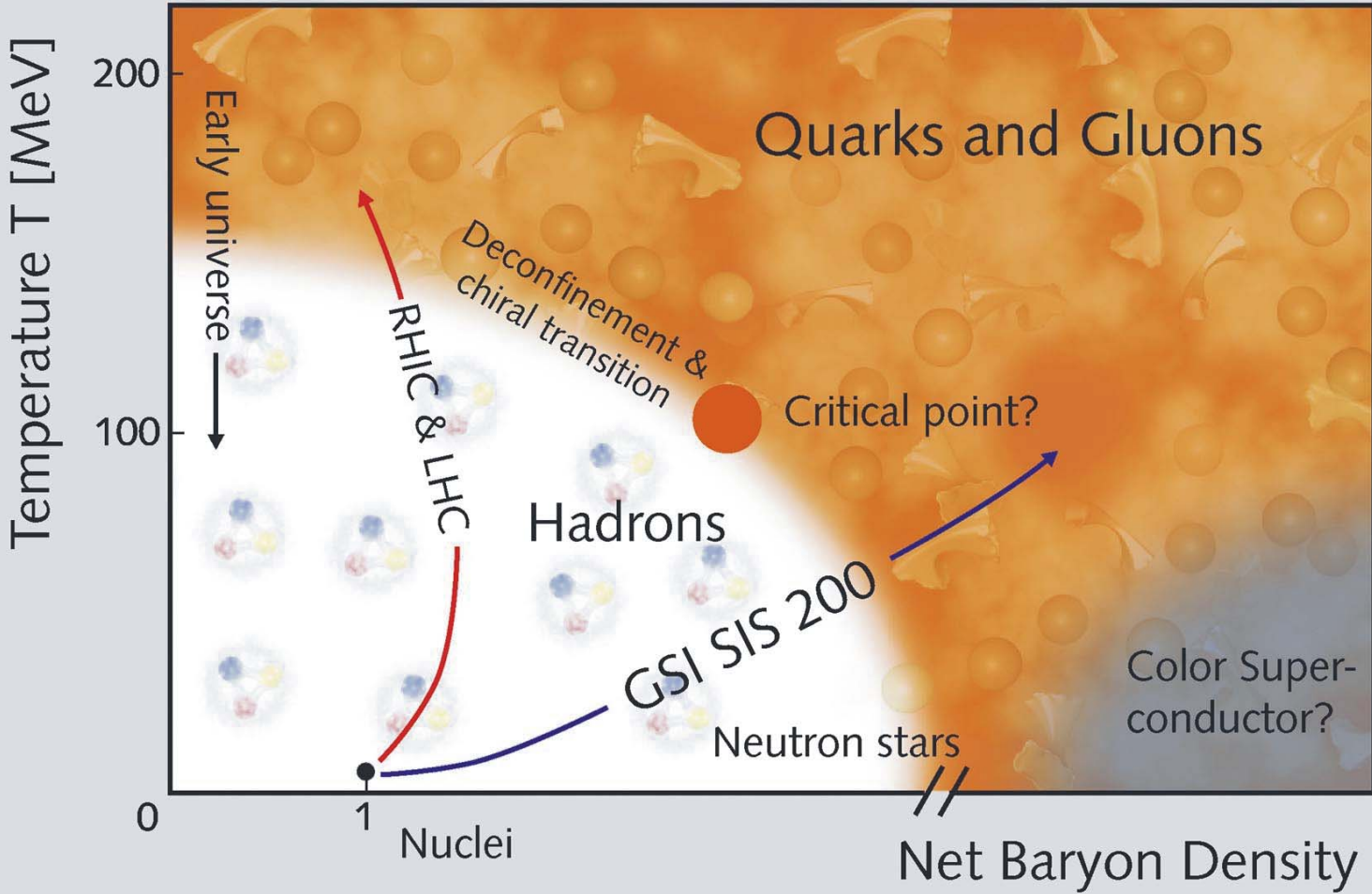
PLB 594 (2004) 61; PRC 70 (2004) 054609

- **Similar dynamics for more complex heavy-ion collisions?**

- jet suppression at RHIC
 - partonic energy loss in QGP
 - (pre-)hadronic FSI



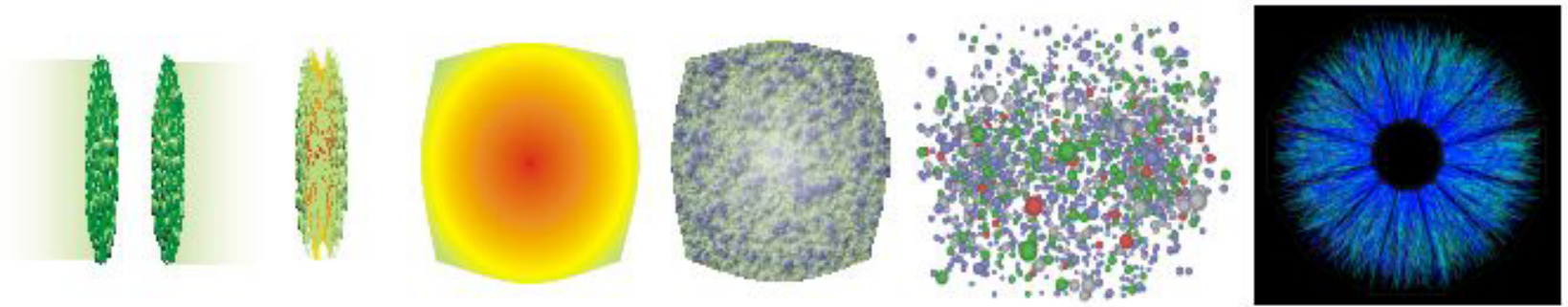
Schematic phase diagram of QCD



Transport studies of relativistic many-body systems

Transport theory: off-shell Kadanoff-Baym equations for the Green-functions $G'_h(x,p)$ in phase-space representation

Actual solutions:
Monte Carlo simulations with a large number of test-particles

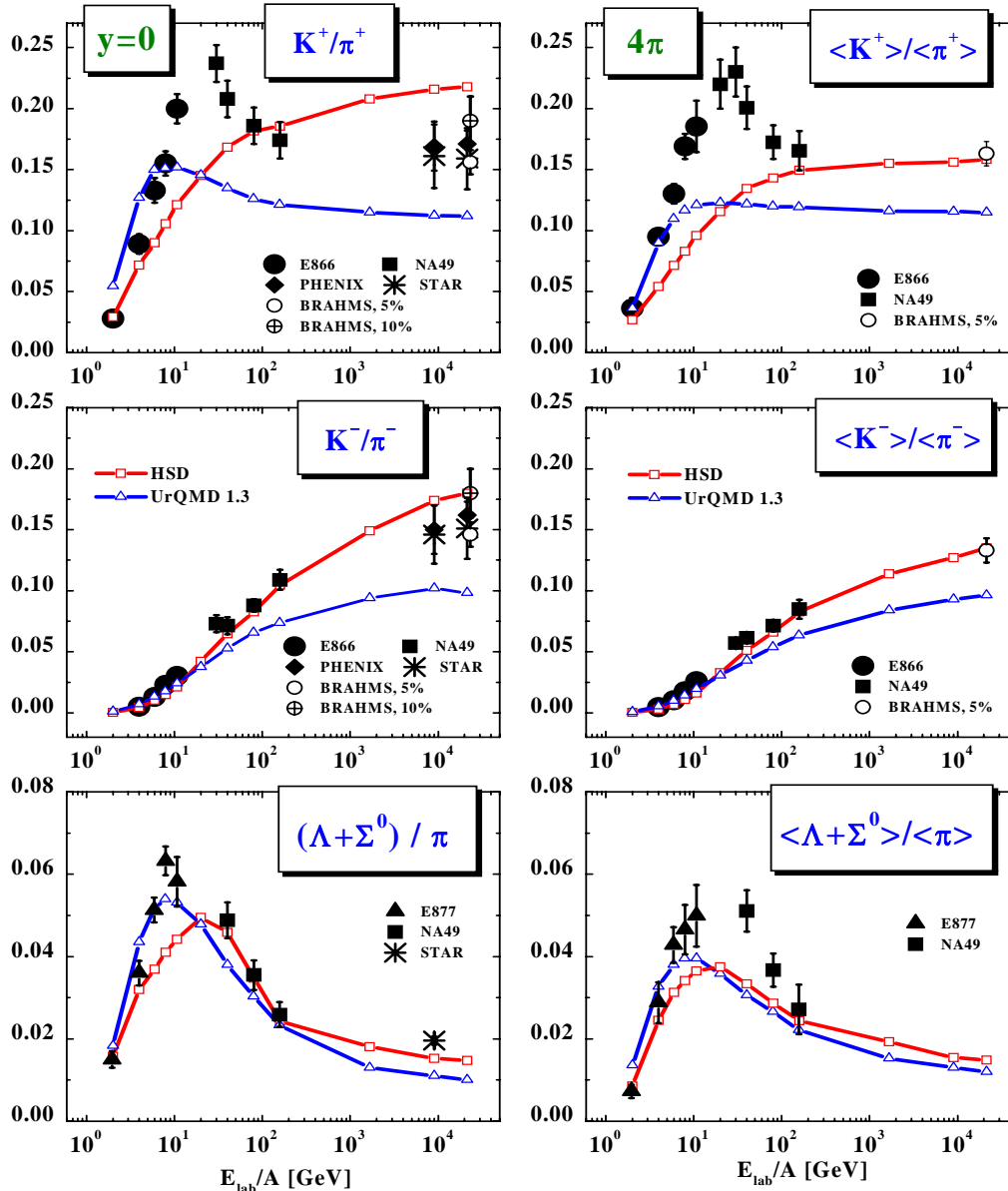


Scetch of an ultrarelativistic nucleus-nucleus collision (S. A. Bass)

Concepts: HSD & UrQMD

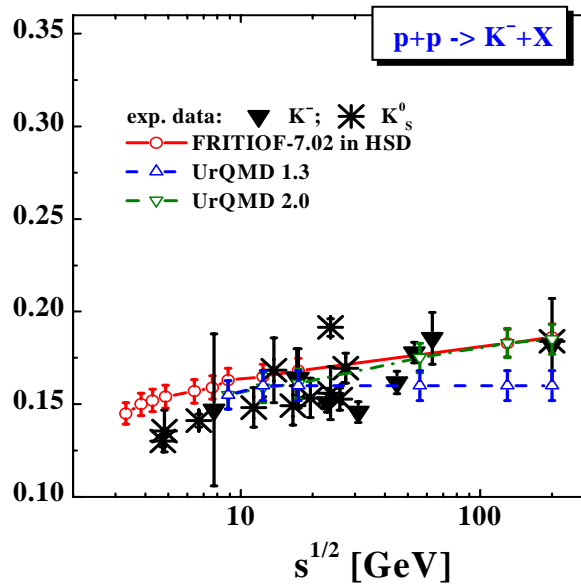
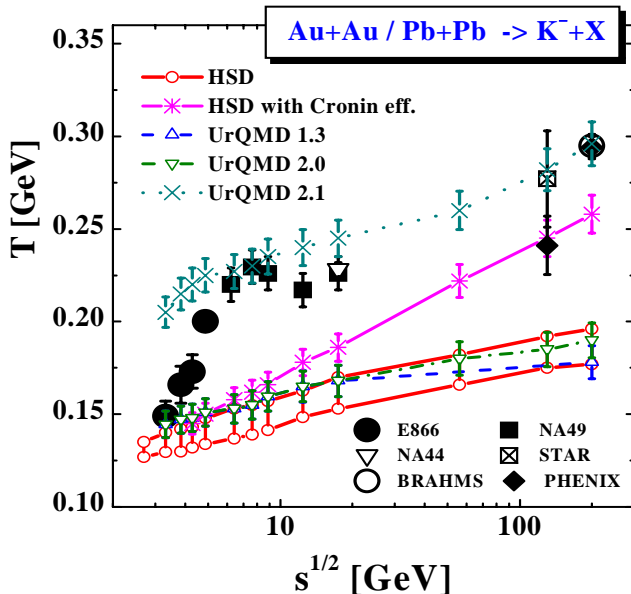
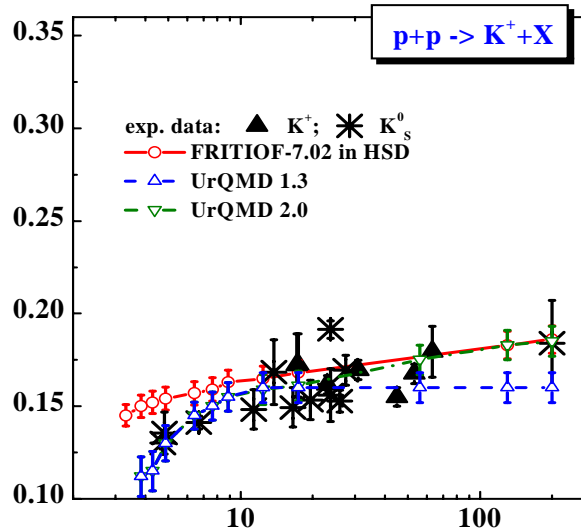
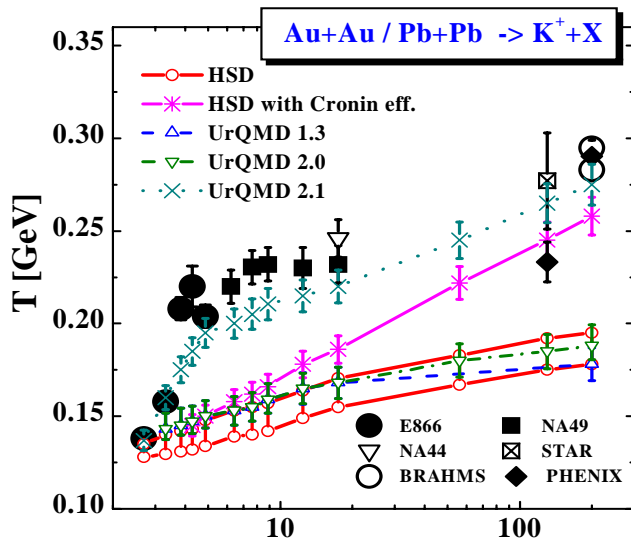
- Solution of the transport equations with collision terms describing:
 - elastic and inelastic hadronic reactions
 - formation and decay of baryonic and mesonic resonances
 - string formation and decay
- Implementation of detailed balance on the level of $1 \leftrightarrow 2$ and $2 \leftrightarrow 2$ reactions
(+ $2 \leftrightarrow n$ multi-meson fusion reactions in HSD/PHSD)
- Degrees of freedom:
strings, q , $qbar$, (qq) , $(qbar qbar)$ (+gluons in PHSD)
baryons + mesons including excited states

Excitation function of K^+/π^+ , K^-/π^- , $(\Lambda+\Sigma^0)/\pi$ ratios



- Experimental K^+/π^+ ratios show a peak at ~ 30 A GeV ('horn'), which is not reproduced by the transport approaches HSD and UrQMD!

Inverse slopes T for K^+ and K^-



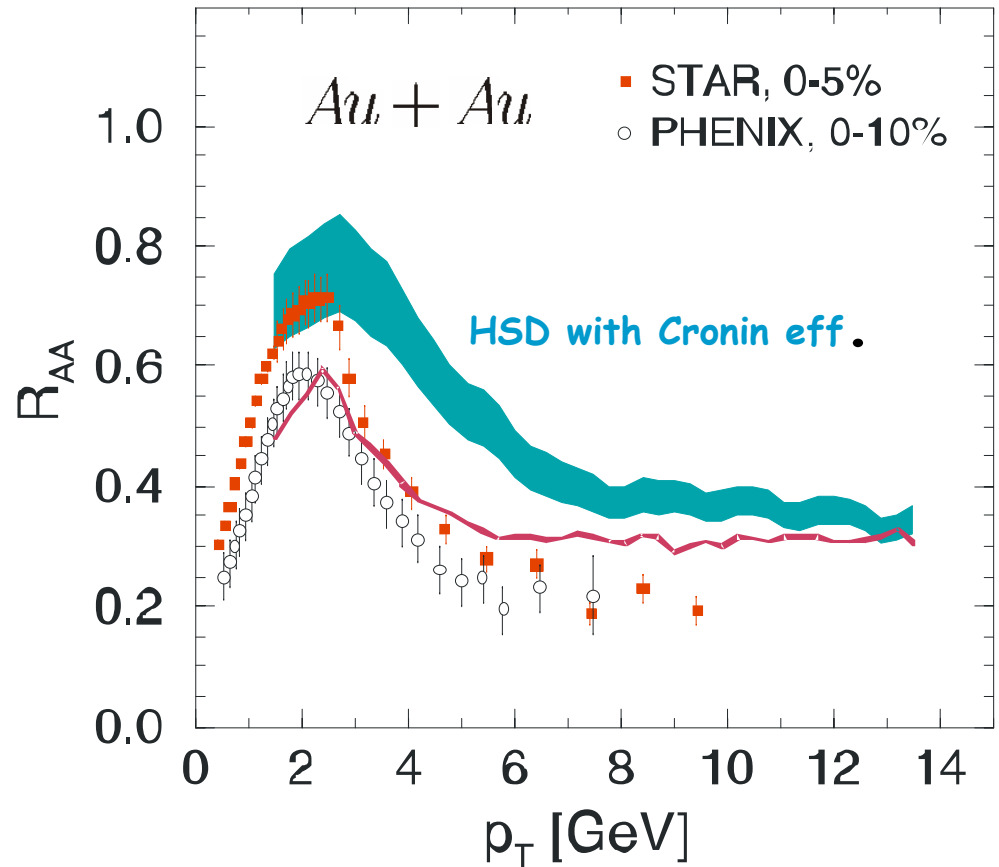
- In UrQMD and HSD hadronic rescattering has only a small impact on the kaon slope
- The hadron-string picture fails?
- New degrees of freedom (colored partons: q^c, g^a) are missing?

Hadron suppression in central Au+Au at RHIC (HSD)

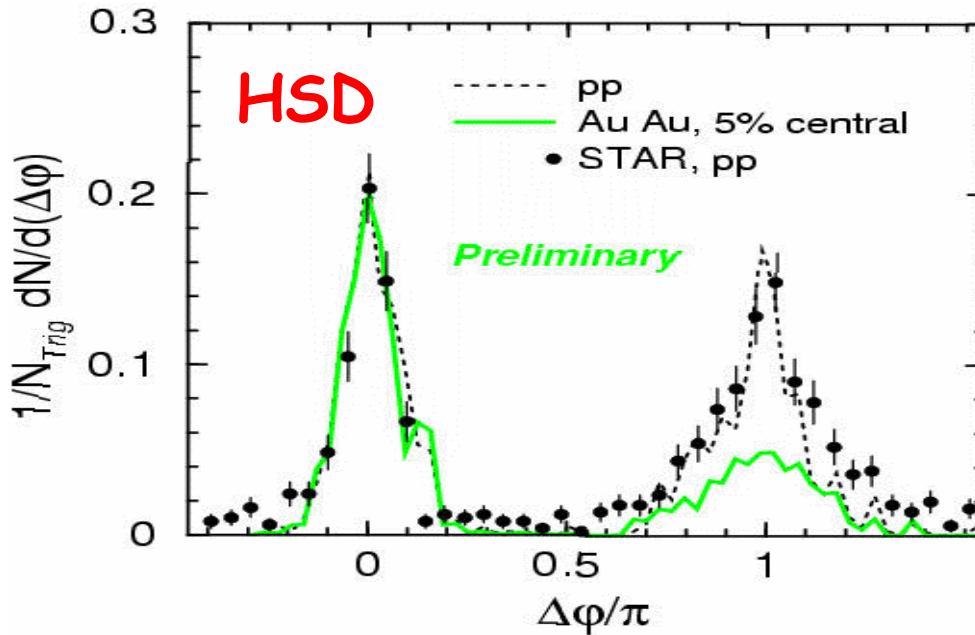
$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{1/N_{AA}^{\text{event}} \cdot d^2N_{AA}/dydp_T}{\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle / \sigma_{pp}^{\text{inelas}} \cdot d\sigma_{pp}/dydp_T}$$

- Hadron-string model doesn't provide enough high p_T suppression for central Au+Au

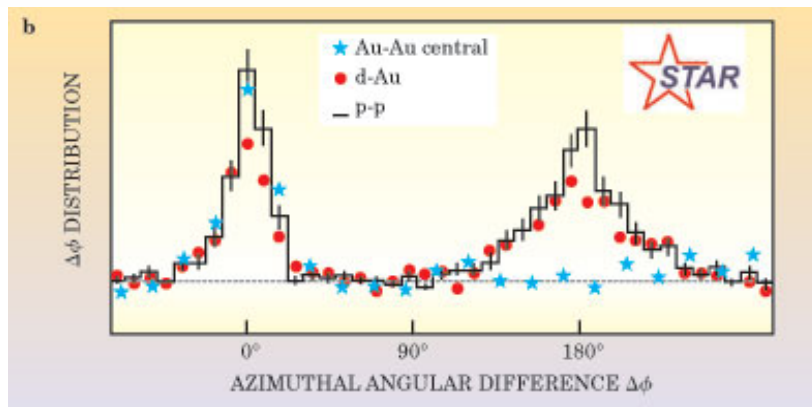
-> Extra suppression - from new phase ?!



Jet suppression: $dN/d\phi$ (HSD)



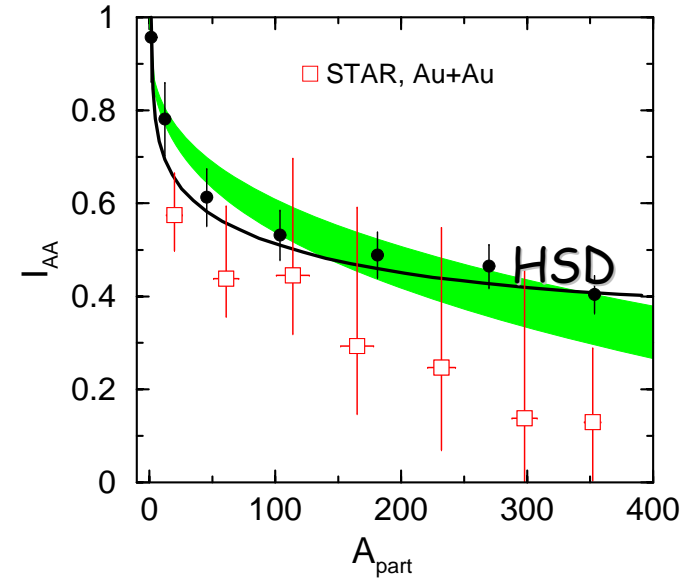
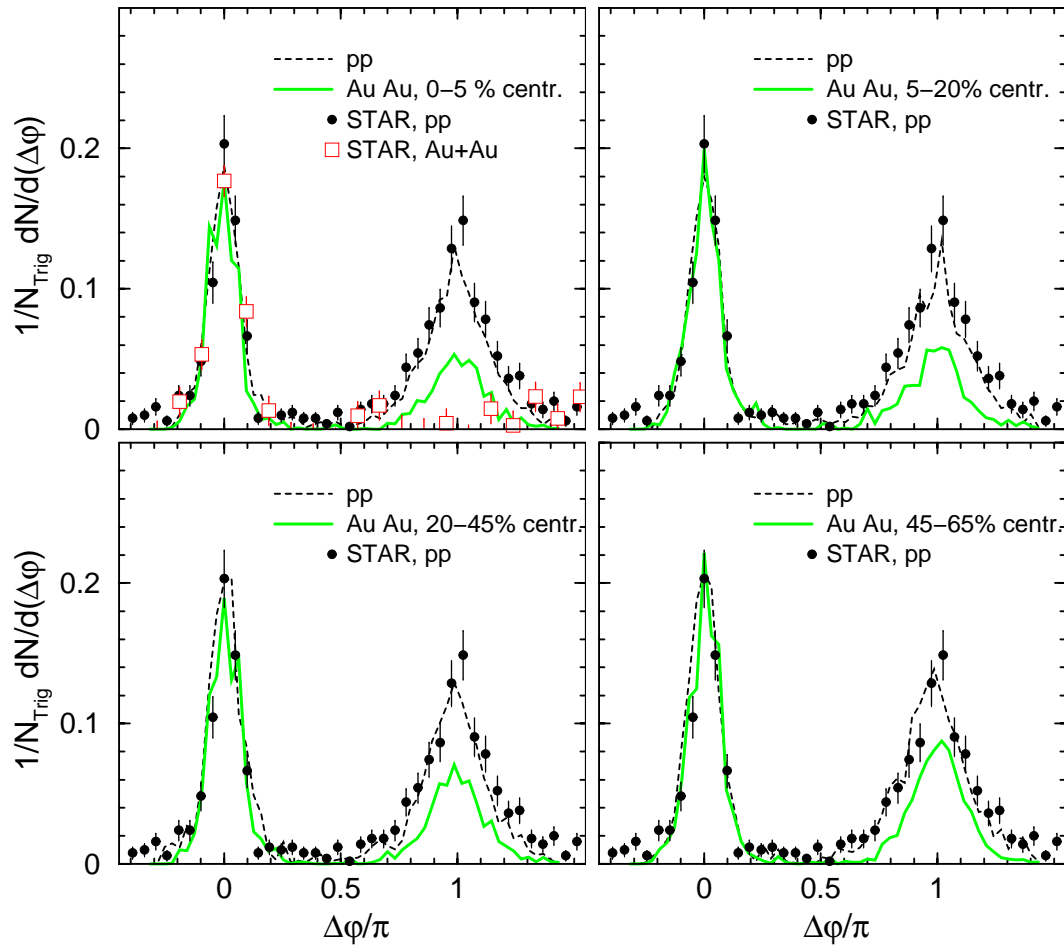
- The jet angular correlations for pp are fine!
- The near-side jet angular correlation for central Au+Au is well described, but the suppression of the far-side jet is too low !!



$\Delta\phi$ (radians)

W. Cassing, K. Gallmeister and C. Greiner,
J. Phys. G30 (04) S801, NPA 748 (05) 241

Centrality dependence of angular correlations

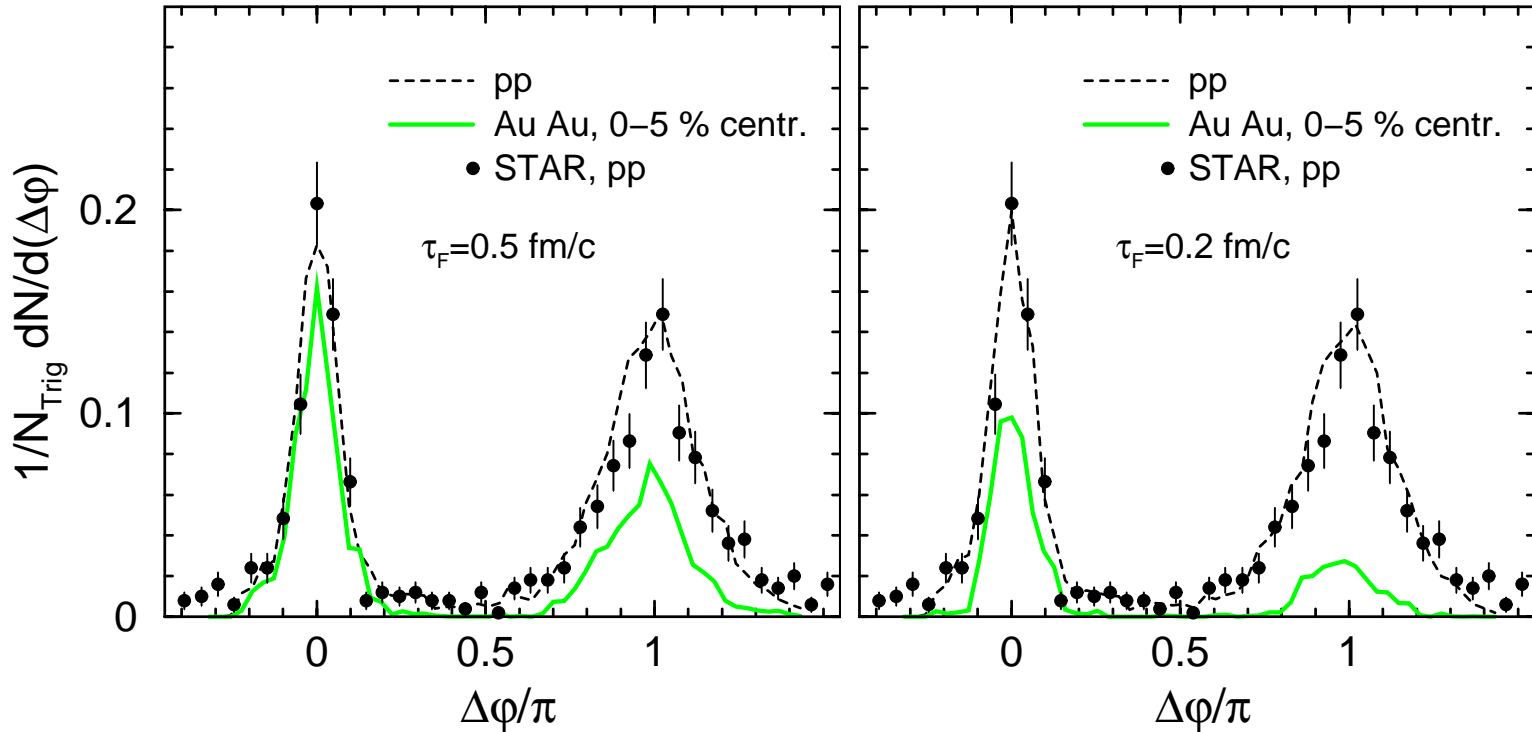


Missing suppression of far-side jet in central reactions!

Near-side jet is unchanged for all centralities

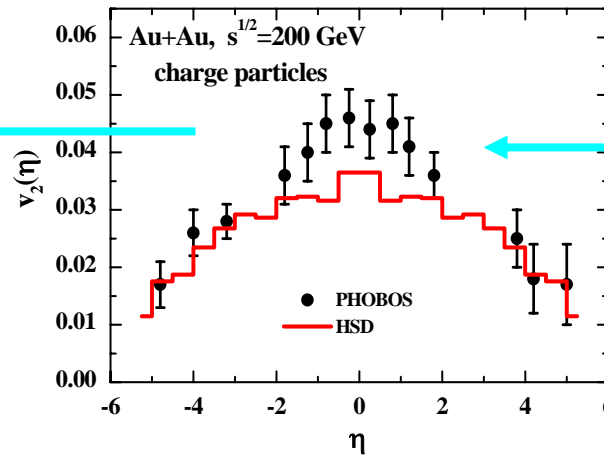
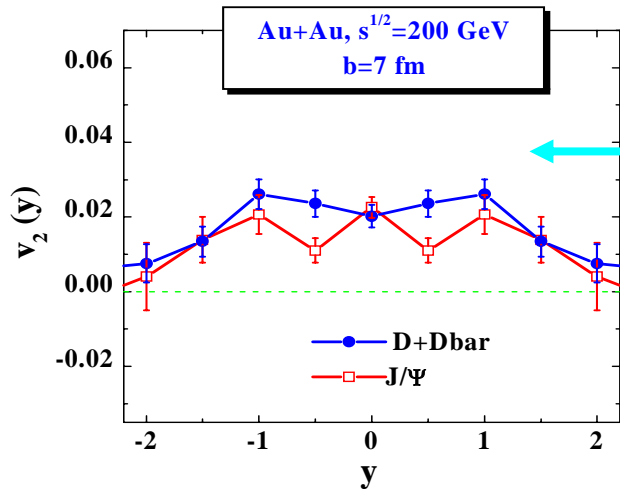
NPA 748 (2005) 241

Constraints on hadron formation time

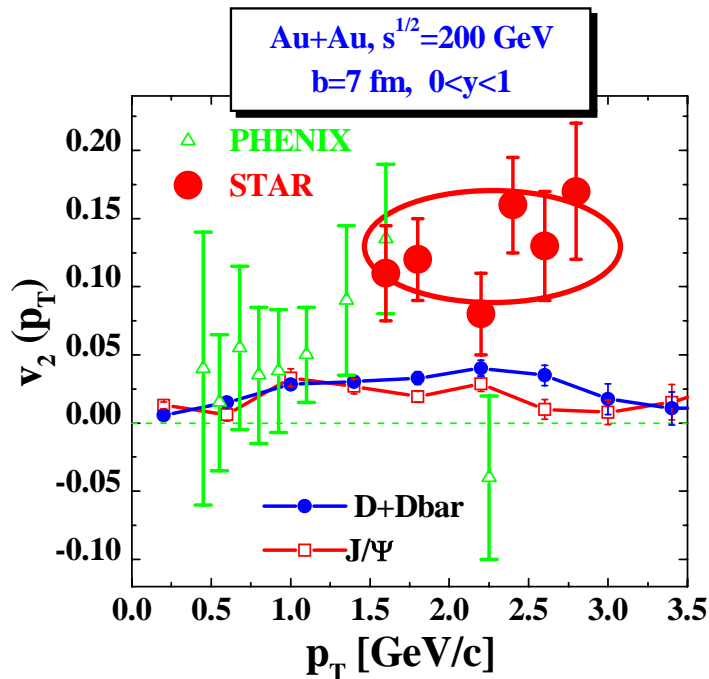


Near-side jet becomes suppressed
if hadron formation time gets too short !

Collective flow: v_2 of D+Dbar and J/ Ψ from Au+Au versus p_T and y at RHIC



Collective flow from hadronic interactions is too low at midrapidity !



- **HSD:**
D-mesons and J/ Ψ : small $v_2 < 3\%$
 - **STAR data show very large collective flow of D-mesons $v_2 \sim 10-15\%$!**
- => strong initial flow of non-hadronic nature!**

AMPT model: v_2 of D+Dbar from Au+Au versus p_T at RHIC

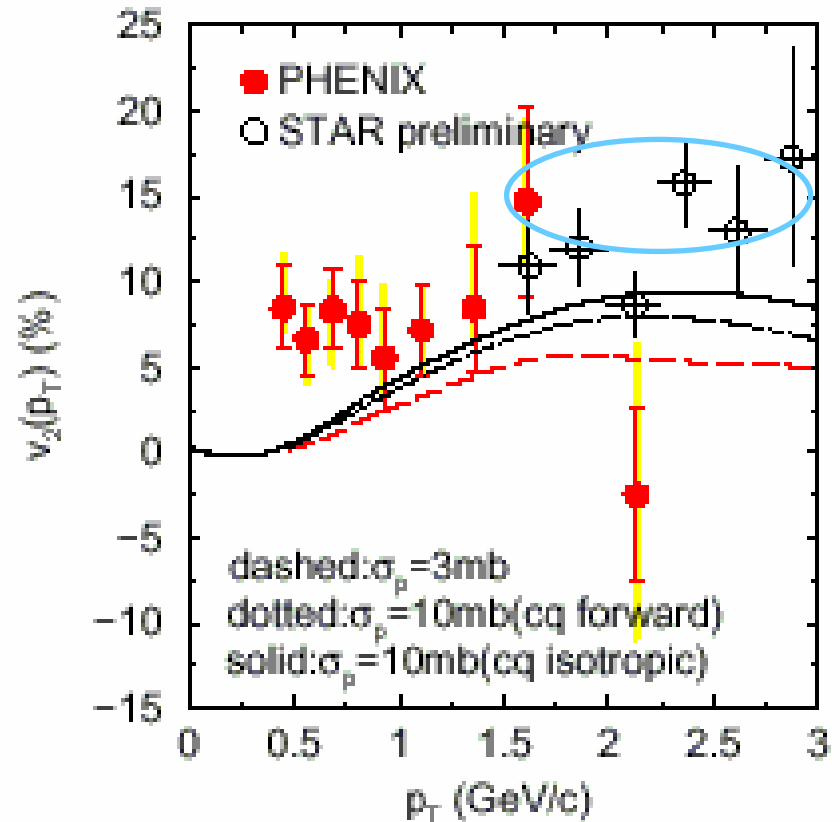
- **AMPT multi-phase transport model:**
(B. Zhang, L.-W. Chen and C.-M. Ko)

Minijet partons from hard processes
(ZPC- Zang's parton cascade)
+ **strings from soft processes (HIJING)**

- **Parton (q, qbar) scattering cross sections (3-10 mb)**

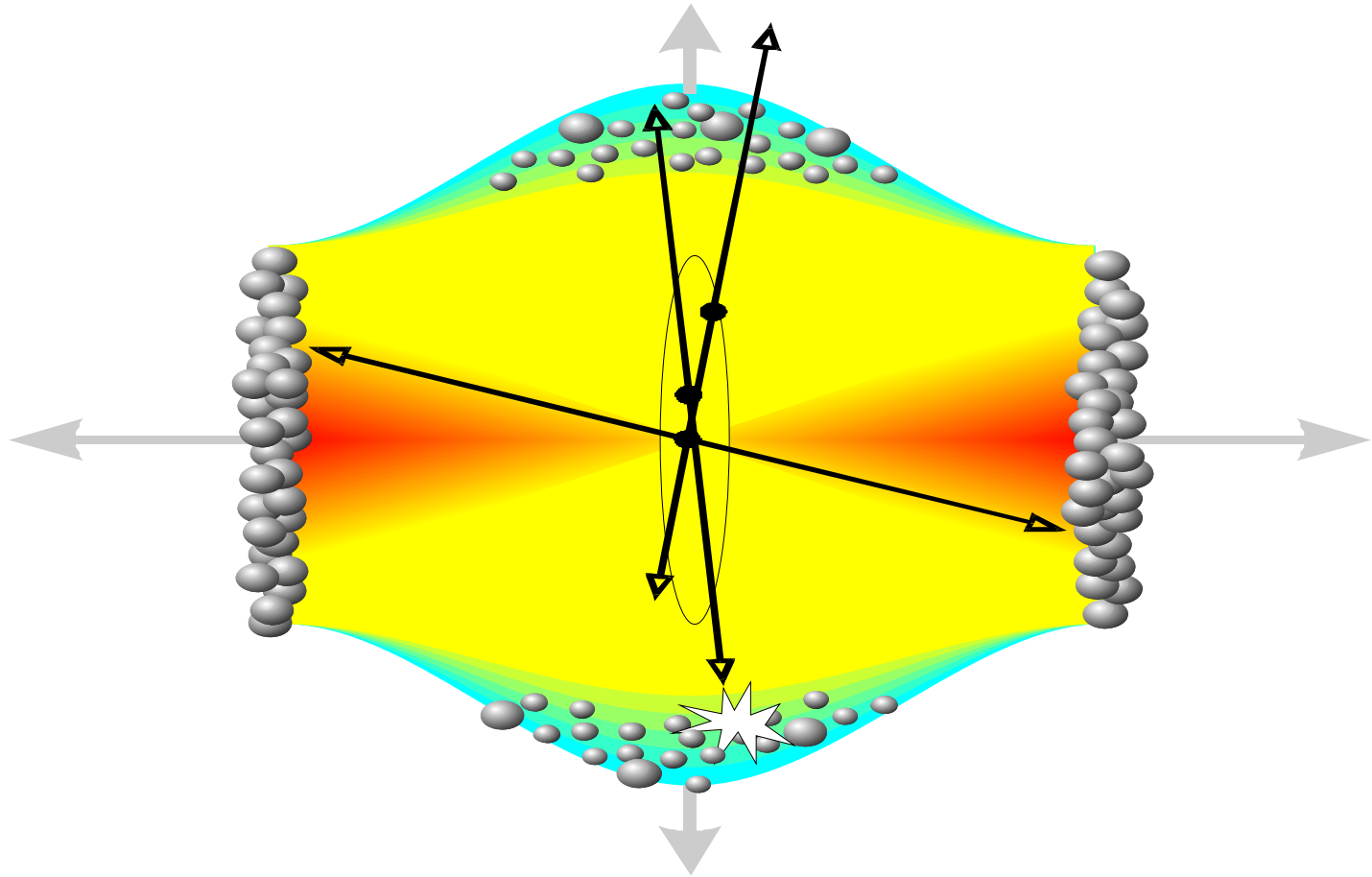
„To describe the large electron elliptic flow observed in available experimental data **requires a charm quark scattering cross section that is much larger than given by perturbative QCD**“

[nucl-th/0502056]



QGP is NOT a weakly interacting gas as described by pQCD!

What are the properties of the new medium?



Ask lattice QCD !

From lattice QCD to quasiparticle properties

quasiparticle entropy:

$$s^{dqp} = -d_g \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\partial n}{\partial T} (\text{Im} \ln(-\Delta^{-1}) + \text{Im} \Pi \text{Re} \Delta)$$

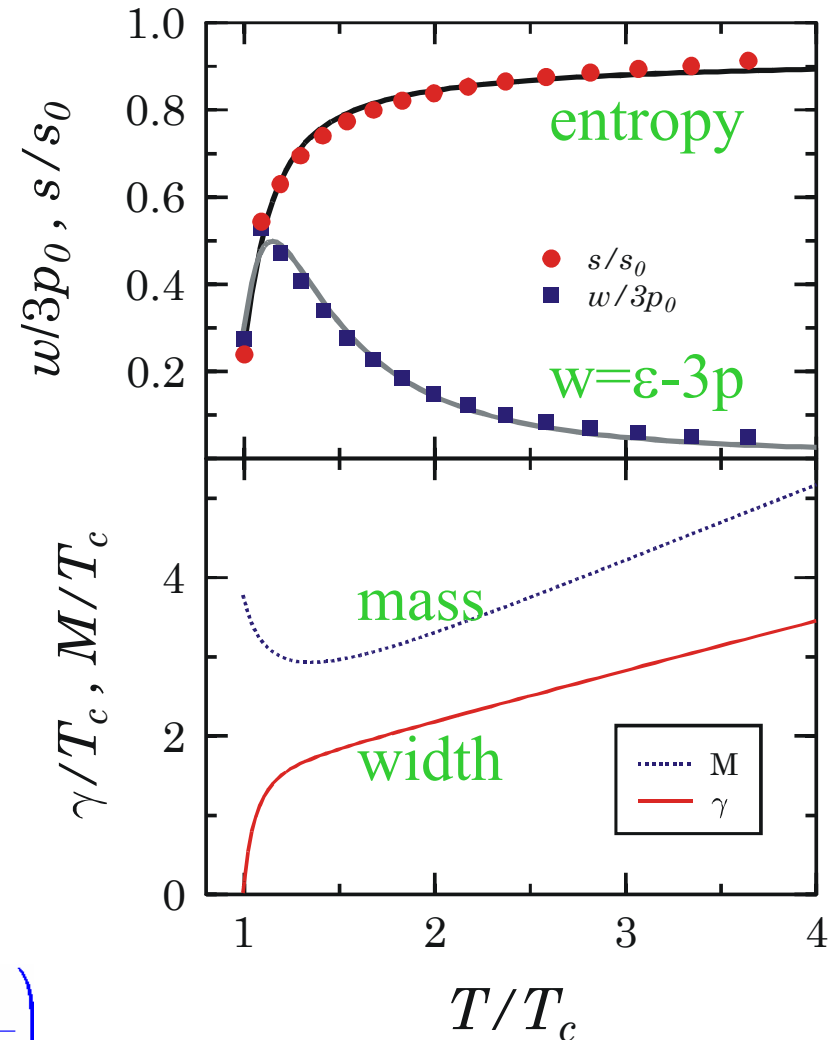
mass:
$$M^2 = \frac{N_c}{6} g^2 T^2$$

width:
$$\gamma = \frac{3}{4\pi} \frac{M^2}{T^2} T \ln \frac{c}{(M/T)^2}$$

coupling:
$$g^2(T) = \frac{48\pi^2}{11N_c \ln(\lambda(T - T_s)/T_c)^2}$$

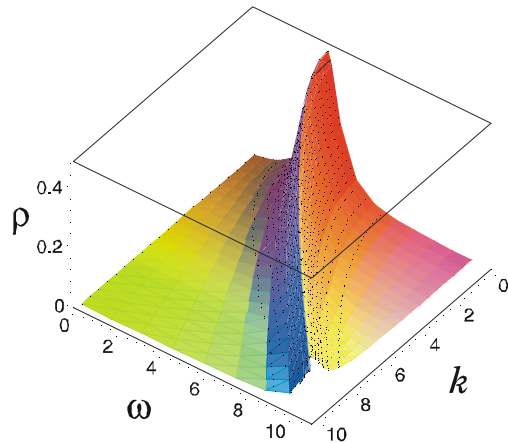
spectral function:

$$\rho(\omega) = \frac{\gamma}{E} \left(\frac{1}{(\omega - E)^2 + \gamma^2} - \frac{1}{(\omega + E)^2 + \gamma^2} \right)$$

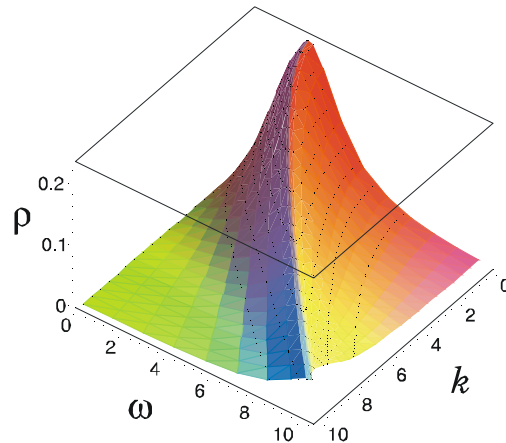


Quasiparticles of the QGP

$T = 1.053 T_c$



$T = 1.35 T_c$



$T = 3 T_c$

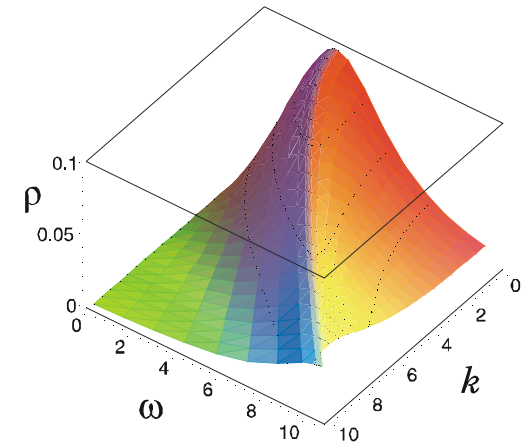


FIG. 12: The Lorentzian gluon spectral function from Fit 3 for $T/T_c = 1.03, 1.35, 3$ (ω, k and ρ are in units of T). Shown here is the full phase space although the present approach can make statements only for hard momenta, of the order of T or larger.

Andre Peshier, PRD 70 (2004) 034016

average cross section:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dN_{coll}}{dV dt} &= \tilde{\text{Tr}}_{P_1} \tilde{\text{Tr}}_{P_2} 2\sqrt{\lambda(s, P_1^2, P_2^2)} \sigma_{tot}(P_1, P_2) \\ &= \langle \sigma \rangle \tilde{\text{Tr}}_{P_1} \tilde{\text{Tr}}_{P_2} 2\sqrt{\lambda(s, P_1^2, P_2^2)} =: \langle \sigma \rangle I_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{\text{Tr}}_P \dots = d_g \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} 2\omega \rho(\omega) \Theta(\omega) \Theta(P^2) n(\omega) \dots$$

percolation parameter: $\kappa = \langle \sigma \rangle N_+^{2/3}$

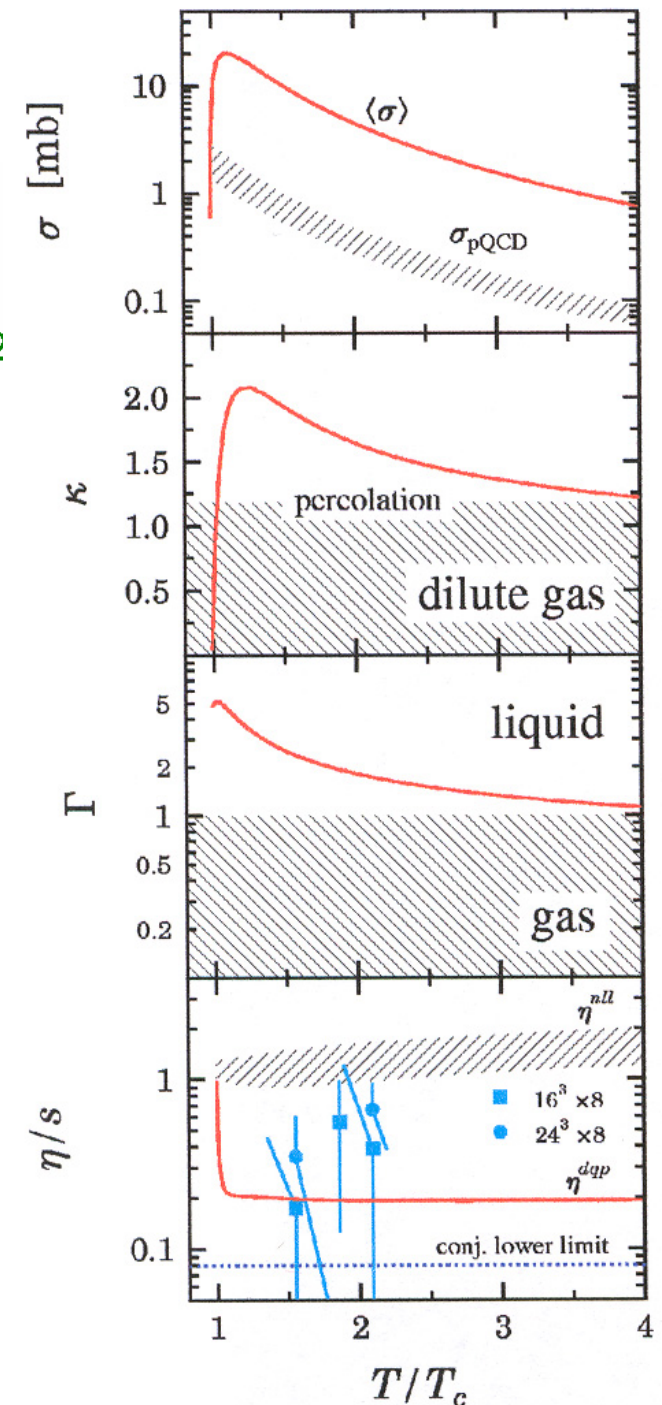
plasma parameter: $\Gamma = C_R g^2 N_+^{1/3} / \langle T_{kin} \rangle$

$$\langle T_{kin} \rangle = N_+^{-1} \tilde{\text{Tr}} (\omega - \sqrt{p^2})$$

shear viscosity:

$$\eta^{dqp} = -\frac{d_g}{60} \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\partial n}{\partial \omega} \rho^2(\omega) [7\omega^4 - 10\omega^2 p^2 + 7p^4]$$

=> The QGP is an almost ideal liquid !



Transport description of the partonic phase

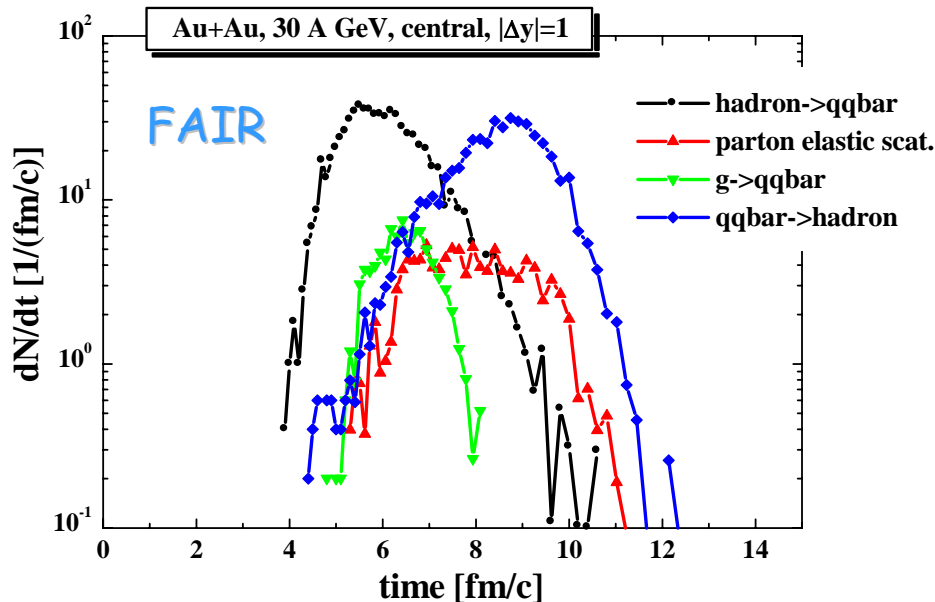
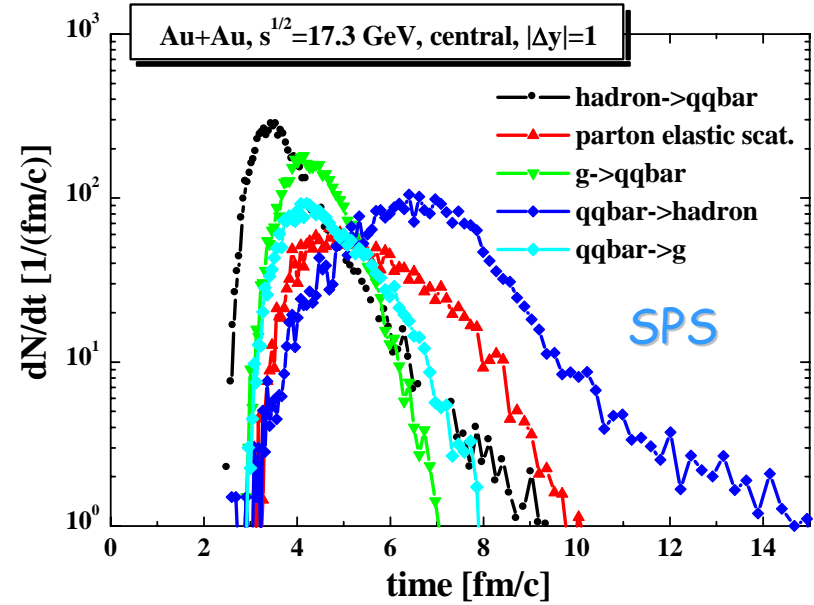
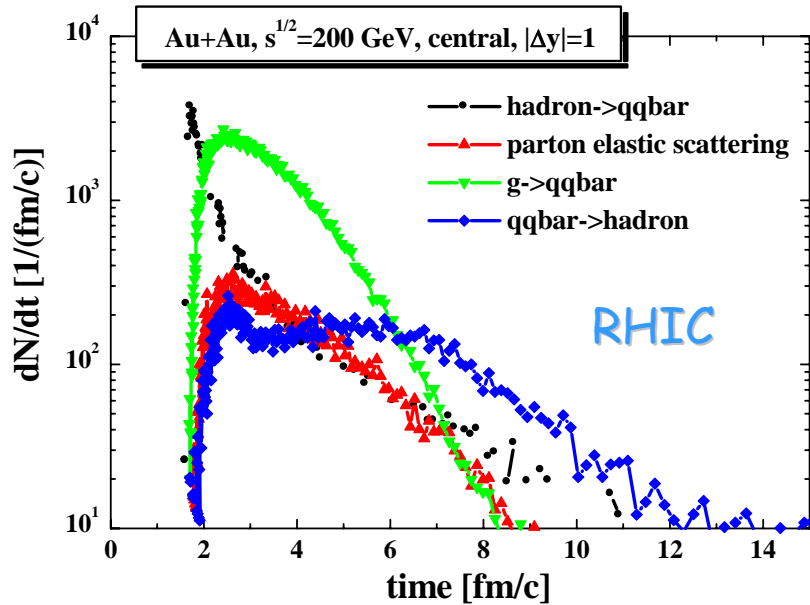
Parton-Hadron-String Dynamics

1. Dissolve all new produced secondary hadrons to partons (and attribute a random color c) using the spectral functions from the QP approximation to QCD
2. Include parton-parton elastic scattering using the effective cross sections from the QP approximation to QCD
3. quark+antiquark (flavor neutral) \leftrightarrow gluon (colored)
4. gluon + gluon \leftrightarrow gluon (possible due to large spectral width)
5. quark + antiquark (color neutral) \leftrightarrow hadron resonances

All partonic interactions are constraint to energy densities above $1 \text{ GeV}/\text{fm}$!

Note: Reactions 3.-5. are Breit-Wigner cross sections determined by the spectral properties of constituents !

Parton interaction rates in central Au+Au



Partonic interactions persist for about 4 fm/c at all these energies!

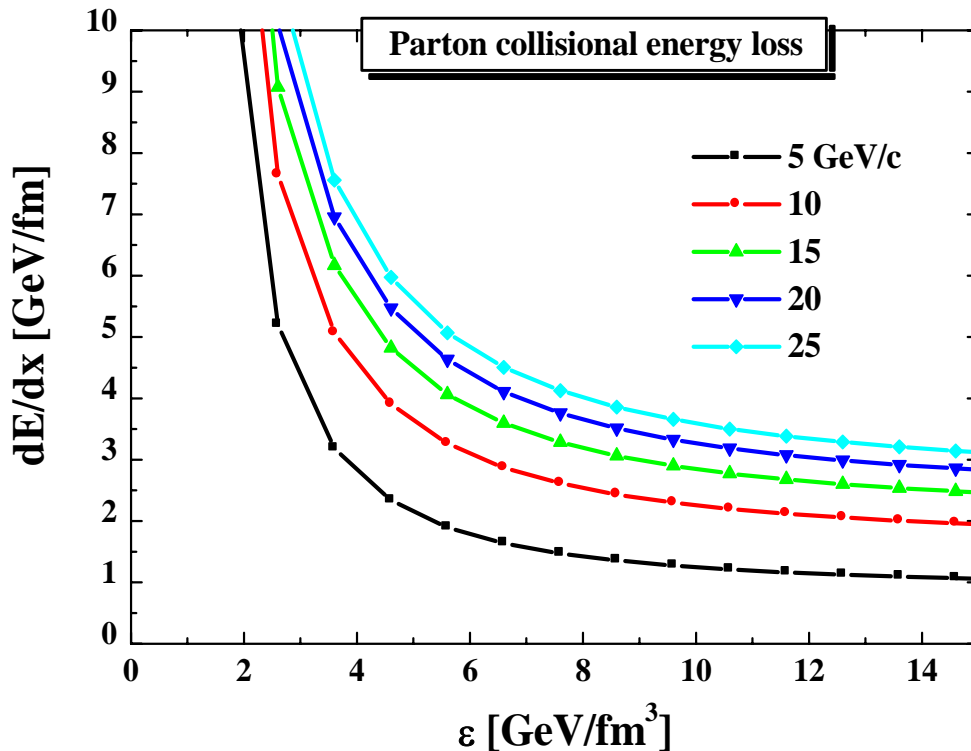
Energy loss of energetic partons

Collisional energy loss (early results):

$$dE/dx = 0.12 (4\pi)^2 \alpha_s^2(T^2) T^2 \ln \left[\frac{(3ET)^{0.5}}{M_D(T)} \right]$$

$$M_D(T) = 2.7 \gamma_{glue}(T) \text{ from LQCD}$$

$\alpha_s^2(T^2)$ from QP approach to QCD



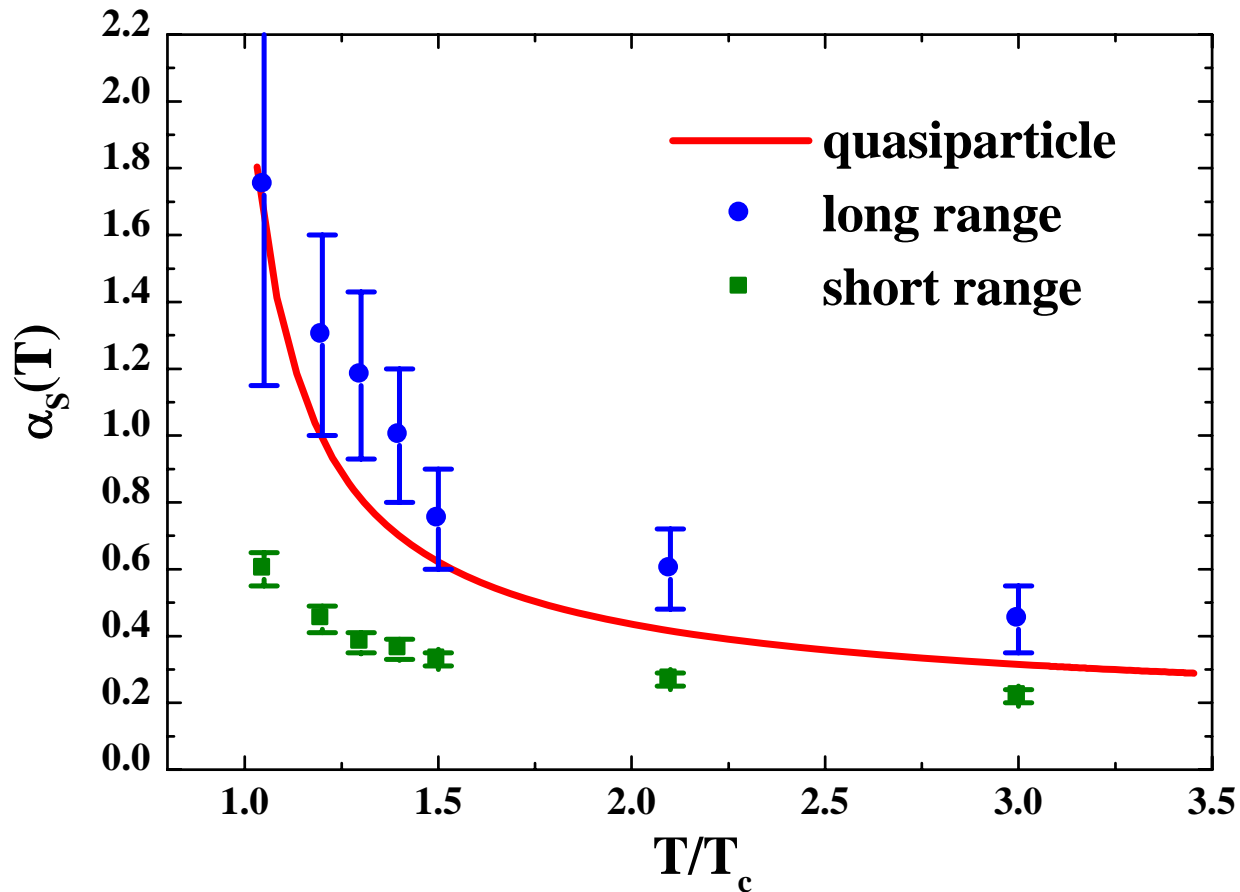
Huge energy loss
of energetic partons !

$\alpha_s^2(T^2)$ too large ?

M. Thoma, M. Gyulassy

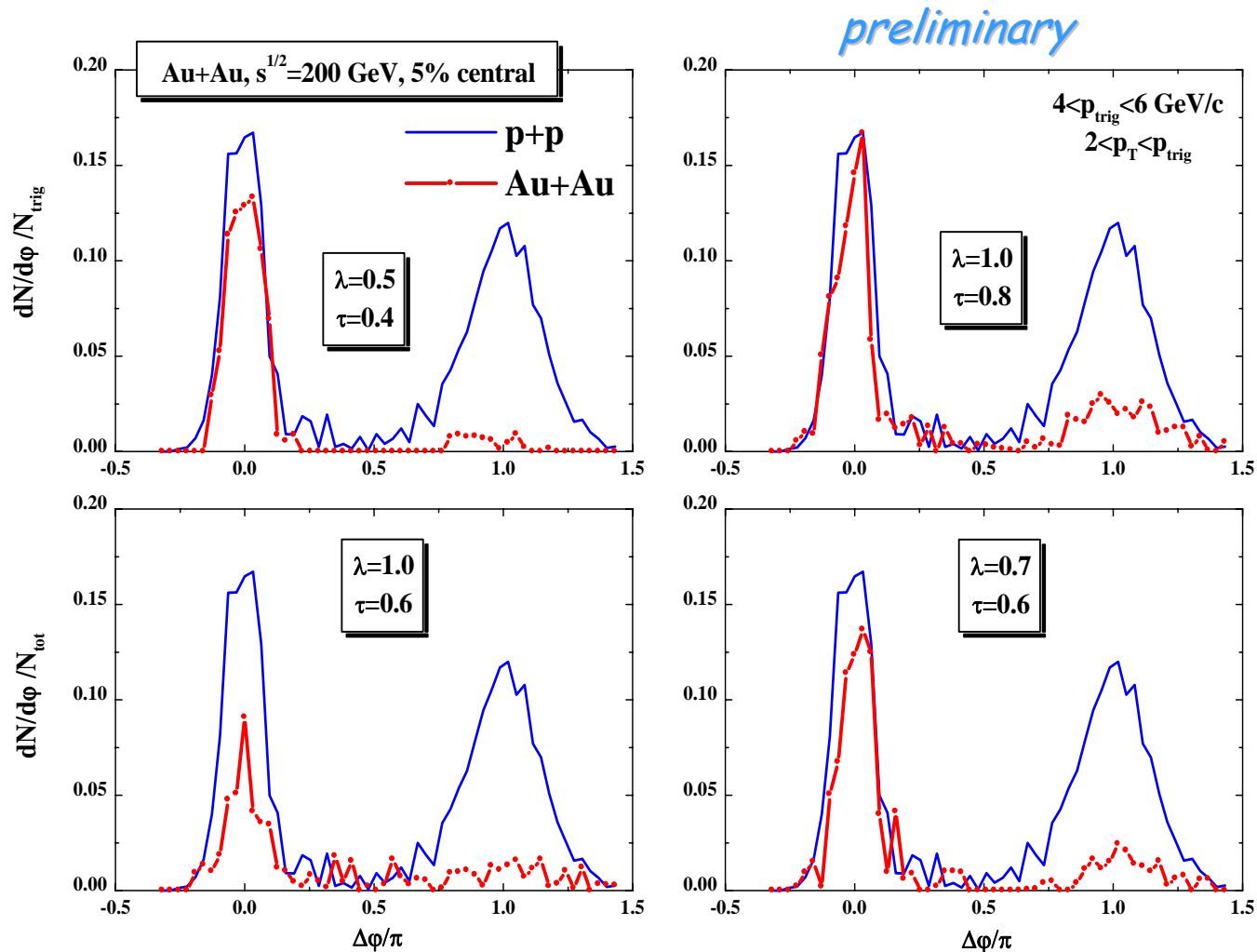
Comparing α_s with LQCD

Kaczmarek et al., PRD70 (2004) 074505



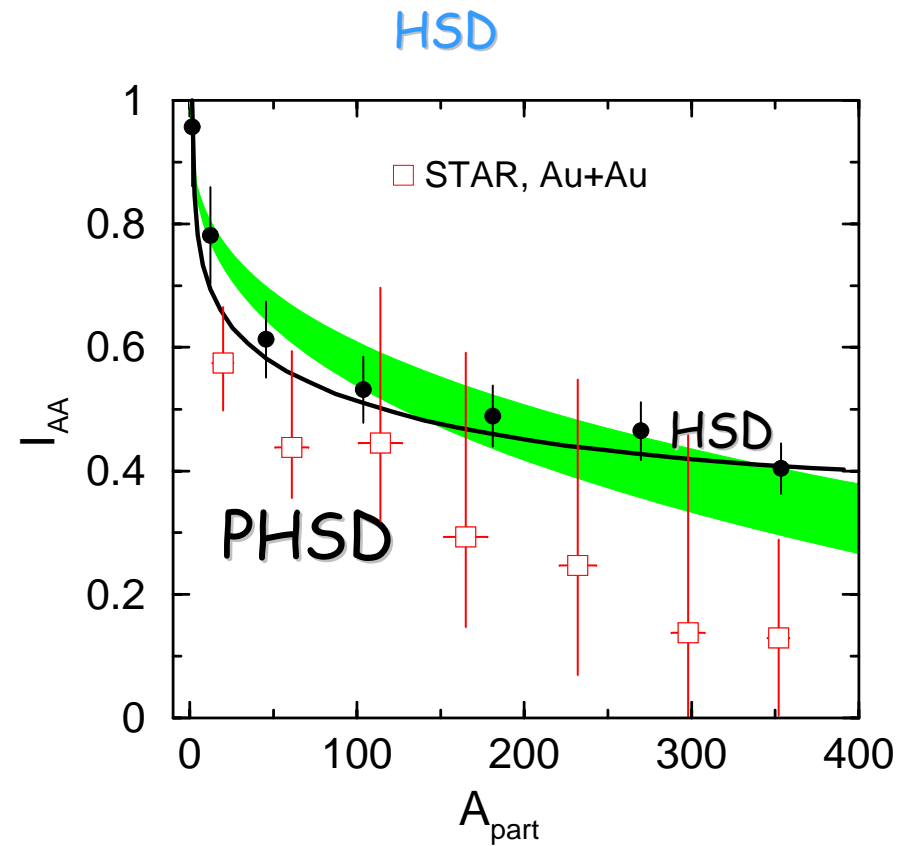
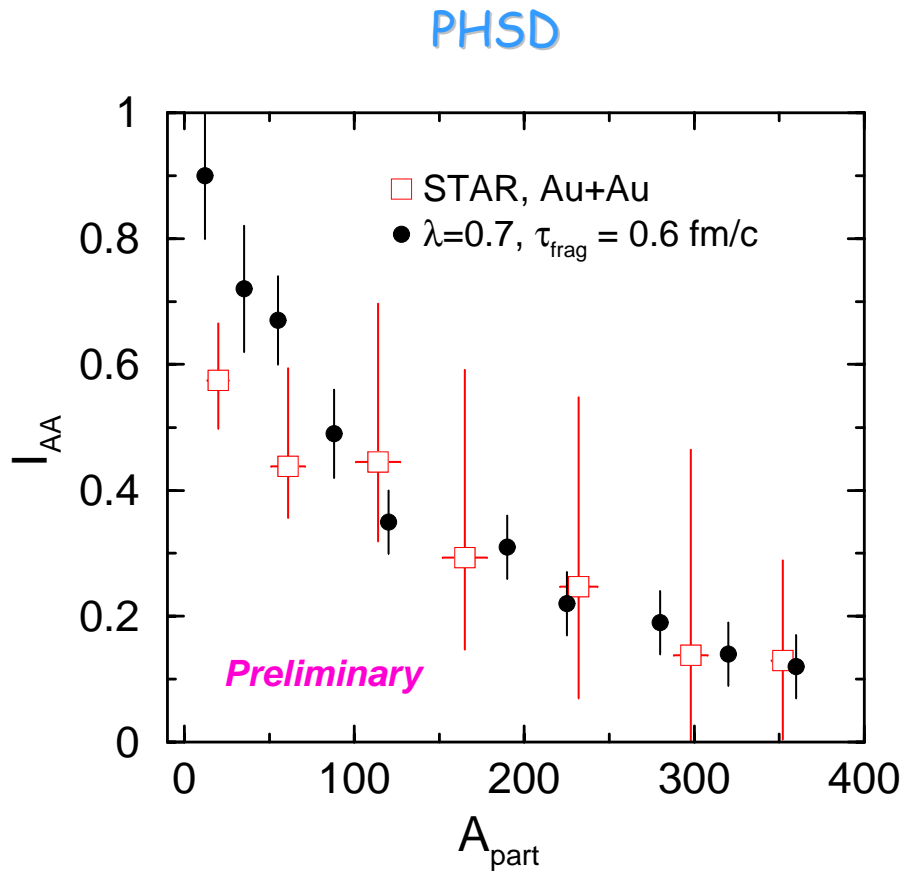
There is some room to scale α_s with some parameter λ !

Jet suppression in PHSD



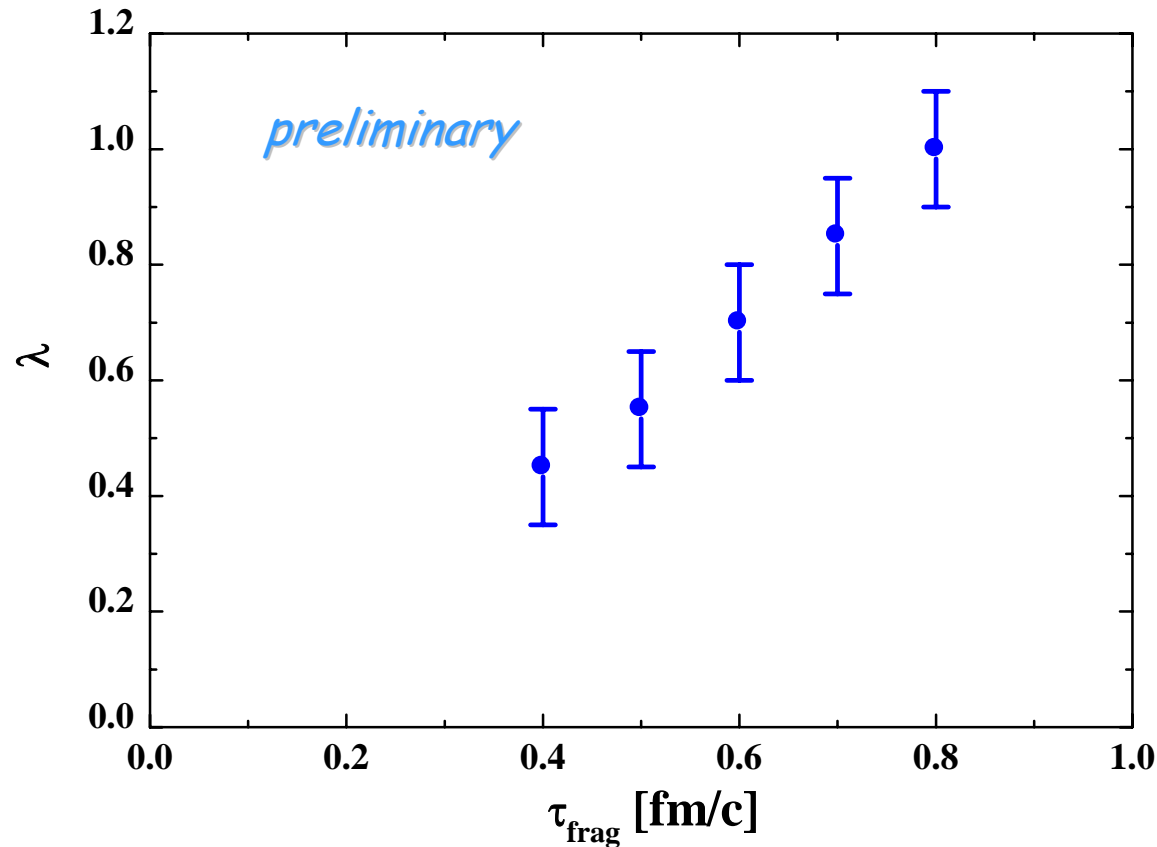
is sensitive to the strength λ and the coherence/fragmentation time τ

Suppression of far-side peak in central Au+Au



appears to be compatible with PHSD for a large delay in fragmentation or large coherence length/time !

Correlation diagram



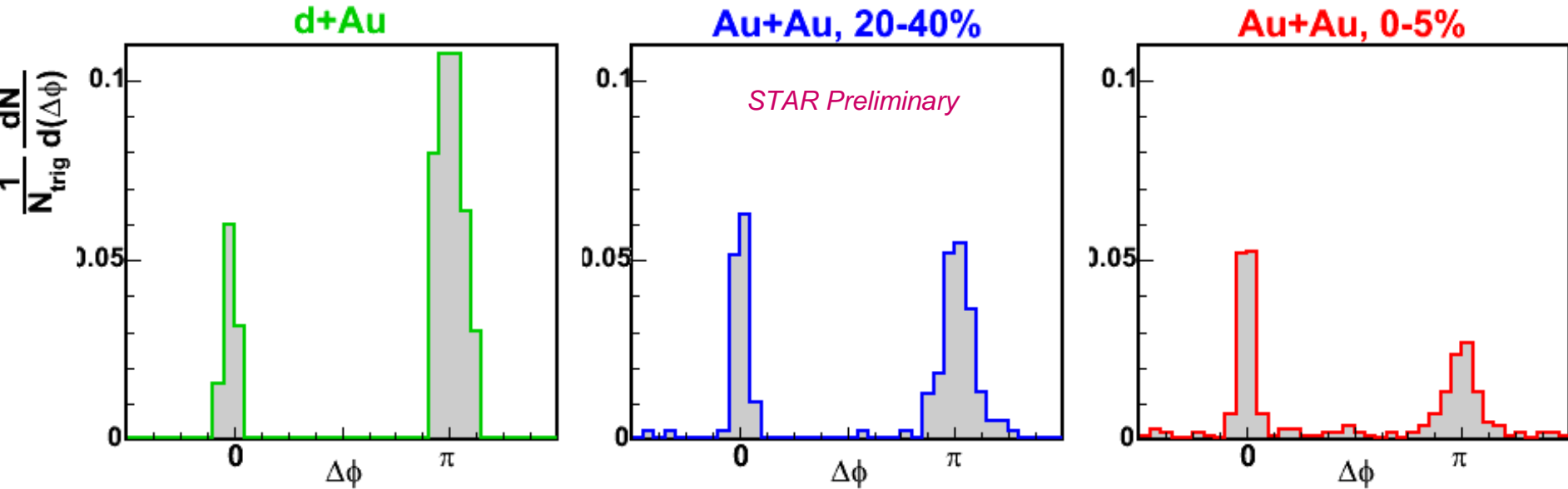
will allow to fix approximately the energy loss
as well as the fragmentation time τ !

STAR: Emergence of dijets

Dunlop: QM05

$8 < p_T(\text{trig}) < 15 \text{ GeV}/c$

$p_T(\text{assoc}) > 6 \text{ GeV}$



For the first time: clear jet-like peaks seen on near and away side in central Au+Au collisions

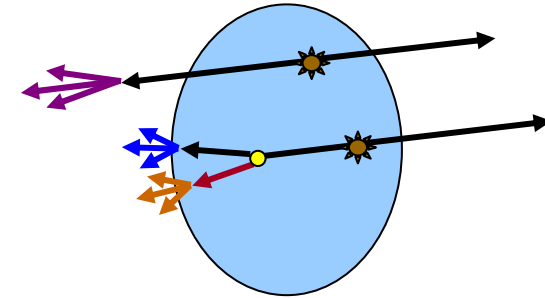
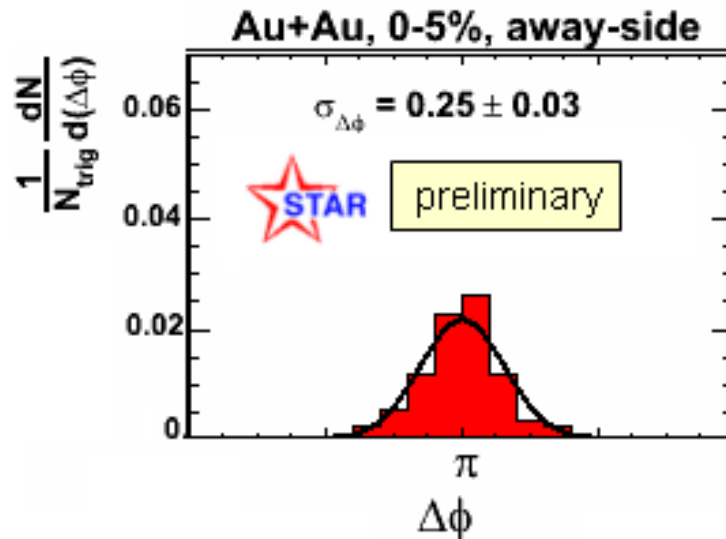
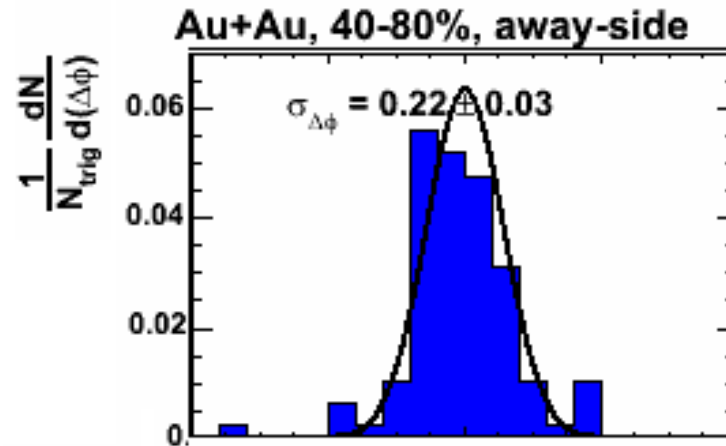
Note: near-side peak practically unchanged !

Away-side widths similar for central and peripheral

$8 < p_T(\text{trig}) < 15 \text{ GeV}/c$

$p_T(\text{assoc}) > 6 \text{ GeV}$

Dunlop: QM05



Widths unchanged with centrality: seeing those partons that fragment in vacuum?

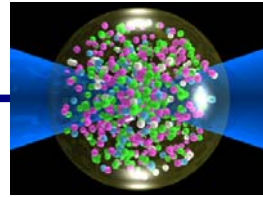
Summary I - HSD

- The elliptic flow at RHIC is larger than expected in the hadron/string approach ! → The system almost behaves like an ideal fluid !
- The transverse 'slopes' of heavy particles are significantly higher - as expected - already above 5 A GeV !
- The attenuation of high p_T -hadrons is underestimated in central Au+Au collisions at top RHIC energies !
- The suppression of the 'far-side' jet is underestimated in central Au+Au collisions at $s^{1/2} = 200$ GeV ! → System interacts more strongly in the early phase than hadron-like matter !
- The D+Dbar fusion plays a small role at SPS, but is essential at RHIC (=> strong J/Psi regeneration !)
- At RHIC: collective flow of D-mesons is severely underestimated by hadron/string dynamics !

Summary II - PHSD

- The quasiparticle approach to QCD reveals a strongly interacting system above T_c , which has the properties of an almost ideal parton liquid !
- The elliptic flow at RHIC increases due to large parton-parton scattering cross sections
- Strangeness approximately equilibrates due to a large reaction rate $g \rightarrow s + s_{\text{bar}}$
- The attenuation of high p_T -hadrons can be described in the partonic + hadronic picture at practically all p_T
- The suppression of the ,far-side' and ,near-side' jet provides severe constraints on the parton energy loss and the parton fragmentation/coherence time
- A rather large fragmentation/coherence time (> 0.5 fm/c) is mandatory to understand the lack of ,near-side' jet suppression and the survival of energetic ,far-side' jets

Outlook



The Quark-Gluon-Plasma is there!
But what are the **properties** of this phase ?!

Initial idea (1970 – 2003):

QGP is a weakly interacting gas of colored but almost massless quarks and gluons



State of the art 2005:

QGP is a strongly interacting and almost ideal „color liquid“ !

JPG 31 (2005) L7; PRL 94 (2005) 172301

Jet suppression in 2005:

much more complicated than assumed before due to delayed fragmentation !

New phase diagram of QCD

